# Selective Search 107 THE COMPUTER CHESS MAGAZINE

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This fine Write Knight is part of the Gilbert Collection, and one of the many magnificent chess pieces and sets on display in The Art of Chess Exhibition, taking place from 28/June-28 September 2003 at South Building, Somerset House, Strand, London WC2R 1LA. More details on page 3

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- ARTICLES, REVIEWS, GAMES sent in by Readers, Distributors, Programmers etc are more than welcome.

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- All COMPUTER CHESS **PRODUCTS** are available from **COUNTRYWIDE COMPUTERS LTD, Victoria House, 1 High Street, Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RB.** ② 01353 740323 for INFO or to ORDER.
- FREE CATALOGUE.

Readers can ring *ERIC* at *COUNTRYWIDE*, Mon-Fri, 10.30am-5pm

### CHESS COMPUTERS AND PC PROGRAMS ... THE BEST BUYS!

RATINGS for all these computers and programs are on the back pages. This is not a complete product listing they are what I consider to be current BEST BUYS bearing in mind price, playing strength, features + quality.

Further info/photos can be seen in Countrywide's CATALOGUE, available free if you ring or write to the

address/phone no. on the front page.

Note the software prices! - some retailer prices seem cheaper, but there's a post & packing charge at the end!... our insured delivery p&p is FREE to SS folk. Adaptors are £9 extra. Subscribers Offer: buy from Countrywide and deduct 5% off dedicated computer prices shown here.... mention 'SS' when you order.

#### PORTABLE COMPUTERS [por]

Kasparov

BRAVO - new £49, Barracuda program!

COSMIC - new £69. Hand-held Touch chess!
Board displayed on screen, moves made by stylus pen, plus clocks, evaluations, hints etc.

COSMOS £99 - great value, 4½"x4½" plug-in board, strong Morsch '2100' program. Multiple levels + info display and coach system

Excalibur

TOUCH CHESS £49 - play on screen using touch pen. Includes carry pouch.

#### TABLE-TOP PRESS SENSORY [DS]

Kasparov

BARRACUDA £79 - The Morsch '2000' prog. Compact board, display etc. This is great value!
CENTURION £79 - Barracuda '2000' program in slightly larger board, and value-for-money buy
COUGAR £99! - the Cosmos '2100' program + features in 16"x11" board; good info display.

Novag

OBSIDIAN £129 - with carry case! Excellent

STAR DIAMOND £199 - long awaited, brilliant, strong new 200 BCF model. With carry case

Mephisto

MILANO PRO £249 - Morsch at RISC speed, big book, strong, good features and display

ATLANTA £349 - the fast hash-table version of Milano Pro=even greater strength, 64 led board

M AUTO SENSORY [as]

Excalibur

GRANDMASTER £199! - big 2" squares, green

& white vinyl auto-sensory surface. Looks great!

Mephisto

EXCLUSIVE all wood board, felted pieces with MM6 - Morsch's 2100 program £449 with SENATOR - Milano Pro program £679

PC PROGRAMS from CHESSBASE on CD
All Win & run INDEPENDENTLY + analyse within CB7/8. Great
graphics, big databases+opening books, printing, max features.

see next column->

FRITZ 8 £39.95 - by Franz Morsch. Extra chess knowledge for real top strength - a beautiful program! Superb Interface, 'net connection, terrific Graphics. Excellent in both analysis and play, game/diagram printing. Good hobby levels, set your own Elo. many helpful features.

**DEEP FRITZ 7 (8!) £75 - new** program! for single, dual & quad processors, giving GM strength on multi-processor machines. The program which drew 4-4 with *Kramnik*!

JUNIOR 8 £39.95 - new version - an updated version of the engine which drew 3-3 with Kasparov. Is very potent and aggressive, also highly suited to computer v computer chess, and with all the latest ChessBase features!

**DEEP JUNIOR 8** £75 for dual & single PCs! **HIARCS 8** £39 - by Mark Uniacke. Simply outstanding and running faster+stronger than ever! Superb features, terrific Graphics.

SHREDDER 7 £39.95 - Meyer-Kahlen's latest in his own & the latest ChessBase Interface. Feature-packed & knowledge-based playing stylish chess. Deep version (on the CD!) won the World Blitz Champs, and came 1= with Deep Junior for main title.

JUNIOR 7 £25 - 1 left! - top Features in its ChessBase Interface etc. Strong: decent positional chess and aggressive with fast tactics! DEEP JUNIOR 7 £45 - 2 left! - the multiprocessor World Champion version of Junior 7!

TIGER15 £39.95 - by Christophe Theron. Features, interface, 'net connection etc. and gameplay, analysis, printing etc. all as Fritz8. Tiger15 is very strong and reliable in all aspects of the game. Alternative playing style options (aggressive, suicidel etc) included.

POWERBOOKS 2003 £39 - turn your Chess-Base playing engine into an openings expert! 7.6 million opening positions + 630,000 games!!

ChessBase playing engine into an endgame expert with this 4CD Nalimov tablebase set!

Other PC PROGRAMS on CD

CHESS TIGER 15 £46. The Lokasoft version of Christophe Theron's Tiger program. Includes new opening book by Noomens and Nalimov's 4 piece Tablebases also on CD.

PC DATABASES on CD

CHESSBASE 8.0 for Windows £99 !!
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Database system, with the very best features.
2.3 million games, players encyclopedia, multimedia presentations, search trees, statistics, superb printing facilities and much more, incl. 3 recent ChessBase magazines on CD!

CHESSBASE 7.0 for Windows, now only £49









# NEWS & RESULTS - KEEPING YOU RIGHT UD-TO-DATE IN THE COMPUTER CHESS WORLD!

Welcome to, yes, another issue of Selective Search!

Some readers asked if I could keep them informed on subscription numbers each issue, so that they could anticipate the day when the number drops below 200 and Selective Search nears its final issue:

- Issue 100 270 sent out
- Issue 105 221 sent out
- Issue 106 212 sent out

#### Front Cover PHOTO

The photo of the fine White Knight on our front cover in this issue is courtesy of the Gilbert Collection.

The knight is one of the many magnificent chess pieces and sets on display in The Art of Chess Exhibition, taking place from 28/June-28 September 2003 at South Building, Somerset House, Strand, London WC2R 1LA. Open daily 10.00am to 6.00pm, admission is £5.00. More information can be obtained by ringing Somerset House on 020 7420 9400.

#### Bill Reid's BOOKLET

As I indicated in our last issue, Bill and I have put together his excellent little booklet "Thought Processes in Chess".

Well, I say 'Bill and I' ... of course he did all the hard work, compiling the positions and putting his ideas into a logical sequence, then adding a fascinating commentary.

Summer is always a time when there is less going on in the chess world, so the booklet is included free to all subscribers as part of a reduced 24 page issue of this SelSearch 107.

If you want any extra copies, or know someone else who might like to make use of the booklet and positions for current and future testing of computer progress, then I've had a small extra number printed. They'll be £1.50 each including post and packing, amount payable to myself Eric Hallsworth.

#### Rating List change

I have decided to remove the ratings for the **Deep** program versions from the Rating List.

In fact the Deep versions of Junior7 and have never appeared Shredder6/7 SelSearch ratings, but Deep Fritz6 and then

Basically Deep Fritz6 is the same engine as Fritz6, but tuned for multi-processors, and Deep Fritz7/8 is the same engine as Fritz8, but again tuned for multi-processors.

Because the Deep versions are geared for use on multi-processors it means there is a (very) small speed drop-off when they are used on single processors as compared with the standard versions used on normal PC's.

This can tend to result in it appearing on my List (where testing is all done on single processors) that the Deep versions are fractionally weaker than the normal ones, which is slightly confusing as well as misleading.

My chart alongside the ratings always shows what difference can be expected for both faster and slower processor speeds, including when a Deep engine is used on a proper multi-processor, and deriving the adjusted figures in this way is the fairer and clearer way of arriving at them.

So, Deep Fritz6 has already been removed and, if it's been left in this time, Deep Fritz7/8 will almost certainly go out next time to make room for ratings for the Novag Stars or Hiarcs9.

#### Hyper Threading!

Although it might seem like an altogether different subject, in fact more like the answer to a clue in a Crossword puzzle about wives particularly adept at sewing-up holy (or should it be holey?) socks for their men, Hyper-Threading is directly related to the issue of Deep engines and multi-processors!

Carl Bicknell pointed me to a web site giving a reasonably simple guide to this new piece of technology, and readers may fancy a

browse there themselves:

http://www.aopen.com/tech/techinside/HyperThreading.htm

A visit here will tell you how Hyper-Threading works, with some basic, explanatory diagrams and charts. The technology is designed for software applications which are multi-processor capable, and processes the instructions in parallel in a way that it can be considered as two separate logical units.

On the site you will see the claim that this results in an average improvement ~40% in

CPU resource utilisation.

In practice I've been told that experiments with **Crafty** produced a 15% speed-up. This might not seem a lot, but maybe *ChessBase* versions will get more!?

And noting that the next generation of **Pentium4 processors** will be Hyper-Threading capable means that all Deep Chess versions will get a free ~15% speed boost!

Whilst a true **dual processor** system will produce more like a 75% speed gain, these

units are still somewhat expensive.

The new Pentium4 shouldn't cost that much more than P4 at present, so a Hyper-Thread P4/3000 producing the equivalent of 3450 MHz for chess would seem a rather attractive thought to me! It would also be likely to pretty well force all programmers to produce Deep versions for the next release of their respective programs!

#### Sonnabend Tournys

Gerhard appears to have finished with his major effort testing the leading amateur Winboard and UCI engines, with Nimzo8 included as a benchmark.

The final table showed:

#### Sonnabend 40/40 + G/30

Pos	Prog	/180
1	Ruffian 1.01	1091/2
2	List 5.04	107
3	Aristarch 4.4	95
4	Nimzo 8	92
5=	Gromit 3.11.5 Yuce 0.99.56	891/2
7	Delfi 4.0	841/2
8	Pharaon 2.62	801/2
9	Crafty 18.15	79
10	Tao 5.4	731/2

I have repeated the table as one of our major articles in this issue is from Chris Goulden, who shows readers how to install and run various Winboard engines. The results above will help potential users to work out what to try, depending whether they want something super-strong or a bit easier!

If you want a fuller list, then the

**Ridderkerk** listing shown in SS-106 is your answer. There you will find Gandalf, Comet, Thinker, Aristarch, Francesca & others.

Since finishing (for now) with the Amateurs, Gerhard has been testing Shredder7 which hovers with Fritz8 in the continuing battle for 1st. and 2nd. place.

Here are his Shredder7 scores:

■ Shredder7-Fritz8	6-4
■ Shredder7-Chess Tiger15	61/2-31/2
■ Shredder7-Junior8	71/2-21/2

Gerhard's are a further set of results just swinging the top 2 balance slightly in Shredder's direction!

#### Brian Martin tests the 'Amateurs'

Brian is obviously already well into Winboard and UCI matters, as he's sent me the result of a major tournament which he ran recently involving 16 engines!

No prizes for guessing the winner!

Pos	Prog	/30
1	Ruffian 1.01	241/2
2	Anaconda 1.0	191/2
3	List 5.04	171/2
4	Aristerch 4.21	17
5	Pharaon 2.62	161/2
6	Abrok 5.0	16
7=	Crafty 19.03 Tao 5.4	151/2
9	Sjeng 12.13	15
10=	Yace Paderborn Nejmet 3.06 Pepito 1,59	14
13=	Drugon 4.4,3 Amyon 1.59	121/2
15	Queen 2.38	91/2
16	Comet B60	61/2

What on earth happened to the usually reliable **Comet** which one would expect to be at least mid-table? Perhaps version B60 is to be avoided!

Also the Yace result is lower than you'd expect. But there's no arguing about Ruffian, it really is very strong isn't it, and proves itself time and time again. The version 1.01 we all have dates back to last September. I keep re-visiting the site to see if there's an upgrade, but of course we may not get a freebie of it next time round!

#### Frank HOLT's latest scores

Frank continues to send valuable results. As always the games were played on Athlon 1800 equipment at Frank's differing time controls: 2 games in each match at 40/1hr., 2 at 60/1hr., and 2 at 40/30mins.

Here is the table from Frank's most recent tournament, each program played 12 games against each opponent!

Frank Holt's TOP FOUR tourny

Pos	Prog	T15	57	F8	<b>F7</b>	/36
1	Tiger 15	- A	61/2	61/2	81/2	211/2
2	Shredder 7	51/2	<b>-</b> ₹8	81/2	7	21
3	Fritz 8	51/2	31/2		71/2	161/2
4	Fritz 7	31/2	5	41/2	3.7	13

That's the best result I've seen for Tiger15 so far, and of course Shredder7 is only a half point behind in a close finish. Frank sent me a couple of excellent **Shredder** games - see *Games Selection* at end of magazine.

In another tourny, 2 games v each opponent and with more players, an earlier result was:

Frank Halt's C/15m+10sacs tourny

Pos	Prog	/14
]=	Shredder7, Fritz7	9
3	Shredder6	71/2
4	Fritz8	61/2
5=	Junior7, Tiger15, GambitTiger2, Higres8	6

In his e-mail to me Frank wondered if Hiarcs9 will be as good as my claims!?

We certainly hope so - based on our testing it's right up with Fritz8 and Shredder7. But if *ChessBase* dally over bringing it out much longer, we might call it Hiarcs10 and bring it out ourselves as a DOS program!

Only joking - but Junior8 took ages to arrive, and then only had 1 engine whereas the pre-launch advertising proclaimed there would be 2... and then they wanted to delay Hiarcs so that the latest engines don't just take sales off each other.

I suppose part of the truth is that the reducing software market is not going to sustain 5 top commercial programs for much longer.

Anyway terms for **Hiarcs9** have now been agreed between Mark and *ChessBase*, so it will be out very soon!

Apart from Mark and myself we have 1 other co-worker doing testing for us. A big plus is that 'EC' has a very fast PC set-up, so his G/5+5 is more like us testing at 10+10.

He recently played a useful 10 game all-play-all with 3 versions which had each seemed our 'best' at one time or another. H8257 was the one we were particularly proud of as we had it just beating Fritz8 and Shredder7!

Here's what happened when EC used them along with an even later effort, H8298. Incidentally H8166 was the version which drew 2-2 with Bareev, so you can see we're still working very hard!

'EC' 5+5 Hiarcs versions test

Pos	Program	/80
1	Hiarcs 8298	471/2
2	Fritz 8	431/2
3	Deep Fritz 7/8	411/2
4	Hiercs 8257	41
5	Chess Tiger 15	39
6=	Shredder 7.04 Junior 8	371/2
8	Hiercs 8233	361/2
9	Deep Junior 8	36

#### Harald Faber

In our last issue we showed Harald's results in testing Shredder7.

This time it's Junior8's turn!

■ Junior8-Chess Tiger15	8-12 !
■ Junior8-Hiarcs8	12-8
■ Junior8-Shredder7	91/2-101/2
■ Junior8-Fritz8	25-15 !?!

An excellent result for **Tiger15**, which hasn't in general indicated there's much of an improvement since Tiger14.

But what about that result for Junior against Fritz8! Amazing. It does seem that the new Junior particularly enjoys playing Fritz8. The Intagrand web site has it leading there, though by a narrower 20½-17½. This is to be a 50 game match, games played on a dual 2400 at 40/2hrs, 20/1 + G/30 finish.

#### Excalibur Grandmaster

In our last issue I introduced the fine-looking new **Grandmaster** auto-sensory computer.

It still <u>looks</u> as good as ever, but after a few games - and also some sent by **Reg Cox** -

I have to conclude that this is <u>not</u> the Kittinger Emerald Classic Plus program, which is rated at 175BCF/2001 Elo.

In fact, though I can't find any reference to the programmer on the *Excalibur* site, it has been suggested it is a Ron Nelson program.

Ron was originally with Sid Samole and the Fidelity team in the USA from its earliest days, and is now working with Julian Samole (son of Sid) and the *Excalibur* team. He is responsible for the **Touch Chess** and, it now appears, the Grandmaster.

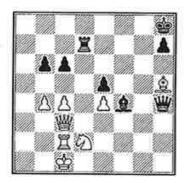
Although claimed by Excalibur to be 2200 USCF, and running on superior hardware to their portable products, results so far suggest the rating may be more like 150 BCF/1800 Elo. If so, a 400 Elo manufacturer over-rate!!

Because of the size, appearance and features I still reckon it's good value, but it isn't going to be as strong as things like the Saitek Centurion and Cougar or Novag Obsidian from the looks of it. See Games Selection at end of this issue.

#### Let's Finish with some Chess!

For a long time our regular contributor **Bill** Reid has prepared a special position for each issue, designed to be tricky for computers, and sometimes humans! Readers are invited to analyse it alongside their computers.

Bill Reid-14



In this position Black has just played 1...B(h2)-f4

Against a human opponent the choice would have been 1...Qxh5 when Black has an edge, but there are problems about the win. One such is that his bishop is on the wrong coloured square to control the queening square of the passed rook pawn.

However the player of the White pieces is not a human, but a computer program, and Black thinks that Bf4 offers a good chance of luring it into a fatal error. Was that a correct judgement? What move does your program play after a five minute think?

Bill's comments:

Black's last move (1...Bh2-f4) sets a trap! Not one that the better humans would fall into. No doubt they would think about 2.Bd1, holding on to a material advantage, but would soon spot that 2...Qe1 leaves them completely tied up. Almost certainly they would prefer the clear draw after 2.Be8 Qe1+ 3.Kb2 Rxd2 4.Bxc6 Rxc2+ 5.Kxc2.

However the hazards of 2.Bd1 are over the programs' horizons - well, the ones I've checked! - and their algorithms drive them to

choose it! It is not a good idea!

Black's plan is now to create a situation where the bishop can arrive on e3. Then, with White's pieces lacking any good moves, the h-pawn can advance to the queening square. Black just has to be careful about allowing positions where freeing moves like Kb2 or Qf3 might work. If either White pawn advances, Black just moves the one on the adjacent file to maintain the blockade. E.g:

2.Bd1 Qe1 3.Ra2 Rd8 Putting the rook on a better square 4.Rc2 If 4.Qf3 then Rxd2 5.Rxd2 Qxd2+6.Kb1 Qc1+7.Ka2 Qxc4 8.Qb3 Qxb3+ with a won ending. Or 4.Kb2 Qxd1 5.Nb1 (5.Nb3 Rd3 6.Ra1 Rxc3 7.Rxd1 Rxc4 8.Rd6 h5) Rg8 6.Ka1 Rg3 7.Qc2 Qd4+8.Rb2 Rd3 9.Qf2 Qxf2 10.Rxf2 Rd4 and again Black will win the ending 4...h6 Now the h-pawn goes to a square where it is protected 5.Ra2 Kg7 6.Rc2 Kf6 7.Ra2 Be3 The key move restraining White's Q! 8.Rc2 h5 9.b5 c5 10.Ra2 h4 and White can resign.

This is an example of the programs getting into a semi-static, where moves are possible, but they lead nowhere. For the time being there is a material advantage, but in the longer run it will prove useless against the opponent's greater mobility.

Eric's results to choose Be8 (on P4/1800 laptop): Not in 10mins Junior8, Tiger15. 6m33 Fritz8. 2m49 Hiarcs8. 2m35 Ruffian. Winners... 47secs Shredder7. 39secs Hiarcs9

Sadly this was Bill's last regular contribution under the 'Let's Finish...' heading, though he has promised to send other articles from time-to-time.

The value of Bill's efforts will be known to everyone, and I am sure readers will greatly enjoy the little booklet 'Thought Processes in Chess' which is included with this issue of Selective Search.

## CSVN Tourny 2003: Leiden, Netherlands

The Dutch Computer Chess Club CSVN organised its 3rd. International CSVN Tournament running from 16-18 May in the Minds Sports Centre in Leiden. The playing tempo was reasonably swift at G/90 mins, with 3 rounds being played each day. Our thanks are due to **Eric van Reem** for his daily reports.

#### Previous winners:

2001 : 1. Fritz, 2. Gambit Tiger, 3. Diep 2002 : 1. Fritz, 2. Diep, 3. Shredder

#### **Entrants** included:

Fritz and Shredder, both on Dual/2800 PCs., also the new Lokasoft Deep Sjeng program; Chess Tiger, The King and Diep each on AMD/1600-1800, plus other well-known engines such as IsiChess, XiniX, Tao 5.5 and The Baron (also on a Dual AMD/2000+)

In the 1st round we saw some fascinating games with surprising results. The Baron, a program made by the tall Dutchman Richard Pijl drew his game with one of the top favourites, Chess Tiger. The biggest upset in the first round, however, was the victory of Deep Sjeng, the Belgian program of Gian-Carlo Pascutto over the well-known Fritz. The Dutch-German program Fritz had to deal with serious problems in the middlegame after a Nimzo-Indian opening. White's passed pawn on the b-file proved to be the decisive factor in this game. Shredder and The King played some convincing attacking chess against Tao and Ant respectively.

In the 2nd round we saw Sjeng go to 2/2 after beating Nullmover, playing in its first tournament. The other programs with a perfect score after two rounds were Shredder and The King. The King, the engine used in ChessMaster programs, played a good game against IsiChess, and Shredder had no real problems with XiniX. Fritz battled it out in a sharp opening against Tao but could not win with the White pieces, the game suddenly ending in a draw, but Chess Tiger won after a long battle against SpiderChess.

In the 3rd round The King added another victory, this time against Sjeng, to end the first day with a 100% score. Shredder was also on 3/3 after beating Chess Tiger. The two favourites for first place, Fritz and Chess Tiger, were both left on just 1½/3 after Fritz beat SpiderChess!

Game of the day: Deep Sjeng - Fritz

1.d4 Nf6 2.c4 e6 3.Nc3 Bb4 4.e3 c5 5.Nge2 cxd4 6.exd4 0-0 7.a3 Be7 8.d5 exd5 9.cxd5 Re8 10.d6 Bf8 11.g3 b6 12.Bg2 Nc6 13.b4 Bb7 14.0-0 a6 15.Na4 Re6 16.Be3 Bxd6 17.Bxb6 Qb8 18.Rc1 Na7 19.Bxa7 Rxa7 20.Nd4 Re8 21.Bxb7 Qxb7 22.Qd3 Bf8 23.Nc5 Qb6 24.Rfd1 h6 25.Na4 Qb8 26.Nb2 a5 27.b5 Rc7 28.Rxc7 Qxc7 29.Na4 Qb7 30.b6 Qa8 31.Qb3 h5 32.Rc1 Qe4

33.Nf3 Rb8 34.Re1 Qb7 35.Ra1 Rc8 36.Ne5 d6 37.Nc4 Qd5 38.Nab2 h4 39.gxh4 Qf5 40.Ne3 Qh3 41.Nd3 Ng4 42.Nxg4 Qxg4+ 43.Kf1 Qf5 44.Ne1 Qe5 45.b7 Rb8 46.Rb1 Qxh2 47.Nf3 Qh3+ 48.Ke2 Qf5 49.Qd3 Re8+ 50.Kd2 Qf4+ 51.Kd1 Rb8 52.Qd5 Qf6 53.Ke1 Qe7+ 54.Kf1 Qd7 55.Ng5 g6 56.a4 Bh6 57.Rb5 Bg7 58.Rb3 Qc7 59.Ne4 Be5 60.Kg1 Kg7 61.Ng5 Kg8 62.Kg2 Qd7 63.Rb5 Qg4+ 64.Kf1 Qd7 65.Rb6 Kg7 66.Rb3 Bf4 67.Qe4 Be5 68.h5 Bf6 69.h6+ Kg8 70.Qd5 Bxg5 71.Qxg5 Qe6 72.Re3 Qf5 73.Qxf5 gxf5 74.Re7 Kh7 75.Rxf7+ Kxh6 76.Ke2 Kg6 77.Rc7 f4 78.Kd3 Kf5 79.Kc4 Ke4 80.Kb5 1–0

In the 4th round on Saturday, the first thing Chess Tiger and Fritz had to do was play each other - it was obvious it was going to be a very important game. It ended in a disaster for Fritz after the program was outplayed in the opening. Frans Morsch, author of Fritz, shook his head: "We shouldn't have played the Najdorf in this game. The game was lost as soon as we came out of the book. Jeroen Noomen, the Dutch opening wizard, who is responsible for Chess Tiger's book, had found a hole in our Fritz book." Noomen: "It was a lucky shot, because Fritz had played this line before in a world championship game against Crafty. I never thought that Fritz would repeat that variation but I decided to give it a try." Shredder and The King do not very often play against each other in tournaments. Last year in the CSVN tournament, Shredder won a good game. This year The King showed no fear, although Shredder started a dangerous attack. "I grab all the pawns I can get and we'll see what happens", said Johan de Koning laughingly during the game. It turned out to be the right strategy against ex-world champion Shredder. The King got a good position with Black, but

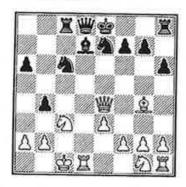


the position was very difficult to evaluate, even for computers. De Koning: "This game is a good example to show that chess still has a lot of secrets. The tactics in this game were very deep and it was impossible to evaluate the position properly." The game ended in a draw, but it will be interesting to analyse with different chess programs.

In the 5th & 6th rounds Chess Tiger was lucky to get away with a draw against IsiChess, and Shredder also saved another very difficult position against Deep Sjeng - the position seemed to be lost but Shredder found a perpetual. In round 5 The King won against The Baron after a long fight, and then crushed Diep in round 6 with a queen 'sac/exchange' with Black.

Game of the Day: Diep - The King

1.d4 e6 2.c4 d5 3.Nc3 c5 4.cxd5 cxd4 5.Qa4+ b5 6.Qxd4 Nc6 7.Qd2 exd5 8.Qxd5 Bd7 9.Qe4+ Be7 10.Bg5 h6 11.Bxe7 Ngxe7 12.e3 a6 13.O-O-O Rc8 14.Be2 b4 15.Bg4 Appears safe from the obvious fork f5, as the d7 bishop is pinned! Or is it?



15...f5! 16.Bxf5 Bxf5 17.Rxd8+ Rxd8 18.Qf4 g5 19.Qg3 bxc3 20.bxc3 Rb8 21.f3 Rb1+ 22.Kd2 O-O 23.e4 Rd8+ 24.Kc2 Rbd1 25.Qf2 Be6 26.Qe2 Ra1 27.Qxa6 Rxa2+ 28.Qxa2 Bxa2 29.Ne2 Bc4 30.Nc1 Ng6 31.Rg1 Nce5 32.Nb3 Bd3+ 0-1

#### Ranking after 6 rounds (with 3 games to play):

- 5½ The King
- 5 Shredder
- 4½ Deep Sjeng
- 3½ Tao5.5, Fritz
- 3 Chess Tiger, The Baron, Diep, IsiChess, Nullmover, SpiderChess

Round 7 saw The King win another spectacular game, this time against Tao. Meanwhile Shredder was held to a draw by Fritz, and Deep Sjeng could also only draw against SpiderChess. Could anything stop The King?!

Perhaps! In round 8 The King finally lost its first game in the tournament, against Fritz. In the same round Shredder beat Diep, so suddenly the leaders both had 6½/8. Deep Sjeng also won in the round 8, against The Baron, so was on 6. No other program had more than 5 so the winner had to come from these 3!

In the final round the disappointing Chess Tiger (only



a bye and a win against a backmarker had brought it back to 5/8) had White against The King! It made no difference and Johan de Koning's program re-discovered its fearless attacking style and winning ways to reach 71/2. "I played with the same version as last year", de Koning told Eric van Reem after the last game. "I changed only some minor things, I think that it is very difficult to improve the program further. If I start changing things, the program may get weaker!" Meanwhile Shredder had an easier game against Ant and also won! Actually Shredder did not lose a single game in the tournament. With this pair finishing on 71/2 Deep Sjeng couldn't have won anyway, but in the event it had a shock loss against IsiChess which meant that Fritz, continuing its late surge with a win against XiniX, actually managed to come 3= after its horrendous start.

Game of the day: King - Tao

1.b3 e5 2.Bb2 Nc6 3.c4 d6 4.g3 Nf6 5.Bg2 g6 6.Nf3 Bg7 7.0–0 0–0 8.d4 Nh5 9.d5 Ne7 10.e4 Bd7 11.c5 f5 12.Nc3 dxc5 13.Re1 Kh8 14.Rc1 Bh6 15.Nxe5 Bxc1 16.Qxc1 Ng7 17.exf5 gxf5 18.Ne2 Ng8 19.Nf4 Rf6 20.Nh5 Be8 21,Nxf6 Nxf6 22.Qxc5 Kg8 23.Rc1 b6 24.Qxc7 Qxc7 25.Rxc7 a5 26.d6 Rd8 27.Ng4 fxg4 28.Bxf6 Rxd6 1–0

Final Scores after 9 Rounds:

- 71/2 The King (winner on SB point count), Shredder
  - Deep Sjeng, Fritz
- 5½ Tao 5.5

6

- 5 Chess Tiger, Diep, The Baron, IsiChess, SpiderChess
- 4 Ant Nullmover
- 3 XiniX
- 21/2 31337/Celes
- 1 Praetorian (the point was scored from a bye!)

## DEED JUNIOR-KASPAROV: A Third look AT GAME 5

In our last issue we had a second look at game 5, in which Kasparov was accused of 'ducking out' by spectators and others, but in which some GMs/IMs have insisted he took the only safe option.

As Junior8 still wasn't available at the time I played a recent Hiarcs8X version against the new Tiger15. This time it's J8 itself, and the game is laid it out to help you follow the original notes with the new game moves.

#### Kasparov - Deep Junior

Game 5. E48. Nimzo Indian

1.d4 Nf6 2.c4 e6 3.Nc3 Bb4 4.e3 0-0 5.Bd3 d5 6.cxd5 exd5 7.Nge2 Re8 8.0-0 Bd6 9.a3?! c6?! 10.Qc2



10...Bxh2+?! This MUST have surprised Kasparov. He raised his eyebrows but took the bishop without much thought. Is Junior's Bxh2 destined to find a place in MCO, BCO and the rest?! 10...b6 would be a 'standard' type move, or Nbd7 and heading for b6 11.Kxh2 Ng4+ 12.Kg3 Played somewhat derisively by Kasparov, looking around him, 'is this serious?!' Of course the pattern of the sacrifice is known, but with Black's pieces mostly undeveloped how can it succeed here?! 12...Qg5 According to Amir Ban DJ showed 0.00 here and for the remainder of the game. Other programs show White ahead. For example the Hiarcs8X | have has White +135. Indeed after only a

few seconds it shows the same next few moves exactly as they were played, but varies at move 16 with 'an improvement' on what Kasparov played. If there was a chance for Kasparov to play for the win at move 16 (as most commentators also now believe!) then Junior's evaluation was wrong. We shall need to do some analysis when we get there! 13.f4 Kasparov isn't smirking now he spent more than an hour over this and his next 3 moves! 13...Qh5 14.Bd2 Qh2+ 15.Kf3 Qh4 16.Bxh7+? This can only draw, which probably all PC programs also show instantly. Maybe Kasparov was hoping for the error 16...Qxh7 when Black has an inferior endgame, but that was not really likely! The issue re DJ's sac and evaluations surrounds the move 16.g3! which was Kasparov's chance for the win. Black has two choices for his continuation: [1] 16...Nh2+ is the move which I understand DJ would have played, then 17.Kf2 Ng4+ 18.Ke1 Qh3. Here White has 3 choices: 19.Nd1 Nh2 20.Bxh7+ Kh8 21.Rf2±. Or 19.Rg1 Nd7 20.e4±. But not necessarily DJ's 19.f5?! when 19...Rxe3! 20.Nxd5! Re8! appears uncertain with equal chances, and [2] 16...Qh2 was the move which concerned GK 17.f5 17...h5 (DJ would play h5 rather than 17...Qh3) 18.e4 dxe4+ 19.Bxe4, and now DJ would play 19...c5 to which Ban adds a !... but ends his analysis. So what has Black got? I took it a few moves further with 20.dxc5 Nd7 21.Be3 Nde5+ 22.Kf4 Bxf5 23.Bxf5 g5+24.Kxg5 Nxe3 and it seems White's position is no longer so secure! Note, if 17.f5 indeed runs into problems, as my analysis suggests it could, then 17.Rae1 g6 18.e4 might be better, though I'm doing an Amir Ban and leaving it there! **16...Kh8** Not 16...Qxh7? 17.Qxh7+ Kxh7 18.Rh1+ leaving White with better endgame

prospects 17.Ng3 DJ is still the

draw, which he can do easily

bishop down, so must now take the

17...Nh2+ 18.Kf2 And Kasparov, trying to look cool, put on his watch, which means the game is over and the draw can be agreed. 18...Ng4+ 19.Kf3 Nh2+ ½-½

In our 2 previous games, which were played at G/30mins + 15secs per move between Hiarcs 9.295 and Tiger 15.0, we started from the position after 10...Bxh2+.

This didn't really work, as I admitted!

In game 1 Tiger as Black failed to follow DJ's 12...Qg5, instead choosing 12...Qd6+, and Hiarcs won in 46 moves.

In the return game with Hiarcs as Black the programs followed the GK-DJunior moves for a little longer, but again it was the player with Black which varied first as Hiarcs chose 14...Rxe3+ instead of 14...Oh2+.

Thus we never found out whether the programs would 'duck out' with 16.Bxh7+? (which is what we accused Kasparov of doing!), or would play 16.g3! and go on, we thought, to win.

I was keen to check this out soon as I'd installed the new **Junior8** in my laptop. But even that wasn't as clear-cut as expected!

The original advertising proclaimed there would be 2 engines on the CD - e.g. the ChessBase website 22/May 2003: "with Junior8 you get 2 chess engines. One is the original engine that played in the Kasparov match, the second is the most recent, fully developed version".

But when the CD's arrived, there was only 1 engine on itthe later one. "A small mistake" said ChessBase in a clarifying e-mail. But 10 days later it transpired there was only going to be the one... the later development.

So I half guessed when I installed it! Probably you have as well.

It doesn't play 10...Bxh2+!

My supposition is this - and that's all it is, supposition - but I reckon that the engine which played Kasparov, on a quad processor, was particularly speculative and highly tuned for play against humans.

If that same program had played against other PC programs, and on slower single processor hardware, it quite possibly would not have done so well, taking risks and over-reaching more than can be afforded in such matches.

So the 'fully developed' version has probably been re-tuned a little.

In fairness it has quite a long look at 10...Bxh2+ each time it comes to it in the search, but it doesn't play it on my machine, even after a very long time allowance.

Also Amir Ban's claim that Deep Junior showed an 0.00 evaluation when it played 12...Qg5 and thereafter cannot be supported by the final version we all have.

So I was a touch disappointed not to get the original 'New York' engine, if only to check out the amazing sequence of moves in Kasparov-DJunior game 5.

That said, whether it's been dumbed-down, re-tuned or just 'developed', it is still pretty aggressive and speculative, and comes up with some unexpected and interesting ideas and evaluations when on the attack... I like it!

So I input the moves 1-15

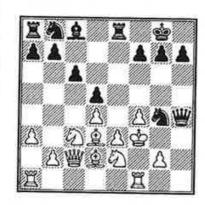
from the game, fired up Hiarcs8.295 and Junior8, and left them to it!

#### Hiarcs 8.295 - Junior 8

P4/1800, Blitz:30'+15" W=11.4 ply; 112kN/s B=14.8 ply; 1,020kN/s

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 e6 3.包c3 象b4 4.e3 0-0 5.象d3 d5 6.cxd5 exd5 7.包ge2 罩e8 8.0-0 象d6 9.a3 c6 10.營c2 象xh2+11.內xh2 包g4+12.內g3 營g5 13.f4 營h5 14.象d2 營h2+15.內f3 營h4

And so we reach the starting position for the second install-ment of our experiment!



16.g3!? 1.63/11 1:10

Thank goodness for that... the first requirement is met by Hiarcs as it plays the move which sends the game into complications 'with chances for the win'

16... 包h2+ 1.42/16 1:39 17. 查f2 1.63/12 53 包g4+ 1.12/16 1:23 18. 查e1 1.47/12 1:11 營h3 0.71/16 2:06

19.宮g1 (Nd1) 1.24/11 1:43
 J8 expected Nd1, and it
seems that may be better
19...公d7 0.37/16 1:27 20.e4
1.30/11 1:11 dxe4 (Nh2)
0.00/15 1:20 21.公xe4 1.51/11
34 增h2 0.00/14 35 22.公d1
(f5) 1.05/11 4:55 22...公df6
0.01/15 40 23.公xf6+ (N4c3)
0.46/12 4:55 23...公xf6
0.13/15 27 24.莒e1 0.20/12
1:24 皇g4 0.00/16 2:05
25.世c4 (Rc1) 0.13/10 1:20
25...b5 (Nh5) -0.79/14 2:41

It has been interesting to compare the moves expected by

Junior with those played by
Hiarcs – there are have been
frequent differences! Junior now
sees itself as ahead, but it is
some while before Hiarcs agrees
26.營xc6 0.16/11 4:08 營xg3
(Rac8) –0.79/14 3:39 27.營c3
(Qxb5) 0.98/10 2:33 27..營g2
–1.08/14 2:02 28.急xb5 (Qb3)
0.48/10 1:38 28...公e4
–1.69/11 24

Okay - my apologies to Kasparov, with a bit of bowing and scraping as well I guess!

Clearly he was right to head quickly for the draw in the match game, rather than take what would have been, it now seems, a massive risk trying for more.

After the unending criticism he came in for - still does in some quarters! - after losing the last game of his match with **Deep Blue2**, one can imagine the comments if he'd lost to **Deep Junior**!

The ChessBase game info:

#### IN GAME HEADING

- P4/1800=my laptop
- Blitz:30'+15"=time control
- ■Ply=ave depth of search of each program during game
- ■kN/s=ave \* 1,000 nodes per second searched during play
- TBA's=tablebase accesses
  IN GAME AFTER EACH MOVE
- If there's a move in brackets, it shows the (unplayed) expected move. Otherwise the move played was the one expected
- ■1.18/16=eval. from White's side and depth of search
- ■45=45secs taken on move, or 1:45 means 1min 45secs taken

## 7th GEBRUIKERS! - Vintage stuff as only pre-1990 Machines are allowed!

Hi Eric,

On 17 & 18 May, we played our 7th Gebruikers tournament in Leiden. This time only computers manufactured before 1990 with an Elo underneath 1900 were allowed to participate!

The oldies there were two Mephisto MM IV computers, CXG Dominator, Mephisto Amsterdam, Chess Academy, Mephisto MM II, CXG Chess Professor, Saitek Simultano, Super Enterprise, and Fidelity Chess Challenger 10.

Our organizer, Ries van Leeuwen decided to play 7 rounds with 1 hour clock-time per computer.

Well Eric, I brought 3 computers to the tournament: the Chess Professor (operated by Walther Kappelhof), the Super Enterprise (operated by Peter Schimmelpennink) and the Chess Challenger 10 (operated by myself).

This should surely be enough to win at least one of the three cups..... I noticed that the booby prize was a bottle of red wine!

The two MM4 machines came 1=, and the Sphinx Dominator came 3rd, and the owners of these all won beautiful cups!

We had a much higher expectations of the Mephisto Amsterdam, which in fact should win the tourmament, but spoiled some of his games by playing the endgames very weakly.

We also had some new display operators involved who had some problems with choosing proud the correct level during the move.

game, and some games were unnecessarily lost on time.

My good old Chess Challenger 10 played like a warrior and fought until the very end.....but didn't win the tournament.

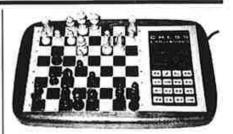
Do you know this CC10 came on the market in July 1978 and has one big weakness! He is not able to castle!! But you can carry out the castling of his opponent! He understands that but he prefers always to leave his own king in the centre of the chessboard!

About four months later, in November 1978, Fidelity brought a new CC10 on the market which looked exactly the same as my version, but now was really able to castle by himself. Wonderful!

Collectors call this the B-version, and renamed the earliest ones like mine the CC10-A version. There is also a C-version, but the design was different.

Eric, my CC10 drew one game and that's very special for a chess computer 25 years old! In the second round, he played against the MM II and, at the 9th move, instead of taking back the Black bishop on e3, he first gave check by playing his knight to d6. Because of this, the Black king went to f8 and couldn't castle anymore, so were equal!

Then, at the 10th move, the CC10 played Qh5 and threatened the Black king with checkmate on f7! The display began to blink, and I think the Challenger was very proud that he played this



The vintage Fidelity CC10-A

Finally I won the booby prize, a bottle of red wine!! So I'm very proud of my CC10, which everybody loved to see. Some folk remembered their Challenger which they gave away or threw out more than 20 years ago!

Frans Morsch, programmer of the well-known Fritz chess-program, was at Gebruikers and was absolutely fascinated watching the CC10 'play chess'!

Attached I send you the most interesting games of the tournament, a ranking table and, of course, some of the photos which I made during the tournament. I hope you and your readers enjoy them all!

Best regards,

First we'll have a look at some of the games played by Rob's CC10-A!

#### CXG Sphinx Dominator -Fid Chess Challenger 10

1.2f3 2c6? 2.e4 d5

2...e5 transposes into a well-known opening!

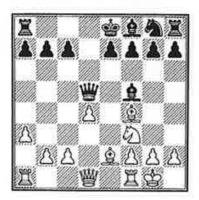
3.exd5 營xd5 4.包c3 營e6+?
Blocking in both his
bishops at one go!

5.皇e2 包b4?

Breaking the well-known

rules about moving the same piece too much too soon

#### 6.0-0 **Qd7** 7.a3 **Qd5** 8.**Q**xd5 **W**xd5 9.d4 **Qf5** 10.**Qf4**



10... **曾e4?**?

10...c6 11.c4 營e4 12.皇e3 分f6 isn't too bad, but 13.營b3±

#### 

Missing a rather simple tactic

#### 

Rob used his common sense at this point and switched off 1-0

Well of course we must have a look at the Challenger 10's piece de resistance!!

#### Fid Chess Challenger 10 - Mephisto MM II

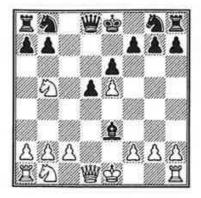
1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.e5 c5 4.2)f3 cxd4 5.2,b5+?!

5. \( \mathbb{L} d3 \) gets played a lot, or you just retake with knight or queen

## 5...\(\hat{\text{\pm}}\) d7 6.\(\Delta\) xd4 \(\hat{\text{\pm}}\) xb5 \(\hat{\text{\pm}}\) c5?!

7... \(\Delta c6\)! is certainly better, and leaves Black on top. Black's mistake allows White to maintain at least equality with...

8.\(\pm\)e3! \(\pm\)xe3



#### 9. 2d6+! 由f8 10. 增h5?!

10.營f3 was better, and it still receives the honour of threatening mate against its illustrious opponent! Black still takes, 10...皇xf2+, but now 11.營xf2 is better than the king having to retake



Black must win!?



The Club treasurer with his Mephisto MM2 in play against Rob's CC10-A!



Rob with his CC10-A

15... **肾c**7?

15... ☑df5 16. ☑f3 ☑xd6 17.exd6 ≝xd6 and the MM2 is 2 clear pawns to the good

16. Ecl! 如df5 17. 如xf5 如xf5

Black is still ahead, but the game was agreed drawn, so 1/2-1/2

#### CXG Super Enterprise -Fid Chess Challenger 10

1.e4 c5!

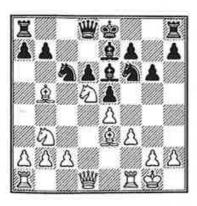
Wonderful — I'd forgotten it enjoyed playing the Sicilian. If only it castled as well!

2.ᡚf3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.ᡚxd4 ᡚf6 5.ᡚc3 g6 6.Ձe3 e5?

6... **2g7** is seen 99% of the time, a6 the other 1%

#### 7.2b3 2g4 8.f3 2e6 9.2b5+ 2c6 10.0-0

The Super Enterprise was always simple and practical – a pawn in the centre, develop the minor pieces, castle, and attack



#### 11...h5 12.閏f2?! 閏f8? 13.閏d2! a6

13...\(\frac{1}{2}xd5\) 14.exd5 a6 was Black's best chance

#### 14.**鼻b**6!

White now has a ferocious attack

#### 14...增b8 15.包c7+ 卤d7 16.包c5+! 卤c8 17.包5xe6 包xe4?!

17...fxe6 18. **≜**c4 d5 was better

#### 18.fxe4 fxe6 19.\(\mathbb{L}\)xc6



19...gg

I can't see why CC10 didn't play the obvious capture 19...bxc6 which was actually the best move despite 20. 公xa8 曾xa8 21.宣xd6!

#### 20.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}\text{xd6}

20. 全d7+!! would have been killing: 20... 全d8 21. 虽xd6 1-0. 虽xd6 wasn't best, but CC10 now makes its final mistake and so rewards the inferior move

20...**ge**7??

20... 臭e3+ 21. 臭xe3 鬯xc7



Ries van Leeuwen with his 3rd. placed Sphinx Dominator - a computer never sold in the UK as far as I know

22. 皇d7+ 空b8 23. 皇b6 營xb6+ 24. 置xb6 and although the game is over because of the material inequality, there's still not a mate showing on my PC screeen! Oooops just arrived, m/11

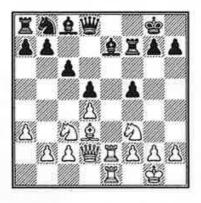
#### 21. ad7+ 由d8 22. 2xe6# 1-0

2 games by the winners:

#### Mephisto MM IV - CXG Super Enterprise

C01: French: Exch Variation

We join the game after White has played 16. Ede1



16...增f8?

Better were 16...\\$f8, or 16...g6

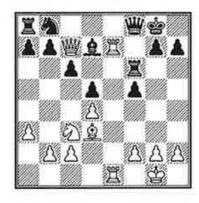
#### 17.包e5! 星f6 18.包g6! 星xg6?

The obvious move was the better one here: 18...hxg6 19.邕xe7 皇d7 20.閏f4

19.罩xe7 **盒d7** 20.營f4 罩f6 21.營c7!



The prizes were rather special, and would grace any Tournament. But where's Rob's bottle of wine gone?!



21... **營c8**?

Falling right into a double attack, but it was pretty much over anyway!

#### 22.臣e8+! 呂f8

22... &xe8? would just lose first the queen: 23. 對xc8, and then the rook 23... 公d7 24. 閏xe8+

#### 

Evals are now >1000 on PC programs, so Black would resign if it was running at 1000MHz!

#### Mephisto MM IV -Mephisto Academy

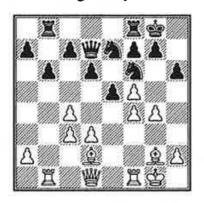
A29: English Opening: Four Knights Variation with 4 g3

We're joining this one after White has played 18.g4, which is to be admired but



The Chess Academy, in the foreground, playing against the Mephisto Exclusive MM4. Beautiful machines!

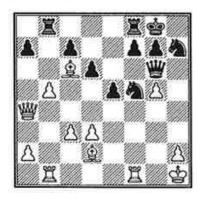
has to be a little bit risky for his own king safety



#### 18...b5?

Black lets the MM4 get away with it! 18...exf4 would keep Black well in the game after 19.\(\hat{\mathbb{L}}\)xf4 \(\mathbb{E}\)fe8!

19.g5! hxg5 20.fxg5 勾h7 21.cxb5 包xf5 22.皇c6 營e6 23.營a4 營g6 24.空h1



In fact the MM4 hasn't made as much progress as might have been expected,

and the Academy still has decent chances

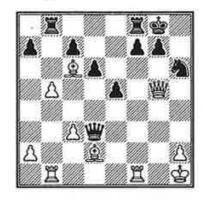
24... 包xg5?

Perhaps not now! 24... De7! was better and the defence isn't so easy to break down

25.世g4! 包h6?

25... De7 still gave Black some defensive chances, even after 26. 曹xg5 曹xg5 27. 皇xg5 弘xc6 28.bxc6

#### 26.曾xg5 曾xd3



If queens had come off with 26... 對xg5?! then 27.皇xg5 內h7 28.皇e3 is an easy endgame, as White wins the a7—pawn and is a full piece ahead

27.曾g2

27.閏g1 keeps an even firmer grip on the position: 27... 世g6 28. 世xg6 fxg6

27... 查h8??

What a mistake by the well-rated Schroder program! It's hard to believe. We had one of these Mephisto Academy computers in the British Major Championships a few years ago, and it graded at 180 BCF (2040 Elo). I'm glad it didn't do something like this there! Of course first 27... \$\mathbb{H}h7\$ was necessary, then after 28.c4 indeed 28... \$\mathbb{H}8\$ can be played to drag the game out for much longer

#### 28. ge4!

Black loses his queen! 1-0

#### Final Scores:

]=	Mephisto MM4 MVL Mephisto MM4 LVB	51/2/7
3	Sphinx Dominator	5
4	Mephisto Amsterdam	4
5=	Mephisto Acadamy Mephisto MM2	31/2
7	Chess Professor	3
8=	Simultano Super Enterprise	2
10	Fidelity Challenger 10A	1/2



The prize-winners: Louis van Bever (2nd MM4), Jan Krabbenbos (1st MM4), and Ries van Leeuwen who has the Sphinx Dominator. You can't see the winner of the booby prize, who says he took the picture, but may have been enjoying his prize!

## THE IMMORTAL GAME!

Nothing perhaps to do with computer chess, but hopefully a pleasant 'filler' of some interest! However if you play through the games on your Computer you'll certainly enjoy them, and also be amazed at some of the mistakes and oversights which occur!

Here is our starting position for all games, after:

1.e4 e5 2.f4 exf4 3.桌c4 營h4+ 4.含f1 b5



It seems this position arose first of all in a game between Schulten—Kieseritzky in Paris in 1844. Schulten played what is considered the best 5th. move as White, but was quickly demolished. 5.皇xb5 包f6 6.包c3 包g4 7.包h3 包c6 8.包d5 包d4 9.包xc7+ 包d8 10.包xa8 f3! 11.d3 f6 12.皇c4? d5 13.皇xd5 皇d6? 14.營e1? fxg2+! 15.堂xg2 營xh3+16.堂xh3 包e3+17.堂h4 包f3+18.堂h5 皇g4# 0-1

In 1847 Kieseritzky made it work again as Black, this time against Harrwitz, though he also played 5.\(\hat{L}\)xb5. So it was no surprise that it made an early appearance in his 1851 London match against the formidable Anderssen.

This quite incredible effort has been known ever since as the **Immortal Game**'.

#### Anderssen-Kieseritzky

1.e4 e5 2.f4 exf4 3.**皇**c4 營h4+ 4.**空**f1 b5

See diagram
5. 鱼xb5 包f6 6. 包f3 幽h6 7.d3 包h5 8.包h4? 幽g5 9.包f5 c6
10.g4? 包f6 11. 區g1 cxb5
12.h4 幽g6 13.h5 幽g5
14.幽f3 包g8 15.鱼xf4 幽f6
16.包c3 鱼c5? 17.包d5 幽xb2
18.鱼d6? 鱼xg1?? (幽xal+!)
19.e5 幽xa1+ 20.虫e2 包a6
21.包xg7+ 鱼d8 22.幽f6+ 包xf6 23.鱼e7# 1-0

Despite this setback Kieseritzky repeated the line in a later game in the match. Anderssen must have feared preparation as this time he played 7. 2c3 instead of 7.d3, but still won in 40 moves.

And then, with remarkable boldness, Kieseritzky tried it once more:

#### Anderssen-Kieseritzky

Our diagram position... 5.兔xb5 包f6 6.包f3 豐h6 7.夕c3 c6 8.兔c4 d6 9.d4 兔e6 10.d5 cxd5 11.exd5 \( \hat{\pm} \g 4 12.g3 g5 13.h4 凹h5 14. e1+?! 鱼e7 15. 包xg5 fxg3 16.急f4 空f8 17.凹xg3 包bd7 18.置e1 h6 19.置xe7?! hxg5 20.总xd6 也g7 21.总e5 gxh4 22.世f4 呂ae8 23.如e4? (Exe8!) Exe7 24. exf6+ 包xf6 25.曾xf6+ 由f8 26.包g3? 曾h6 27.曾xh6+ 星xh6 28.含g2 星e3 29.包f1 h3+ 30.由h2 宣f3 31.皇d3 f5 32.查g1 f4 33.罩h2 图h5 34. e4 图g3+ 35. 包xg3 fxg3 36.Ed2 Ee5 37.2d3? 置e1+ 38.单f1 单f3 0-1

I have no idea what chess magazine production and distribution was like in those days - certainly players didn't have the Internet or *Chess-Base* keeping them up-to-date on a 24 hour basis!

But I guess the great Paul Morphy must have heard about Anderssen's efforts in this fairly rare King's Gambit counter-gambit. So he tried it himself, with an 'improvement' at move 5 to make sure no 'Kieseritzky' tricks were pulled on him! This game was played in 1855.



S. Asial Series.

Paul Morphy from an engraving published in 1865

#### Morphy-Maurian

Once more our diagram... 5.皇d5?! 包c6 6.包f3 營h5 7.d4 包f6 8.皇b3 皇a6 9.營e2 包xd4 10.包xd4 b4

Things were not all that bad to here!
11.營xa6??? 營d1+ 12.查f2
公g4# 0-1

I find a small measure of hope for my own chess prowess in seeing one of the world's all—time greats falling into a mate in 2!

Amazingly Anderssen, having played the Immortal Game as

White, was even prepared to venture the counter-gambit as Black. This is another game from 1855!

#### Schurig-Anderssen

From the usual diagram!
5. \$\delta\$xb5 g5!? 6. \$\Delta\$f3 \Begin{align\*} \text{h5} \text{2} \text{g4}! 8. \Delta\$g1 f5 9. d3 \$\delta\$d6 10. \$\Delta\$f3?! \$\Delta\$c6! 11. e5 \$\Delta\$xe5 12. \$\delta\$xf4? \$\Delta\$c4? \$(gxf3! 0-1!) 13. dxc4 \$\delta\$xf4 14. \$\Begin{align\*} \text{B} \tex

Apparently Morphy, perhaps because of his embarrassment as White playing 5.\(\mathbb{L}\)d5, or maybe he saw Anderssen's latest win - who knows which - now also concluded that it was better to be on the Black side of this wicked Gambit!

Unfortunately for him his opponent Stanley introduced 5.2b3!? against him, and greatly added to Morphy's acute discomfort!

But one bad game by the great Morphy is enough for any issue of *SelSearch*, so we move on to the opening's next appearance!

And here we have - yes! - it's Morphy again, now in 1858 and risking it again, back as White! But this time he's trying out Stanley's 'improvement' in an effort to get revenge against Maurian, his conqueror 3 years earlier in that 12 traumatic mover!

#### Morphy-Maurian

1.e4 e5 2.f4 exf4 3.**盒**c4 營h4+ 4.**含**f1 b5

The usual diagram 5.皇b3!? 包f6 6.包f3 營h6 7.包e5 d5 8.包c3 皇d6 9.d4 包xe4? 10.包xe4 皇xe5 11.皇xd5 c6 12.dxe5 cxd5? 13. 包d6+ 由d7 14. 世xd5 由c7 15.c4 世e6 16. 世xa8 包c6 17. cxb5 世d5 18. 世xc6+ 世xc6 19. bxc6 由xc6 20. 鱼xf4 国d8 21. 由f2 皇e6 22. 国ac1+ 由b6 23. 鱼e3+ 由a6 24. 国c6+ 由a5 25. 鱼d2+ 由a4 26. 国a6# 1-0

The line got yet another outing in 1864!

#### Rott-Kvicala

Moves 1–7 as in the previous game, so reaching this position:



Instead of Morphy's 8. \( \alpha \) c3, Rott tried 8. \( \alpha \) xf7?! \( \Delta \) xf7 9.\( \Delta \) xd5+ \( \Delta \) 8 10.\( \Delta \) xa8

and proceeded to lose after

10...c6! 11.d4 包f6 12.d5 Qg4 13.營d4 Qg7 14.營xa7 包xe4 15.營xb8+ 查f7 16.營a7+ 查g6 17.dxc6?? 包g3+ 18.查g1 包e2+ 19.查f1 包g3+ 20.查f2 星e8! 21.星e1 包h1+ 22.查f1 星xe1+ 23.查xe1 營h4+ 24.查f1 包g3+ 25.hxg3 營h1+ 26.查f2 0-1

Over 100 (!!) years went by before the line appeared again in 'serious' play, taken up by none other that Garry Kasparov in 1993!

### Short-Kasparov

1.e4 e5 2.f4 exf4 3.总c4 營h4+ 4.含f1 b5



An engraving from Morphy's match with Anderssen, in which neither was willing to risk the counter gambit!



I suppose I must come clean, and admit that this was not a World Championship game, or even a Linares or something else big. You could say it wasn't even fair, as it was forced on Gazza in a 'thematic' exhibition match, where the players could not choose their own openings - and GK was not very amused to see what he'd been given!

Yet the fact is that White's record in 10 games prior to this game was only 50% - i.e. 5/10 - including Stanley's amazing win over Morphy! 5. axb5! 包f6 6. 包f3 營h6 7. 包c3 g5 8.d4 &b7 9.h4 置g8 10. 空g1! gxh4 11. 置xh4 營g6 12. 營e2 包xe4? 13. 置xf4 f5 14. 包h4 營g3? 15. 包xe4 1-0

## Winboard and Chess Engines by Chris Goulden

#### Winboard And Chess Engines

Winboard can be used as a pgn reader and can be linked to an Internet chess server as well putting chess engines through it for engine v engine matches or human v engine.

This article is intended to cover various scenarios or problems in Winboard when trying to get engines to work plus some other bits at the end.

Tim Mann <u>www.tim-mann.org/xboard.html</u> as the author of Winboard originally wrote about using command lines via Dos prompt to get engines to work in Winboard as below:

xboard -fcp "./crafty" -fd crafty\_directory xboard -scp "./crafty" -sd crafty\_directory

I will explain the above lines later, but an alternative and easier method is to do this via the Winboard.ini or (configuration) file.

#### To Start

This next stage assumes that you have already downloaded Winboard 4.2.6 from Tim Mann's web site, and run the set-up program and played a couple of moves against Gnu Chess 4.0. This chess engine and Gnu 5.0 comes with the Winboard programme.

You have to play some moves and then exit Winboard to self create the Winboard.ini (configuration) file as it is not there at the download.

Before you do any Winboard.ini (configuration) editing you need to download the Winboard your choice either from Tim Mann's website shown above or from http://wbec-ridderkerk.nl/index.html

#### **Preparation**

Using Windows Explorer create a directory in your Winboard directory with the same name as the downloaded engine and put all the programs files in there.

Open up the Winboard.ini Configuration file again from Explorer, this should show up as a

Notepad document and scroll down to the bottom until you see the following:

/firstChessProgramNames={GNUChess "GNUChes5 xboard"

*l*secondChessProgramNames={GNUChess "GNUChes5 xboard"



You should consider these lines to be two separate sections, one for the firstChessProgram and one for the second.

You will need to create a new line under each of the GnuChess5 xboard entries to insert the line of your new engine as follows: (see line 3 of each part).

/firstChessProgramNames={GNUChess "GNUChes5 xboard"

"Ruffian" /fd="c:\winboard\ruffian"

/secondChessProgramNames={GNUChess

"GNUChes5 xboard"

"Ruffian" /sd="c:\winboard\ruffian"

Now to explain what the above jargon all means.

The **fcp** bit of Tim's command line stands for firstChessProgram, and **fd** stands for first directory. The command for **xboard** or **xb** is there because xboard is the Unix or Linux version of Winboard and Winboard has to be told if the program originates from a unix background in some cases.

Neimet is an example of this as is Gnu, above. You use xb or xboard, both will work.

The Crafty engine mentioned in quotes above represents the exe file of the program and the reference to Crafty after the fd command should state which directory the files are to be found in.

In our case I have chosen the now famous Ruffian engine. The Ruffian mentioned in the quotes is the **exe file**, and the path after the **fd** command is where the exe file can be found.

The reason for the **first** and **second** chess program and **fd** and **sd** is so that the engine can play as black against another engine or human.

You are now ready to play against your new engine after you have done the above or similar and saved

your config file.

Please note that you should now start Winboard from the Winboard Start-up Dialog icon. To make use of your edited config file as shown below. Click into the play against chess engine option and find the engine of your choice using the down arrows.

You can put the same engine name in the first line and the second to play white or black to play as human v the chess engine.

To match two engines together you could put Gnu Chess in the first line and Ruffian in the second. This means that Gnu is white and Ruffian is black. Again see the example below.

After clicking OK, Winboard should play the engines against each other. You may get an error about Winboard not finding the engine this means your lines in the ini file or Config file are wrong.

#### Other advanced options With Winboard Engines

Having seen how to change the **Winboard.ini** (configuration) file to add engines, please note that some engines have their own ini files as well which may control the opening book or hash table size e.g. hash table=16mb and opening book =on etc.

The opening book may point to another file via the ini file as well. Quite a lot of chess engines have the

opening book built into the program like Ruffian 1.0.1 and Sjeng 12.13.

When you play engine v engine matches you can tell if the opening book is on because the opening moves will be instantaneous. If they take between 5 to 20 seconds there is no opening book in one or either of the programs, or the book is switched off.

You can actually get around doing anything about the opening book which I will explain below using some lines from my own Winboard.ini file as examples.

#### /firstChessProgramNames={GNUChess

"GNUChes5 xboard"

"Ruffian" /fd="c:\winboard\ruffian"

"TCB TCBXINIT.cui" /fd="c:\winboard\TCB"

"ListBK List" /fd="c:\winboard\List"

"SOS" /fd="c:\winboard\sos" /firstProtocolVersion=1

"SOS3uci" /fd="c:\winboard\uci2wb"

#### /secondChessProgramNames={GNUChess

"GNUChes5 xboard"

"Ruffian" /sd="c:\winboard\ruffian"

"TCB TCBXINIT.cui" /sd="c:\winboard\TCB"







"ListBK List" /sd="c:\winboard\List"

"SOS" /sd="c:\winboard\sos" /secondProtocolVersion=1

"SOS3uci" /sd="c:\winboard\uci2wb"

On line four of the ini file above TCB is the engine known as The Crazy Bishop. It's opening book is controlled via a **cui** file, so as above you need to put the book name before the exe file name both inside the quotes.

Now let us suppose that an engine has a separate opening book and if this book is too big to download or you are too impatient like me to wait for the downloads then line five from the above ini file is an interesting alternative.

You may know of a program called Thinker. The Thinker program has an Opening book which can be used in other Winboard engines.

Download Thinker 4.2b and copy the **Thinker.dat** file and the **Bookthinker.exe** file into the directory of another engine. Like the **List** engine mentioned above, change the name of the exe file to the name of the new engine but with a BK suffix to remind you that it is **Thinkers** book and not **List's**.

However remember that the book name should be before the exe file in the quotes like the TCB example or the List example above. **Do not change the name of the Thinker.dat file** or this will not work.

#### Some Winboard Extras

Just to explain the last two lines of the example Winboard.ini (configuration) file. Line 7 of the above represents the famous SOS engine by Rudolf Huber of Shredder fame.

The engine in the line above is actually SOS 11-99 and the reason for the example is that some

engines can use Nalimov endgame table bases.

As they are again too big to download easily, the above line shows how to set up SOS without the endgame table bases unlike the ini file example on the <a href="http://wbec-ridderkerk.nl/index.html">http://wbec-ridderkerk.nl/index.html</a> web site. The entries relating to the first and second ProtocolVersion have to be with this engine for it to work, but the explanation for this is beyond the scope of the article. You will also need to download a version of Cygwin1.dll from the net and add it to the SOS directory.

#### Using a UCI engine in Winboard

Finally the last line of my ini file refers to a rather wonderful batch file called uci2wb written by Roland Pfister. uci2wb is an exe file which is an adapter to make uci engines play in Winboard but the info to use in Winboard is held in the Adapter.rc file example below.

You will need to change the name of the adapter.init file and the adapter.exe file to the name of your downloaded uci engine or your engine will just be called Adapter when it shows up in Winboard.

Please note as in the example line of my ini file, the exe file is pointing to the renamed uci2wb file and C:\winboard\uci2wb is where the edited adapter file is. This is because the adapter rc file is already pointing to the directory where the uci engine is.

# Exe-Name
exe=SOS\_Arena.exe
#
# Directory
dir=c:\Winboard\sos3uci
#
# Hashtable size in MB (\*not\* for UCI)
Hash=16
# Style: Aggressive, Active, Normal, Solid
style=Normal







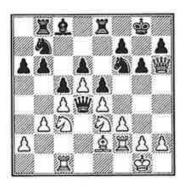


## **CAMES SELECTION!**

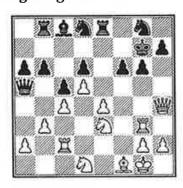
Frank Holt, and are fine Shredder7's examples of positional and defensive. counter-attacking abilities!

#### ChessTiger15-Shredder7

Blitz:15'+10. [E81] 1.d4 Øf6 2.c4 g6 3.Øc3 Ձg7 4.e4 d6 5.f3 0-0 6.\(\mathbb{L}\)e3 c5 7.2ge2 2c6 8.d5 2a5 9.2g3 a6 10.\(\dot{\text{\text{d}}}\)e2 \(\delta\)d7 11.\(\delta\)c1 b6 12.b3 勾b7 13.曾d2 e6 14.0-0 型b8 15.皇g5 皇f6 16.皇xf6 世xf6 17.邑f2 世d4 18.世f4 ፰e8 19. ବିf1 ବିf6 20. ବିe3 e5 21. **營h**6

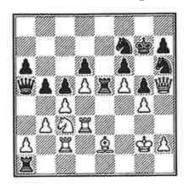


Tiger has itself +110 here, perhaps a little too high? 21...\$h8 22.Dcd1 Dg8 23.曾h4 曾d2 24.宫c2 曾e1+ 25.鼻f1 凹a5 26.f4 exf4 27.Exf4 包d8 28.Ef3 f6 29.罩g3 查g7

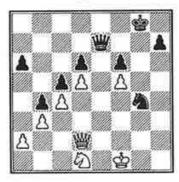


White's kingside attack looks very dangerous, and all but one of Black's pieces are back on the first rank and his queen out of play. But Shredder demonstrates it's not as bad as it seems

The first two come from 30.2c3 2f7 31.2f5+ 2xf5 32.exf5 g5 33.營h5 鼍e5 34.鼍h3 包gh6 The Black knights are holding Shredder's game together! 35.g4 国be8! 36.全f2 国e1 37.鱼e2 国a1 38.国d3 b5 39.由g2 国e5



40.h4?! gxh4 41.\\x\h4 ᡚg5 42.營f2 b4! 43.萬d1 萬xd1 Shredder puts itself at +116 44.包xd1 曾c7 45.曾g3 曾e7 The queens involvement has been nicely reorganised 46.由f1 昌e4 47.包f2 昌e3 48. 智f4 由g8 49. 国d2 包hf7 50.包d1 Ee4 51.凹h2? 51.智g3 protecting the g4-pawn was better 51... De5! 52. Bg3 Exg4! 53.皇xg4 包e4 54.世e3 包xd2+ 55. 曾xd2 包xg4

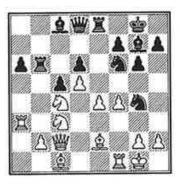


The queen knight and pawn endgame looks quite tricky, but Shredder plays it very well indeed 56.曾g2 h5! 57.名f2? 57.智h1!? 57...曾e5 58.句d3 曾e3 59.句e1 含h7 60. Df3? Inviting an exchange which unfortunately will leave his own position hopeless

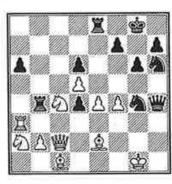
60...豐xf3+! 61.豐xf3 包h2+ 62. de2 包xf3 63. dxf3 dh6 A fine demonstration of patience, careful manouver— ing and a well—timed counter-attack. 0-1

#### Fritz8-Shredder7

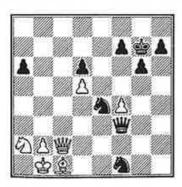
60'/40+30'/20+15'. [A77] 1.d4 ②f6 2.c4 c5 3.d5 e6 4.2c3 exd5 5.cxd5 d6 6.e4 g6 7.包f3 皇g7 8.皇e2 0-0 9.0-0 星e8 10.包d2 包bd7 11.a4 包e5 12.營c2 a6 13.墨a3 国b8 14.a5 b5 15.axb6 国xb6 16.f4 ව්eg4 17.ව්c4



F8 jumped to +128 here, and it's clearly on top 17...\ab4! 18.h3 2h6 19.g4? The resulting exchanges will leave White with a material plus, but his king will have been exposed. Something like 19. ad3 both looks sound and would have kept the advantage firmly with Fritz 19...2xg4! 20.hxg4 Dfxg4 21.Ed1 @d4+ 22.Exd4 22. 查g2?? 暨h4 23. 国h1 暨f2+ 24. 查 h 3 置 x c 4-+ 22 ... c x d 4 23. 2a2 增h4!



Shredder showed itself +210 here! What a turnaround from move 17 24. 全d3 Exc4 25. 全xc4 Ec8 26. Ef3 Exc4 27. 世xc4 世h2+ 28. 由f1 世h1+ 29. 由e2 世g2+ 30. 由e1 世xf3 31. 世xd4 世g3+ 32. 由e2 世g2+ 33. 由e1 包h2 34. 由d1 包6g4 35. 出c4?! It would have been better to bring the knight into play with 35. 包c3 35...包f2+ 36.由c2 包xe4+ 37.由b1 包f1 38.世c8+ 由g7 39.世c2 世f3



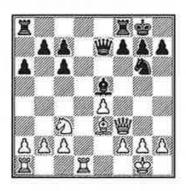
40.b3?! Again a knight move — 40. \Db4 was preferable, but 40...h5 41. \Dd3 \De3 42. \&xe3 \Box xe3 \Box xe3 is still winning for Black 40...h5! 41.\&b2+ \Dah h6 42.\&c1 h4 43.f5+? g5 44.\Box xe3 \Dah xe5! 45.\Box xe3 \Box xe3 \Dah xe5! 45.\Box xe3 \Dah xe5! \Dah xe5 \Dah xe5 \Dah xe5! \Dah xe5 \Dah

I mentioned that the Excalibur Grandmaster didn't seem to be quite as good as we first thought, and I've reduced the est'd rating from 175-180 BCF down to 160 (2040 Elo->1880).

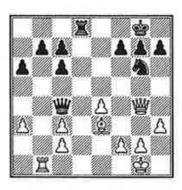
Reg Cox also sent me his results. Although it got a draw with the Atlanta so was \(^1/2-1^{1/2}\) against that, it lost 2-0 to the Tasc R30 (though most dedicated machines do!), and also lost the following to the Kasparov President, which is reliably rated at 2012 Elo in Selective Search.

#### President-Grandmaster

Time Control: 40/2
C68: Ruy Lopez: Exchange
Variation, sidelines
1.e4 e5 2.包含 ②c6 3.②b5 a6
4.③xc6 dxc6 5.d4 exd4
6.營xd4 ②g4 Both computers
leave book here 7.營e5+ ②e7
Theory is: 7...營e7 and now
a choice: [a] 8.營f4 (or f5
9. 公c3=) 8...③xf3 9.營xf3
營e6 10.0-0 0-0-0; or [b]
8.營xe7+ ③xe7 9.②e5
8.營g3 ③xf3= 9.營xf3 ②g6
10.0-0 ②d6 11.邑d1 0-0
12.②e3 營e7 13.②c3 ②e5

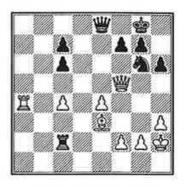


At this stage there's nothing to choose between them, but the Grandmaster starts to get some advantage over the next few moves 14.世g4 14.皇d4 閏ad8 15.皇xe5 包xe5 was better for White 14...世b4 15.昱ab1 閏ad8 16.邑xd8 閏xd8 17.a3 豐c4 18.h3 皇xc3 19.bxc3

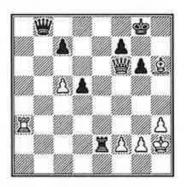


19... 對xc3?! A bit careless.
With 19... b5! 20. 国d1 国xd1+
21. 對xd1 對xc3 22. 對d8+
②f8 Black would have had a small advantage to take into the endgame 20. 国xb7 對xa3
21. 對f5 對e7 Too passive,
White now gets the initiative.
21... h6 22. 国 和 對b4 23. 国xa6

營c4 24. 国a7 營xc2 is close to equal 22. 全c5! 国d1+23. 全h2 当d8 24. 国a7 国d2 25.c4 a5 The pawn was going to fall anyway, so why not improve the queen's position with 25... 当e8 26. 国xa6 and now 26... 豆c2 to get some counterplay 26. 国xa5 h6 27. 国a7 国c2 28. 国a4 營e8 29. 全e3



29... 包e5?! Attacking the isolated pawn on c4, but it would have been better to take the c5 square itself first with. 29...c5! 30. 萬a7 c6 and Black's position should be good enough to draw 30.c5! 2d3 31. 萬a7 曾b8?? This allows White to take over. The only real chance was 31... 包xc5 32. 皇xc5 g6 33. 曾f6 虽xc5 32. 景a3! 包b4 33. 曾g4 g6 34. 曾h4 鼍e2 35. 皇xh6! 名d5 36.exd5 cxd5 37. 曾f6!



PC programs would be announcing mate here, and a move later so was the President 37...c6+38.f4 置xg2+39.由xg2 閏b2+40.曾xb2 d441.豐b8+由h742.曾f8 f643.閏a7#1-0

The Novag Star Diamond improved its 2-0 lead to  $3\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$  over the Milano Pro in my tests. I'm still trying to make some time to test it against the Atlanta.

Against the President, the winner in the above game, it has gone 5-0 up, which is pretty convincing. And Gary Sedman reports it's won 5½-4½ at 40/2 v Lyon 68020!

In a match played in Germany at 40/2 against the Mephisto MM5, things haven't been quite so easy! However, after losing game 1 as Black, it won game 2 to level the score.

Here is game 3. The MM5 looks to be on top after 25-30 moves, but the StarD takes risks and recovers well:

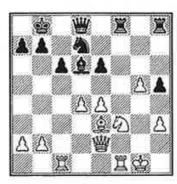
#### Meph MM5-Star Diamond

Time: 40/2. Opening D25 1.d4 d5 2.c4 dxc4 3.2f3 2f6 4.e3 g4 5.gxc4 e6 6.h3 ీh5 7.0-0 �bd7 8.�c3 c6 The MM5 goes out of book and takes the StarD with it 9.**≜d2?! ≜**e2, **\( \text{@}e2 \) and e4** are in my Book 9...**對b6** 10. 2a4 營c7 11.置c1 0-0-0?! 12.2c3 g5?! Very bold! 13.g4! \( \)g6 14.\( \)xg5 The MM5 goes a pawn up - does Black have enough compensation? Doubtful I'd say 14...h6 15.包f3 曾b8 16.曾e2 h5 17.g5 ②e4 18.②xe4 **Q**xe4 19.\d3



**19...f5!** The StarD continues to play aggressively. 19... △c5!? would have been delightfully dramatic, then

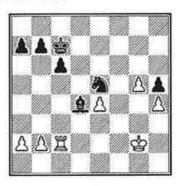
20. 皇xe4 (not 20.dxc5? 皇xd3! 21. 豐e1 皇xf1 22. 皇a5 b6) 20. . 白xe4 20.皇xe4 fxe4 21. 白h2 皇d6 22.f4 exf3 23. 白xf3 臣df8 24.e4 豐b6 25.皇e3 豐d8



The MM5 is still a pawn up, and probably has the better position centrally and with piece activity... just the king safety issue needs to be watched 26.\(\mathbb{E}\)f2?! White still has an advantage, but this isn't his best move. 26. \@d2! 国fg8 (Best, if 26... ac7?! 27. \(\mathbb{Z}xf8\) \(\Omega xf8\) \(\Omega 28. \(\mathbb{Z}f1+-\) 27. 宣行+- 26...曾e8 27. 當g2 曹g6 28.皇f2 e5!? 29.包h4 You feel White has to be winning – all the computer evaluations say he is - but Novag still threatens danger down the f-g-h files! 29... 曾e6 30. 包f5?! White misses a simplifying chance here with 30. \(\mathbb{U}\)c4 when Black has little choice but to exchange with 30... 對xc4 31. 国xc4 国hg8 and now the extra pawn and 32. 2 f5 and the big threat of g6 must give him good winning chances 30...exd4 31.凹c4! 凹xc4 32.国xc4 皇c7 33.皇xd4 包e5! 34.\(\mathbb{E}\)c3 \(\mathbb{E}\)d8



**35.h4?** A big mistake, missing the resulting pin! 35.g6 isn't quite as strong now, because of 35... \alpha xd4 ( or 35... \Bhg8!?) 36. \Dxd4 \(\mathbb{Q}\) but White is still ahead. and 曾f2 was fine 35...虽xd4! 36.2xd4 2b6! Now the MM5 sees that one of his rooks (the one on c3) can't protect the knight, because its squares are controlled by the Black knight! 37. Ed2 Ed8 38.含g2 罩xd4 39.罩xd4 魚xd4 40.當c2 空c7



The game looks like a tricky draw, but the StarD plays this endgame extremely well to get the point 41.b3 2g6! 42.\daga?! White has a difficult decision to make here. 42.邕c4?! would only entice Black's pawns forwards: 42...c5! 43. 查h3 b5! 44.罩c2, and now Black's position is improving all the time, e.g: 44...曾d6 45.曾g3 曾e5-+. But 42.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1! whilst dropping some material after 42... £\(\Omega\) \(\Omega\) \(\ 44.\(\mathbb{I}\)fl \(\textit{2}xg5\), offers the best chance now with 45. 国f7+! 堂c8, (not 45... 堂b6? as already 46. \(\mathbb{Z}g7!\) draws), and 46. 国h7 gives White drawing potential 42... 2d6! 43.a3 曾e5 44.Ee2 c5 45.Ee1 b5 **46.Be2 c4!** The Novag machine has taken every chance - indeed it's been a good endgame pawn advance by the StarD! 47.bxc4 bxc4 48.営c2 c3! 49.営e2 If 49. 含f3 @xh4+ 49...@f4! 50.\a2 ₾xe4 0-1

## RATING LISTS AND NOTES

DEADINGS may neip everybody.	
BCF. These are British Chess Federation ratings. They can be calculated from Flo figures by	
Federation ratings. They can be calculated from Elo figures by	

A brief guide to the purpose of the

(Elo - 600) /8, or from USCF figures by (USCF - 720) /8.

Elo. This is the Rating figure which is in popular use Worldwide. The BCF and Elo figures shown in SELECTIVE SEARCH are calculated by combining each Computer's results v computers with its results v humans. I believe this makes our SelSearch Rating List the most accurate available for Computer Chess anywhere in the world. +/-. The maximum likely future rating movement, up or down, for that particular machine. The figure is determined by the number of games played and calculated on standard deviation principles.

Games. The total number of Games on which the computer's or program's rating is based.

Human/Games. The Rating obtained and total no. of Games in Tournament play v rated humans.

A guide to PC Gradings: 386 & 486 based PC's have now disappeared from our top 50 listing. The GUIDE below will help readers calculate approximately what rating their program should play at when used on alternative hardware.

Pent-PC represents a program on a Pent/Pent2/MMX/K6 at approx. 150MHz, with 16-32MB RAM.

P3-PC represents a program on a Pentium3/K7 at approx. 500MHz, with 128MB RAM.

**Users** will get slightly more (or less!) if their PC speed is significantly different. A doubling in MHz speed = approx. 40 Elo; a doubling in MB RAM = approx. 3-4 Elo.

#### Comp-v-Comp GUIDE, if Pentium3/500 = 0

Deep prog on 8xP4/1000	120	Deep prog on 4xP4/1000	90
Deep prog on 2xP4/1000		P4/1800, Athlon 1500	60
P3-K7/1000	40	P3-K7/500	0
PPro2-K6/300	-40	PPro2-K6/233	-60
Pent/150	-100	486DX4/100	-180
486/66	-200	386/33	-300

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