Selective Search 115 THE COMPUTER CHESS MAGAZINE

Est. 1985 Dec 2004/Jan 2005 Editor: Eric Hallsworth £3.95



ex World Champ, GM **Ruslan Ponomariov** (2710) in play aginast **Hydra**, operated by programmer **Chrilly Donninger** at Bilbao recently in the latest all GM Man v Machine match

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- **PUBLICATION DATES**: Feb, Apr, Jun, Aug, Oct, Dec.
- ARTICLES, REVIEWS, GAMES sent in by Readers, Distributors, Programmers etc are more than welcome.

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NEWS & RESULTS - keeping you right up-to-date in the COMPUTER CHESS world!

Welcome to another new issue of **Selective Search**... 115! If you're due for renewal at this time, can I encourage you to please do so! There will still be at least 6 more issues of the magazine.

Occasionally readers ask me to let them know when their sub is due for renewal. The label on your envelope enclosing each issue always shows the number of the last issue covered by your current sub. so it's easy for you to keep a check on it, and make sure I've updated you correctly after a payment has been made.

CONTENTS for this Issue!

First a major apology that this Issue is so late. The decision to produce a 16 page A4 colour Christmas Catalogue for Countrywide meant massive extra hours of work and pressure for me, and at times I thought SelSearch 115 might not even come out until January!

But I'm just going to make it for mid or late December so I have the chance to wish all of my readers a very happy CHRISTmas and send you my best wishes for a good New

Year in 2005.

Once again we have a packed issue - there doesn't seem to be a quiet season for computer chess at present!

■ For 115 we have the **Challenger v Obsidian** match to finish off - we left it with the Challenger holding a narrow 4½-3½ lead with 4 games to play.

■ We also have the Shredder v Hydra match, for which I only had space to show you the first, won by Hydra, of

8 the games they played.

■ The 24th Dutch Open has been played since our last issue, with Chess Tiger, Pro Deo, The King, Diep and Deep Sjeng amongst the participants. A Dutch Open always means a Gebruikers dedicated computer event, number 10 in fact, and this year it was preceded by a Simultaneous in which Wim Luberti (2254 Elo) took on a range of older dedicated machines such as the Portorose, Centurion, Super Expert, Milano Pro, Avant Garde, Sapphire1, Mach3, and Super Enterprise. He played 11 games altogether and it took 5 hours. You've seen his rating - before you turn to our coverage think about what you reckon he scored!

■ Palm Hiarcs 126MHz was about to play the Tasc R30 at the end of our last issue as the latter's match against Palm Genius was drawing to an end (with the

R30 leading by 5-2).

■ A major MAN v MACHINE event took place in Bilbao in October, with 16-processor Hydra, 4-processor Junior, and Centrino laptop Fritz playing a round robin against Topalov (2757), Ponomariov (2710), and Karjakin (2576).

I wont fit it all in... but I'll do my best!

Pete BLANDFORD's latest results

Pete continues to add new engines into both his 40/2 and G/60 Tournaments. The 40/2 tends to move along quite slowly, but he manages to keep the G/60 pretty much up-to-date!

In the 40/2 Tournament some of the programs have played only 8 games whilst others have played 9 or 10. Thus the table gives a slightly false impression though, strangely, the top 2 are amongst the few which have only played 8 games so far!

Pete Blandford - 40/2 Tourny

Pos	Program	Score
1=	Hiarcs 9 Shredder 8	6/8
3=	Chess Tiger 15 Shredder 8- active	51/2/8
5	Junior 8	51/2/9
6	Hiarcs 8	5½/10
7=	Fritz 7 Fritz 6 Junior 7	5/8
10	Shredder 7	41/2/8
11	Deep Fritz 8	4½/9
12	Shredder 7.04	4½/10
13=	Hiarcs 8 Bareev Fritz 8	4/10
15	Hiarcs 732	3½/10
16	Gambit Tiger 2	3/10
17	Chess Tiger 14	2/10
18	Fritz 5.32	1½/10

In the G/60 the engines play 4 games against each other engine.

Pete Blandford - G/60 Tourny

Pos	Program	Score/72
1	Junior 8	46
2	Shredder 7.04- active	44
3	Fritz 8	41
4	Hiarcs 8 Bareev	40
5	Hiarcs 9	391/2
6	Shredder 8- active	381/2
7=	Fritz 7 Deep Fritz 8	38
9	Junior 7	371/2
10	Chess Tiger 14	36
11=	Chroddor 0	341/2
13	Gambit Tiger 2	34
14	Hiarcs 732	33
15	Shredder 7	321/2
16	Chess Tiger 15	31
17	Hiarcs 8	30
18	Fritz 6	29
19	Fritz 532	27

PALM results!

It is really satisfying to be involved in something which has received almost rave reviews from everyone who's got it! So I make no apology, as a co-tester and the opening book programmer, for boasting about the continuing stream of great results we keep getting for **Palm Hiarcs**.

In our last issue I told you about the series of G/60 matches which Clive Munro had started, using his 126MHz Palm Zire 21 unit, and his final scores are now in...

■ Palm TIGER - Genius 68030	31/2-61/2
■ Palm TIGER - Tasc R30/1995	11/2-81/2
■ Palm GENIUS - Genius 68030	71/2-21/2
■ Palm GENIUS - Tasc R30/1995	31/2-61/2
■ Palm HIARCS - Tasc R30/1995	61/2-31/2
■ Palm HIARCS - Genius 68030	9 -1!

Don't forget that the Genius68030 is rated at 2303 Elo, and the Tasc R30/1995 at 2354!

It seems, because of the large dose of extra RAM on the 400MHz **Tungsten T3** units, that Hiarcs runs 4x faster on them than on the 126MHz Palms which Clive and I have. **Mark Uniacke** visited me recently (mainly to

talk about work-in-progress on Hiarcs 10!) and showed me his T3 colour unit and, as well as the serious extra speed, I have to say that the board and pieces were superb. But as readers know, I'm very happy with my b&w long battery life (plus adaptor plug-in while in use) Zire21 unit, which is, with Hiarcs running, clearly playing at IM strength.

Space permitting I'll include elsewhere one or two of the games which Clive has sent me!

Frank Holt has Tungsten T3 Palm units, and his scores are perhaps even more impressive for Hiarcs!

■ Palm HIARCS - Palm TIGER	101/2-11/2
■ Palm HIARCS - Palm GENIUS	11-1 !!

Despite this pair of scores I do still firmly believe that, on any of the Tungsten Palm units, Genius is quite a bit stronger than Tiger, mainly because Tiger has not been re-programmed to take advantage of the ARM processor. My current ratings are:

Unit	126MHz	400MHz	
Palm Hiarcs	2500	2600	
Palm Genius	2280	2400	
Palm Tiger	2200	2250	
Pocket Fritz	-	2500	

Don LANGFORD and the Star Sapphire

Don sent me his scores using the Novag Star Sapphire quite some time ago, so that I could update the Rating List, and I really should have included them here for readers to see!

■ Star Sapphire - Novag Scorpio	6-0
■ Star Sapphire - Travel Champ 2100	51/2-1/2
■ Star Sapphire - Fidelity Travelmaster	6-0
 Star Sapphire - Kasparov Stratos 	5-1

These are very good wins for Novag's latest pair, the **Star Sapphire/Diamond**, which one their own would put the computer at >2200. All the matches were played at G/60.

Frank HOLT's latest tests

You can imagine that Frank was quick to notice the arrival of Pro Deo in our last issue and, encouraged by the reasonable scores it

was getting in Chris Goulden's tests, was soon putting it to the test.

■ Pro Deo v Shredder 8	21/2-91/2
■ Pro Deo v Fritz 8	2 -10
■ Pro Deo v Chess Tiger 15	31/2-81/2
■ Pro Deo v Junior 8	21/2-91/2
■ Pro Deo v Hiarcs 9	3-9

I listed some early Pro Deo scores in our last issue, but accidentally left blank the place where I had intended to show its estimated Elo. The figure which should have been inserted was 2641, which would put Pro Deo in 12= position on our Rating List. But now Frank calculates that his quite poor results would put Pro Deo at only around 2580?!

Chris GOULDEN

Chris continues to do his Winboard testing for us, and in SelSearch 114 he had a small tournament which showed the new Pro Deo right at the top....

PRO DEO: Test-1

Pos	Program	Score/14
1	Pro Deo 1.0	101/2
2	Ktulu 4.2	91/2
3	Aristarch 41/2	81/2
4	Ruffian 1.0.1	8
5	The King 3.23	71/2
6	El Chinito 3.25	51/2
7	Green Light Chess 3.00	4
8	Little Goliath 3.8 uçi	21/2

Chris has run a couple of new tournaments since then, again with Pro Deo taking part.

His first result above would indicate something close to a 2700 rating for it, and as you will see Chris's next results will also put it quite high, though this time nearer to my 2641 than Franks 2580... maybe even a bit above 2641.

Perhaps it scores particularly well against weaker, less knowledgeable programs?

PRO DEO: Test -2 with The King

Pos	Program	Score/14
#:	Pro Deo 1.0 King 3.23	10
3=	Smarthink 17a Yace Paderborn	71/2
5	Aristarch 4.5	61/2
6	GLC 3.0	51/2
7	Little Goliath UCI Revival	5
8	Crafty 19.17	4

At about this time the Open Dutch Championship was taking place. Played over 2 weekends after the first week-end, Pro Deo held a small lead over a field which included The King, Tiger, Diep and Deep Sjeng. It was getting harder to work which of the 2700, the 2641, or the 2580 was nearest the truth, but it was beginning to look less and less like the latter! If I haven't got space to cover the tournament properly later in the magazine, I'll try to include the final scores are given, so you'll know how it ended up!

PRO DEO: Test -3 with Shredder7

Pos	Program	Score/14
1	Shredder 7.04	10
2=	Pro Deo 1.0 Aristarch 4.5	81/2
4	Ruffian 1.0.1	8
5	SOS 4 Arena	61/2
6	Ktule 4.2	6
7	Green Light Chess 3.0	41/2
8	Little Goliath UCI Revival	4

Paul WALSH

Paul is a great fan of **Shredder** so it is right to re-dress a balance which has tended to be slightly on the critical side of our no.1 rated program!

Paul has been playing engine-engine G/60 matches, here's his results:

Shredder8 - Hiarcs9 66-34Shredder8 - Hiarcs8 Bareev 64-36

Paul says: "Although Hiarcs8 Bareev doesn't get mentioned much I like its style of play. It

reminds me of Chess Tiger but is slightly stronger in my opinion."

This is interesting, especially as I have been getting e-mails from **Peter Grayson** telling me how well Hiarcs8 Bareev does on his machine. He also uses it on the Internet where it regularly gets a very high grading even though on his 'quite ordinary' hardware. Peter is convinced the Bareev program is better than Hiarcs9!

Back to Paul whose other score of a match in progress is...

■ Shredder8 - Junior8

35-17

Paul adds: "You can see why I'm a little surprised at some of your other readers' results. Even though I like Junior's aggressive play it has never really troubled Shredder on my machine. Just goes to show"

New SOFTWARE

Two new programs are coming out for Christmas 2004.

The first, which has just arrived, is Fritz8 Championship edition.

The engine is the latest Man-Machine **Bilbao** engine, the Interface is the *ChessBase* latest with new improved 3D boards, and the CD includes excerpts from 3 of the new Fritz Media Training programs, including some by Kasparov.

If you have Fritz8 already it's probably not worth upgrading, especially as by logging on via Fritz8 to the *Playchess* site you can get your original engine updated. If the Bilbao engine was that much better I think they'd have called it Fritz9, wouldn't they? But we'll know more after some testing has been done.

If you don't have Fritz8, then this would be £39.95 well spent in my view.

The second, due 'any day', is Junior9. I have no idea why there has been such a delay since it won the World Computer Championship, but clearly if Amir Ban and Shay Bushinsky have been making further engine improvements, then that's for our benefit! Obviously it will have the latest *ChessBase* interface and 3D boards, and again the price is £39.95.

Bill REID rides again!

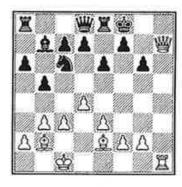
I'm sure, like me, lots of you have greatly missed Bill's regular articles. He's not back 'for good' as you might say, but he has sent us this very interesting little teaser - **Time for Adjudication!** - and promised to let us have another for *SelSearch 116*.

<u>Bill</u>: These days, team games get finished in one session. Modern electronic clocks lend themselves to all kinds of tricks for making sure of that. But things used to be very different. Clocks would be set for, say, 36 moves in an hour and a half and, at the end of that time, games would be 'adjudicated'.

Often captains could agree on a result, especially if it didn't affect the outcome of a match. We sometimes used to get away with 'draws' that we probably wouldn't have achieved over the board. But a lot might hang on a particular game and, if captains couldn't agree, the position would be sent off to a strong player 'for adjudication'. I think it cost 5 shillings plus postage to do that. And then it would take at least a week to get the answer.

If only we had had computer programs to do the job for us! Put the position into Fritz or Hiarcs and the answer would come in a couple of minutes. Or would it?

How do the programs get on with the following position, White to play?



Is it a draw, or can White win? White is claiming a win - 'Look at the cramped position of Black's king, and my control of the King's rook's file!' (In those days no-one would have said 'h-file').

But Black says it's a draw - 'All that can be done is shuffle the queen back and forth, up and down! If it does anything else I'm winning on material'.

"Who was right?" asks Bill!

<u>Eric</u>: So then, what did your favourite program say? Well, I've had some responses and nearly all of them say it's a draw, even left for around 10 minutes!

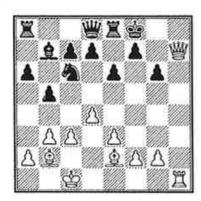
I should mention that I took my own advice from the last issue and upgraded from a P4/1800 laptop to a Centrino/1800 laptop, and indeed it's over 80% faster, getting a PowerRating of 8.060 cp. with 4.414!

So, on my Centrino 1800 **Shredder8** eventually gave White the win after over 6mins. apparently finding new ideas for the 3rd. and 8th. moves. It was also found that **Fritz8** produced the same idea for the 3rd. move and with a small plus evaluation after 6 minutes, but the evaluation was still only the same small 0.28 plus 10 mins later! I understand Junior7 did similarly, though again a +0.22 eval only equates to a draw, but on my machine Junior8 and everything else marked the position firmly as 0.00.

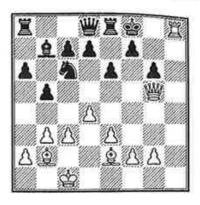
So the computer adjudication is a draw.

Back to Bill: A day or two later (mail used to move quickly at that time) the position would drop through the letterbox of one of the country's leading players. Maybe C.H.O'D Alexander, coming home from a busy day at GCHQ, would find it waiting for him. So what would he make of it as he settled down to relax at his fireside?

"Well at least I don't have to consider whether there's any win for Black here. But how's White doing? To have a chance, he's clearly got to find a mating attack, or something close. The queen ahead of the rook (note move 3) isn't going to achieve anything, so let's see if we can get them the other way round..."



1.營h6+ 空e7 2.營g5+ 空f8 3.営h8+!



Key move number one, so that the \boxtimes can lead the \boxtimes as they combine on the h-file. But 3. \boxtimes h6+? to get the draw is a popular choice amongst the computers!

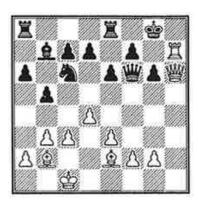
3... 查g7 4. 曾h6+ 查f6

Well that wasn't too hard, and it's all forced. Now what? 5. 萬h7 is a possibility, but what happens after 5... 萬f8. Mmmm. 6. 亀h5 d5 7. 亀xg6! 由e7 8. 亀xf7 萬xf7 9. 曹g5+ 由d7 10. 萬xf7+ 由c8. White's definitely got an edge, but nothing conclusive. I'd rather not spend a lot of time going into that if I can help it! So let's go back to the forced sequence with another 曹 check!
5. 閏h4+! 5... 由g7 6. 萬h7+ 由g8

No choice! If 6... 查f8 7. 豐f4 and 豐h6+ next threatens m/1. In fact it's mate in 2 or 3 whatever Black does!

7.\\hat{\mathbb{H}}\text{h6}

Again threatens m/l as per our last note 7... 46



Many programs can find White's next move by now, but earlier in the search it was very difficult simply because it's a 'quiet' move. This means programs tend to end the forward pruning search as there's no threat, so no need to pursue it as it doesn't go anywhere and, as we're material down so losing, we'll have to settle for the perpetual check draw!

8.g4 包e7 9.âd3 包f5 10.âxf5 gxf5 11.營xf6 亞xh7 12.營xf7+ 亞h8

This has to be won for White, but better

check a bit further

13.g5!

Looks like the right idea, though gxf probably gets the win easily enough as well. Now the rook must go to f8 or g8.

[i] 13...宣f8 14.曾h5+ 14.曾xd7 would be good enough 14...曾g7 15.曾h6+ 曾f7 16.g6+ Even better... so 13.... 宣g8 has to be tried

[ii] 13...**\(\mathbb{Z}\)g8**

Anand now, aah!

14.c4!

Very neat because after

14...d5

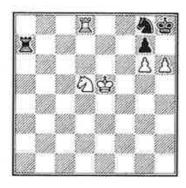
Black is wiped out with

15.營h5+ 查g7 16.營h6+ 查f7 17.營f6+ 查e8

and mate cannot be avoided

A couple more Positions from Eric

I included a couple of extra positions, the first being from **Kramnik-Krasenkow**, Corus 2003. With **White to play** what would your computer choose?



As I suggested pretty well everything chose 1.h7, all with a big plus evaluation. I did mention that Juniors7+8 incredibly and falsely announced mate with this move, and a few disbelieving folk checked and e-mailed in horror to confirm it was true!

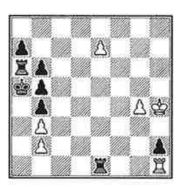
But Black just gives perpetual check with his rook - sometimes the rook can only give check by putting itself en pris, but it can't be taken or it's stalemate, eg. $1.h7 \ \Xi e7 + 2. \ \Delta d6 \ \Xi e6 + \text{etc.}$

The programs (except Ruffian, Pro Deo, Chessmaster & Shredder) think that eventually, one day in the future, this will not be true, so they stick with the big material advantage expecting the impossible!

Anyway 1.h7 is actually a draw, and

Kramnik obviously saw it and played 1.Ne3, and probably 1.Nb4 or 1.Nf4 are just as good, all with decent winning chances.

The final one also has a stalemate theme and appeared in **David Norwood's** column in Saturday's *Daily Telegraph*. It's **White to play** and **win!**



I suggested that if/when you or your program had worked it out, to check Black's responses as he has quite a few possibilities, which should all be taken into account. A couple of programs (Hiarcs, Fritz) get it within 10 mins but most need much longer.

1.e82!

No other promotion will do the job.
[i] 1.e8閏? 喜xh1 2.閏e5 喜g1. The Black rook only has to stroll along the 1st rank to stop White's queen going there to play Qa1 mate. 3.閏xh2 喜f1. At no time can White take the rook as that would be immediate stale—mate!

[ii] Nor does 1. Exel? work because 1...h 1 世 + 2. Exhl is already stalemate 1... Equi!

The Black \(\mathbb{Z}\) can never leave the 1st rank because of \(\mathbb{Z}\) a 1 mate.

If 1... \(\tilde{\tilde{x}}\)h1? 2. \(\tilde{\tilde{d}}\)d6 3 \(\tilde{\tilde{g}}\) \(\tilde{\tilde{D}}\)b7#. Finally if 1... \(\tilde{\tilde{x}}\)xe8? 2.\(\tilde{\tilde{a}}\)a1#

2. 由 h 5!

While the \(\Delta\) is now free to aim for the mate \(\Delta e 8 - d6 - b7\), it can't do so when Black's \(\Delta\) is on gl because of 2.\(\Delta d6?\) \(\Delta x y 4 + !\) Note again that the Black \(\Delta\) cannot be taken as it's an immediate stalemate!

2...\(\Delta e 1\)

3. 公d6? 罩e5+ 4. 垫h4 罩h5+. Remember again, the rook can't be taken 3...罩g1 4. 垫h6 罩d1 5.g6 etc 1-0

Mind boggling stuff - until next time, when we'll aim to include anything missed out this time!

COMPUTER CHALLENGE MATCH . SAITER CHESS CHALLENGER V NOVAG OBSIDIAN

The FINAL GAMES!

We left the G/60 match, being run by **Augusto Perez**, tantalisingly poised at 4½-3½ for the Chess Challenger with 4

games to play.

The **Challenger** has a 1993 Elo grade, based on many games, but the **Obsidian** is newer to our rating list and after 106 games could move up or down a little from its 1938 figure. So far the match has gone as the ratings would tend to forecast!

Here's game 9.

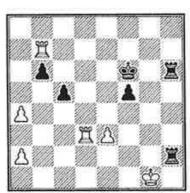
Obsidian 3½ -Challenger 4½

A29: English Opening: Four Knights Variation with 4 g3

1.c4 e5! In my view the best response when a computer plays 1.c4 2.de3 df6 3.df3 包c6 4.g3?! Computer programs really need to play 4.e3 here. Very few handle fianchetto positions well 4.e3 4...d5 5.cxd5 包xd5 6.皇g2 The computers drop out of their books 6... 2e6 7. 2xd5 \$xd5 8.0-0 \$d6 9.d4 2xd4?! 9...e4 would have maintained a small advantage after 10. 2g5 ₩e7 10.0xd4 皇xg2 11.营xg2 exd4 12.豐xd4 0-0 13.邑d1 **幽e4+16.幽xe4 罩xe4 17.鱼f**3 Щеб 18.h3 Щае8 19.Щас1 置f6+ 20.虫g2 置fe6 21.置c4 h6 22.罩c3 虫f8 23.置b3 b6 24. Bbd3 a5 25. B1d2 臭b4 26.罩c2 臭d6 27.罩cd2 臭b4 28.罩c2 臭d6 29.罩d5 c5 30.罩cd2 空e7 31.空f3 桌e5 32. 查g4 查f6 33. 思5d3 查g6 34. 空f3 罩f6+ 35. 空g2 罩fe6 36.罩d5 雪f5 37.雪f3 雪f6 38. **25d3** g5 39.h4 gxh4

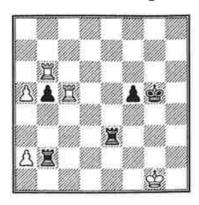


40.gxh4 *Not 40.* **\$\(\prec{1}{2}\) xh6?** h3! 41. 夐f4 閏h8干 **40... 含g6** 41. Ed7 f5 42. Ec2? Missing Black's response. To save the h-4 42. $\Xi d1$ was needed, then probably 42...\$h5 43.\B1d5= 42...\\$f6 43.\Bg3 空h5 44. Bcd2 皇xh4+ 45. 空f3 **åg5 46.å**xg5 hxg5 47.e3 a4?! 47...f4! 48.exf4 \(\mathbb{E}\)f8 is much sharper 48. 图 2 d 5 图 e 5 49. 图 5 d 6 图 8 e 6 5 0. 图 h 7 + 由 g 6 51.罩dd7 g4+ 52.查g3 罩e4 53.国dg7+ 由f6 54.国f7+ 由g5 55.\gfg7+\g6 56.\gd7?! 56.a3 offered a better chance, by stopping Black from moving to the square 56...a3 57.bxa3 \a4 58.\ad3 \a5 59.f3 gxf3 60.罩c7 罩a8 61. 全xf3 置h8 62.a4 置h3+ 63. 空g2 罩gh6 64. 罩g7+ 空f6 65. Bb7 Bh2+ 66. Bg1



66... **Bb2?!** 66... **Bh1**+ 67. **b**f2 **B6h2**+ 68. **b**g3 **Bh4** was better, but there is still no clear win though Black would certainly have the

better chances 67.a5?!
Black's last gave the Obsid—ian a chance to clinch the draw with 67. 日本 69.a5!
68. 日本 6 中本 69.a5!
67...b5? Lots of little endgame mistakes! 67...中 65 was better, though there's still no clear win 68.日本 69.日本 69



Now the Obsidian will not be able to defend against the mate threats from the Black rooks as well as keep his pawns 71.全f1 \(\text{Ef3}\)+ 72.\(\text{Eg1}\)\(\text{Ed3}\) 73.\(\text{Ec1}\)\(\text{Ea3}\) 74.\(\text{A6}\)\(\text{Eaxa2}\) 75.\(\text{Ef1}\) f4 76.\(\text{Ec5}\)+ \(\text{Eg4}\) The Black \(\text{Ea}\) always has somewhere to hide! 77.\(\text{Ee5}\)? Allows a mate. Even so, if 77.\(\text{Eg6}\)+ \(\text{Eg6}\)+ \(\text{Eg6}\) 3 78.\(\text{Ec3}\)+ \(\text{Ee4}\) 49.\(\text{Ee6}\)+ \(\text{Ed5}\) and Black will win 77...\(\text{Ef3}\)! Sacrifices will delay mate for only 4 or 5 moves 0-1

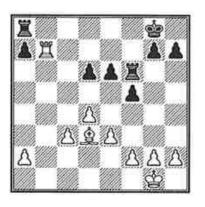
A slightly scrappy affair in places, but nicely finished by the Challenger after White's mistake at move 69

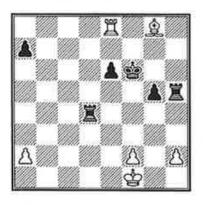
Challenger 5½ -Obsidian 3½

E40: Nimzo-Indian: Rubinstein (4 e3): Unusual Black 4th moves

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 e6 3.包c3 单b4

4.e3 &xc3+5.bxc3 d6 The computers drop out of their books here 6.包f3 0-0 7.象d3 &d7 8.0-0 &c6 9.象a3 包bd7 10.思b1 包e4= 11.營c2 f5 12.思fd1 包df6 13.c5 營d7 Now, instead of the preferred 图f1 or 營b2, White enters a series of exchanges which favour its opponent 14.cxd6?! 象a4 15.包e5 &xc2 16.包xd7 &xb1 17.包xf6+ 图xf6 18.图xb1 包xd6 19.&xd6 cxd6 20.图xb7





35.堂g2? 35. 国xe6+ 堂g7 36. 国e8 国xh2 37. 鱼b3 was probably the only chance, though now with 国 for just

the 皇 the Obsidian is still the likely winner 35... 是h8 36. 空g3 置dh4 37. 置xe6+ 空g7 38. 置a6 置h3+ 39. 空g4 置3h4+ 40. 空g3 空xg8 41. 置xa7 置8h5 42. a4 置xh2 And we can leave it there as, now with 置 for just a & the Obsidian was able to win comfortably 0-1

A decent win from the Obsidian in that game meant the Challenger was back to 1 ahead with 2 to play!

Obsidian 4½- Challenger 5½

D63: Queen's Gambit Declined: Classical: 7 Rc1

1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.包c3 包f6
4.童g5 包bd7 5.e3 皇e7 6.包f3
h6 7.皇h4 0-0 8.邑c1 The end
of the computers' books —
White's position is freer
8...包b6 9.c5?! Gaining
space but releasing some of
the tension by blockading
pawns 9...包bd7 10.皇d3 c6
11.0-0 e5 12.dxe5 包g4
13.皇xe7 營xe7 14.e4! dxe4
15.包xe4 包dxe5 16.包d6



A decent ① outpost is enough to give the Obsidian the early advantage, and deserves a diagram! 16...②xd3
17.營xd3 ②e6 18.h3 ②f6
19.宣fe1 ②d5 20.②d4 營f6
21.②xe6 21.②xb7? is a temptation well avoided: 21...②f4! 22.營c3 ②d5 and now Black has a great initia—tive on the kingside 21...fxe6
22.營c2 ②f4 23.宣cd1?!
White needs to play with care for his ③, so probably



Above, the Chess Challenger, and below the Obsidian

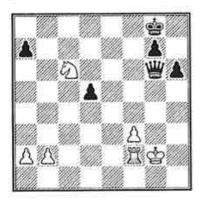


23. 幽e4 or 由h2 was best here 23...幽g5!



24.f3 It's too late for 24. 曹e4? now, as 24... ①xh3+ 25. 由h2 ②xf2 wins easily 24...①xh3+ 25.空h1?! 25. \(\Delta f \)1 trying to escape from the corner looks better 25...එf4 26.එxb7? Madness! It wasn't too late to try and rush the \(\frac{1}{2} \) back to the defence with 26. 2e4. The Obsidian's position has collapsed in a few short moments 26...習h4+ 27.空g1 置f5 28.曾f2 包h3+! 29.gxh3 29. \(\delta h2? \) allows a mate with 29... 4xf2+ 30. 由g1 日h3+ 31. 由h2 国xf3 32.gxf3 包f4+ etc 29...国g5+30.由f1 世xh3+ 31.由e2 国g2 32.国f1 国f8 33. 曾xg2 曾xg2+ 34. 星f2 曾g3

35. 章 d6 營 e5+ 36. 查 f1 營 e3 37. 查 g2 章 f5 38. 章 dd2 章 d5 38... 章 h5! was a quicker win, but White's position is hopeless anyway 39. 章 x d5 ex d5 40. 章 c2 營 d3 41. 章 f2 營 b5 42. ② d6 營 x c5 43. ② b7 營 b4 44. ② d8 營 e7 45. ② x c6 營 g5+ 46. 查 h3 營 h5+ 47. 查 g2 營 g6+



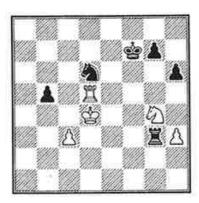
The knight falls next move and it's all over **0–1**

The match is won, but we'll check out the moves to game 12 to complete everything properly. The Obsidian goes a pawn up and seems as if it might win, but the Challenger defends well, even when a pawn down and under some endgame pressure.

Challenger 6½-Obsidian 4½

1.e4 c5 2.2f3 d6 3.2c3 e6 4.d4 cxd4 5.\(\Delta\) xd4 \(\Delta\) f6 6. ge2 ge7 7.0-0 gc6 8. ge3 빨c7 11.쌜d3 호d7 12.쌜e3 **幽b8 13.罩fe1 罩c8 14.e5 夕e8** 15.exd6 &xd6 16.g3 &c6 17. 2xc6 \(\text{Zxc6} \) 18. \(\text{Zad1} \) a6 19.包e4 &e7 20.c3 營c7 21.f4 f6 22.罩d3 營a5 23.a3 e5 26.包f2 營xe3 27.置dxe3 &xa3 28.bxa3 包f6 29.Ed3 图ac8 30.¤e7 b5 31.ᡚd1 ₾f8 32.罩b7 罩8c7 33.罩d8+ 叠f7 34.罩xc7+ 罩xc7 35.叠g2 ②e4 36.罩d3 盘e6 37.盘f3 盔e5 38.罩e3 罩f7+ 39.垫e2 垫d5 40.罩d3+ 空e6 41.罩d8 空e7

42.閏d4 ②d6 43.a4 ②f5 44.罝e4+ 蛰d7 45.axb5 axb5 46.②e3 ②d6 47.罝e5 罩f8 48.蛰d3 罩f2 49.④g4 罩a2 50.罠c5 虫e6 51.h3 罩g2 52.罝e5+ 虫f7 53.罝h5 罩xg3+ 54.虫d4 h6 55.罩d5



The evaluations for Black reached their maximum here, but there still, probably, isn't a win for the Obsidian unless the Challenger makes a mistake, which so far it has largely refused to do 55... Exh3?! The only chance for the full point seems to be with 55.... 雪e6 56.豆e5+ 杏d7 57. 單h5 卤c6 58. 罩c5+ 卤b6 59. 閏d5 包b7 60. 閏e5 閏xh3. but even here there's no certain win after 61. Ee6+ **空**a5 62.買g6 € d6 63. 量xd6 国h4 64. 国g6 56. 国xd6 国h4 57. 国d7+ 空g6 58. 空c5 国xg4 59.曾xb5 曾f6 60.c4 曾e6 61.罩d1 罩g2 62.c5 罩c2 63. 置d6+ 蛰f5 64.c6 蛰e5 65.\Bg6 h5 66.\Bxg7 h4 67. 置 h 7 全 d 6 6 8. 置 d 7 + 全 e 6 69.閏h7 查d6 70.閏h6+ 查c7 71.営h7+ 含d6 ½-½

So the match result was: Saitek Chess Challenger 7 Novag Obsidian 5

Pleasingly for all the work that goes into maintaining our **Rating List**, inputting latest dedicated and PC results week in week out, this score almost exactly reflects the pairs' existing ratings.

Our thanks also are due to

Augusto for playing these games for us and carefully keeping game records to send to me.

Augusto also purchased a Radio Schach Chess Champion 2150. These used to be available in Tandy stores in the UK, and one or two people tried to persuade me that these machines were 'basically' Saitek models cheaper and re-badged, so that the Radio Schach 2150 was really a GK-2100 (2000 Elo, 175 BCF) in disguise.

I did actually get a chance to try one out for a couple of days, and found it was no such thing, so was able to warn folk not to expect quite so much!

Augusto only bought his because he managed to get it at a very low price, but offered to test my view of its more lowly likely rating by playing a 10 game G/60 match v the **Novag Obsidian**.

I'm glad to say my forecast was right and the Obsidian won very (very) easily. We'll perhaps put a couple of games in our next issue as it is interesting to see how a 'proper' chess computer like the Obsidian (1930 Elo) deals with a weaker opponent on these occasions.

Augusto's next match, also 10 games @ G/60, though he has said he will always play 2 more if they tie at 5-5, will be between the **Novag Obsidian** and the **Saitek** (Talking) **Chess Academy**. The latter, with voice, display, leds on every square retails at £99.95 incl. the adaptor, and only lost 6-4 to the Challenger, so it might be a close one again!

HYDRA v SHREDDER

THE DEEP BLUE of today takes on the currently top-rated PC PROGRAM!

We started coverage of this match in our last issue, but only had space for the first game. It was won by Hydra,

quite convincingly.

It is very rare that **Shred**der loses games to other computer programs - it even has a plus score in serious competition against the earlier Brutus, now Hydra, despite the latter's 4/8/16 processors! In April of this year at the 4th. CSVN Shredder won with 8/9 whilst Hydra was a somewhat distant $2 = \text{ on } 6\frac{1}{2}$.

An interesting issue, which I promised to come back to, was the opening book. Hydra came out of book at move 10. while Shredder stayed in book to move 16 but, when it then came out of book, it had an already inferior position!

After the match main programmer Chrilly Donninger revelaed a few secrets regarding the Hydra opening book preparation.

"Our openings specialist GM Christopher Lutz was given instructions to release Hydra after move 10! He managed that perfectly and Hydra could in many cases go straight onto the attack. Normally openings book authors play private matches against each other trying to outbook each other. But Ulf Lorenz (Hydra's no.2 programmer) and I were convinced that Hydra is better than these openings modules. And we were right. Only in the eighth game were we in a spot of bother after the opening".

Readers might wonder how this can be - that a program can come out of book at move 10. and be left to its own devices, yet be better off than a program with a full book that sometimes takes it 5, 10 or even 15 moves deeper.

I think there are 2 contributing reasons:

- Even after move 10 in many openings there is still a wide range of choice, many different lines and variations. In fairness to the purchaser we (I am speaking as an opening book programmer for Hiarcs) put in all these variations and encourage our programs to play from as many of them as we can. We will stack them in order, so that the line/s we feel are best will get played more often, and certainly put lines which are known to be poor or that we don't like at a negative 'not to be played' value. But it still means some mediocre lines will get played from time to time, which we think the purchaser of our program will want to see occur, so that he will get plenty of variety, and can get preparation for things he might well have to meet in his local club, a week-end tournament, on an Internet chess club etc.
- If a program is seriously strong enough - and Hydra is! - then leaving it to choose its own moves after, say. move 10 means that much/most of the time it will find and play the BEST move there is. So whilst, in this case, Shredder might occasionally play a 2nd. or even 3rd. best move in a variation (because its big book allows it to), Hydra (in this case) will only play a 2nd. or 3rd. best move if its engine comes up short!
- Shredder does get one advantage



From game 1 - a pensive Stefan Meyer-Kahlen, with chin in hands, and a relaxed looking Chrilly Donninger with his back to the camera

from this, and that is that it will have more time on the clock when it does come out of book. But if the opponent (Hydra) almost always finds the best move, and if Shredder, say, 1 move in 5, plays a 2nd best move because of the book set-up, then Hydra is going to have a chess advantage as compensation for less clock time. To stop this happening the opening books for commercial engines need to be tightened up considerably so that they only play best or almost equal top moves. I believe that Junior, whilst it has a pretty big book, only plays from a narrow selection of moves, so Amir Ban and Shay Bushinsky have perhaps started to address this issue. Shredder, has a pretty big book as well but, like Hiarcs, plays from it quite generously.

To close this issue, at least for now, someone might say "why not let all the commercial engines come out of book after around 10 moves!" The problem for the commercial programs is just that - as they are commercially available, opponents can find out what they will play when they come out of book and prepare for them. Many years ago we saw M Chess Pro do exactly that to Chess Genius and one or two other programs, often coming out of book ages after its opponent and with completely won games - the exact

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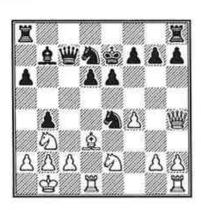
opposite of what happened to Shredder in game 1 here!

So then we should swiftly move into game 2 and see what happens this time! Incidentally the time control is Game in 90 minutes.

Shredder [0] Hydra [1]

Round 2. Opening B97

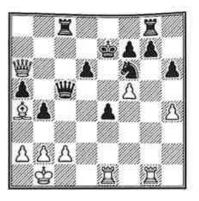
1.e4 c5 2. 2 f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4. Øxd4 Øf6 5. Øc3 a6 6. ዿg5 e6 7.f4 ∰b6 8.ᡚb3 ⊈e7 9. 對f3 **包bd7 10.0-0-0** 對c7 Last book move by Hydra! This is a sharp opening and in a few moves Shredder will force Black's king to spend the game in the centre of the board - dangerous 11. **b**1 b5 12. 2d3 Reaching the same position as in Shredder-Brutus, WCCC 2003 when Shredder won 12...b4! Varying from Brutus, Graz 2003 which was played in the game just mentioned. In fact the same line to move 12...b4 was played in Shredder-Fritz at the same event, when the game ended a draw, and this is the better move now chosen by the outof-book Hydra! 13.ᡚe2 �b7 14.豐h3 公xe4 15.皇xe7 空xe7 16.營h4+



Once more Shredder's book ends long after Hydra's, yet it is again showing a negative evaluation and a pawn down. But in the 2003 Shredder-Fritz game Fritz now retreated its knight and Shredder did okay, so understandably they've left everything in the opening book! However Hydra comes up with a more aggressive continuation 16... ②df6! Shredder-Fritz went 16... ②ef6 17. 当he1 a5 18. ②bd4 全f8?! 19.g4 1/2-1/2 17. 当he1 h6 18.f5 e5 19. ②f4!?



19...മg5! Hydra doesn't fall for 19...exf4 20.\(\mathbb{2}\)xe4 \(\mathbb{2}\)xe4 21. Exe4+ followed by Exb4, and White is ahead 20. 2h5?! A new Shredder. sacrificing another pawn to pursue its attack 20...4xh5 21. 世xh5 食xq2 Winning a second pawn and also now threatening \$\mathbb{2}f3, forking \mathbb{\mathbb{W}} and 里 22. 2 d2 a5?! 22... \$b7! seems better, and if 23.h4 then 4h3 threatening to go to f2 or f4 23.h4! 2h7 23... **公**h3? 24. 幽g4!= 24. e2?! Suddenly Shredder can't decide whether to attack or defend - but going on to the defensive when you're 2 pawns down offers little hope and indeed Hydra soon takes over the initiative. 24.\(\mathbb{L}\)c4 was a better try 24...**≜**c6 25.≌g1 ≌hg8 26. 夕e4 皇xe4 27. 皇xe4 罩ac8 28.皇d3 營b6 29.皇b5 夕f6 30. a4 e4 31. Ede1 世c5 32.₩a6



32...d5! There's a juicy pawn hanging on f5, but Hydra has other things on its mind. 32...習xf5? 33.習b7+ 含f8 34. **호**c6 營e6 35. **罩gf1!** would be more complicated than the neater route taken by Hydra 33.罩d1 d4 The pawns are marching on 34. 鱼b3 呂c6 35.營e2 全f8 An interesting king safety choice - the king looks better but it's locked in the h8/国 36. **a4** 国d6 37. 世f1 置d8 38.營a6 營c7 Once again Hydra is not interested in the f-pawn, suggesting that materialism in computer chess is finally becoming a thing of the past, in some engines. 38... 曹xf5 39. 增b6 習d5 40.皇c6 習d6 41.習xa5 would in fact present Black with some needless problems 39.世b5 罩h8 40.世f1 罩h7 41.食b3 h5 42.食a4 e3 43.營b5 胃h6!



The Hydra method to bring its rook into play is slightly weird, but Shredder has done absolutely nothing to create any threats in the meantime, so Black has easily got away with it 44. 22 25 45. 11

ฏg4 46.≜b3 ≌d8 47.≜a4 ≌f6 18.至e1 g6 49.至c1 至xf5 的. 曾e2 曾e7 51. 鱼b5 曾xh4 A disappointing game by shredder. It came out of the Jubious opening showing a minus evaluation (not the program's fault, but the book programmer's) and then after a daring second pawn sac' it's active intentions slowly avaporated and it didn't put up much of a fight in my view. Equally one must say that Hydra's play throughout was √irtually faultless, a view offered by many of the Gms Natching 0-1

Not a very good start for shredder at all. Even with a deserved reputation of being ough to beat, it clearly needs o come out of book equal against a program like Hydra.

Hydra [2] - Shredder [0]

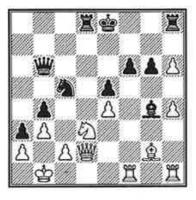
Round 3. Opening B90: Sicilian Najdorf: Unusual White 6th moves, 6 Be3 Ng4 and 6 Be3 e5

1.e4 c5 2.ᡚf3 d6 3.d4 cxd4
1.ᡚxd4 ᡚf6 5.ᡚc3 a6 6.Ձe3
)5 7.ᡚb3 Ձe6 8.f3 ᡚbd7
).g4 b5 10.g5 b4 11.ᡚe2
ስh5 12.d2 Hydra's last
)ook move 12...h6 Other
rariations here are 12...Ձe7
13.ᡚg3 ᡚf4 ; 12...a5 13.ᡚg3
ोxg3 But 12...h6 has a good
eputation as well 13.gxh6
16 14.0-0-0 a5 15.⊉b1 ᡚhf6



Shredder's last book move, and this time the position is nuch more even. White's

extra pawn is part of a doubled pair on the h-file and they are probably more of a handicap than a help! It's almost impossible to maintain the frontrunner even though the temptation is to try, especially when it is so advanced 16.h4!? 16.ହିed4 exd4 17.匂xd4 is theory here, but doesn't look anything special 16...a4 17.ᡚbc1 d5 18.Ձg5 dxe4 19. 2 g3 2 b6 19...exf3?! wins a pawn but allows White to go on the attack with 20. \$b5! \$e7 21. \$xf6 \$xf6 22.ᡚe4, and the pin on the ♠-d7 would give Hydra a clear advantage 20.0xe4 ②xe4 21.fxe4 f6! 22.Ձe3 Ձc5 23.ĝxc5 ව්xc5 24.ĝg2 /t's hard to find anything better than this. 24.h5?! g5 25.₩e3 営b8∓; or 24. 当f2 営b8∓ 24...a3 25.b3 臭g4 26.罩df1 26. 且dg1!? might have been a better way of trying to find some advantage for the h−pawn pair 26...≌d8 27.ᡚd3



I think Black has a small advantage at this point thanks to the small build-up against the White and his a3-pawn reducing its escape squares. Also White g2-\(\mathbb{g}\) is currently worth little more than a pawn. But how to proceed? 27... 当d6 I like the look of 27...罩d4. Then if 28.營f2 ②xd3 29.cxd3 ≌a6 It may not come to anything, but I think Black still has some winning chances 28. 世xb4 包xd3 29.營xd6 営xd6 30.cxd3 魚e2 31.當c1 魚xd3+ 32.垫a1 罩xh6 33.≅c8+ ₾e7 34.≅a8 g5 /

don't like disagreeing with Shredder in the approach to the endgame, as I think it is very strong in this area. However 34...\daggeddd: 35.\daggedxa3! ₿xe4 might be a better try, though 36. \mathbb{Z}a7+ must be met with 36...⊈d8 and then (36... 空e6?! 37. 罩a6+ 空d5 国exh4 40. 国xh4 国xh4 41. 国xg6 draw) 37.\(\mathbf{x}\)e4 \(\mathbf{z}\)xe4 \(\mathbf{z}\)xe4 \(\mathbf{z}\)xe4 \(\mathbf{z}\) probably a draw 35. Exa3 Although computer evaluations still favour Black slightly the game now drifts into a simple draw 35...置xh4 36.\angle a7+ \dot e8 37.\angle c1 \dot exe4 38. axe4 Exe4 39. Ec8+ Ed8 40.至cc7 至d2 41.至c8+ 至d8 42.\(\mathbb{Z}\)cc7 \(\mathbb{Z}\)d2 43.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c8+ \(\frac{1}{2}\)-\(\frac{1}{2}\)

Game 4 was very quiet, a Nimzo-Indian, Rubinstein variation, drawn in 38 moves with neither side ever getting even a small advantage. So the half-way stage was reached with **Hydra** leading by **3-1**.

Shredder programmer Stefan Meyer-Kahlen commented that, even harder than getting his book sorted for the second half of the tournament, was the problem of coping with the weather. In Abu Dhabi the day temperatures were getting up to 43 degrees Centigrade (110 Fahrenheit for those of us who still find it easier to work out what's hot and what's cold under the old

Stefan and Chrilly overcome the heat and find time to play each other overthe-board. Result not known!



system!). Stefan was trying to cool down by going for a swim at 6am each morning, but even then the sea temperature was 90 Fahrenheit! "Thanks goodness for the incredible air conditioning everywhere you go" he said.

As for games 5-8, his view was that he and his team needed to make sure that the opening book at least gave their engine a chance to get a win and try to change the match.

Half-time BREAK!

When **Deep Blue** was a contender many people used to contact me about the possibilities of buying it! Of course there was a rumour that a cutpiece of hardware might 'some day' be made available, but the only real answer was always that you needed a few million dollars and would have to persuade Carnegie University to stop using the mainframe computer as the principal centre for the USA's weather forecasting system, and organise a freight train to deliver it to your warehouse!

The same questions are now being raised about **Hydra** of course, and when *ChessBase* were supporting the original development of the project, it was assumed there had to be commercial possibilities.

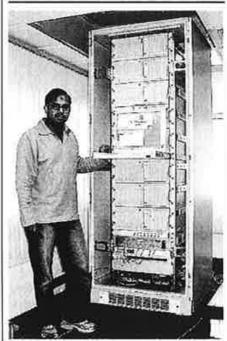
Now, however, the project is financed by the Pal Group who have their offices in Abu Dhabi, but Frederic Friedel of *ChessBase* was able to meet and interview one of their main folk, Ali Nasir Mohammed, buring the Hydra-Shredder match, and obtain a few photos of the hardware!



The first multi-processor, an 8-way Xeon 700MHz, from 1999



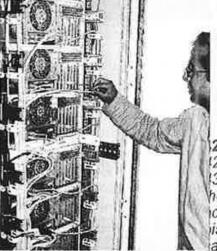
Their second machine, a 16-Processor unit from IBM



Here is the current machine, a really powerful cluster, with 16 Xeons running at 3.06GHz each, with around 16GBytes of RAM in the whole system!

Already I am sure that readers will have realised that this is not (now, anyway) a commercial project. None of the

machines was originally pur of the chased for chess, but Nasirhe says that once they had them at they immediately started to intervolve they also used for the machines are we also used for fingerprint and DNA matching. Apparently the technologoy for that requires considerable computing power and is quite similar to what is being done with Hydra.



This is the back of the machine, where 2...
the Hydra FPGA chips are installed 4.E

At this juncture, and as we?7... embark on games 5-8, it is should be mentioned that burn Shredder was playing on a c5 very fast Quad-Opteron server, which enabled it to run at a speed about 4x what it would achieve on a P4/3000.

Game 5 was a Sicilian Scheveningen and, in Chrilly's view 'Hydra played extremely well up to move 42, outplaying Shredder completely. But then we played a terrible move and a terrible 0.\$\frac{1}{2}\$ endgame, due to a specia 2.9 evaluation feature for bishops 4.c of opposite colours. There 5 5 was no notice on the outside

of the package to warn me of he side effects of this medication! I have fixed this special 'feature' and now Hydra would play the correct move with a clear advantage"

We join it, then, at move 42.

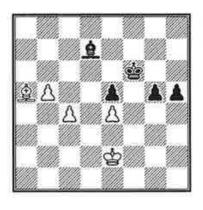
Hydra [3] Shredder [1] Game 5



2.包b6?! The best move is 2.鱼xe6 and then after fxe6 3. 包c7, though I dont believe he result is that clear an dvantage as the 2 Shredder ishops offer some compenation for the doubled pawns 2... 温e8 43.鱼xe6 虽xe6 4.虽d8 虽e8 45.虽xe8 鱼xe8 6.包d5 f6 47.鱼d2 Not 7.gxf6? as Black has 7...鱼h5+! 48.鱼g3 鱼d1! and he advantage has swung bund 47...鱼h5+ 48.鱼g3



0.皇xb4 皇f2 51.皇a5 皇xh4 22.gxf6 皇xf6 53.b4 皇g4 4.c4 h5 55.b5 皇d7 56.堂e2 35 57.②xf6 堂xf6



We'll leave it there, they played on to move 96 no less, but it was always a draw from this point!

"Game 6 was wild", said Chrilly Donninger afterwards. So here it is....

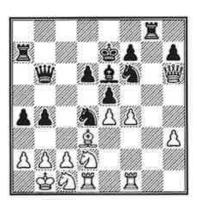
Shredder [1½] - Hydra [3½]

Game 6. B42: Sicilian: Kan Variation: 5 Bd3

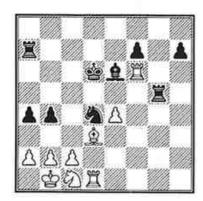
1.e4 c5 2.Øf3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4. Øxd4 a6 5. ዿd3 ዿc5 6. Øb3 ⊈a7 7.e2 d6 8.⊈e3 ቭc6 9.മc3 b5 10.இxa7!? It isn't so often that you find a moment where castling on either side works well, but here it does, and theory recommends either 10.0-0-0 ଏae7 11.f4; or 10.0-0 ହf6 11.f4. However the Shredder team is out for a win and with the move played they are aiming to trap the Hydra king in the centre again, and see if Shredder can make better use of the chance this time 10...営xa7 11.營g4!? *11.f4* ፟ᡚf6 12.0-0-0 has been played, ending in a draw 11…包f6 12.xg7 骂g8 13.營h6 莒xg2 14.營h3 莒g8 15.0-0-0



15...b4 16.包e2 e5 17.凹f3 ⊈e6 18.h3 фe7 19.e3 ᡚd7 20. **⊉b1?!** I can imagine Stefan's sigh of disappointment with this, as his program has to find something more active. �g3 was one idea, or move one of rooks to the g-file and try to get control of that, or maybe even f4!? 20...增b6 21.增h6 包f6 22.ଞ୍ଜାf1?! a5! 23.ବାପ2 ବାପ4 24.ହାc1?! I much prefer 24.f4!? ≌g6 25.h4 ᡚxe2 26. 义xe2 though Hydra could complicate it nicely with 26... ₩e3! which is doubleedged enough to get a result for one or the other 24...a4! 25.f4



25...世c5?! Missing the decent-looking 25...宣g6! 26.營h4 b3 27.cxb3 axb3 28.a3 宣a4 which should lead to interesting play. Probably Shredder now has slightly the better chances 26.fxe5 營xe5 27.公c4 營g5 Not 27...皇xc4? as 28.皇xc4 宣c7 29.宣xf6 營xf6 30.營xf6+ 內xf6 31.宣xd4 leaves White with 皇+公 for 宣 and a good chance of the win 28.營xg5 宣xg5 29.公xd6



The game is now effectively drawn, but I leave the moves in for those who wish to play it through 32. 當h6 也e5 35.c3 bxc3 36.bxc3 2e6 37.営h3 営g2 38.営xg2 **皇**xg2 39.営h5+ 含f4 40.含c2 含e3 41.e5 包f4 42.里g5 包xd3 45.国h3 鱼f5 46.国g3 国d7 49. 空d2 空d5 50. 空e2 罩d8 51.買g7 罩f8 52.罩g5 全e4 53. Ig3 Ih8 54. Ig2 a3 55. 至f2 至h4 56. 全d2 皇e6 57.夕c5+ 含xe5 58.夕xe6 ሟxe6 59.ሟd3 f5 60.c4 ሟe5 61.営e2+ 含d6 62.含c3 f4 63.罩e4 罩h3+ 64.垫b4 f3 65. Ee8 Eh1 66. Ef8 Eb1+ 67. 空xa3 罩f1 68. 空b2 f2 69.a4 \$\document{\phi}\$c5 \(\frac{1}{2}\)-\(\frac{1}{2}\)

If Shredder's going to come up with a win, it has to be now!

Hydra [4] - Shredder [2]

Round 7. B92: Sicilian Najdorf: 6 Be2

1.e4 c5 2.②f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4
4.②xd4 ②f6 5.②c3 a6 6.②e2
e5 7.②b3 ②e7 8.0-0 0-0
9.③h1 b6 10.③e3 ③b7 11.f3
b5 12.營d2 ②bd7 Hydra
goes out of book now and, by
making a non-book move this
time, puts Shredder out
straight away! 13.a3 A new
move at this point in the
game, though it will transpose

into an Anand-Gelfand game, and it looks fine. 13.閏fd1 was played in Ganguly-Sasikiran, 2002 13...罝c8 14.a4 b4 but by risking 15.勾d5?! (15.勾a2 should be okay) 15...勾xd5 16.exd5 White went down in 38 moves 13...豐c7 14.罝fd1



Hydra homes in on the backward pawn on d6 14... 是ad8 Gelfand put the f8-里 on d8 in Anand-Gelfand, 1999. It continued 14... 里fd8 15. 世e1 里ac8 16. 世f2 里b8 17. 心c1 皇c6 18. 心1a2 a5 19.b4 and White won in 38 15. 世e1 心c5 16. 心xc5 dxc5 17.b3 皇c6 18.a4 b4 19. 心a2 a5 20.c3 心h5 21. 黑ac1



21... \(\textit{\textit{xa4?!}}\) This apparent sac' – it's a pawn that seems to be lost, not the whole bishop (in the end it loses nothing, but it does leave Black with isolated pawns) came as a surprise to everybody – the spectators in Abu Dhabi, those on the Playchess.com Internet server, Chrilly Donninger, Hydra (from its evaluation which jumped somewhat), and probably Stefan

Meyer-Kahlen. Did Shredder actually see it as a pawn sac' that left it with an advanced queenside passed pawn, failing to see as far as the material equalisation at move 25? 21... 三xd1 22. 營xd1 營b7 would be standard stuff and about level 22.bxa4 b3 23.急c4 bxa2 24.營e2 h6 25.營xa2

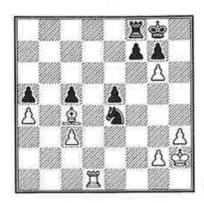


25... gg Black doesn't want

to have further damage done

to his pawn structure, but I can't find anything else which doesn't end up with the a5 and c5 pawns coming under serious pressure. If one of them goes Hydra will be left with a very dangerous passed pawn. For example 25... 選xd1+?! 26. 選xd1 勾f6 27.閏b1! 勾d7 28.閏b5! 勾b6 29.\(\domath{\partial}\)f1. The pawns are still on the board, but the pressure against Black's position is getting out of control 26. 兔xg5 hxg5 27.h3 豐e7 28.ଫୁg1 ହିf4 29.ଫୁh2 ହିh5 29... Ixd1 30. Ixd1 Ib8 might have been a better try 30.宮b1 勾f6 31.曾b3 勾h5 32.曾b6 営xd1 33.営xd1 g4 34.fxg4! Not 34.hxg4? 習h4+! 35.望g1 ᡚf4 and almost equal again. And definitely not 34. ₩xa5?? gxf3! 35.罩d3 (35.gxf3?? 幽g5! 0-1) 35...fxg2 and Black has every chance of winning 34... **對f6?**! In theory keeping as much heavy material on the board as possible, now he's a pawr down, is the correct way to play. But even 34...\$16 isn't going to work. Black's pieces

are strangled and, after 35.營c6 心h7 36.閏f1! 也h8 37.營b6 Black's a-心 will drop and White's will soon be ready to run 35.營xf6 心xf6 36.g5! 公xe4 37.g6



37... 包xc3 38. 国c1 包xa4
Black is 2 pawns up.... but
must lose. Here is how it finished.... 39. 国f1! 包c3 If
39...e4 40. ②xf7+ 国xf7 41. 国xf7
e3 42. 国e7 包f8 43. 国xe3 1-0
40. ②xf7+ 国xf7 40... 包h8??
allows mate: 41. 国f5 国xf7
42. gxf7 g5 43. f8 图+ 包h7
44. 国xg5 followed by 图g7
mate 41. 国xf7 a4 42. 国c7 包f8
43. 国xc5 包d1 44. 国xe5 a3
45. 国f5+ 包e8 46. 国a5 包b2
47. 国xa3 1-0

What a shock! Shredder 5-2 down. Very unexpected.

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I've not included game 8, which they did play and in which Shredder got a small opening advantage. But it came to nothing although they played on for 72 moves.

I believe that they played 'to the end' in some of these drawn games for the benefit of the spectators - a nice change from some the quick draw agreements, even in interesting postions sometimes, that certain GMs such as Kramnik & Leko have been heavily criticised for recently.

So, final score:
Brutus 5½ Shredder 2½

Having space left does however enable me to include some coverage of the **Hydra v Evgeny Vladimirov** 4 game mini-match, played at G/90+30secs.

Vladimirov is a GM from Kazakhstan and is rated 2628 Elo. In the mid-

1980's he was one of Kasparov's seconds. I've shown the position where theory endsit's interesting to see how long Hydra played 'in theory' moves though out of book! After that there's just a few light notes pointing to the critical moments.



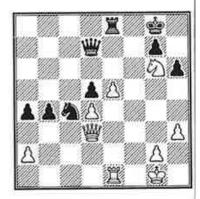
Game 1. C86 Closed Ruy Lopez, Worrall Attack

1.e4 e5 2.夕f3 夕c6 3.臭b5 a6 4.臭a4 夕f6 5.쌜e2 臭e7 6.c3 b5 7.臭b3 d6 8.0-0 0-0 9.d4 臭g4 10.選d1 exd4 11.cxd4 d5 12.e5 夕e4 13.夕c3 夕xc3 14.bxc3 쌜d7 15.h3 臭f5 16.臭g5 兔xg5 17.夕xg5 h6 18.夕f3 夕a5 19.夕h4

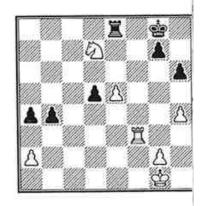


19...皇h7!? 19...②xb3 20.②xf5 營xf5 21.axb3 and here both 莒fe8 and f6 have been played 20.皇c2 皇xc2 21.營xc2 ②c4 22.莒d3 f6 23.f4 fxe5 24.fxe5 c5 25.莒e1 莒ae8 26.莒f3 莒xf3 27.④xf3 cxd4 28.cxd4 b4 29.②h4 a5 30.營d3 a4 31.ᡚg6





The game's critical moment 31...∰c6?! 31... 4 d6 seem: best, then perhaps Hydra would go with 32. 14. White central pawns might give hil a small advantage, but no more 32.国b1! 暫b7 33.h4 **包a5?** Throwing everything into supporting his queensid pawns, but it allows Hydra t effectively switch everything to the kingside. Better would be 33... ₩b6 trying to make sure one of the Hydra piece is tied to the defence of the A/d4 34.以f1! 幽d7 34...b3? 35.axb3 axb3 wont work because of 36.e6! **35.**營**f3!** ଉତ୍ତେ 36.ହାଁ 8 ହିxd4 37.ହxd ②xf3+ 38.罩xf3

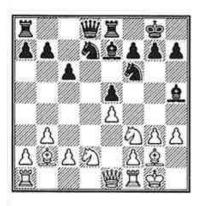


he computer has ② for △ nd should win easily enough om here 38... Ee7 39. Ef8+ h7 40. Ed8! 空g6 41.e6 an't be taken because of the rk ②f8+ 41... b3 42.axb3 kb3 43. Eb8 空f5 44. ②f8 d4 5. Exb3 空e4 46. Ef3 d3 [. 空f2 1-0]

Vladimirov, E - Hydra

ame 2. A07 Reti Opening, New York/Capablanca Systems

②f3 ②f6 2.g3 d5 3.Ձg2 c6 0-0 Ձg4 5.d3 ②bd7 ②bd2 e5 7.e4 dxe4 8.dxe4 →7 9.h3 Ձh5.10.b3 0-0 .Ձb2 ≌e8 12.e1



...皇c5!? 12...皇f8 has been ed from this position, but dra chooses something are purposeful 13.包c4 b5. 包a5?! 14.包cd2 was bably sounder 14...豐c7.a4 皇b6



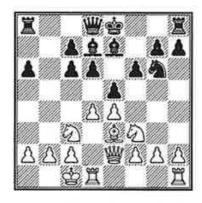
axb5?! Protecting the ♠ h 16.b4 was probably the y chance, then 16...\(\mathbb{L}\)xa5 \(\mathbb{L}\)ab8 and Black's rantage is not that great ..cxb5 17.c4 b4?! Intering! This doesn't look

Black's very best move to me, but it brings a mistake from the GM. I think 17...ข้าc5 seems better 18. ₩xb4? Shouldn't White play 18.g4! first, then after 18...2g6 19. 增xb4! 国ab8 20. 曾e1. Okay, Hydra will certainly be ahead after 20... 2xe4, but the game wouldn't be over 18...≌ab8! 19.e1 ≜xf3 See note above - if g4 2g6 had been played, this wouldn't have been possible 20. £xf3 鱼xa5 21.罩xa5 Even here 21. ₩xa5 would have been better, but the Computer should win after 21...₩xa5 22. 異xa5 異xb3 with both White bishops en pris 21... \mathbb{Z}xb3

Hydra - Vladimirov, E

Game 3. C73 Ruy Lopez, Deferred Steinitz

1.e4 e5 2.ହ13 ହc6 3.ଛb5 a6 4.ଛa4 d6 5.ଛxc6+ bxc6 6.d4 f6 7.ଛe3 ହe7 8.ହc3 ହg6 9.∰e2 ਛe7 10.0-0-0 ਛd7



11.dxe5!? 11.h4 h5 is usual. and now White has a choice of ₩c4, or ②e1 (possibly best), or dxe5 as played in the game, but a move earlier. E.g: 12.dxe5 fxe5 and now 13.∕2g5 was seen at GM level, though I'm not sure about this and prefer **b**1 11...fxe5 12.營c4 Inhibits Black from 0-0 12...h6 13.ᡚe1 Ձg5 14.∯b1 ≌f8 15.食xg5 hxg5?! Why not 15...增xg5!? which doesn't loosen his position so much 16.以f1 勾f4 17.勾d3?!

Doesn't this leave g2 unprotected?! Therefore 17.f3 is preferred 17...曾b8?! Why not 17... 2xg2 18. 2b4 c5 19.ᡚxa6 ᡚf4 which looks pretty equal. The fact that the GM didn't play it (and Hydra allowed it!) suggests I'm missing something here! 18.h4 ₩b6 19.hxg5 ജb8 20.b3 മe6 20...മxg2 still seems okay to me?! 21.f4! exf4 This pawn is very weak here - maybe @xf4 was better? 22.e5! d5 23.營a4 c5 24.營a3 单c6 25.夕e2



The exchanges will win White ②xf4 27.営xf4 总xd3 28.営xf8+ ☆xf8 29.罩xd3 營c6 30.罩c3 罩b5 31.營c1 含e7 32.營f4! Threatening to pile up on the f-file 32... **2 e6 33.g6! d4** 33...≝b4 trying to thwart White's f-file plans was worth a try, though after 34. ₩e3! d4 35.營g5+ 由d7 36.骂xc5 and the loss of a second pawn would most likely be too much 34.當f3 曾xg6 35.皆f8+ 空e6 36.營c8+ 空xe5 Фe5 39.g4! threatening ≝f5+ forcing the loss of the queen to delay mate 1-0

So 3-0 to **Hydra** in a 4 game match ends it, though they played the fourth game which ended in a draw - no doubt a big relief for the GM. The final official score was $3\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ giving Hydra a 4 game performance rating of over 2900 Elo! Not much more to say!

The 2254 Elo graded Dutch player takes on some older Dedicated machines

On Saturday, 16th October, at the CSVN 10th Gebruikers, Rob van Son's 2254 Elo rated friend Wim Luberti took on 11 dedicated chess computers in a Simultaneous Exhibition.

Earlier this year Wim had done a Simul, against the Amsterdam Tal/DCG Chess Club where both he and Rob are members, and won most games. He was immediately pleased to say 'yes' to Rob's invitation to the new challenge and, as they both live in Amsterdam Rob drove of his with two him. the Chess opponents Super Academy and the Enterprise, to the event.

The Simul. took a total of 5 hours. The computers were set to Infinite mode and each Operator had to press the 'Move/Go' button as soon as Wim arrived at the board. I have calculated that 478 were played moves altogether, so Wim made a move every 37secs. It means on average that the computers had 6 or 7 minutes to analyse before Wim's return to each board, though this was probably less whilst everyone was 'in theory', and also less towards the end when some finished, games had perhaps a little more in the middle game.

One game ended at move 25, and another at 31, but most were hard fought with no less than 3 of them finishing exactly on move 53!

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Our coverage this time is a little different! Space wont

allow me to get all 11 games in, so I'm showing all of them up to move 20 - you'll see exactly where they were up to after 2 or $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours!

The first 3 readers who can guess which game ended after the 25 moves, and forecast correctly the final score, I'll add 2 to their Subscription expiry date for SelSearch.

1. Luberti, Wim -Mephisto Portorose 68020

B19: Classical Caro-Kann: 4...Bf5 main line

1.e4 c6 2.d4 d5 3.包c3 dxe4 4.包xe4 皇f5 5.包g3 皇g6 6.包f3 包d7 7.h4 h6 8.h5 皇h7 9.皇d3 皇xd3 10.豐xd3 e6 11.皇d2 包gf6 12.0-0-0 豐c7 13.包e4 0-0-0 14.包xf6 包xf6 15.豐b3 All theory to here, but now Black usually plays 色 b8 or c5 15...包e4 16.皇e3 皇d6 17.邑h4 包f6 18.c4 豐a5 19.c5 皇b8 20.皇f4 皇xf4+



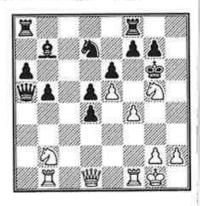
Wim will retake on f4 and the game is very even. Forecast so far, Wim ½ - ½

2. Luberti, Wim -Saitek Kasparov Centurion

C11: French: Classical System: 4 e5 and 4 Bg5 dxe4

1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.ᡚc3 ᡚf6 4.e5 ᡚfd7 5.f4 c5 6.ᡚf3 ᡚc6

7. Qe3 豐b6 8. 2a4 豐a5+ 9.c. cxd4 10.b4 2xb4 11.cxb4 奧xb4+ 12.奧d2 奧xd2+ 13.2xd2 0-0 14.\dag{b}1 a6 15.2d3 Theory to here, though the line tends to favour White. Black usually plays 15...f6 15...b5 16. 2 b2 響xa2 17.0-0 響a5 18. 公f3 **\$b7?** Allows an obvious sacrifice which will demolish Black's kingside protection. 18...f6 was best as it stops White's @ getting to g5 and therefore removes the sacrificial chance 19.2xh7+!

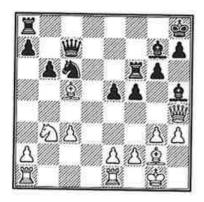


Wim has a big advantage this game as he has the tact \(\mathbb{I}f1-f3-g3 \) which should \(\mathbb{I}f1-f3-g3 \) enough to win the gam Forecast so far, \(\mathbb{I}f1 \) \(\mathbb{I}f2 - \mathbb{I}f1 \)

3. Luberti, Wim -Novag Super Expert C

D75: Fianchetto Grünfeld: Main Line with 7...c5

1.d4 d5 2.包f3 包f6 3.g3 g6 4.皇g2 皇g7 5.0-0 0-0 6.c4 c5 7.cxd5 cxd4 8.包xd4 包xd5 9.包c3 包xc3 10.bxc3 e5 11.包b3 豐c7 12.皇d2?! A new idea, usually White chooses from 皇e3, 皇g5 and 皇a3 12... 是d8 13.豐c1 包c6 14.豐a3 皇g4 15. 是fe1 是d6 16.皇e3 f5 Doubling rooks with 16... 是ad8 was worth playing 17.h3 皇h5 18.豐a4 內h8? Wasting a moveme Novag's have a ndency to play 蛰h8/h1 redlessly. 18...e4 19.g4 g4= 19.兔c5?? Wim isses the chance to punish lack for wasting time. Look this: 19.g4! b5 20. 對xb5 g4 21. 到a5 and 3 pieces tack the c6—到 which is nned to the a8—萬, so mething must fall 19...單f6 b.對h4 b6

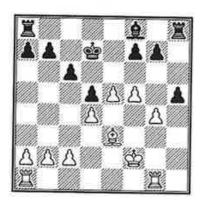


llowing mistakes by both les the game is pretty even, im must decide whether to by ≜a3 or ≜e3. Forecast so Wim 2-1

4. Luberti, Wim -Mephisto Milano Pro 9: Vienna Game: 2...Nf6 3 f4

4 e5 2.0c3 0f6 3.f4 d5 xe5 @xe4 5.@f3 @g4 1e2 Dg5 7.d4 Dxf3+ xf3 曾h4+ 9.曾f2 曾xf2+ 坐xf2 鱼e6 11.罩g1 坐d7?! oks slightly strange. .. 4)d7 has been played ore, in order to castle renside, but not very cessfully 12.f4 2c6 de3 de7 14. dd3 c6 ව්දෙ මුf5 16.ම්xf5+ ව්xf5 ②g3 ②xg3 18.hxg3 ☆e6 g4 h5 20.f5+ I note that ce issues through ranced pawn groups stly by Wim!) is a amon theme in quite a few hese games 20...\$d7





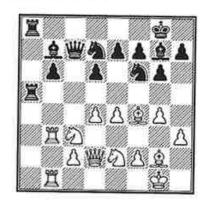
Material is equal, but Wim has a growing pawn storm up the centre and kingside, and with Hall should have some advantage and may win. Forecast so far, Wim 3-1

5. Luberti, Wim -Mephisto Schach-Akademie

B24: Closed Sicilian: 3 g3 sidelines

1.e4 c5 2.包c3 包c6 3.g3 g6
4.童g2 童g7 5.包ge2 包f6 6.0-0
0-0 7.a3 b6 Wim's lesser
played 7.a3 (7.f4 is quite well
known, as is d3) has put the
Academy out of book. 7...d6
is theory but, once more, the
chosen move is perfectly okay
in my view 8.邑b1 營c7 9.b4
cxb4 10.axb4 皇b7 11.d4 d6
12.童g5 包b8 13.營d2 鼍c8
14.鼍fe1 包bd7 15.h3 a5
16.bxa5 鼍xa5 You wouldn't
expect the Academy to fall for
16...bxa5? 17.鼍xb7 營xb7

and now 18.e5! revealing an attack+pin on the queen and rook from the \$g2! 17.\$f4
Eca8 18.g4 Eb8 19.Eb3 Ed8
20.Eeb1 Eda8



Another very equal game, but both sides have chances here. Wim has more space to manouvre and the next few moves will be vital. Forecast so far, Wim $3\frac{1}{2} - 1\frac{1}{2}$

6. Luberti, Wim -Saitek Turbo Adv Trainer

D35: Queen's Gambit Declined: Exchange Variation

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 e6 3.包c3 d5 4.e3 **Qb4** 5.**營b3** Rarely played, 包f3 is the main line 5...c5 6.a3 6.dxc5 **Q**xc5 7.cxd5 包xd5 8.**Q**b5+ is usual 6...**❷a5** I prefer 6...**Q**xc3+!? aiming to take some advantage of White's small mistake in his last move. Then 7. **營**xc3 包e4

ć

8. \mathbb{W} d3 0-0 and the Saitek is at least equal 7.2d2! cxd4 8.exd4 2c6 9.2f3 dxc4 10.\(\textit{\textit{2}}\) xc4 0-0 11.0-0 \(\textit{\textit{2}}\) xc3 12. axc3 營c7 13. Efe1 b6?! 13... ②a5 14. 臭xa5 營xa5 was better. The move played gives White a chance for a central thrust, and the computer is fortunate that Wim misses it **14.閏ac1** 14.d5! exd5 15. Qxd5 包xd5 16. Yxd5 \delta d7! Challenging for the d−file here is vital but 17. \dot e4 \dot e6 18. \dd a4 and White's better development give him a useful initiative 14...**&**b7 15.d5 exd5 16.**皇xf6?!** 16.**皇**b5 幽f4 17. 奠d2 was better, and White maintained a small advantage whereas now it is the computer coming out on top 16...dxc4 17.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc4?? This just loses a piece. With 17. \subsection xc4 White could go for a perpetual after 17...gxf6 with 18.營g4+ 由h8 19.營h4 followed by 曾xf6+ 曾f5etc+ 17...gxf6 18.世c3 世d6 19.4 Hfe8 20.Ec1 Had8



Wim is a piece down and the Saitek machine should get the computers' first win. Forecast now, Wim 3 ½ - 2 ½

7. Luberti, Wim -Mephisto MMV

C29: Vienna Game: 2...Nf6 3 f4

1.e4 e5 2.2c3 2f6 3.f4 d5 4.fxe5 2xe4 5.2f3 2e7 6.d4 0-0 7.2d3 f5 8.exf6 2xf6 9.0-0 2xc3 10.bxc3 c5!? A bold move, the computer now being out of book. Black

3

é

usually starts to complete development with b6 and a6 11.2a3 2d7 12.2e5?! This will land Wim with an isolated and difficult to maintain e-pawn. 12.dxc5 would have been fine 12...全xe5 13.Exf8+ 2xf8 14.dxe5 置a5 15.2b2? Allows an easy tactic with a queen check that no computer is likely to miss. 15.置c1 to protect the was necessary 15...c4! 16.2e2 图b6+ 17.空h1 图xb2 18. 图b1 图xa2 19.图xd5+ 2e6 20.图xb7 图d8

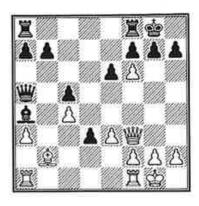


Wim is a piece for pawn down, and the Mephisto queen is threatening to win more material. If for example 21. \pm 1 then \pm 2! The MM5 should win this, so forecast now is Wim $3\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{1}{2}$

8. Luberti, Wim -Fidelity Elite Avant Garde 2

E58: Nimzo-Indian: Rubinstein: Maiň Line: 7...Nc6 8 a3 Bxc3

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 e6 3.包c3 单b4
4.e3 0-0 5.单d3 c5 6.a3
单xc3+ 7.bxc3 包c6 8.包f3 d5
9.0-0 營a5 Still in theory to
here, but now Wim varies
from the usual 10.營b3
10.单b2!? 单d7 11.包e5?!
包xe5 12.dxe5 Wim has
landed himself with a weak
pawn structure again!
12...单a4 13.營f3 dxc4
14.exf6 cxd3 15.c4



Diagrams are normally at move 20, but both sides are about to make unexpected moves so I thought we'd pop it here to help readers follow what happens! 15...\fd8?? Allows Wim back into the game. With the simple 15...g6 blocking the kingside and staying a pawn ahead, and then getting a \(\mathbb{I} \) onto the d-file to protect the passed d-∆ Black would have the advantage 16. g3?? What? 16. \\mathbb{U}h5! and Wim would be winning! Black's best then is probably 16... 曾b6 but now 17. 世g5 and the once overpushed f-A is suddenly a mighty nuisance to Black! 16...g6! 17.de5 ad7 18.e4 d2 19. We3 Wd8 20. Zad1 &xd1

Wim has a difficult game ahead. After retaking on d1 the Fidelity can play $\mathbb{E}d3$ and White will be in all sorts of trouble. Forecast update: Wim $3\frac{1}{2} - 4\frac{1}{2}$

9. Luberti, Wim - Novag Sapphire I

B23: Closed Sicilian: Lines without g3

1.e4 c5 2.\(\Delta\)c3 e6 3.g3?!

Rare! 3...d5 4.\(\Delta\)g2 d4

5.\(\Delta\)ce2 \(\Delta\)c6 6.d3 The

computer is now out of book
6...\(\Delta\)f6 7.\(\Delta\)f3 e5 Both \(\Delta\)e7

and b5 have been played

here, but the Sapphire move

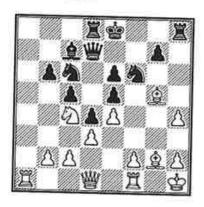
looks decent enough as well

8.0-0 \(\Delta\)e6 9.\(\Delta\)g5 \(\Delta\)e7

10.\(\Delta\)xe6 fxe6 11.\(\Delta\)h1 \(\Delta\)11.f4

looked good! 11...0-0-0

12.包g1 h5 13.包f3 h4
14.gxh4?! Why didn't Wim
play 14.包xh4 which seems to
leave Black with little
compensation for the pawn
14...也d7?! That's plain
weird after going 0-0-0. 查b8
would have made some sense,
but hardly this 15.皇g5
也e8?! 16.a4 曾d7 17.包d2
皇d6 18.包c4 皇c7 19.a5 b5
20.axb6 axb6



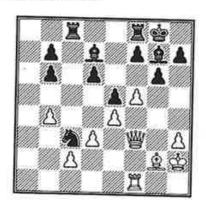
A fairly astonishing position, pawns all over the place (Wim has an extra one!) and Black's king is still in the centre so you'd have to fancy White here. Forecast update is Wim $4\frac{1}{2} - 4\frac{1}{2}$

10. Luberti, Wim -Fidelity Mach III

B24: Closed Sicilian: 3 g3 sidelines

1.e4 c5 2.0c3 0c6 3.g3 g6 4.2g2 2g7 5.2ge2 2f6 6.0-0 0-0 7.a3 7.d3 is usual and this puts the computer out of book 7...d6 8.国b1 曾b6 1 found 8...e6 in a database, which is probably better 9.b4 cxb4 10.axb4 \(\text{\text{\text{\text{g}}} 4} \) 11.h3 &d7 12.d3 @d4 12... Dxb4?! doesn't work because of 13. 4d5! 4bxd5 14. 星xb6 包xb6 15. 鱼e3 with a good advantage to White. There are quite a few lines in which Black 'loses' his queen for a variety of different piece collections - some are good for White and some for Black! 13.2e3 e5 14.4h1 Bac8 15.f4?! Taking a chance, b5 was sounder

15... 包h5 15... 包xe2 16. 鱼xb6 包xc3 17. 豐e1 包xb1 would give the Fidelity 萬+包+包 for the 豐 and the better chances perhaps 16.f5?? Missing tactics as now we have a series of exchanges in which Black's 豐 goes — let's see how much he gets for her! 16. 包d5 was the move, then 16... 豐d8 17. 鱼f2=16... 包xe2! 17. 鱼xb6 包hxg3+18. 鱼h2 包xc3 19. 豐f3 包xf1+20. 鼍xf1 axb6



The material is clearly favouring the Fidelity here though while Wim has Q+\mathbb{\mathbb{H}} he may have some chances of an attack against Black's king. Still it should be a win for Black, so the forecast update is Wim 4\frac{1}{2} - 5\frac{1}{2}

11. Luberti, Wim -CXG Super Enterprise

B24: Closed Sicilian as game 10

1.e4 c5 2.0c3 0c6 3.g3 0f6 4.\(\textit{\textit{g}}\)2 d6 5.\(\textit{\textit{g}}\)e2 \(\textit{d}\)4?! g6 and e6 are usual here, but the out-of-book Super Enterprise move has been played before as well! 6.0-0 曾b6 7. 2xd4 cxd4 8. 2e2 e5 9.d3 **2g4 10.h3 2e6 11.f4 2e7** 12.f5 2c8 13.g4 Wim is really going on the attack perhaps he knew that the CXG machine was an opponent he'd be expected to beat with some ease 13...0-0 14. 2g3 14.g5 immediately was better 14...De8?! Giving White a second chance to play g5, which is not missed this time. 14...h6!

was better and White's attack begins to stall 15.g5! 全d7 16. 公h5 曾d8? 17.h4?! Probably the immediate 17.f6! was better, then 17...gxf6 18.gxf6 公xf6 19.皇h6! ± 17...至c8! 18.至f2 皇a4



The early diagram tells you something's about to happen! 19.b3? With the win in sight as 19.f6! probably wins already: 19...gxf6 20.gxf6 0xf6 21.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf6 22.\(\mathbb{U}\)f3! must win. But now the SuperE could get back in the game 19...\2b5? Not really. 19...\2d7 was best 20.a4 At the moment, despite mistakes from both sides, it's pretty equal. But the Super Enterprise is about to make a big mistake. Incidentally again 20.f6! was very strong for White. It is suprising that Wim missed this two moves on the trot: 20...gxf6 21.gxf6 ①xf6 22. 且xf6 皇xf6+-20... 2a6? 20... 2d7 helps with defence against the kingside pawn advance and keeps the game tense but evenly balanced.

After the move played Wim still has 21.f6! which will at least open the g-file and could also be winning material. Surely he wont miss it again!

Assuming he doesn't, and based on my evaluation of the games as they stand at move 20, we leave it looking like 5½ - 5½.

HIARCS: Origins by Mark UNIACKE Today: Palm HIARCS by Eric HALLSWORTH

Mark Uniacke author of HIARCS explains the largely untold history and origins of his chess program, its influences and even some of the algorithms. So where and when did it all start?

As a child I was a strong junior chess player and won a number of titles including the Hertfordshire County under 13 and under 14 chess championships.

For Christmas 1978 my father brought me a Chess Challenger 10. This was the 'A' version which did not castle under almost any circumstances. From the advertising we were told this was going play like an expert or a GM! I set to playing it and won game after game. Was I disappointed? Yes, but I was hooked on computer chess!

I was very interested to know how a computer could play chess. Fortunately we came across possibly the best book ever written on computer chess in the Foyles book store in Charring Cross Road. The book "Chess Skill in Man and Machine" was to have a great influence on my future. I consumed the contents of this book as if my life depended on it. I had lots of ideas and was sure I could write a chess program stronger than Chess Challenger 10, but being only 14 and knowing almost nothing about computers, this was not going to be as easy as I thought at the time!?

Fortunately, in September 1979 I started my computer studies class. I was very lucky as my school was one of the first comprehensive schools in the County to offer this subject. We had use of a "Research Machines 380Z" microcomputer and limited access to a PDP11 via teletype. Not like the IT lessons in schools today, we learnt the "real" stuff like ferrite core storage, assembly language, Basic programming etc - all great stuff to a kid fascinated by computers!

My first project after doing all the coursework normally set, was to produce a chess program which could play and win the ending

of King and Rook against King. I called this program UCT (Uniacke's Chess Technique). It could occasionally deliver the mate, but also had a habit of moving the Rook off the chess board!?

I had decided on my project in 1980 almost a year before the actual project was due - I was going to write a full working chess program!

As part of the 'O' level Computer Studies we had to produce a relatively large working project. I had decided on my project in 1980 almost a year before the actual project was due - I was going to write a full working chess program!

I needed a name for this new chess program (most important when you are 15 years old). At this stage there were a number of commercial chess computers, with names such as Auto Response Board, Chess System III, Intelligent Chess, Sargon 2.5 etc. I was sitting in a computer studies lesson with my friends Robert Golden, Timothy Johnson and Winston Menzies thinking about these chess computers names (instead of paying attention to the teacher Mr Owen who was, by the way, very good) and suddenly it hit me: Higher Intelligence Auto Response Chess System - HIARCS for short! Perfect I thought. Now all I had to do was actually write the program!?

The design for this very first HIARCS in 1980 was to write a program which could search one move ahead but actually understand the tactical exchanges without searching them. At this time I was influenced by the classic book "Sargon: A computer Chess program" which a friend Winston had at the time. I remember the first objective was to get HIARCS playing legal chess. I programmed this in the Basic programming language and rapidly had a working structure. I was surprised that this was actually easier than the original UCT KRvK program I had written some months earlier - mainly because

I was learning fast how to write software.

The overall design was as follows:

- Pseudo Legal Move Generation
- Mobility Calculation for both sides this enabled HIARCS to check for move legality, compute basic tactical exchange swap offs and include a mobility evaluation term
- Evaluation "function" which was as follows: N5(N6) = T2 T3 + C4 X7 + E6 B3 + B4
 The above terms were: T2 Development bonus, T3 Penalties e.g. pawn promotion threat, C4 mobility for both sides, X7 tactical exchange swap offs threatened, E6 Material count pawn=100, knight=335, bishop=350, rook=500, queen=900, B3 misc. penalties, B4 misc. bonuses.
- Make Move
- 4 levels of play mainly based on mobility values

The program consisted of 550 lines of Basic and was finally named **HIARCS** 3 (lets call it **0.3** to avoid confusion with commercial versions over a decade later!) and was finished by 20th March 1981. It ran on a PDP 11/70 based at Hatfield Polytechnic (now Hertfordshire University) and took anywhere between 5 and 30 seconds to make each move!

It is interesting to consider that at about this time **Richard Lang** was beginning development of his Cyrus program a forerunner of the famous Mephisto dedicated chess computers.

I am sure you are all wanting to know how strongly did the first ever HIARCS play! On its top level 4 running on a PDP 11/70 it was about as strong as Chess Challenger 10 on level 2 or 3 so roughly 1150 Elo.

Games from this era are in (very) short supply, but I have managed to unearth two games from the project documentation, and a game against the commercial Voice Chess Challenger. These follow opposite.

By now I had new ideas on how HIARCS could be improved and soon begun designing HIARCS 0.4 but that is the subject of our next article...



The games - especially the 2 against the School Team Player - are littered with all sorts of tactical mistakes and oversights, overuse of the queen too early and other things, as you will quickly see if you play through them with any 2000+ rated dedicated or PC program. It seemed pointless to detail all of the mistakes, so I've just highlighted one or two of the most serious and will leave my readers to look for the others - which is good practice for us all from time to time.

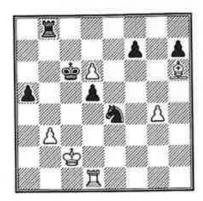
HIARCS 0.3 - School Chess Team Player

1.d4 包f6 2.包f3 e6 3.皇f4 b6 4.包c3 皇b7 5.豐d3 皇b4 6.0-0-0 皇xc3 7.豐xc3 包c6 8.包e5 包e4 9.豐f3 包xe5 10.dxe5 包c5 11.豐h3 0-0 12.b4 包a4 13.b5 c6 14.bxc6 皇xc6 15.豐b3 b5 16.h3 豐h4 17.豐g3 豐e7 18.邑d6 閏fb8 19.豐b3 b4 20.h4 a5



21.h5 **含f8 22.h6 gxh6 23. <u>a</u>xh6+ e8** 24.a3?

24. 營g3! wins outright 24...包c3 25.邑h3 &a4 26.營b2 包e4 27.邑d4 包xf2 28.邑f3 bxa3 29.營xa3 營xa3+ 30.邑xa3 &b5 31.g4 &c6 32.邑b3 邑xb3 33.cxb3 邑b8 34.全c2 堂d8 35.兔g5+ 全c7 36.兔h6 兔d5 37.e4 包xe4 38.兔c4 全c6 39.兔xd5+ exd5 40.\daggedd d6 41.exd6



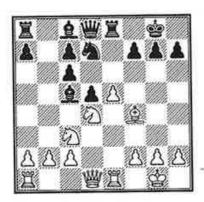
41... **\$\delta**xd6??

41... \@xd6! leaves Black ahead, but now he loses his rook and the game! 42. 鱼f4+! 凼c6 43. 鱼xb8 凼b7 44. 鱼e5 f6 45.호f4 ᡚf2 46.뿔xd5 원xg4 47.뿔xa5 원e5 48. Exe5 fxe5 49. exe5 空c6 50.b4 空d5 51.皇f4 空e6 52.b5 1-0

HIARCS 0.3 - School Club Player

1.e4 e5 2.இb5 විc6 3.විc3 විf6 4.විf3 මුc5 5.\(\hat{\pma}\)xc6 bxc6 6.d4 exd4 7.\(\hat{\pma}\)xd4 0-0 8.0-0 별e8 9.별e1 d5 10.e5 包d7?

10... 2 24=



11...f6??

11... 臭xd4 12. 閏xd4 匂f8±

12.e6?

12. $\triangle xc6!!$ wins immediately, the queen has nowhere to run and is lost. Slightly surprising that even the admittedly very early Hiarcs missed this

12...**2**f8??

12...₺e5=

13.2xc6!

Got it this time!

13... exe6 14. 包xd8 置axd8 15. 当f3 d4 16.包b5 总c4 17.包xc7 罩xe1+ 18.罩xe1 d3 19.cxd3 互xd3 20.增h5 总b4 21.互a1 包g6 22.鱼e3 臭d6 23.包b5 罩d5 24.豐g4 包e5

25.豐f5 &xa2 26. 分xa7 g6 27.豐xf6 夕g4 28.營c3 1-0

White: Voice Chess Challenger lev 7 -Black: HIARCS 0.3 lev 4

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 包c6 3.d5 包e5 4.豐d4 d6 5.\$e3 \$f5 6.\$c3 c6 7.\$f3 \$g6 8.b4 e5 9.dxe6 🚉xe6 10.월d1 d5 11.cxd5 원xd5 12. 公xd5 幽xd5 13.a3 幽xd4 14. 公xd4 0-0-0?

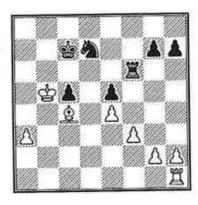
15. 夕xe6! 営xd1+ 16. 空xd1 fxe6 17. 鱼xa7 **≜d6 18.≜c5?**

18. $2b6\pm$ is okay – for a while Hiarcs now has a small advantage

21. 中c3 包d7 22. 中d4 耳f8 23.f3 耳f4+?

Now the VoiceCC is better, but with 23... ⊈c7 H0.3 would have maintained a small plus

27. 中c5 中c7 28. 皇c4 夕d7+ 29. 中b4 c5+ 30.db5 單f6



White is still a pawn up and holds the advantage. But now the game swings suddenly...

31.a4??

31.**含**b3+-

31...罩b6+!

Black must win!

32. 由a5 包f6?

How did it manage to miss 32... �b8!! threatening \(\Delta c6 \) mate and winning lots of material. E.g. 33. \$b5 公c6+ 34. \$xc6 空xc6 35. 邑c1 邑b8, now threatening 邑a8 mate, so 36. 邑xc5+ 內xc5 0-1

33. **\$b5** 罩d6?

draw, but now the VoiceCC strolls home 34.Ec1! 包d7 35.Ec2 空b7 36. axd7 Exd7 37. Exc5 星e7 38. 空b5 星e6 39.a5! 星e8 40.a6+ **Фа7** 1-0

How Times Change!

Twenty-and-a-bit years on we have the remarkable stick-it-in-your pocket, board and pieces-on-a-screen Palm HIARCS which, on my little black & white Zire 21 126MHz is getting close to 2500 Elo, and on a £250 Tungsten T3 400MHz colour unit seems to be edging just over 2600 Elo.

Don't believe it?!

Regular reader Clive Munro has just finished a 10 game G/60 match between Palm Hiarcs 9.046 using his same-as-mine 126MHz Zire 21 against the Tasc R30-1995, rated 2354. If we're right that the Zire 21 PalmH is 2500 Elo then the score should be around $6\frac{1}{2}$ - $3\frac{1}{2}$... exactly what it was! Let's have a look at one of the games!

Hiarcs 9.46 - Tasc R30

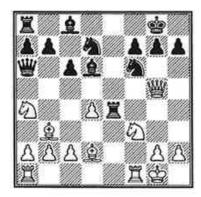
B15: Caro-Kann: 3 Nc3: 3...g6 and 3...dxe4 4 Nxe4 Nf6 5 Nxf6+ exf6

1.e4 c6 2.d4 d5 3.包c3 dxe4 4.f3 exf3 5.包xf3 包f6 6.皇c4 e6 7.0-0 皇d6 8.營e1

New!? But this is definitely a better 曾—move than some made by the early Hiarcs0.3!! I believe 8.皇g5 句bd7 9.譽e2 has been played and is okay for White 8... 句bd7 9.皇d2 曾b6 10.皇xe6!

PalmH sets up a neat and well-spotted little trap 10...0-0!

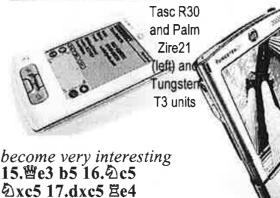
11. 夕a4 營a6 12. 皇b3 莒e8 13. 營h4 莒e4 14. 營g5



14...**¤g**4?!

Tricky, but it was correct to play 14...b5 first. Then, after $15. \triangle c3$ (not the game's $15. \triangle c5$? here as $\triangle xc5$ 16.dxc5 $h6!\mp$) only now is $15... \ge g4$ right and the position has



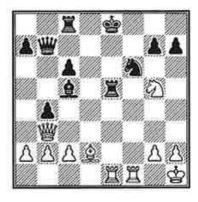


18.兔xf7+! 查f8?

Going to the corner
with 18... 查h8! 19. 對b3 兔xc5+ 20. 查h1 罩e7!
would give the R30 its best chance
19. 對c3! b4

Not 19... 含xf7? as 20. 包g5+ wins the 罩 20. 曾b3 &xc5+ 21. 含h1 曾b7 22. 包g5! 罩e5 23. êe6 含e8

The 由 has had an unhappy game 24. 全xc8 图xc8 25. 图ael!



That does it! Material is still equal but PalmH knows it has won 25... 匿e7 26. 包e6 暨d7 27. 包xc5 暨d5

28.營xb4 鼍xe1 29.鼍xe1+ 查f7 30.營b7+ 查g6 31. 包d3

Threatening 6f4+ so Black must decide what material to throw 31...5b8

If 31... 增d4? 32. 包e5+ 包f5 33. 增xc8+ is m/5

32. 世xb8 世d4 33. 包e5+

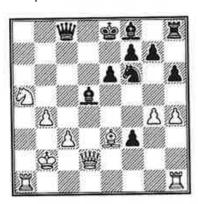
A PC program would be able to announce m/8 with this, and indeed PalmH won a few moves later 1-0

MAN V MACHINE - part 1: Bilbao hosts 3 highpowered PC ENGINES against 3 very strong GM's!

While Kramnik and Leko were coming under considerable mid-match criticism in Brissago, with many games being agreed as draws barely out of the opening, **Hydra**, **Junior** and **Fritz** were continuing to provide high drama to the very end of their 4 round, 12 game match against **Topalov** (2757), ex World Champ **Ponomariov** (2710) and the youngest ever superstar GM **Sergey Karjakin** (2576).

As the final day's play began the **Computer team** led by **6-3**, and no-one expected the humans to have a chance. No-one but the GMs it seemed!

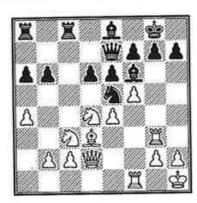
After around an hour of play **Karjakin** (White, to play) was playing **Fritz**, and demonstrating superior human knowledge in a very sharp line of the Najdorf. Black hasn't finished developing yet and White's b+c pawns are threatening to run up the board.



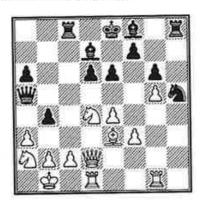


Ponomariov (Black, to play) had steadily built up an ideal-looking position on the Black side of the

Scheveningen against **Hydra**. With the two bishops his prospects were excellent.



And **Topalov** (White, to play) - the only 'star' so far for the humans - was outplaying **Deep Junior**. He's about to win the b4-pawn, and Black hasn't even castled yet!



A 3-0 whitewash was on the cards for the GMs, a potential match 6-6 draw!

We've shown the GM rating -. what about the Computers?

Hydra was on its latest 16-processor array, as discussed elsewhere in the Shredder-Hydra match. We'd have to say, I think, that this newest combination of program and hardware must rate at over 2800 Elo. It's also won its first 3 games!

Deep Junior was playing on 4x2.8GHz Zeon processors. Despite this (we'd rate it at over 2750 Elo) it was the Computer team's only disappointment before the latest game, and had just 1/3.

Fritz was on 'a mere Centrino

1.7GHz laptop' PC. So again, though in theory it would be the 'weak link' in the Computer team because of its 'off the shop shelf' hardware, we'd still estimate it to rate at over 2700 Elo. It had 2/3 before the last round.

In the view of **David Levy**, President of the ICGA (International Computer Games Association), these games were 'far more interesting for the chess public' than those being played in the Kramnik-Leko match!

Quite a few people agreed, though a few wished that a more Computer-literate human team had been chosen. Here's a few quotes:

'If the computer gets a winning advantage it's all over, for the human a winning advantage is the start of a long process... computers are just playing better chess, it's that simple... the matches are certainly exciting, but becoming one-sided, it would be better if only players from the world's top 5 were chosen to play, as the computers and top humans are now reaching the same level of performance... what we want to see is Anand (who knows about computers and is playing better than anyone else at the moment) vs. Hydra! that would be something'

The Match time control was 40/2 with G/60 finish.

Day 1 Ponomariov - Hydra

E15: Queen's Indian: 4 g3 sidelines, 4 g3 Ba6 & 4 g3 Bb7

1.包f3 包f6 2.c4 b6 3.d4 e6 4.g3 皇a6 5.b3 皇b4+ 6.皇d2 皇e7 7.皇g2 c6 8.皇c3 d5 9.包e5 包fd7 10.包xd7 包xd7 11.包d2 0-0 12.0-0 b5 13.c5 13...e5 14.b4 e4 15.e3營c7 16.邑e1 皇g5 17.a4 bxa4 18.岂xa4 皇b5 19.邑a3 包f6

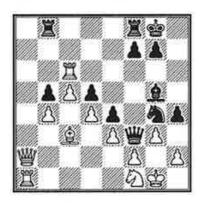


20.鱼f1?! With 20.f4 White could have blocked the position which would have certainly kept Hydra quiet and suited him better than the events of the game 20...a6 21.營a1 閏ab8 22.皇xb5?! axb5 22...\(\mathbb{Z}xb5?\) just loses a pawn to 23.\(\mathbb{Z}xa6\) and lets White back into the game 23.罩a7 營c8 24.營a6 營e6 **25.**\mathbb{\mathbb{B}}**a1?!** A bold attempt by the GM, but if he doesn't get something from it his pieces are going to be stretched to defend the kingside! 25...h5! 26.堂c7



A critical moment 26...h4! 26... ♯fc8 27. ♯xc8+ ♯xc8 28.h4! 臭h6 would quieten White's attack, but Hydra is in an aggressive mood. At this time Chrilly Donninger reported that Ponomariov was coming round to his side of the board and apparently trying to catch a glimpse of Hydra's evaluation and analysis! 27.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc6!? This seems best, as it leaves the queen on the a-file with a quick route back to help defend. The alternative was

27. \subseteq xc6 and maybe he is still in the game with some drawing chances after 27...曾f5! with 28.邑e1 公g4 29.萬e2 but 29...萬fd8! (winning a pawn with isn't as good because of 31.智d7!) 30.智a6 and now 30...hxg3 31.hxg3 ♠xf2 after which White's only hope seems to be to get the queen back into the defence with 32. ₩a1. Even so Black probably wins after 32... \@g4! followed by \\alpha a8! 27... 對f5! 28. 對a2?! Sacrificing the exchange with 28. 且xf6 皇xf6 was probably best as the queen can then be centralised with 29. 四d6! 28...句g4! 29.句f1 營f3



30.h3 It would take a lot of nerve, surrounded by so many enemy pieces, to open the g-file with 30.gxh4!? and indeed after 30... axh4 would be deadly - after the queen moves and Black's 33... \angle xa1 she cannot recapture on a l because of $\forall xf2$, so the rook is plain lost! 30... 2xe3! Destroys the \\sigma's protection 31.fxe3 &xe3+ 32.**含h2 鱼f2!** The only winning move as 32...hxg3+? 33. 2xg3 &f2 34. 2h1 only draws! 33.gxh4 e3! 0-1

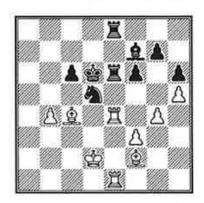
Deep Junior had White against **Topalov**, but the game was always pretty even. So to Karjakin v Fritz...

Fritz - Karjakin C45: Scotch Game

1.e4 e5 2.包f3 包c6 3.d4 exd4 4.包xd4 包f6 5.包xc6 bxc6 6.e5 營e7 7.營e2 包d5 8.c4 包b6 9.包d2 d6 10.exd6 cxd6 11.b3 皇g4 12.f3 皇e6 13.皇b2 d5 14.cxd5 包xd5 15.0-0-0 營g5 16.h4 營e3



This line has been played twice before according to my database – both draws. White can continue with \(\mathbb{I} = 1 \) or... 17.h5 h6 18.罩e1 營xe2 19.\(\text{\pmaxe2 f6?!}\) Blocking the White \$\\\ b2 diagonal, but weakening his own kingside, especially g6 20. 图h4!? dd7 21. c4 单d6 22. de4 置he8?! Surprising to see the young GM let his \(\mathbb{g} \) go so easily. Probably it should have gone to b4 at move 21, but he obviously did this willingly (20... **含**d7) hoping for a better positioned 🖄 later in the game 23. 2xd6 2xd6 24.営he4 &d7 25.鼻d4 a5 26.a3 **\$e6** 27.g4 **\$f7** 28.**\$f2** 置e6 29. 中d2 置ae8 30.b4 axb4 31.axb4



31...g6? Missing a simple

tactic. Best was something quiet like 31... \article c7 challeng− ing Fritz to find a way to win 32.鼍xe6+! Karjakin probably expected 32.hxg6 but even that is going to be difficult for him after 32... \$xg6 33. Exe6+ Exe6 34. 2c5+ **查***d7 35.* 閏*h1!* **32... 罩xe6** 33.**皇c5+! 曾d7 34.**閏a1 gxh5?! Better seems 34... 🖺 e8 giving the 🖄 an escape square, then 35. \(\mathbb{Z}a7+\) 2e6, but 36.b5! cxb5 37. 且a6+ and White should win the d5/\(\D\): 37...\\\D\ e5 38.皇d6+ 由e6 39.hxg6 皇xg6 40. 2f4+ 2e7 41. 2xd5+-35.閏a7+ 含e8 Blocking the check with 35... \(\Delta c7 \) just results in 36. \(\Delta xe6 + \Delta xe6 \) 37. **\$**b6 36.b5 hxg4 37.bxc6 the \(\mathbb{Z}\) and the game. Great play by Fritz, running right over Karjakin after two or three small mistakes 1-0

Day 2

Ponmariov got a substantial edge against **Fritz**, but on its little laptop kept calm and held the ex-World Champion to a draw.

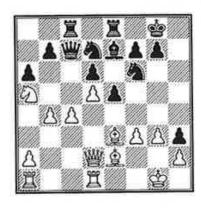
Topalov also got a big advantage against **Hydra** after the latter advanced a pawn unwisely. Indeed Topalov appeared to be totally winning but made some small errors in the G/60 final session and Hydra also got away with it for a draw.

Thus this was the only decisive game of the round...

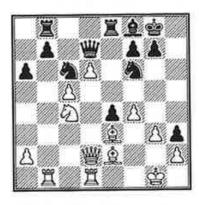
Karjakin - Deep Junior

B90: Sicilian Najdorf: Unusual White 6th moves, 6 Be3 Ng4 and 6 Be3 e5

1.e4 c5 2.包f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.包xd4 包f6 5.包c3 a6 6.f3 e5 7.包b3 鱼e6 8.鱼e3 鱼e7 9.營d2 h5 10.包d5 鱼xd5 11.exd5 包bd7 12.鱼e2 豆c8 This seems to be new, previously both g6 and a5 have been seen here 13.c4 h4 14.0-0 h3 15.g3 0-0 16.包a5 營c7 17.b4 罝fe8 18.罝fd1



18...包b8 DJ wants its 幽 on d7, but is in danger of getting a very passive position
19. Bac1 e4 20.f4 幽d7 21.c5
Black's &/b7 can become a target after this 21...dxc5
22.bxc5 皇f8 23.d6 公c6
24.公c4 国b8 25.因b1!



25... 曾e6 26. 国b3 g6?!
26... 필ed8 27. 曾b2 b5 28.cxb6 (28. 句e5!?) 28... 逸xd6 would have been better, though Karjakin's big initiative would still put him comfortably on top 27. 句b6 逸g7 28. 句d5 曾d7 29. ②xf6+ 逸xf6 30. 逸c4 a5 31. a3 邑a8 32. 邑b5 a4 33. 曾e2 逸g7 34. 逸d5 邑a7 35. 母f2 兔f6 36. 邑b6 母f8 37. 邑db1



37....皇g7 38.g4 皇h8 39. 盘g3! f5 40.g5 40. 幽b5!? 40... 幽h7 41. 皇xc6 bxc6 42. 置xc6 42... 幽g7 43. 邑cb6 幽c3 44.c6 1-0.

Well done young Sergey. Match score at the end of the 2nd. round has closed to

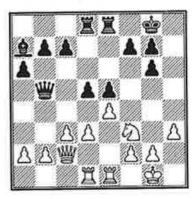
Computers 31/2 - GMs 21/2

Day 3

Hydra - Karjakin

C65: Ruy Lopez: Berlin Defence (3...Nf6), unusual lines and 4 0–0 Bc5

1.e4 e5 2.夕f3 夕c6 3.彙b5 夕f6 4.d3 彙c5 5.0-0 d6 6.c3 0-0 7.夕bd2 a6 8.彙a4 彙a7 9.h3 夕e7 10.置e1?! Apparently new. 10.d4 was played in Fedorchuk—Ovsejevitsch, 2001 1-0 (42) 10... 夕g6 11.夕f1 童d7 12.彙xd7 營xd7 13.彙g5 營d8 14.夕h4 至e8 15.夕xg6 hxg6 16.夕h2 營d7 17.營b3 營b5 18.營c2 夕h7 19.夕f3 夕xg5 20.夕xg5 罩ad8 21.罩ad1 d5 22.夕f3



22... 置e6?! A strange choice

— thinking of 虽f6 maybe?

22... 豐c6 quietly reinforcing
the centre is slightly better

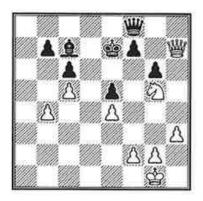
23.c4! dxc4 24.dxc4 豐e8

25.c5 畐e7?! So it isn't
headed for f6—it seems the
GM is waiting for Hydra...
that can be dangerous!

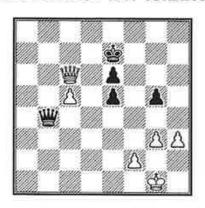
26.虽xd8 豐xd8 27.虽d1 豐e8

28.虽d3 c6 29.豐d1 Threat—
ening 虽d8 winning the 豐 for
虽 29...豐f8 30.b4 皇b8

31. 国 d 8 国 e 8 32. 国 d 7 国 e 7 33. 包 g 5 全 c 7 34. 世 g 4! Hydra relentlessly builds up the pressure 34... 世 e 8 35. 国 x e 7 世 x e 7 36. 世 h 4 世 d 8 37. 世 h 7 + 全 f 8 38. 世 h 8 + 全 e 7 39. 世 x g 7 世 f 8 40. 世 h 7 a 5 41. a 3 a x b 4 42. a x b 4



Hydra has won a pawn, but Karjakin might have been able to defend were it not for his next! 42...空6? Missing a tactic. 42...空66 would have spoiled that and after the probable 43.型h4, 空g7 making Hydra's task as hard as possible 43.②e6! fxe6 44.翌xc7 營f4 45.營c8+ 空e7 46.營xb7+ 空f6 47.g3 營xe4 48.營c8 空f7 Black cannot let Hydra play 營f8+ 49.營d7+ 空f6 50.營e8 g5 51.營h5 營xb4 52.營f3+ 空e7 53.營xc6



53...e4?! 53...增d4 was still a fighting chance for the draw 54.增d6+! 含f6 55.增d8+ 含g6 56.增g8+ 含f6 57.增f8+ 含g6 58.增e7 增c4 59.h4! 59...gxh4 60.gxh4 增b3 61.增g5+含f7 62.增f4+含e7 63.增xe4 etc 1-0

By this time **Deep Junior** and

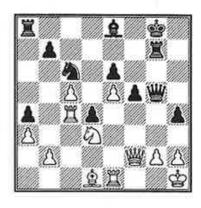
Ponomariov had drawn a game in which neither side ever had any worthwhile advantage. So it's 5-3 for the Computers as we go into the final game of the day!

Fritz - Topalov

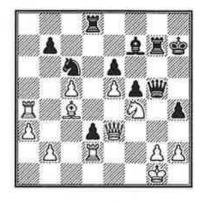
C03: French Tarrasch: Unusual Black 3rd moves

1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.4 d2 a6 4. වgf3 විf6 5.e5 වfd7 6. මුd3 c5 7.c3 2c6 8.0-0 g5 9.2b1?! An interesting choice, c4 and dxc5 are in my Fritz8 book, but not this! 9...g4 10.包e1 h5 10... 智h4!? 11. **11. 12. 11... 12.** b5 blocking the centre and gaining space would be suitable anti-computer strategy 12. 2xc5 2xc5 13.dxc5 2xc5 14.2d3 2a7 15. ga4 单d7 16. gf4! 单b8 17.罩d1 f5 18.c4 d4 19.罩e1 빨e7 20.요c2 h4!





Fritz seems to be winning the manouvering phase!
33...世h6 34.包f4! 邑d8
35.邑xa4 d3 36.鱼b3 鱼f7
37.豐e3 豐g5 38.邑d1 全h7
39.邑d2 豐h6 40.全g1 豐g5
41.鱼c4



Pawns and pieces all over the place make it hard to see exactly what's going on... but Topalov, a pawn down with others in danger, could try \(\vec{\alpha}\)d4 and still have some opportunities 41...<u>ģ</u>é8? 42.**ģ**xe6! good: 42...\@xd3 43.\@xd3 Dxe5 and now the \(\mathbb{Z}/a4\) is en pris so 44. 🖺 d4 🗓 c6 and White is barely ahead at all 42... Ze7 43. Zxd3 Zxd3 44. Yxd3 ②xe5 45. Yxf5+ **幽xf5 46. 魚xf5+ 杏h6 47. 勺d5** *After 47...* **≜***xa4 48.* **€***xe7* Fritz is 3 pawns to the good for an easy endgame win 1-0

So the Computers lead 6-3, but you've already seen the early mid-game positions from the final day, and we'll see exactly how those games turned out in iyr next Issue, and include some event photos!

RATING LISTS AND NOTES

A brief guide to the meaning of the
HEADINGS may help everybody.

BCF. These are British Chess Federation ratings. They can be calculated from Elo figures by (Elo - 600) /8, or from USCF figures by (USCF - 720) /8.

Elo. This is the Rating figure which is in popular use Worldwide. The BCF and Elo figures shown in SELECTIVE SEARCH are calculated by combining each Computer's results v computers with its results v humans. I believe this makes our SelSearch Rating List the most accurate available for Computer Chess anywhere in the world. +/-. The maximum likely future rating movement, up or down, for that particular machine. The figure is determined by the number of games played and calculated on standard deviation principles. Games. The total number of Games

on which the computer's or program's rating is based.

Human/Games. The Rating obtained and no. of Games played in Tournaments v rated humans.

A guide to PC Gradings:
386 & 486 based PC's have now disappeared from our top 50 listing. The GUIDE below will help readers calculate approximately what rating their program should play at when used on alternative hardware.

Pent-PC represents a program on a Pent/Pent2/MMX/K6 at approx. 200MHz, with 16-32MB RAM.

P4-PC represents a program on a Pentium4/K7 at approx. **1000**MHz, with 256MB RAM.

Users will get slightly more (or less!) if their PC speed is significantly different. A <u>doubling</u> in **MHz speed** = approx. **40** Elo; a <u>doubling</u> in **MB RAM** = approx. **3-4** Elo.

Comp-v-Comp GUIDE, if Pentium4/1000 = 0

Deep prog on 8xP4/1000	80	Deep prog on 4xP4/1000	60
P4-Athlon/2000		Deep prog on 2xP4/1000	30
P4/1000		P3-K7/500	-40
PPro2-K6/300	-80	PPro2-K6/233	-100
Pent/200	-120	486DX4/100	-200
486/66	-240	386/33	-320

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RATT	NG LIST (c) Eric Hallsworth COMPUTER SHREDDER8 P4-PC SHREDDER7.04 P4-PC JUNIOR8 P4-PC FRITZ8 P4-PC FRITZ7 P4-PC HIARCS9 P4-PC CHESS TIGER15 P4-PC GAMBIT TIGER2 P4-PC CHESS TIGER14 P4-PC SHREDDER6 P4-PC HIARCS8 P4-PC FRITZ6 P4-PC JUNIOR7 P4-PC GAMBIT TIGER1 P4-PC JUNIOR7 P4-PC GAMBIT TIGER1 P4-PC JUNIOR6 P4-PC REBEL CENTURY4 P4-PC HIARCS732 P4-PC HIARCS732 P4-PC SHREDDER8 P4-PC SHREDDER8 P4-PC FRITZ516 P4-PC FRITZ532 P4-PC CHESSMASTER 6/7000 P4-PC NIMZ08 P4-PC REBEL CENTURY3 P4-PC NIMZ08 P4-PC GANDALF5 P4-PC GANDALF5 P4-PC GANDALF5 P4-PC GANDALF5 P4-PC GEBEL CENTURY1.2 P4-PC REBEL CENTURY1.2 P4-PC REBEL P4-PC HIARCS6 P4-PC REBEL CENTURY1.2 P4-PC CHESS PRO6 P4-PC REBEL P4-PC CHESS PRO6 P4-PC CHESS PRO7 P4-PC CHESS PRO8 P4-PC SHREDDER3 P4-PC SHREDDER3 P4-PC SHREDDER2 P4-PC SCANDALF3 PA-PC	PCPro	gs	SelSe	arch115	. De	c2	004	
BCF	Computer	Ē	Ιo	+/-	Games	Pos		Human	/Games
267	SHREDDER8 P4-PC	2	743	18	605	1	1	2619	21
265	SHREDDER7.04 P4-PC	2	727	12	1501	2		2703	20
263	JUNIOR8 P4-PC	2	708	13	1235	3	1	2401	4
262	FRITZB P4-PC	2	697	11	1640	4	1	2764	14
261	FRIT77 P4-PC	2	695	11	1559	5	1	1	-
261	HTARCS9 P4-PC	2	694	15	959	6	1		
358	CHESS TIGERIS P4-PC	2	669	15	856	7	1		
257	GAMBIT TIGER2 P4-PC	2	663	11	1712	8		2542	2
35.7	CHESS TIGERIA PA-PC	2	662	12	1305	9	1	2705	2 13
356	SHREDDER6 P4-PC	2	650	12	605 1501 1235 1640 1559 959 856 1712 1305 1316	10	1	2478	7
256	HIARCS8 P4-PC	2	648	11	1602	11	1	1-24	14
355	FRIIZ6 P4-PC	2	640	10	2081	12		2616	14 53
355	JUNIOR7 P4-PC	2	640	12	1372	13	-	2701	12
253	GAMBIT TIGER1 P4-PC	2	628	22	430	14	1		
252	REBEL TIGER12 P4-PC	2	619	15	872	15	-		
255	JUNIOR6 P4-PC	2	617	10	1891	16	ŀ	2621	22
255	REREL CENTURYA PA-PC	2	616	21	480	17	į	2674	4
256	HIARCS732 P4-PC	ž	603	9	2347	16	!	2467	19
250	HIARCS7-DOS P4-PC	2	602	12	1397	19	- 1		
248	SHREDDER5 P4-PC	2	591	14	1018	20	į	2642 2500	15
248	SHREDDER4 P4-PC	2	584	16	760	21	ļ	2500	15
247	FRIT7516 PA-PC	5	582	12	1375	22	1	2513	6
1547	FRIT7532 P4-PC	2	1582	12	1480	23	1		
1547	CHESSMASTER A/7000 P4-PC	2	579	24	353	24	1	2594	22
247	NIMZOB P4-PC	ž	579	ĨŻ	1326	25	1		
1247	NINZOZ P4-PČ	5	2578	13	1208	26	ŀ		
247	REBEL CENTURY3 P4-PC	5	2576	25	340	27	- !	2655	6
1246	NIMZO98 P4-PC	2	2573	12	1308	28	Į.	2475	10
245	GANDALES P4-PC	2	2566	20	503	29	- 1	1	
245	JUNIORS P4-PC	2	2563	11	1537	30	ļ		
245	GANDALF4 P4-PC	2	2562	13	1115	31			
244	HIARCS6 P4-PC	2	2556	13	1207	32	1	2592	24
243	NIMZO99 P4-PC	2	2546	14	1051	33	ŀ		
243	SOS P4-PC	2	2546	14	974	34		8	
J243	REBEL CENTURY1.2 P4-PC	2	2545	21	460	35		2592	43
243	REBEL-10 P4-PC	2	2544	25	333	36	ŀ	2598	17
242	REBEL9 P4-PC	2	2543	14	1063	37		2677	14
242	GOLIATH LIGHT P4-PC	2	2543	15	846	38			
242	REBEL8 P4-PC	2	2543	19	549	39	ŀ		
242	MCHESS PRO6 P4-PC	2	2537	17	712	40	ŀ	2504	12
241	MCHESS PRO7 P4-PC	3	2530	14	1068	41		2600	ž
241	CHESS GENIUSS P4-PC	2	2530	13	1207	42		2459	6
240	SHREDDER3 P4-PC	3	2524	33	193	43		2711	2
239	HCHESS PROS P4-PC	3	2519	14	1031	44			
239	SHREDDER2 P4-PC		2519	15	878	45	1	2218	6
236	GANDALF3 P4-PC		2495	27	282	46		- ಸಾಹತ್ ನಿರ್ಣ	
234	JUNIOR4.6 P4-PC		2473	43	115	47		1	
233	KALLISTO2 P4-PC	_	2469		413	48	9		
231	FRITZS PENT-PC		2455	25	332	49			
230	HIARCSS PENT-PC		2446	19	589	50	Ų	!	
1-30	Williams Lett. 10					- 7			

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Please send ARTICLES, RESULTS, GAMES and SUBSCRIPTIONS direct to Eric... thanks!

The (nearly) All-Time RATING LIST

Tasc R30-1995	2354	Novag Obsidian	1940	SciSys Turbostar 432	1761
Tasc R30-1993	2312	Novag Emerald Classic+Amber	1940	Fidelity Excellence/3+Des2000	1757
Mephisto London 68030	2310	Novag Jade2+Zircon2	1930	Kasparov A/4 module	1748
Mephisto Genius2 68030	2303	Fidelity 68000 Mach2B		Conchess/4	1744
Mephisto London Pro 68020	2306	Novag Super Forte+Expert B/6		Kasparov Renaissance basic	1743
Mephisto Lyon 68030	2273	Mephisto Mega4	1026	Kasparov Prisma+Blitz	1743
Mephisto Portorose 68030	2268	Kasparov D/10 module	1023	Novaa Super Constellation	1735
Mephisto RISC2	2264	Novag Star Ruby	1020	Novag Super Constellation	
Mephisto Vancouver 68030			1020	Novag Super Nova	1733
		Fidelity 68000 Mach2C	1014	Mephisto Blitz module	1727
Mephisto Berlin Pro 68020		Kasparov Explorer	1914	Fidelity Prestige+Elite A	1700
Meph Lyon+Vanc 68020/20		Kasparov AdvTravel+Bravo	1914	Novag Supremo+SuperVIP	1698
Kasparov RISC 2500-512	2240	Kasparov Barracuda+Centurion	1914	Fidelity Sensory 12	1692
Meph RISC1		Kasparov GK2000+Executive	1914	SciSys Superstar 36K	1678
Mephisto Atlanta+Magellan		Mephisto MM4	1906	Mephisto Exclusive S/12	1676
Kasparov SPARC/20		Mephisto Modena		Meph Chess School+Europa	1674
Mephisto Montreux	2219	Kasparov C/8 module		Conchess/2	1670
Kasparov RISC 2500-128		Novag Ruby+Emerald	1893	Novag Quattro	1662
Mephisto London 68020/12	2196	Novag Super Forte+Expert A/6	1890	Novag Constellation/3.6	1660
Novag Star Diamond/Sapphire	2189	Fidelity Travelmaster+Tiger	1889	Novag Primo+VIP	1658
Fidelity Elite 68040v10	2184	Meph Supermondial2+College	1887	Fidelity Elite B	1648
Mephisto Vancouver 68020/12	2169	Mephisto Monte Carlo4	1887	Mephisto Mondial2	1621
Mephisto Lyon 68020/12	2164	Kasparov Talk Chess Academy	1886	Novag Carnelian	1620
Mephisto Portorose 68020	2145	Fidelity 68000 Mach2A	1885	Fidelity Elite original	1619
Mephisto London 68000	2141	Kasparov Travel Champion		Mephisto Mondial1	1608
Novag Sapphire2+Diamond2	2133	Mephisto Monte Carlo		Novag Constellation/2	1604
Mephisto Berlin	2129	Conchess Plymate Victoria/5.5	1872	CXG Super Enterprise	1600
Fidelity Elite 68030v9	2122	CXG Sphinx Galaxy	1871	CXG Advanced Star Chess	1600
Mephisto Vancouver 68000		Kasparov TurboKing2	1861	Novag AgatePlus+OpalPlus	1590
Mephisto Lyon 68000		Kasparov AdvTrainer+Capella	1861	Kasparov Maestro	1560
Mephisto Almeria 68020	2116	Novag Expert/6		Kasparov TouchScreen+Cosmic	
Mephisto Master+Senator	2102	Conchess Plymate Roma/6		Fidelity Sensory9	1537
Mephisto Milano Pro	2102	Fidelity Par Excellence/8		Kasparov Astral+Conquistador	1536
Novag Sapphire1+Diamond1		Fidelity 68000 Club B		Kasparov Cavalier	1536
Mephisto MM4/Turbo18	2090	Novag Expert/5		Chess 2001	1508
Mephisto Portorose 68000	2089	Novag Super Forte+Expert A/5		Novag Mentor16+Amigo	1507
Fid Mach4+Des2325+68020v7	2078	Fidelity Par Excellence		GGM+Steinitz module	1506
Fidelity Elite 2x68000v5	2059	Fidelity Elite+Designer 2100		Excalibur Touch Screen	1490
Mephisto Mega4/Turbo18	2050	Fidelity Chesster	1835	Monhieto 3	
Mephisto Polgar/10	2046	Novag Forte B	1000	Mephisto 3	1480
Mephisto Roma 68020	2040	Fidelity Ayant Cardo	1000	Kasparov Turbo 24K	1476
	2043	Fidelity Avant Garde	1029	SciSys Superstar original	1475
Mephisto Dallas 68020	2043	Mephisto Rebell	1020	GGM+Morphy module	1472
Kasparov Brute Force	2029	Novag Forte A		Kasparov Turbo 16K+Express	1470
Mephisto Almeria 68000	2024	Fidelity 68000 Club A		Mephisto 2	1470
Novag Scorpio+Diablo	2012	Kasparov Stratos+Corona		SciSys C/C Mark6	1430
Kasparov Challenger+Expert	1990	Kasparov TurboKing1		Conchess A0	1425
Mephisto MM6-Cougar-Cosmos	1996	Conchess/6	1806	SciSys C/C Mark5	1420
Kasp President+GK+TC2100	1990	Mephisto Supermondial1	1804	CKing Philidor+Counter Gambit	1400
Mephisto Nigel Short	1989	Kasparov A/6 module	1803	Novag BerylPlus+Granite	1380
Mephisto MM4/10	1988	Conchess Plymate/5.5	1801	Morphy Encore+Prodigy	1360
Fid Mach3+Des2265+68000v2	1986	Excalibur Grandmaster	1800	Sargon Auto Response Board	1340
Meph Dallas 68000	1982	SciSys Turbo Kasparov/4	1795	Novag Solo	1300
Mephisto MM5	1970	Novag Expert/4	1794	CXG Enterprise+Star Chess	1320
Mephisto Polgar/5_	1970	Kasparov Simultano	1794	Fidelity Sensory Voice	1260
Nov Super Forte+Expert C/6		Fidelity Excellence/4	1788	Chess King Master	1220
Mephisto Mondial 68000XL		Conchess Plymate/4	1781	Kasparov Trainer+Travel	1200
Mephisto Milano	1960	Novag Jade1+Zircon1	1780	Boris Diplomat	1160
Mephsto Montreal+Roma68000	1955	Fidelity Elite C		Fidelity Chess Champion 10	1160
Mephisto Amsterdam	1950	Fidelity Elegance		Novag Savant	1120
Mephisto Academy		Mephisto MM2		Boris 2.5	1080
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