SELECTIVE SEARCH 157 THE COMPUTER CHESS MAGAZINE!

Est. 1985 Dec 2011-Jan 2012 Published by Eric Hallsworth £3.95

STOP PRESS!!

JUNIOR wins the World
Computer Chess
Championship
HIARCS and SHREDDER
come 2=



HIARCS wins the World
Computer Chess Software
(equal hardware) Championship
JUNIOR is 2nd



Eric and his wife Chris wish all Selective Search subscribers and readers
A VERY HAPPY CHRISTMAS with our best wishes to you for a GREAT YEAR in 2012

- ■SUBSCRIBE NOW to get REGULAR COPIES of the LATEST ISSUE and RATING LISTS mailed to you as soon as they come out!
- ■£24 per YEAR for 6 ISSUES by mail in UK. EUROPE addresses £30, elsewhere £34. Send Cheque, Cash or use PayPal from my website!
- FOREIGN PAYMENTS: CHEQUES must be in POUNDS STERLING. If you send CASH it should be registered, best to use PayPal.
- ■PUBLICATION DATES: approx. early Feb, Apr, Jun, Aug, Oct, Dec.
- ARTICLES, REVIEWS, or GAMES sent in by Readers, Distributors, and Programmers etc. are always welcome.

IN THIS ISSUE!

- 2 ADVERTISING
- 3 NEWS, RESULTS, INFO, REPORTS + NEW PRODUCTS

FROM AROUND THE WORLD, INCL.

- THE DUTCH OPEN LONDON CHESS CLASSIC - NEW ENGINES - CARL BICKNELL - FRANK HOLT - CHESS WAR XV - ACCA WORLD RAPIDS -HOUDINI MESSES UP AN ENDGAME
- 7 BILL REID'S TOUGH POSITIONS
 - We catch up with Bill's latest wonderful TEASERS, AND EMBARRASS SOME TOP PC ENGINES!
- 9 GEBRUIKERS 23!
 - ROB VAN SON AND YOUR EDITOR

 COVER ANOTHER FASCINATING

 TOURNAMENT, WITH GAMES + PHOTOS
- **16 CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!?!**
 - ERIC SUGGESTS A COUPLE OF GREAT CHESS STOCKING FILLERS!
- 18 STEVE BLINCOE: RESURRECTION HIARCS V RESURRECTION RYBKA
 - HIARCS LED 21/2-11/2. GAMES 5-10!
- 29 THE EIGENMANN POSITIONS
 - An interesting Endgame Testsuite
 we've selected our first batch
 of tricky positions
- 31 FIFTEEN YEARS AGO!
 - FIND OUT WHAT WAS HAPPENING IN COMPUTER CHESS IN 1996!
- 34 THE WORLD COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPIONSHIPS 2011
 - THE RESULT OF THE WCCC AND WCSC AS Junior AND HIARCS SHARE THE TOP HONOURS!
- 35 LATEST SELECTIVE SEARCH, CCRL & CEGT DEDICATED & PC RATINGS

SELECTIVE SEARCH is produced by ERIC HALLSWORTH

CORRESPONDENCE and SUBSCRIPTIONS please to: Eric Hallsworth, 45 Stretham Road, Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RX.

<u>E-MAIL</u> address: **erichallsworth@gmail.com**The SELECTIVE SEARCH Website: **www.elhchess.demon.co.uk**

FRITZ 13 - DUE OUT 17/10/11





"Let's Check" is the revolutionary new feature of Fritz 13. With it Fritz 13 users can join a worldwide community that will put together a giant knowledge base for chess. Whenever you analyse a position to any meaningful depth with any engine Fritz 13 will, if you allow it, send the main line and evaluation to a central server, to be shared by all participating users. Soon you will be able to find deep analysis to almost every position you look at - instantly, pre-generated by the finest engines in the world, running on the most powerful machines available. Gone are the days where you would have to wait for your computer to reach substantial depth in order to make sure you are not falling into a trap. You will even be able to see the analysis of different chess engines and compare their results - all without a second of waiting time.

Discover a position! It does not matter whether you are a beginner, a club player or a Super-GM. If you use a powerful engine to analyse a previously unknown position with the Let's Check function switched on, you will be automatically registered as the "discoverer" of that position.

Conquer chess positions! Let's Check keeps updating the evaluations to any given position with newer, deeper analysis as this becomes available. Using powerful machines

and the latest engines allows you to "conquer" positions, with your name attached to the newest, deepest analysis. You can also add comments to your analysis, which other users will see when they encounter the position.

Even if you are not an openings expert you can become one using *Let's Check*. The entire body of openings theory is built into the system, and *Let's Check* provides you instantly with the statistics of any position in the opening: how often did it occur, which moves were played, with what success. The openings book (LiveBook) is updated on a weekly basis and will show you which variations are currently topical and how good they are. It will also reveal which lines are being analysed and debated in the international community, and with what conclusions.

Other new features in Fritz 13:

- Enhanced database management
- Improved user interface in Windows
- New and more powerful Fritz 13 engine, especially tuned for deep analysis.
- Updated database and opening book.

ORDER NOW FOR JUST £40 (including free delivery to all UK customers) RRP £44.95

NEWS AND RESULTS KEEPING YOU UP-TO-DATE IN THE COMPUTER CHESS WORLD!

Welcome to another issue of *Selective Search*... no. 157. If your sub. is due for renewal, *please* subscribe again! There will be at least 6 more issues of the magazine!

The label on your envelope shows the number of the last issue you will receive of your current subscription, so it's easy to check that, and also you can make sure it's been updated after you've made a renewal payment!

I <u>cannot</u> take credit card renewals now, but I have organised a **PayPal** account for myself (erichallsworth@gmail.com). You can access it at my **website** and renew your sub. quite easily.

SELECTIVE SEARCH

I APOLOGISE that this issue is so late, but I felt it was important to hang on for the WORLD COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPI-ONSHIPS (WCCC + WCSC) to take place and give you the results. These will be on page 34. As I write these notes I know that Junior won the World Title with Hiarcs and Shredder 2=, and in the World Software Championship Hiarcs was leading with 2 rounds to go, ½ a point ahead of Junior.

A SINCERE THANKS to everyone who has taken the opportunity to re-subscribe using **PayPal**! I set this up because I don't have access to a credit card facility since my retirement, but PayPal seems to work well, so thank you!

Paying your Subscription

For the moment all subscriptions can be paid in the following ways...

- by cheque!
- or you can send cash through the post but you must register it, or do whatever alternative your country requires for sending cash if you are not in the UK. I know that cheques can be quite difficult for my readers abroad as you have to add an amount of around £10 to include the Bank charges in the UK which apply to foreign cheques even when made out in £ sterling!
- by PayPal. If you have a PayPal account you

can use it to send your subscription to [erichallsworth@gmail.com] or, even easier, go to my website **www.elhchess.demon.co.uk** and click on Pay Subscription by PayPal in a central box near the top, read the instructions there and then click on the 'Donate' button!

CHESS: News Section

LEIDEN - THE 30TH DUTCH OPEN Oct. 2011

I MENTIONED in our last issue my concern for the Leiden Tournament and the fact that the entry list was noticeably small and, in particular lacking in top engines. This followed the ICGA ban on Rybka which the CSVN decided not to abide by! Thus there was a backlash from all the programmers who had made the original complaint, and they simply refused to enter.

As it happened Rybka itself didn't enter either after all that, and other engines that fill the top places on rating lists such as the IPON list don't enter any tournaments like this or the World Championship, presumably because they are clones of (take any 1, 2 o3 from) Crafty, Fruit, Rybka, Ippolit, Ivanhoe, Fire, Houdini etc... some of which are probably at least in part clones themselves!

So the **result** looks, I guess, a little strange for the famous **Dutch Open**:

Pos	Engine	Score/7
1	PANDIX	7
2	Spark	51/2
3	Pro Deo	5
4	THE KING	3½
5	Spartacus	3
6	ARMINIUS	21/2
7	KALLISTO	1½
8	GADGET	0

Congratulations to **Pandix**, scoring 7/7 in any tournament takes some doing, there are so many carefully prepared books helping



weaker engines get into drawish positions, and such fast PCs that it's not so easy to catch your opponents out any more, certainly not in 7 consecutive games!

THE LONDON CHESS CLASSIC

THIS BRILLIANT and now, it seems, annual event takes place again this year at the **Olympia Conference Centre** in Kensington, London, from 3rd-12th. December.

Viktor Korchnoi will again be present as a guest of honour, there are very many special events, especially for schools and younger players - and by inviting an extra GM this year the LCC has introduced the brilliant idea that each GM will have a 'day off' in which he will become a part of the commentary team for the other games!

The players for the main event, with their latest ratings, are: Magnus Carlsen 2826, Vishy Anand 2811, Levon Aronian 2802, Vladimir Kramnik 2800, Hikaru Makamura 2758, Michael Adams 2734, Nigel Short 2698, Luke McShane 2671, and David Howell 2633.

CARL BICKNELL

CARL HAS been playing **Hiarcs13.3** on his iPhone against **Chessmaster GMedition** on a 3.6GHz quad Core i7.

Previously **Hiarcs12.4** on his iPhone had lost 7-3, but now **Hiarcs13.3** has won by an amazing **6-4**!

He wonders how well it could do in the London Chess Classic!?!

THE XVTH CHESS WAR SUPER TOURNAMENT

I ONLY became aware of this Tournament after 32 rounds had been played. These tournaments are run by **Graham Banks** and this time it involved 12 engines in a 4 x All-Play-All (so 44 games each in total) at 40 moves

in 25mins played on an i5 750 PC. The engines were played in 32-bit and SP mode.

When I joined the scores were:

$23\frac{1}{2}$	Houdini2.0
$22\frac{1}{2}$	Critter1.2
19	Rybka4.1
$18\frac{1}{2}$	Stockfish2.1.1
16	Spike 1.4 Leiden
16	Komodo3
$15\frac{1}{2}$	Naum4.2
$15\frac{1}{2}$	Shredder12
14	Sieng 2010
12	Chiron1.0
11	Hiarcs13.2
81/2	Junior12.5

Not much changed over the next few rounds except that Shredder started to climb the table a little, but at round 38 Houdini was 2pts clear of Critter, and Rybka was now 4pts behind Critter, so the winner would come from the leading pair.

SUPER TOURNY XV - FINAL STANDINGS

Pos	Engine	Score/44
1	Houdini 2	331/2
2	CRITTER 1.2	31½
3	Кувка 4.1	26
4	STOCKFISH 2.1.1	241/2
5	Коморо 3	22
6	SHREDDER 12	201/2
7	SPIKE 1.4 LEIDEN	20
8=	Naum 4.2 Sjeng 2010	191/2
10	CHIRON 1.0	18
11	HIARCS 13.2	151/2
12	JUNIOR 12.5	131/2

FRANK HOLT

FRANK SHARED with us recently the problems he'd been having with his Quad PC, but that a good clean-up had rescued it!

Not so unfortunately. A few weeks later it started crashing again, so got returned to Novatech, the retailer. Their further efforts failed to solve it, so they returned it to the manufacturer ('Clevo'?!). They 'sorted it out' but back at Novatech they found it still kept shutting down - and not due to over-heating playing chess this time, so it's back with the manufacturer for a new processor and RAM!

Frank is playing chess on his slower Duals but managed to send the following result:

ENGINE TOURNY - FRANK HOLT. DUAL 1.87GHz

Pos	ENGINE	Score/12
1	HOUDINI 1.5	101/2
2	HOUDINI 1.5A	91/2
3	RYBKA 3 HUMAN	61/2
4	HIARCS 12	51/2
5	CRITTER 1.2	5
6	К увка 4в	41/2
7	ZAP ZANZIBAR	1/2

That's a very disappointing performance from **Zap Zanzibar**, but it tells you how far the engines have come in the last 3 or 4 years, though the **Hiarcs12** result slightly contradicts that comment with an excellent effort in a tournament that sees **Rybka4** in a surprisingly low placing!

THE 2011 ANNUAL ACCA INTERNET WORLD COMPUTER RAPID CHAMPS

THIS WAS the **5th** running of this Internet Event, but there were no really big names entered, although readers will know of some of them from Chris Goulden's articles.

The **top scorers** are shown at the top of the next column:

Pos	ENGINE	Score/ 10
1=	PANDIX CHESS THINKER X	8
3	CHIRON X	71/2
4	SJENG	61/2
5	Вовсат 2х	6
6	DARMENIOS	51/2
7=	HANNIBAL X NIGHTMARE X CRAFTY TELEPATH REDQUEEN CHESS GOLDBAR TORNADO-C GAVIOTA THE BARON	5
	AND 5 OTHERS	The first in the last

Pandix won a play-off against Chess Thinker, so wins 2 Tournaments in our NEWS section! Although there were no Rating List table-toppers playing, it is clearly quite strong as we see that Sjeng came further down the list and was on an 80-core Cluster while most others were i7 or even i5 processors.

Chiron is a newly available commercial program, and is probably also quite strong, so in our next issue I will try and have a look at a couple of games involving Pandix and Chiron.

The Baron's score was probably a disappointment, it usually does well even amongst top company but, of course, in a 10 round Event a bit of good luck or bad luck can play a big part.

NEW Engines

CHRISTMAS IS normally the time when you'd expect quite a few new engines to emerge as the Software people look for good ways to extract some money from us.

However this year it looks to be a bit quieter than usual. Here's the ones I know about:

CHIRON I've mentioned above. It is a UCI engine and you can pay for it and download it at...

www.chironchess.com

FRITZ 13 was announced in our last issue, and is advertised on our Inside Front Cover. This is a *ChessBase* engine and so far it is SP only, an MP version is expected in April 2012.

How much better is it than Fritz 12? The IPON rating list helps us here as they test engines using SP mode only, whether or not they are MP capable. They show Fritz13 as being 40 Elo stronger than Deep Fritz12, and 74 Elo above Fritz12. It was always known that the <u>Deep</u> version of Fritz12 also contained engine strength improvements in addition to the addition of MP mode capability, and the IPON ratings confirm this.

<u>HOUDINI 2 by CONVEKTA</u>. I referred to this in issue 156 when it became available from programmer **Robert Houdart**'s own website...

www.cruxis.com/chess

The **Houdini 2 Aquarium** version from *Convekta* is £44.99 and the **Pro** version is £89.99, which is worth having for high-end hardware and enables use of up to 32-cores

and bigger hash tables.

It might be worth thinking about buying Houdini 2 in the Chess Assistant Professional package - that way you get the Pro version of Houdini 2 together with the Pro version of the Chess Assistant advanced database with its fast searching, advanced analysis functions, 5 million game database, autoupdates via Internet weekly matic connection, and a Chess Openings Encyclopaedia 2011. All this for £99.95, so only £10 more than Houdini 2 Pro on its own, looks like very good value!

The Aquarium gui gives one or two slightly different analysis features than the engine does in a ChessBase gui, but there are still some question marks over how much

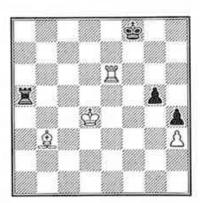
better it is than the 1.5a version.

One advert says that it leads all computer rating lists, but that is not quite true. That's partly because some lists wont include it because they believe it to be a clone of the Ippolit engines which they believe to be cloned from Rybka which they believe to be a clone of Fruit.

But a couple of lists still have Houdini 1.5b a few Elo above the standard Houdini

2.0, although the majority do have the new version a few Elo ahead. My own tests suggest the Pro version is perhaps 25 or 30 Elo stronger than 1.5a.

Here, interestingly, is a position Houdini2 made a mess of though, if you try it out on other engines you'll find Houdini isn't the only one!



It is White to play and, while the game could still be drawn, White clearly has the best of it, should play for a win, a <u>could</u> win! But Houdini on pretty fast hardware played **60.Re5**?? with a +385 evaluation. Interestingly Rybka would play 60.Bd5, as would Junior, and Hiarcs 60.Rg6. Rybka and Hiarcs think White will win, Junior's eval is not so convincing but confirms that White still has good chances. However some other engines make Houdini's mistake!

What now? Well definitely it has to be **60...Rxe5**. Rybka and Junior show this instantly as 0.00, which is correct - it's all about the queening square of the White pawn and the square colour of its bishop! See what your engines think, but note that they don't all make the exchange, which knocks the confidence a bit!? On my dual PC Houdini wouldn't exchange, but it did on my quad.

Now of course it's **61.Kxe5**, but only Junior shows 0.00, Rybka goes back to a big + evaluation for White, the same as Houdini and others. The next few moves were **61...Kg7 62.Kf5 Kf8** (Junior and Rybka show 0.00), **63.Kf6** (Again, as White, Junior alone has 0.00, Rybka has +4.77??). It was move 107 in the actual game when finally the Houdini eval dropped from >300 to 0.00??

Thanks to **Peter Grayson** for sending me this Internet game.

BILL REID's "TIME FOR ADJUDICATION"

Tough Positions for COMPUTERS... AND SOMETIMES US!

Dear Eric

Many thanks for your excellent presentation of my SS156 contribution. I'm sending on for SS157 that I hope will make its way to your pages. But finally the time has come for me to retire! If ideas crop up I may send them to you, but I have to give up being a regular SelSearch writer.

With best wishes for more great issues.

<u>Eric</u>: Of course that was disappointing, to say the least, for me - and I know for many of my readers.

Bill's contributions over the years have been nothing less than excellent, bending our minds and showing beyond argument that even our top PC engines on the fastest of hardware aren't always everything they are cracked up to be!

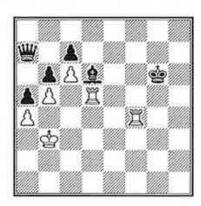
Very many thanks Bill for all of your efforts, I seriously hope that 'ideas will continue to crop up'!

Here was Bill's **Time for Adjudication** for our last issue.

<u>Bill</u>: It looks as though using that word 'adjudication' is getting a bit tricky. Those old team captains and chess masters didn't just have to be able to find the best move in an unfinished game, they had to say whether it led to a loss, draw or win. Now we have programs like Houdini and Critter which can find the move that wins, but need to play a few more moves before they show the win as definite. So, 'Now To Find The Best Move!' begins to look like a better title.

Well, how did they do on that position I showed in *Selective Search 156*?

Black to Move



If we just do number counting we will decide that 1...Bxf4 is the way to go. Queen versus Rook must be a win. But this is one of those positions where humans would not do that because the tactical advantage is ruled out by statics.

After 1...Bxf4 2.Rd8 the Black queen is permanently trapped and the game is drawn.

Our human player would of course go 1...Qb8 and, with queen and bishop free to roam the board, those White rooks are not going to be able to save the game.

But can the modern programs calculate so deeply that, even without the ability to handle statics, they can see that 1...Bxf4 is not the way to go.

I got an interesting contribution from <u>Peter</u> Grayson:

I had a look at the Bill Reid position SS156 over a pot of tea after I returned from work yesterday and agree with the comment that it was fairly easy to visualise the queen being trapped when White's rook got to d8 and then c8. Being on a White square the Black bishop cannot force the rook away and Black's king cannot approach because of the c6 pawn protecting d7.

From the human perspective there are only two moves to check but I did not expect any engine to get this because of the weight of the material gain of the rook after Bxf4. Then unless an engine has specific knowledge to identify the trapped queen scenario it would have to look ahead 100 ply to see the

50 move rule and even then some engines may rely on the GUI. And so it was that none of the engines I used were able to find it, with the evaluation after Bxf4 ranging from -5.3 from Zappa Mexico II to -8.9 from Stockfish 2.1.1. I do not have all the latest commercial engines so I probably don't have the engine that you found discarded Bxf4.

As far as this being the way forward for humans against computer engines I suspect these positions arise few and far between. I think the divergence between man and machine has already occurred, similar to man racing a car. For some time cars have outpaced man but it does not stop men racing each other in a car. Similarly man versus machine chess will likely only have one outcome but man + machine versus man + machine chess balances it out.

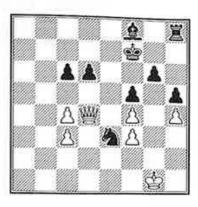
Eric: Of course I had told you that I found an engine that did not play 1...Bxf4. Like Peter I had anticipated it would be difficult for them to get past those big material evaluations, so I left them on for longer than usual and Junior 12.5 changed to 1...Qb8 after 24 minutes!

Bill: However, as I said in SS156, producing positions like that 'does get a bit repetitious'. What we need is some research that can show HOW humans can use ideas like 'statics' and 'talking with the pieces' to engineer wins against the programs (and if that COULD be done, it would raise some interesting complications for Elo ratings!). Not something that I'm able to tackle.

Looking back at old copies of *SelSearch* I see that, in the October issue in 2002, I said 'I'm getting old and these new programs are too good for me'. But somehow I kept going. And then in *SS121* (2005-6) my contribution was headed 'Is it Time to Retire?'. And again I came back with more challenges for the engines. This, however, does look like the time to take a back seat and just enjoy what Eric's other contributors come up with.

But let's just see how the programs have improved?! All but one failed completely on this position that I showed in SS127.

White to move



It's one of those that the team captains had to decide on when time was called otherwise one of them would have to fork out five shillings plus postage to get a local master to make the judgement - and nowadays the postage would cost more than the five shillings! THEY had no problem agreeing that it had to be a draw. It does look as though Qxh8 wins, and that's what all the programs except Deep Fritz 10 went for in the report Eric did in SS128. But in fact Qxh8 loses! Surely our latest programs wont make such a mistake?

Finally my very best thanks and good wishes to Eric for the fine editorial work he does on *SelSearch*. I don't think any other editor would have kept me going for so long!

Eric: I had a look to see what engines we tested for SS128.

- Shredder10. 1.Qxh8? c5 2.Kf2. +1.66
- Rybka2.1: 1.Qxh8? c5 2.Kf2. +1.30
- Rybka2.2n: 1.Qxh8? c5 2.Kf2. +1.46
- Hiarcs11: 1.Qxh8? c5 2.Kf2. +1.69
- Junior10.1: 1.Qxh8? c5 2.Kf2. +2.46
- LoopMP12.32: 1.Qxh8? c5 2.Kf2. +1.88
- Fritz9: 1.Qxh8? c5 2.Kf2. +1.98

There's a tricky reply to 2.Kf2 which Black must find to win!

• Fritz10: 1.c5!? Bg7 2.Qxe3. 1.33

We concluded at the time that 1.c5 would draw but not win (at least it wont lose!). And we also believed the immediate 1.Qxe3 would draw. Perhaps readers would like to check these out with our hopefully much improved engines on even faster hardware.

THE 23RD. GEBRUIKERS TOURNAMENT

BY ROB VAN SON AND ERIC HALLSWORTH

Already we have reached the 23rd edition of the **Gebruikers tournament!** This time there were nine computer chess enthusiasts who came away to **Leiden** with ten chess computers. Fortunately, the interest in user Tournament is fairly constant and the atmosphere does not change!

We opted for a five round tournament with one hour maximum playing time, but with a new idea using 15 secs per move as the computer setting and, to save using clocks, we stopped the game at the hour. There was provision for arbitration by Ries van Leeuwen if a game was still undecided, but in practice no arbitration was required, all games played to the end and were already completed after 50 minutes.

For the 23rd. Gebruikers we were only allowed to play with computers with an Elo below 2100 according to the **Wiki list**.

The participants were:

Hein Veldhuis with the Saitek Renaissance Brute Force, the Frans Morsch program that played solid chess with good

handling of material in its time. Look at the parties!

Hans van Mierlo had come with the Novag Emerald Classic and the Fidelity Mach III in its lovely wood Avant Garde board. The Emerald plays enterprising chess and the Mach III is very solid.

Peter Schimmelpennink played on the Mephisto Milano. This computer, programmed by Ed Schroder, plays quite changeably, sometimes surprises, sometimes quietly.

Rob van Son brought his Sphinx Galaxy 4.2, a version where some earlier bugs have been removed, so now it is a sound program of French Morsch.

Theo Heukels had his Mephisto Master again, a program of French Morsch which is on a fast processor and strong. Unfortunately Theo started with an incorrect setting, allowing two games to be virtually given away.

Ruud Martin came with the emulated Mephisto MM V in his Revelation board and running at 18MHz. Unfortunately this has not been a great success. Many games saw material and chances given away in the endgame.



Luuk Hofman's old Mephisto Rebell.5.0 by Ed Schroder played.

Henk Weersel came with a by Dave Kittinger, the <u>Novag Obsidian</u>.

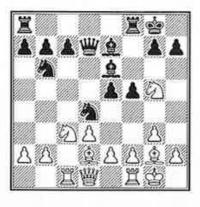
The day again passed too quickly. But everyone likes it so well and, once again, there were several nice games and the usual surprises.

So on with the games with Eric's analysis. There were 2 good games in the very first round:

Sphinx Galaxy CXG - Mephisto Milano

Round 1. A29: English Openings, Four Knight's Variation

1.c4 e5 2.包c3 包f6 3.g3 d5 4.cxd5 包xd5 5.兔g2 包b6 6.包f3 包c6 7.d3 兔e7 8.兔d2 兔e6 9.0-0 0-0 10.畳c1 f5 11.營c2 I expect our dedicated friends were out of the Books by now, but for the record 11.兔e3 is usually played here, then 11... 查h8 12.營d2 is probably best 11...營d7 12.包g5 包d4 13.營d1



13...c5?! Very bold, better seems to be [13...皇xg5 14.皇xg5 f4= 14.②xe6 ②xe6 15.邑e1 ②d4 16.f4 I think 16.a4! threatening a5 would have maintained a definite advantage for White 16...exf4 17.皇xf4 g5 18.皇e5 豐e6 19.皇c7! 邑ac8 20.皇xb6 豐xb6 21.②d5! 豐d6 22.e3 ②e6 23.豐a4 a6 24.豐b3 皇d8





The Sphinx has a good position here. Though Black has more space the Galaxy's pawn structure is better and the ② is strong

on its d5 outpost 25.\degree xb7? The pawn is heavily poisoned! 25. \(\mathbb{I} f1! \) b5 26. \(\mathbb{Z} c2 \) threatening to double rooks on the f-file would give the Milano plenty to think about 25... \(\begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \text{The queen has nowhere to run to} \end{aligned} \) **26. a** 7 If 26. **a** f6+ **a** £xf6 and the queen escapes with 27. 幽d5 罩bd8 28. 幽b3 but at leaves Black well on its way to the win **26... 27. 当 27. 当 c**7 wouldn't have worked: 27... 2xc7 followed by 2a5 still wins the queen for rook exchange, and now with the knight off the board as well 国d2 31. ge4 国a2 32. 包c3 国b2 33. gd5 包c7 34. ②e4 營h6 35. 鱼f7+ 查d7 36. ②xc5+? 36. Df2 was more stubborn, but 36... 2e7-+ 36... 空e7 37.h4 gxh4 38.罩cf1 豐xe3+ **39. △h1 hxg3** *This is mate in 6: 40.* **△***e5*+ 豐xe5 41. De4 g2+ 42. 由g1 gxf1閏+ 43. 由xf1 图f4+ 44. 图f2 图xf2# 0-1

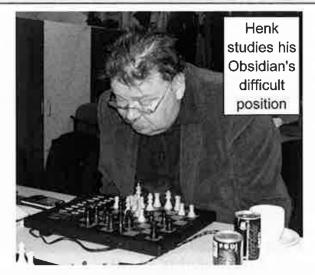
Saitek Centurion - Novag Obsidian

Round 1. C42: Petroff Defence

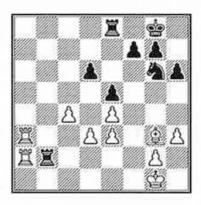
1.e4 e5 2.包c3 包f6 3.皇c4 包c6 4.d3 皇b4 5.包f3 d6 6.0-0 皇xc3 7.bxc3 0-0 8.皇g5 This isn't a particularly well known line and Black's next is pretty rare, you usually see 8...h6 or 皇e6. But the Obsidian was out of its Book by now of course. Mainline theory plays 包a5 at move 4! 8...包a5 9.皇d5 h6 10.皇h4 c6 11.皇b3 包xb3 12.axb3 置e8 13.c4 皇g4 14.c3 置e6 15.置e1 豐e7 16.豐e2 豐c7 17.置a2 豐d8 18.置ea1 皇xf3 19.豐xf3 豐b6 20.b4 包d7 21.皇g3 包f8 22.豐e2



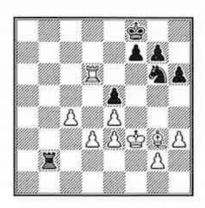
The play has been of high quality and hard to fault in any way so far. Now however the Obsidian misses the fact that it's a-pawn is in danger! 22... Δ g6?! 22...a6= 23. \forall e3!



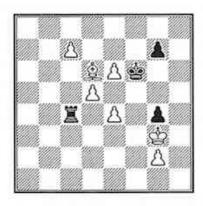
営xe3 To avoid the exchange would mean 23...c5 24. 畳a5 a6 25.bxc5 dxc5 26. 畳xc5 leaving White a pawn ahead 24.fxe3 a6 25.b5! cxb5 If 25...c5 26.bxa6±. And not 25...axb5?? which loses a rook of course 26.cxb5 畳c8 27.bxa6 bxa6 28.c4 畳b8 29.畳xa6 畳b2 30.畳6a2 畳b3 31.畳a3 畳b2 32.h3 畳e8 33.畳1a2



33... **Beb8?!** White's persistence pays off as Black decides to exchange a pair of rooks. 33... **Bbl+34. bbl2 better 34. Bxb2 Exb2 35. Ba6 Bbl+36. bf2 Bb2+?!** The first check was okay, but this just encourages the Centurion to improve its king's position 37. **bf3 bf8** 38. **Exd6**



38... 空e7 38...h5 was a better idea, to try and slow down the White king's advance 39. 置xg6?! A surprising way to aim for the finish... I'd have played 39.c5! But the Centurion's choice makes for a nice visual as the pawns charge forward! 39...fxg6 40. 堂xe5 置d2? 40... 置c2 was the best defence, slowing the pawns down 41.d4! 查f7 42.c5 置c2 43. 皇d6 g5 44.d5 There doesn't seem to be anything Black can do, the Centurion is pushing the winning pawns exactly as it should! 44...h5 45.c6 g4+46.hxg4 hxg4+47. 堂g3 查f6 48.c7 置c4 49.e5+ 查f5 50.e6 查f6 51.e4!



A nice picture for Centurion fans! 51...g5 52.\(\hat{g}\)e5+\(\hat{g}\)e7 53.\(\hat{g}\)xg4 \(\hat{g}\)e2 54.g3 The Centurion may not have known that this is m/9, but it's +9.99 eval certainly showed the game was definitely over 1-0

Results 1st round:

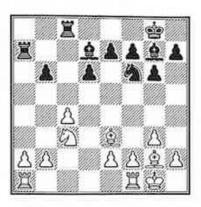
Centurion - Obsidian 1-0 Master - Brute Force 0-1 MM V - 5.0 Rebell ½-½ Mach III - Emerald ½-½ Galaxy - Milan 0-1

Here's a good game from round 2 as the Milano notches up its second win.

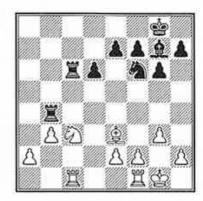
Mephisto Milano - Saitek Centurion

A39: Symmetrical English

1.c4 c5 2.包c3 包c6 3.包f3 包f6 4.g3 g6 5.皇g2 皇g7 6.0-0 0-0 7.d4 cxd4 8.包xd4 包xd4 9.營xd4 d6 10.營d3 All mainline stuff, but now 10...皇f5 and a6 are usual and, if Black were to move the queen, 10...營a5 10...營b6 11.營e3 皇d7 12.營xb6 axb6 13.皇xb7 罩a7 14.皇g2 罩c8 15.皇e3



15.... 国xc4 15... 包g4 looks better, then if 16. 兔xb6 国 and the bishop has no safe retreat square, so probably 17.c5 dxc5 18. 国 ad1 国 xb6 19. 国 xd7 国 xb2 temporarily equalising material, though White will win the e7 pawn soon and retain some advantage 16. 兔xb6 国 a6 17. 兔e3 国 b4 18.b3 兔c6? Black shouldn't be exchanging bishops, more important is finding a way to challenge the connected passed pawns. They've a long way to go from a2 and b3, but 'connected passed' should always cause alarm bells! 19. 兔xc6 国 xc6 20. 国 ac1!



20... 图b7? If the Centurion had put the rook on b8... 20... 图b8, then after 21. ②d5 图xc1 22. ②xf6+ ②xf6 23. 图xc1 ②b2, and things are not quite so bad 21. ②d5! 图xc1 And now instead of ②d5 as in the line just given... 22. 图xc1! h5 23. 图c8+ ②h7 24. 图c7! 图xc7 Moving the rook to b5 or b8 would just bring 25. ②xe7 and White is 2 pawns up, the delightful connected passed ones on the a and b files! 25. ②xc7 ②e4 26.a4! Here they go 26... ②c3 27. ②f1 ②d1 28. ②b6 ②c3 29.a5 Black played 29... ②xe2 and resigned 1-0

Results 2nd round:
Milano - Centurion 1-0
Brute Force 1-0 Mach III 1-0
Emerald - MMV 1-0
Rebell - Galaxy ½-½
Obsidian - Master 1-0

Results 3rd round:
Brute Force - Milano 1-0
Obsidian - Emerald 0-1
Centurion - Rebell 1-0
Galaxy 5.0 - MS V ½-½
Mach III - Master 0-1

4th round results:
Emerald - Brute Force 0-1
Galaxy - Centurion ½-½
Master - Milan 1-0
Rebell 5.0 - Obsidian 1-0
MMV - Mach III 1-0

The SCORES at this point were:

Pos	Computer	Score/4
1	Brute Force	4
		31/2
		3
2=	EMERALD CLASSIC PLUS CENTURION	21/2
4=	MILANO MASTER REBELL 5.0 MM5	2
8=	SPHINX GALAXY	11/2
	OBSIDIAN	1
10	ELITE MACH3 AVANT GARDE	1/2
		0

Well, we see that the Brute Force computer can't be caught, but Rob's e-mail sending the games and photos said: "The game between the Milano (Peter) and Ruud's MM5 in the last round was very exciting, especially as they were both on 2 points and in with a chance of a prize!

I took some photos during that game and, as you can see next page, there were many spectators watching."

So then, one more game to finish off with!





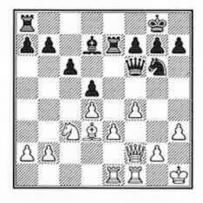


Top: Hein with his Renaissance Brute Force Centre: Hans with his 2 entries, the Elite Mach3 Avant Garde and the Emeralnd Classic Plus Bottom: Ries, Arbiter and here with his Centurion

Meph Milano - Revelation MMV

D36: Queens Gambit Declined

1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.\(\Delta\)c3 \(\Delta\)f6 4.\(\Delta\)g5 \(\Delta\)e7 5.cxd5 exd5 6.e3 c6 7.单d3 包bd7 8.豐c2 0-0 9.**2** f3 **Ee8 10.0-0 2** f8 This is a popular line, so I'd guess the computers might have been in Book to here. Now 11.h3 is usual, and the move played rare, so I think they are now on their own 11. **Zab1** 包g6 12.h3 12.b4! is good, and then 12...a6 has been played by Ivanchuk amongst others 12...包e4 13. axe7 增xe7 14. 包d2?! It was actually better to return the \(\mathbb{L} \) for \(\bar{\partial} \) exchange with 14. 2xe4 dxe4 15. dd=. Now Black gets the better position 14...2xd2 would have been stronger 16. Ebel 单d7?! It is surprising that the MMV didn't play 16... \(\mathbb{2}\)xh3 as the previous moves seemed to have set that up! White has to play 17.f4 after which 17... 增g3! is strong 17.空h1 罩e7 18.f4 \\footnote{0}f6 19.\footnote{0}f2



19... ae8? Black had to stop White's next with 19... \$f5 20.f5! **公h8?** An awful square. Surely 20... \$\Quad f8\$ was better 21.e4! **增d6 22.e5 增h6 23.增g3 罩c8 24. 2a4 b6 25.f6** *25.* \(\exists f4! \) threatening \(\exists g4 \) or \(\exists h4 \) would have given the MM5 serious problems. The game now involves a lot of shuffling about with little progress being made for a while. Jump to the next diagram! 25... \(\text{Zee8} 26. \(\Delta \) c3 g6 27.a3 a5 28.a4 \(\text{Za8} \) 豐xe3 33. Exe3 h5 34. E3e2 Eec8 35. 由 h2 h4 39. 23e2 cxd4 40. 2b5 Qd7 41. 2xd4 至c3 42.罩e3 罩ac8 43.罩1e2 垫h6 44.鼻a6 罩8c5 45.h4 \(\mathbb{Z}\) xe3+ 46.\(\mathbb{Z}\) xe3 \(\mathbb{Z}\) c1 47.\(\mathbb{Q}\) e2 \(\mathbb{Z}\) g1+ 48.含h2 罩b1 49.拿f3



I must say that Ruud Martin with the Revelation MMV looks a lot more relaxed with the position than Peter Schiimmelpennink, especially in the photo below!



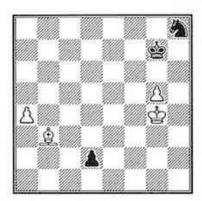


Black's next encourages the Milano king towards a better, centralised square, and the game comes to life again. Better was 49...g5 49...置b2+?! 50.蛰g3 鼍d2 51.e6! fxe6 52.②xe6 d4 53.鼍e4 &xe6 54.鼍xe6 鼍d3 55.鼍xb6 g5 56.f7+ Or 56.蛰g4! 56...蛰g7 57.f8徵+ 蛰xf8 58.hxg5 蛰g7 59.鼍b7+ 蛰f8

60. 空g4 罩c3 61. 罩b5 d3



It's looking interesting. White is a pawn up but what can the d3-pawn do to change everything!? 62.\(\mathbb{Z}\texa5\)\(\math



This is good fun! **67.查f4! ②f7 68.&c2** 68.a5! **②**d6 69.a6 **②**c8 70.**&**c2 **查**f8 71.g6 also wins **68...②**d6 **69.호e3 ②**f7 **70.g6 d1**

71. **②xd1 查xg6** White has to win now, but let's watch the finish. With best play it's m/21 72. **查d4 ②d6** 73. **查c5 ②b7+74. 查c6 ②a5+75. 查b5 ②b7** 76. **③c2+ 查f6** 77. **③d3 查e5** 78. **查b6 ②d6** 79. **a5 查d4** 80. **③f1 查e5** 81. **a6 查d5** 82. **③c7 ②e8+83. ③b7 ②d6+84. ③b8 ③c4** 85. **③xc4+ ②xc4** 86. **③c7** It's now m/11, so White has missed some best moves. But obviously Black knows it's game over and resigned before Ries had the chance to come over and adjudicate the game! It certainly wouldn't have posed him the same problems as some of Bill Reid's 'Time for Adjudication' positions! 1-0

Results 5th round:

Centurion - Brute Force 1-0 Rebell 5.0 - Emerald 0-1 Milano - MM V 1-0 Master - Galaxy 1-0



The Cups were given out at the end as always, **Hein** was 1st., **Ries** 2nd on tie-break., and **Hans** came 3rd. but wasn't at the Award Ceremony, so Ries took his cup! I'm sure he will send it to him!!

Pos	Engine	O PERATOR	SELSEARCH RATING	Score/5
1	SAITEK RENAISSANCE BRUTE FORCE	Hein Veldhuis	2021	4
2=	SAITEK CENTURION NOVAG EMERALD CLASSIC	Ries van Leeuwen Hans van Mierlo	1928 1954	31/2
4=	MEPHISTO MILANO MEPHISTO MASTER	Peter Schimmelpenninck Theo Heukels	1950 2104	3
6=	MEPHISTO REBELL 5.0 MEPHISTO MMV REVELATION	Luuk Hofman Ruud Martin	1825 1963 ?	2
8=	SPHINX GALAXY NOVAG OBSIDIAN	Rob van Son Henk van Weersel	1866 1961	11/2
10	FIDELITY ELITE AG V2 (MACH III)	Hans van Mierlo	1981	100

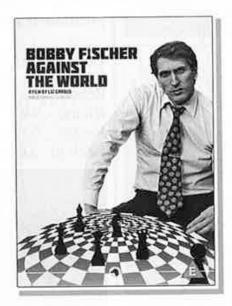
TWO GREAT IDEAS for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

BOBBY FISCHER AGAINST THE WORLD (DVD) - A FILM BY LIZ GARBUS. RUNNING TIME: 94 MINS

RRP £12.99 - London Chess Centre PRICE £11.99

The hardest match he played was the one in his mind

Bobby Fischer Against the World traces the life of the Grand Master from child prodigy to Cold War hero to controversial recluse. Cutting interviews with Bobby and the people who knew him, with footage and news reports, Bobby Fisher Against the World is a mesmerising portrait of the rise and bizarre fall of one of the great American icons.



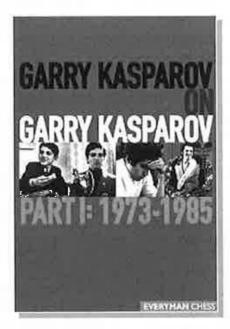
In 1958, 14-year old Robert James Bobby Fischer stunned the chess world by becoming the youngest Grand Master in history, launching a career that would make him a legend. Raised by his mother in Brooklyn he taught himself to play chess at the age of six and started beating seasoned adult chess players when he was just eight. Throughout the sixties, as his star rose, Bobby would appear regularly on TV and when touring the world he was resoundingly beating all-comers. His career highlight came in 1972 when he played the Russian Grand Master and reigning champion Boris Spassky - a series that was perhaps as equally tied in with the Cold War as it was with chess. After an astonishing start to the match in which Fischer blundered in game 1 and defaulted game 2 by simply not turning up, his amazing fightback and eventually comfortable victory made Bobby the most famous person on the planet. Then his already erratic behaviour began spiralling out of control, turning this genius into an unrecognisable recluse and pariah.

GARRY KASPAROV ON GARRY KASPAROV PART 1: 1973-1985. HARDCOVER, 520 PAGES
RRP £30.00 - London Chess Centre PRICE £25

Garry Kasparov on Garry Kasparov, part 1 is the first book in a major new three-volume series. This series will be unique by the fact that it will record the greatest chess battles played by the greatest chess player of all-time. The series in itself is a continuation of Kasparov's mammoth history of chess, comprising My Great Predecessors and Modern Chess. Kasparov's historical volumes have received great critical and public acclaim for their rigorous analysis and comprehensive detail regarding the developments in chess that occurred both

on and off the board.. This new volume and series continues in this vein with Kasparov scrutinising his most fascinating encounters from the period 1973-1985 whilst also charting his development away from the board.

This period opens with the emergence of a major new chess star from Baku and ends with Kasparov's first clash with reigning world champion Anatoly Karpov – a mammoth encounter that stretched out over six months. It had been known in Russia for some time that Kasparov had an extraordinary talent, but the first time that this talent was unleashed on the western world was in 1979. The Russian Chess Federation had received an invitation for a player to participate in a tournament at Banja Luka and, under the impression that this was a Junior event, sent along the fifteen year old Kasparov (as yet without even an international rating!). Far from being a Junior tournament, Banja Luka was actually a major International event featuring numerous world class Grandmasters. Undeterred Kasparov stormed to first place, scoring 11½/15 and finishing two points clear of the field. Over the next decade this "broad daylight" between Kasparov and the rest of the field was to become a familiar sight in the world's leading tournaments



About the Author: Garry Kasparov is generally regarded as the greatest chess player ever. He was the thirteenth World Champion, holding the title between 1985 and 2000. His tournament record is second to none, featuring numerous wins in the world's major events, often by substantial margins. As well as his outstanding successes, Kasparov has constantly promoted the game; he has done more than anyone to popularise chess in modern times.

Other titles in the Kasparov series are:

- My Great Predecessors. [1] Steinitz to Alekhine £25, [2] Euwe to Tal £25, [3] Petrosian + Spassky £25, [4] Fischer £25, [5] Korchnoi + Karpov £30
- Kasparov on Modern Chess. [1] Revolution in the 70's £30, [2] Kasparov v Karpov 1975-1985 £30, [3] Kasparov v Karpov 1986-1987 £30, [4] Kasparov v Karpov 1988-2009 £30

Both the BOOK and/or the DVD can be purchased from **THE LONDON CHESS CENTRE**, tel. 020 7288 1305. Web: **www.chess.co.uk**. This is NOT an advert, it's my own 'nice present' RECOMMENDATIONS, but please do mention *Selective Search* if you place an order.

P.S. If you go to their website you can download a pdf file extract from Kasparov's new book!

REVELATION HIARCS V RESURRECTION II RYBKA

TOP DEDICATED HARDWARE MATCH RUN BY STEVE BLINCOE

Having noted in *SelS 155* that **HIARCS 13** had become available for **Ruud Martin**'s **Resurrection** and **Revelation** boards, we covered the first 4 games in the last issue, 156, of USA reader **Steve Blincoe**'s match between **Rev Hiarcs13 v ResII Rybka2.2**.

In order to see some variety in play, Steve forced each computer in turn to open with:

- 1.e4, 1 game each
- 1.c4
- 1.Nf3
- 1.Nc3

The **ResurrectionII** modules were both running on Xscale PXA255 processors @ 500MHz with hash. The engines were **Hiarcs13.3** using the Hiarcs book tournament setting, and **Rybka2.2n8** using the Noomens standard book.

When we left it last time we had seen 4 quite tough and interesting games, with some high quality chess, **Rev Hiarcs** led narrowly over **Res Rybka** by $2\frac{1}{2}-1\frac{1}{2}!$

So here we go again... game 5!

Rev-Hiarcs 13.3 - Res II-Rybka 2.2n8

Game 5. E04: Open Catalan

1.d4 ②f6 2.②f3 e6 3.g3 d5 4.c4 dxc4 5.Ձg2 ②c6 6.a4 Ձb4+ 7.Ձd2 ②d5 8.Ձxb4 ②dxb4 9.②c3

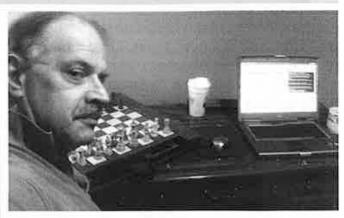
This puts Rybka out of its Book, but it chooses theory moves

9... \$d7 10.0-0 a6

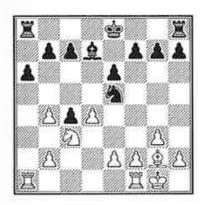
Hiares is also now out of book, both show white+10

11.包e5 營e7N

11...b5 12.營a3 罩b8 is in my database 12.a3 包xe5 13.營xb4 營xb4 14.axb4

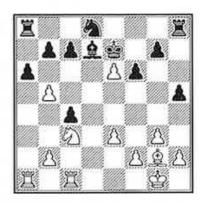


In our photo of Steve he is playing in the Paris 2008 tournament, via the Internet, with a Saitek Renaissance Sparc



We've had another early queen exchange! But although Black (Hiarcs) castled by hand successfully in game 4, Rybka finds it harder to negotiate the troubled waters in this one! 14...包c6 15.b5 包d8 16.置fc1 空e7

Rybka castles by hand, but wouldn't 16...0-0 17.e3 \(\mathbb{E}\)e8 would have been okay?! **17.e3 f6 18.d5 h5 19.dxe6**



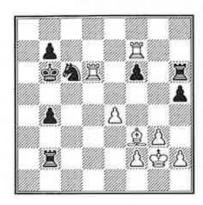
19...**\$**xe6

some danger: 20.罩d1 &c8 21.勾d5!± **20.**勾**d5**+ **含d6?!**

21.罩d1!

White equalises material 27... 全c5 28. 全e2 罩a2 29. 罩xc7 罩xb2

Rybka has 2 passed pawns – but they're both on the b-file!
30.皇f3 查b6 31.置f7 置h6 32.查g2 b4
33.罩dd7 刻a5 34.罩d6+ 刻c6 35.e4



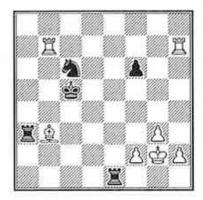
35...b3?

35... 堂c5 was correct, and if 36. 墨d5+ 堂b6 it is not easy for Black to find a win. Perhaps risk the advancing b4—pawn and grab the one on b7 with 37. 墨dd7 h4 38. 墨xb7+ 堂a5 ± 36.e5! 墨a2

I think 36... 置c2 gave Black the best chance of saving this game, then probably 37.e6 置h8 38. 置d3 all as in the game, but this is better for Black than it is with the rook on a2 37.e6 置h8

37...b2?! doesn't work: 38. \$\overline{x}\$xc6 bxc6 39. \$\overline{z}\$d8. Now Black can delay the e7 threat with 39...b1營, but not for long: 40. \$\overline{z}\$b8+ \$\overline{c}\$c5 41. \$\overline{z}\$xb1 \$\overline{z}\$e2 42.e7 f5 43. \$\overline{z}\$d1 \$\overline{z}\$8. \$\overline{z}\$d3 \$\overline{z}\$a3 39. \$\overline{z}\$d5 \$\overline{v}\$a5 40. \$\overline{x}\$b3 \$\overline{z}\$e8

Not 40... 置xb3? 41.e7! 置xd3 42. 置f8 1-0 41. 置d6+ 查c5 42. 置d5+ 查b6 43. 黛d1 置xe6 44. 置xh5 包c6 45. 置hh7 查c5 46. 置xb7 置e1 47. **②**b3



47...**包d4**

47...f5 was the best chance, and after 48. 国 h6 国 b1 needs some thinking about, though 49. 国 c7 国 bx b3 50. 国 hx c6+ 堂 d5 51. 国 f6 looks to settle it

48.\(\mathbb{Z}\)hc7+\(\Delta\)c6\(49.\(\mathbb{L}\)c4

A nice little idea 49...還a5 50.還c8 還d1 51.還bc7 蛰xc4 52.還xc6+ 蛰d5 53.還xf6 蛰e5 54.還h6 還aa1 55.f4+ 蛰e4 56.還e8+ 蛰d4 57.還d6+ 蛰c5 58.還xd1 罩xd1

The game could be stopped here, White has the win for certain 59. 置c8+ 含b6 60.g4 置d2+61. 含g3 置d3+62. 含h4 置d5 63.f5 1-0. So Hiarcs regains it's 2 point lead, 3½-1½

Res II-Rybka 2.2n8 - Rev-Hiarcs 13.3

Game 6.A22: English Opening

Surprisingly this isn't in my Powerbooks though it and White's response were played in Dvoretsky–Reshevsky in 1978 as well as in a couple of other lesser games. It also puts Rybka out of book and the Rybka move does the same to Hiarcs. Although Rybka considers Hiarcs to have a slight advantage, Hiarcs rates itself +64 which seems to me to be a bit on the high side

7.0-0 **臭e6N**

This is new, 7...位c6 is the only database move I could find

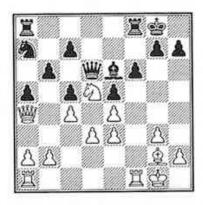
8.d3 a5 9.\(\Dar{2}\)a4 \(\Dar{2}\)c6

Knowing that Mark Uniacke slightly favours bishops over knight in the Hiarcs engines I was surprised the engine didn't prefer 9... ≜a7 here to avoid the exchange. Then if 10. △ac3 宮e8∓, but I guess Hiarcs must have seen something along the line it

didn't like

White could have retained the slight advantage of the two bishops by playing 13.\(\mathref{L}\)c1, but was obviously attracted by the knight outpost

13...包xe3 14.fxe3 f6 15.營b3 b6 16.營a4



17.单f3?

Missing a tactic based on the undefended d3-pawn, which is why 17. ad1 was necessary. E.g. 17. ad1 and after 17...c6 18. ac3 ac7 19. ac2 when Black's advantage is minimal at best

17...c6 18. 2xb6

White can't play 18.公c3? because of 18... 營xd3 19. 當fel 營xc4∓

18...**罩ab8** 19.xa5

White is 2 pawns up, but the ② cannot be saved

19...增c7 20.b4 增xb6 21.增xb6 置xb6 22.bxc5 罩a6 23.a4 罩a5 24.罩fb1



Black still has a knight for 3 pawns, but already one feels that the Rybka pawns could be suspect in due course

24...罩d8

24... \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc5? would be a mistake as Rybka could then have levelled the game with



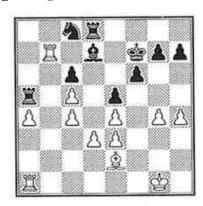
One of Ruud Martin's RESURRECTION boards

25.a5! f5 26.\(\mathbb{E}\)b7 \(\mathbb{E}\)f7 27.a6\(\infty\)
25.\(\mathbb{L}\)e2 \(\mathbb{C}\)e8! \(\mathbb{E}\)f7

Again not 26... \(\text{\pi} \text{xc5?}\) because of 27.a5! \(\text{\pi} \)f8. I didn't find it so easy to see why this is an only move, but my laptop showed me that if, say 28.a6 \(\text{\pa} \)a7!

Let's not play the necessary 置f8. So after 27.a5! let's try 27...h6? 28.a6! But now 28...置f8 is too late: 29.a7 公xa7 (forced) 30.置xf8+ 含xf8 31.置xa7. Here White's extra pawn and rook on the 7th will win quite easily) 29.置b7+—

27.h4 全g8 28.g4 全f7 29.罩b7+ 鼻d7



30.**盟**b8

30.d4!? might have been worth a try. If 30...exd4 31.exd4 White's pawns are beginning to threaten and could even be worth more than the knight!

30... 空e8 31. 空f2 空e7!

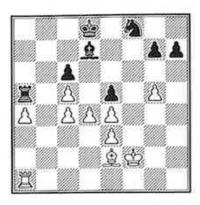
Readers will note that I have stopped commenting that \(\mathbb{Z}\) xc5 is ? The reason is the same: with a5 White would get a good advantage every time

The clever transfer of the knight to the kingside has put Black on top

34.g5

34.h5?! turns out well for Black after 34...包f8 35.d5 h6 36.臭d1 臭c8 37.垫f3 包d7 38.垫e2 包xc5-+

34...fxg5 35.hxg5 **包**f8



36.d5

Not the tempting 36.dxe5? as 36... 包e6 and the doubled c—file pawns and tripled (!) e—file pawns leave White stymied (stuck). E.g. 37. 全g4 包xc5 38. 查f3 全xg4+39. 查xg4 图xa4 and White is the equivalent of a pawn down and still has those weak tripled pawns, so Black must win

36...皇c8 37.空g2 Exc5 38.置f1?!

You will probably not be surprised to know that my suggestion of 38.a5! was best here. Though it is no longer winning for White, it would just keep the Rybka engine in the game with drawing chances after 38...\$\hat{2}a6 39.\$\hat{2}g3 \$\hat{2}e7 40.\$\hat{2}g4 cxd5 41.exd5, leaving White the equivalent of a pawn down but the pawn weaknesses partially sorted. But I do like the look of 41...e4! and after leaving PC engines on for a while this does appear to be strong for Black 38...\$\hat{2}e7 39.\$\bar{2}b1 \$\hat{2}a6 40.\$\hat{2}f2

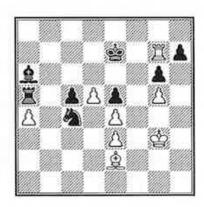
Now Black should play 40... 位d7 intending 41... 位d6 and the pawn on c4 will fall soon, but instead Hiarcs partially gives Rybka a chance to get back into the game 40... 全d8? 41. 置f1?!



At the moment it seems that Hiarcs is struggling to find a way to win this, but now it comes up with a breakthrough move 48...包d7! 49.皇e2 包b6 50.置f1+ 查e8 51.置b1 包xc4 52.置b8+ 查e7 53.置g8 g6

53... 中f7 was better, and after 54. 星a8 象b7! 55. 星d8 中e7-+

54. **2**g7+



54... **查d8**?

Hiarcs has misplaced its king on the back rank more than once, and this allowed White another decent chance to save the game.

Instead 54... 查f8 55. 置xh7 包d6 56. 置a7 (if 56. 急f3 包f7!-+; or 56. 鱼xa6 包xe4+ 57. 查h4 置xa6-+) 56...c4!-+

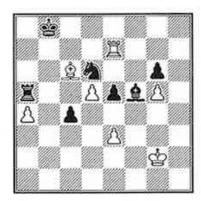
55.罩a7?

Rybka misses its last chance. Correct was 55.\(\delta\)g4! \(\Delta\)xe3 56.\(\delta\)e6 and the d-pawn has become much more dangerous, plus there are also chances of a perpetual check 55...\(\delta\)c8!

The only move to keep a win in sight 56. **Exh7 ②d6** 57. **Eh8**+ **堂c7** 58. **Eh7**+ **堂b8** 59. **\$b5**

If 59. 查f3 罩xa4-+

59... ②xe4+ 60. 查g2 皇f5 61. 罩e7 ②d6! 62. 皇c6 c4!



Hiarcs should win from here, the running c-pawn is very strong

63. 空f1 c3 64. 空e2 罩a7 65. 罩xa7

65... \$\dag{\phi}\$xa7 66. \$\dag{\phi}\$d1 \$\dag{\phi}\$b6 67. \$\dag{\parabole}\$a8

67.... \$\dagger 1 68. \dagger c1 c2 69. \dagger 6 \dagger e4 70. \dagger 5 \dagger 2 c3 71. \dagger c4 \dagger c5 72. \dagger b3 \dagger e2+

Steve says that Hiarcs had announced mate in 10 at move 70 and after 73. 查d2 c1營+74. 查xe2 would have various ways to finish the game. One is 74... 營b2+75. 查f1 營xb376. 查f2 查e4 77. 查e1 營b2 78.a5 奠d3 79. 查d1 營c2+80. 查e1 營e2# 0-1

Rev-Hiarcs 13.3 - Res II-Rybka 2.2n8

Game 7. D48: Semi-Slav, Meran System

1.②f3 ②f6 2.c4 e6 3.d4 d5 4.②c3 c6 5.e3 ②bd7 6.逸d3 dxc4 7.逸xc4 b5 8.逸d3 逸b7 9.0-0 a6 10.e4 c5 11.d5 豐c7 12.dxe6 fxe6 13.逸c2 c4 14.②d4

The Hiarcs book ends, it shows +26 14...

2c5 15.e5

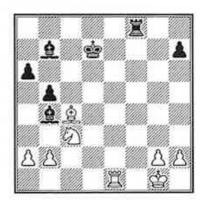
In this often played opening 15.彙e3 is more popular here, and e5 actually has a poor 20% record! But being rarer it puts Rybka, showing only +3, out of its book 15...營xe5 16.至e1 營d6 17.彙f5 至d8 18.②xe6 營xd1 19.②xd1 ②xe6 20.彙xe6



20... 包e4N 21. 包c3 臭b4 22. 臭f4 罩f8

It looked as if 22... ②xc3?! 23.bxc3 ②xc3 would win a pawn, but 24. ②d5+ ②d7 25. ②xb7 ②xe1 26. 墨xe1 墨he8 27. ②e4 has won it back, though the material imbalance (B+B v R+P) makes it difficult to be certain that White has as big an advantage as the PC engines suggest. I certainly don't like the threat those 3 Black queenside pawns bring to the game!

23.皇e5 包xf2 24.皇xg7 包d3 25.皇xc4+ 包xe1 26.置xe1+ 含d7 27.皇xf8 置xf8

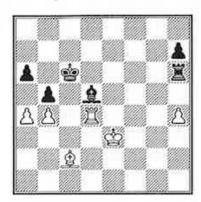


The exchanges have left White a pawn up, but now it is Black that has the 2 bishops and a much more active king, so the position is 'uncertain'

28. 单d3 单c5+ 29. 由h1 单d4 30. 包e4 单d5 31. b3 中c6! 32. 单b1 单g7 33. 包g3 單f2 34. 包f5 中b6 35. 由g1

35.包xg7 would have been okay, though we'd soon see it doesn't win a bishop after 35... 墨xg2 36.皇e4 皇xe4 37. 墨xe4 墨xg7 and material is equal and the game almost certainly drawn

35... 選xg2+ 36. 查f1 查c5 37.a3 選g5 38.b4+ 查b6 39.h4 選g4 40. ②xg7 選xg7 41. 選e5 選f7+ 42. 查e1 奠c4 43. 查d2 選f6 44. 查e3 置h6 45. 選e4 查c6 46. 選d4 奠d5 47. 奠f5 奠e6 48. 奠c2 奠d5 49.a4



49... **Ze6+?!**

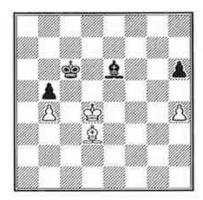
This is a small mistake at least — maybe it's a big one?! It allows the White king to penetrate, so probably 49... 單h5 or 增d6 were better choices

50. 查f4 h6 51. 查f5

The Hiarcs engine shows a positive evaluation and is probing to increase its advantage, while the Rybka engine is passive, looking for a draw. This negative approach now allows White to increase its advantage

51...罩d6?!

51... 三e3 was better, and after 52.axb5+axb5 53. 查f6 查d6 could hold **52.axb5+axb5 53. 2d3 2e6+54. 4e5 3xd4 55. 4 4**

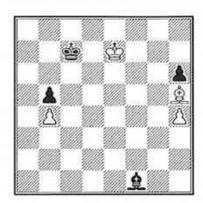


Although we now have a same coloured bishops ending, this could still be a draw of course. But there's no doubt White has an initiative with its much better king, so Black will always have to be careful 55...\$a2?

It took me a long time to work out that this

was the losing move, but the failure of the Rybka king to take the opposition actually puts Black at a bigger disadvantage than you'd expect!

55... 空d6 loses a pawn but 56. 毫xb5 急d5 57. 毫c4 毫c6 might get the draw 56. 空e5! 毫c4 57. 皇g6 急e2 58. 皇e8+ 空c7 59. 空d5 空b6 60. 空d6 空b7 61. 空e6 空c7 62. 空e7 急f1 63. 皇h5



63...臭g2?!

63... 空c6 was better, then 64. 空e6 空c7 65. 空f6 空d6. Now White would need to find 66. 皇f3! which retains winning chances 64. 空f6! 空d6 65. 空g6 空d5 66. 皇e2

Again the only winning move — well played Hiarcs!

Now the White bishop must stop its Black equivalent from taking the pawn. If it does the game is drawn of course

69...空c3 70.h5 &e4 71.空g5 空d4 72.h6 &h7

Playing 72...\$\dot\end{a}e5\$ would probably make it more difficult for White practically, as the bishop stops White from playing h7. But White can go 73.\$\ddot\end{a}h5\$ and if 73...\$\ddot\end{a}d3 74.\$\ddot\end{a}g6\$ of course

73. **Qh5! 空c4**

74. 全g6 全g8 75. 全f6 空b5 76. 全g7 is the winning route A very interesting game at times, and an ending that requires care and precision to win. 1-0. Of course Hiarcs has now won 3 games in a row, so leads by 5½-1½ and therefore will win the match. But you'd expect Rybka might make it a bit closer over the final games!?

Res II-Rybka 2.2n8 - Rev-Hiarcs 13.3

Game 8. D00: Unusual lines

1.ወc3 ወf6 2.d4 d5 3.ወf3 c5 4.dxc5 ወc6 5.e3N

5.e4 d4 6.20e2 is more usual, but the whole line is quite rare so it is not surprising that Rybka was already out of its book and manages to play a totally new move. And it looks okay to me!

5...e6 6.\(\mathbb{d}\)d3

Now Hiarcs is out of book. The evals have the game as almost equal

6...\$xc5 7.0-0

We've transposed into a line that was played in a club game on my database in 2005, and here Black continued 7...0-0 8.h3 (isn't 8.e4 better!?) a6. I also found 7...\(\document{\pmathbb{b}}4?!\) but 8.e4 is now good for White

7...e5!? 8.e4 d4 9. 2a4?!

The placement of this knight (unprotected) will cause White a problem

9...ge7 10.c3 gg4!



11.h3?!

I prefer 11.cxd4 ②xd4 12.\(\) \(\) \(\) 2xf3 when Black is slightly better developed but the game is fairly even

11... **拿xf3!** 12. **營xf3 營a5!**

Exposing the knight's problem which I referred to

13. \$c2 b5 14. \$\tilde{Q}\$ c5 \$\tilde{Q}\$ xc5 15. b4 **b**6

15... ②xb4 16.cxb4 ②xb4 would have put Black 2 pawns up, but Rybka would get some counterplay with 17. ②g5. Black would stand better here, but with 15... 營b6 I think Hiarcs was typically trying to retain more initiative

16.bxc5 營xc5 17.单d2 b4?!

Hiarcs gets away with this. 17...0-0 was correct, then perhaps 18. \(\mathbb{E} \) ac1 \(\mathbb{E} \) d6\(\mathbb{T} \)

18.c4?!

18. **\$25!** dxc3 (18...bxc3 19. **\$**xf6 gxf6 20. *****Yxf6=) 19. Zad1 equalises

18...0-0 19.a3 a5!

19... 營xc4?! is not as good as White could play 20. 當fc1 and after 20... 營e6 21. axb4= **20. 皇a4 當fc8 21. 當fc1 包e7 22. 還a2 包g6**



23.g3 별cb8 24.h4 包f8

Hiarcs' handling of the knights is entertaining and interesting. Steve says it reminded him of Petrosian! Now Rybka's a3 and c4 pawns are in trouble and White must decide which one to lose

25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)ca1?!

If 25.皇c2 bxa3 26.豐xa3 豐xc4. This is still not so good for White, but it might have been slightly better than the game line 25...豐xc4 26.邑c2 豐a6 27.邑c5

Rybka has reacted aggressively to the loss of the second pawn, but...

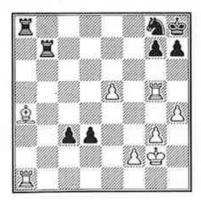
27... 包e6! 28. 总xe5 d3! 29.axb4 axb4 30. 空g2 包d4 31. 營f4



31...包e2

31...b3! also looks very strong! 32.營f3 包c3 33.骂g5 空h8 34.遑xc3 bxc3 35.e5 包g8 36.營xf7

White has equalised the material, but... 36... \$\mathbb{B}\$ b7+! 37. \$\mathbb{B}\$ xb7



Black's connected passed pawns are immense

38.\(\mathbb{Z}\)g4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xa4 39.\(\mathbb{Z}\)gxa4 c2 40.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)b1 41.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a8 d2! 42.\(\mathbb{Z}\)cc8

Here and also during the next few moves Hiarcs is threatened with mate in 1! 42...h6

The mate threat could also be met with 42... \square g1+ 43. \square xg1 c1\square +. In a moment Hiarcs will sac' a rook while under a mate threat!

43.罩xg8+ 垫h7 44.h5 罩g1+ 45.垫h2 罩h1+ 46.垫xh1

[If 46.堂g2 罩xh5 and White's mate threat ends as the Black 堂 now has an escape square on g6

46...d1增+ 47. 空g2 增d5+

47...增d5+ 48.查h3 營xg8 49.罩a1 營e6+ etc. **0-1**. Steve's favourite game from the mach. The watching gallery (consisting of Steve and his cat) showered the board with gold coins!

Rev-Hiarcs 13.3 - Res II-Rybka 2.2n8

Game 9. B23: An interesting way to get into a Closed Sicilian

1.&c3 c5 2.e4 &c6 3.ஓb5 &d4 4.êc4 e6 5.&ge2 &f6

Hiarcs is out of book early again – it's an interesting result of Steve forcing the computers to go with <u>his</u> choices of first move – they have often been 'thinking' early! In some ways this is a truer test of an engine's chess skill.

6.0-0 a6

In fact Rybka was still in its book and there are quite a few known moves for White here, with 7.a4 and 7.d3 at the top of the list. But Hiarcs comes up with something totally

new which, if you check one or two PC engines, you'll find they rate quite highly! And of course Rybka also is now on its own, and showing -11

7. **2**b3!?N **2**a5 8.d3 **2**xb3 9.cxb3 **2**e7 10.d4 0-0 11.**2**e1 **2**c7 12.**2**f4 d6 13.dxc5 **2**xc5 14.**2**d2 **2**d7 15.**2**fd1 **2**g4 16.**2**g3

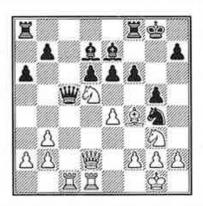


The computers have reached a quite interesting position which gives equal chances 16...f6?!

Although Black's centre looks formidable after this, it does slightly weaken Rybka's king safety. So perhaps 16... \mathbb{\mathbb{Z}} ad8= 17. \mathbb{\mathbb{Z}} ac1 g5?!

A bit wild!? 17... 營a7 seems to be best, and if White plays 18. 營e2 包e5 19. 全e3 營b8 and now I like 20.f4!? 包f7±

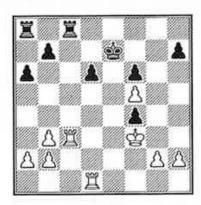
18.包d5!



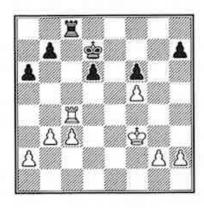
18...**營xf2**+

Sadly for Black it's the only move 19.\subseteq xf2 \Omega xf2 20.\Omega xe7+

Not 20. 中xf2? immediately when Black would at least equalise with 20...exd5 21. 皇e3 dxe4 22. 包xe4 置fc8 23. 包xd6 置xc1 24. 置xc1 皇xd6 25. 置d1 皇xh2 26. 置xd7 皇e5 20... 中f7 21. 中xf2 gxf4 22. 包gf5 exf5 23. 包xf5 皇xf5 24. exf5 置fc8 25. 置c3 中e7 26. 中f3



White's rooks are better, so Rybka sensibly exchanges a pair of them even though it does improve the Hiarcs pawns



Hiarcs is a pawn up. To exchange rooks or not!? I believe Hiarcs knows the right answer, but does Rybka?

If 31... 宣h8 32. 宣h4 d5 33. 宣h6 空e7 34. 空e3 (aiming to win the d5 pawn if possible) 34... 空f7 35. 空d4 空g7 36. 宣h3 宣d8, and Black is just about hanging on!

32.bxc4 \(\psi \)c6?!

The wrong way, as Hiarcs shows immediately. 32... 空e7 would pose White more problems. But if it found 33.g4! 空d7 34.空e4 空e7 35.空d5 then best is 35...h6 36.a4 空d7 37.c5 dxc5 38.空xc5 空c7 39.a5 and White is still going to win

33.堂g4 b5 34.cxb5+ axb5 35.a3 堂d5 36.堂h5! 堂e5 37.g4 堂f4 38.h3 堂e4 39.堂h6 d5 40.堂g7

40... dd3 41.g5

Not 41. 型xh7? which would actually give Black a bit of hope: 41... 型xc3 42.g5 d4 43.gxf6 d3 44.f7 d2 45.f8營 d1營. However

46. 營g7+ 查b3 47. 營g3+ 查b2 48.f6 and White will get a second queen.

The end would be 41... fxg5 42.f6 xc3 43.f7 and queens next move to win easily. **1-0**. If you're keeping count it is now $7\frac{1}{2}-1\frac{1}{2}$ for Hiarcs!

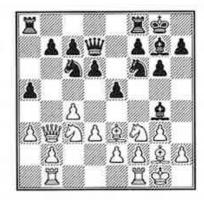
Res II-Rybka 2.2n8 - Rev-Hiarcs 13.3

Game 10. A26: English Opening vs Kings Indian defence

1. ፬ f3 ፬ f6 2.c4 g6 3.g3 ፟፟ g7 4. ፟፟ g2 0-0 5.0-0 d6 6. ፟ ፬ c3 ፬ c6 7. ፮ b1 e5 8.d3 a5 9.a3 ፟ g4

Now you usually get 10.h3 or 10.b4, though Nd5 and Bg5 have also been tried, but Rybka is out of its book and goes with... 10.\dot\delta e3N

Hiarcs is now out of book as well, showing White +27, though Rybka is on only +6 10... **268** 11. **369 379 47**



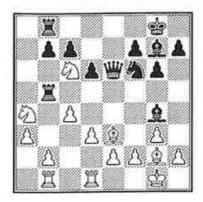
12.營b5

It is easy to see the b-pawn is poisoned: 12.營xb7? 置fb8! but if 13.②xe5 Black must play 13...②xe5 (winning the queen immediately is careless 13...置xb7 14.②xd7! ②xd7 with only a small advantage). Now 14.營xa8 置xa8-+ is pretty much forced and clearly good for Black

12...胃fb8 13.胃fd1 a4 14.包xa4?!

It was better not to take the pawn, but instead play 14.包g5! and if 14...皇f5 15.b4 axb3 16.營xb3=. Now a tactical melee results in an unusual material imbalance

14...里a5! 15.包xe5 豐e6 16.包xc6 里xb5

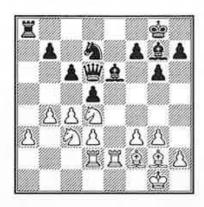


What an interesting material difference! White will win a rook, so we're going to have R+N+P v Q. But White must NOT be tempted to win the b8-rook immediately and instead go after the b5-rook!

If 17. ②xb8? 閏h5 18. ②c3 營e8 19. 皇xb7 營xb8 and White has R+3P for the Q which is nothing like as good, in fact Black should certainly win from here

17... 曾e8 18. 公xb5 &xe2 19. 国d2 &g4 20. 国e1 曾d7 21. f3 &e6 22. 公ac3 d5 23. b3 国e8

24.罩ee2 c6 25.勾d4 營d6 26.b4 勾d7 27.負f2 罩a8



28.c5

28... 營e7! 29.a4 皇xd4 30.皇xd4 b6!

Good play by Hiarcs

Rybka can't take the pawn 31.cxb6? as 31... \(\mathbb{\text{\text{W}}}\)xb4 attacks both the bishop and knight and White must lose one or the other 31...bxc5 32.bxc5 \(\mathbb{\text{Za5}}\) 33.\(\mathbb{\text{Zb2}}\)\(\mathbb{\text{Wf8}}\)

33... \mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}\text{xc5}\text{ was also possible}

34.单f1 ②xc5 35.罩b6 營c8?!

Here 35... 🖾 xa4 was also possible, probably better in fact: 36. 🖾 xa4 \(\) xa4 \(\) xa4 \(\) xa4 leaving White with R+B v Q+P. But I must confess I find it hard to assess best lines in material imbalance situations like this, most of us humans are not really used to them and I'm sure that the computers play them better, more objectively

36. Eeb2 包d7 37. Eb7 營d8 38. 全f2 營f6 39. d4 營xf3



40.買2b3?!

Probably moving the other rook (so \mathbb{I}7b3) was better, Rybka needs to be defending here

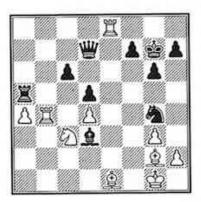
40...增f5 41.罩b2 包f6 42.皇e1 包g4 43.罩e2 增f3 44.皇d2?

44. 型b1 was vital, then 44...h5 45. 单g2 though it's still looking difficult for Rybka. As it happens Hiarcs misses the definitely winning reply!

Not best, though Hiarcs is still ahead. But 44...c5! 45.dxc5 d4 46.包e4 单d5 wins, 0-1 **45.**罩**b4?**

This mistake DOES get punished. 45.皇g2 was necessary, and after 45...營d3 White could try 46.ৣBb4 though 46...c5 47.dxc5 d4 and only 48.皇f1 stands a chance as Black must find 48...公e3. If Hiarcs had found that it would be close to 0-1

45....皇d3! 46.皇g2 營f5 47.邑e8+ **空g7 48.**皇e1 營d7



49. 胃bb8

If 49.罩eb8 幽e6 50.象d2 包e3 wins 49... **2** 49... **2** 49... **2** 49... **4** 49... **2** 49... **2** 49... **2** 49... **3** 49... **4** 49...

There was nothing better, it is played because White wont now be in check after Black's next

52...增xd4 53.罩b2 g5 54.罩e8 罩a6?!

Hiarcs appears to be 'fiddling around' - i.e. struggling to find a winning tactic! 54... \alpha a7 would have left the rook with more scope to centralise or get to the kingside

55. 其e7 包e5 56. 其f2 由g6 57. 其d2 包d3



Perhaps the best chance was to try and avoid a loss or exchange of pieces and let Hiarcs continue in its struggle to find a breakthrough method.

So 58.包d1 罩xa4 59.罩e8. But I'd expect 59... Ea1 60. 单f1 Exd1 61. Exd1 包f2+ 62.\$xf2 增xd1 63. 星e1 增d2 to be within Hiarcs abilities and this would certainly result in a 0-1 even though it would have made the game longer. Now Hiarcs is able to finish the game and match sharply.

58... 對xd3 59. 罩e8 c5 60. 包e2 罩a8!

A neat sacrificial offer simplifies the finish 61.**\$**f1

If 61. Exa8? Ye2 finishes it 61...增f5 62.桌h3

Sacrificing to delay mate

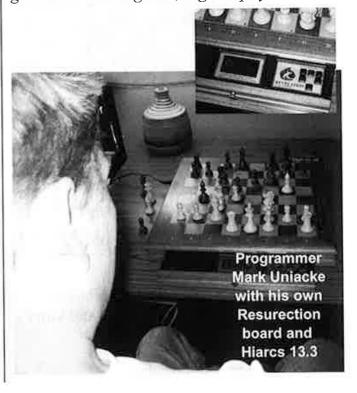
Mate follows, both engines know it: 63.包g1 營f1 64.置e3 d4 65.置e5 置e8 66.h4 查xg4 70.包f3 營h1# 0-1

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
HIARCS 13.3	1	1	0	1/2	1	1	1	1	1	1	81/2
R увка 2.2	0	0	1	1/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	11/2

Mark Uniacke quickly e-mailed his appreciation: "Thanks for running this match Steve. A very nice start for Hiarcs on its first dedicated computer!

"It is also particularly interesting because of the varied openings, and the way Hiarcs dominated the Rybka2.2 version both positionally and tactically in all game phases. I don't think the opening book was a deciding factor in any game.

"Way back in 1993 Saitek had the opportunity to have the Hiarcs engine at that time in their Sparc module - it had just won the World Microcomputer Championship in Munich on a Sparc processor, and would have made a very strong program back then for a dedicated computer. Perhaps it would have slowed down the rush to get everything onto PCs?! Unfortunately Saitek decided to go with something else, a great pity!"



THE EIGENMANN ENDGAME TEST SUITE

Peter Grayson kindly brought the Eigenmann Endgame Suite to my attention recently, and it contains some interesting positions, some of which are quite tough!

There are <u>100 Positions</u> in the Test, and the top scorer on my Quad Laptop, 1 minute for each position, was Houdini2 Pro which got 87 correct.

Houdini scored an amazing 95 on Peter's extremely fast hardware where the engines were also allowed 4 minutes for each position. But going through the positions I found a small number where the engines having found the right move still hadn't got a correct evaluation quite a bit later in the line, so maybe they got one or two more by luck than good management?!

We'll perhaps have a look at some of these debatable positions in a later issue, and see if we can sort out what's going on, but for this time I'm going to give you some of the clearer ones to have a look at!

First let me extend the results from my Quad Laptop, 1 minute per position, all engines running as 64-bit except as shown:

87 Houdini2 Pro

85 Rybka 4.1 SSE42

79 Naum 4.2

78 Stockfish 2.1.1 (no tablebases!)

78 Critter 1.2

78 Zappa Mexico 2

73 Shredder 12

69 Hiarcs 13 32-bit

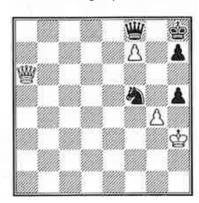
65 Junior 12.5

55 Fritz 12 32-bit

Okay, here we go. I know some readers will fancy having a go at these on their own, or side-by-side with their PC, so I've put a basic <u>Hint</u> for each position, but I've put it <u>underneath</u> the Diagram. Therefore you can start working on the position without any assistance and also set your PC up, but if you get stuck and want a bit of help, then my hint might point you in the right direction!

Eigenmann 13

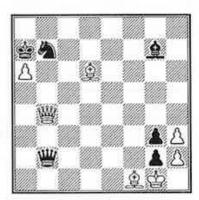
Salov 1998 White to play and win



[Hint: A fairly easy one to start with, but there's a couple of capture opportunities you must avoid making]

Eigenmann 15

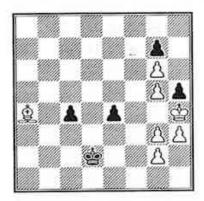
Kasparian 1997 White to play and win



[Hint: Another one where there's a capture you must avoid. Rather unusually when you're trying to win you also need to be heading for opposite coloured bishops!]

Eigenmann 21

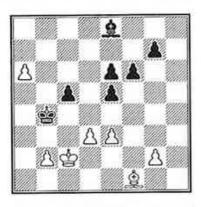
Galitzky 1902. White to play and draw



[Hint: Quite a few of the positions involve the offer of a sacrifice at some point. Most engines get this, Hiarcs, Shredder and Stockfish are very quick!]

Eigenmann 26

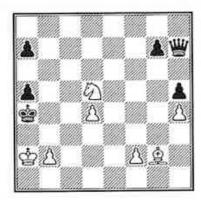
Queckenstadt 1920. White to play and win



[I think the first 2 moves are quite hard to find, but the key is the diagonal needed for supporting or stopping the queening]

Eigenmann 33

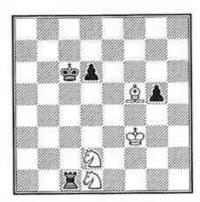
Kubbel 1925. White to play and win



[Hint: The win uses the threat of Nc3+ on more than one occasion]

Eigenmann 37

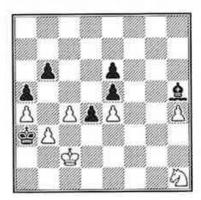
Pogosiants 1977. White to play and win



[Hint: I hope you know how to win the N+B ending, because that's where you have to get to in order to win this one! Houdini and Critter are fast, Rybka slow, and some fail even in 5 mins]

Eigenmann 43

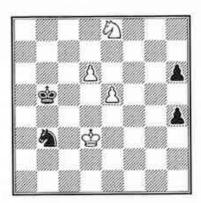
Zappa-Jonny, CompGame 2006 White to play and draw



[Hint: Your choice should be Ng3 or Nf2, but only one of these moves gets the draw]

Eigenmann 44

Kallstrom 1969. White to play and win



[Hint: You'd like to play 1.d7 but the fork Nc5+ seems to stop it. So how do you win?!]

SELECTIVE SEARCH - 15 YEARS AGO!

In issue 154 we went back 10 years to 2001, and I had enough signs of interest to indicate it would be something worth doing again. So this time I am going back 15 years to 1996 and, early next year I will see if I can find enough old issues to go back 20 years!

Selective Search 1996

- Selective Search was usually a 28 page issue, and had no photographs. The cover cost was £3.50 per issue and I had over 300 subscribers!
- Richard LANG's Genius4 for Windows PC had just come out in time for Christmas 1995, as did Marty HIRSCH's M Chess Pro5 and Mark UNIACKE's Hiarcs4. They all cost £89 each! Hiarcs also became available for the MAC!
- In New Zealand 4 PC engines played against 4 Club players with an average rating of 2296 Elo. The PC engines were on 486 computers, Genius4 and MChessPro4 each scored 3½/4, Rebel6 scored 1½/4 and Hiarcs3 got 1/4.
- The King won the Open Dutch tournament with 9/11, ahead of Kallisto with 8½, Quest-Fritz and Arthur with 8, and Zarkov with 7½.
- Phil GOSLING was running a Mephisto VANCOUVER 68020 in a BCCS Correspondence tournament. It was doing very well and, after dropping to 2446 Elo and out of the top 10 BCCS ratings for the first time, had just climbed back to 2461 and 9th when good friend Phil, always cheerful despite his ill health, sadly died.
- Genius3 and MChessPro5 came 1= in the WORLD MICRO COMPUTER CHAMPS with 8/11, Ferret, Nimzo3 and Virtual Chess were next with 7½, Dark Thought, Hiarcs, The King and Quest-Fritz got 7. Amongst others were Gandalf (6½), Junior (6½), Kallisto (6½), Shredder (6), Comet (5) and Chess System Tal (4½). A dedicated computer was also entered... the Mephisto Montreux, and it scored a very creditable 5/11!
- Fritz4 on a 150MHz Pentium PC (wow!) played a match against Gary Kasparov. Over-the-top Ray Keene described it as the 'MAN v MACHINE World Championship'. They only played 2 games and ChessBase's operator Matthias FEIST entered one of Kasparov's moves incorrectly in the first which cost Fritz the point as the match

referee insisted that the same response as to this 'wrong' move still had to be played after Kasparov's move had been corrected. In the second Kasparov had connected passed pawns in the ending, but with opposite coloured bishops. In fact he over-pressed but was able to hold the draw for a 1½-½ win.

- The 6th HARVARD CUP was held, Computers v (mostly) GMs. I had listed previous scores in a 1996 issue which are worth repeating here:
 - 1989 Comps 11/2 GMs 141/2
 - 1991 Comps 4 GMs 12
 - + 1992 Comps 7 GMs 18
- Up to here it had been a 50/50 mixture of Dedicated Computers and PC Engines, but by 1991 the majority of the computer entries were PC engines.
 - 1993 Comps 9 GMs 27
 - 1994 Comps 18½ GMs 29½
- As the time control was G/25 and the PC hardware was getting faster by the year (P60 in 1993, P90 in 1994, but to be P133 in 1996), there was some hope that the Computers might get close to drawing the 1996 match, but it was not to be!
 - 1996 Comps 121/2- GMs 231/2
- Virtua Chess got 3½/6, MChess Pro 2½, Chess-Master 4000 got 3, WChess got 1½/6, and Junior and Socrates scored just 1 each.
- We at COUNTRYWIDE COMPUTERS entered a Kasparov/Saitek GK2100 in the Bury St Edmunds tournament, where it scored a creditable 3/5 for an 1815 Elo rating.
- British GM Nigel SHORT easily beat MChess Pro5 on a P133 by 2-0. In their first game he used the Trompovsky Attack to win in just 31 moves!
- FREE PC Chess Software was beginning to appear on the Internet. One of the first was Rebel Decade, a reduced strength version of Ed SCHRODER's Rebel 7.
- The World Heavyweight Chess Championship took place, a 6 game Match between Gary Kasparov v Deep Blue! Kasparov lost game 1 in only 37 moves "Is the game up for Kasparov?", asked GM David Norwood in the Daily Telegraph. "Not yet," was Kasparov's clear reply as he won games 2, 5 and 6. It seemed the more games they played the more Kasparov was able

- to recognise and take advantage of computer weaknesses. An April Fool joke announced that the whole Deep Blue team had been sacked as a result, but main programmer Feng-Hsiung HSU later assured us this was not true! An assertion that "Humans still rule!" appeared in one match report, but another writer neatly asked "How many humans still rule?!"
- Richard LANG announced the London upgrade for owners of Mephisto Modular, Exclusive and Munchen boards. It was to have 3 playing styles and users would be able to adjust pawn and piece values! It was expected to be between 30-40 Elo stronger than its predecessor, the Genius engine. A couple of months after this Mephisto then announced a new MM6 module for their boards, and the press-sensory Milano Pro and Atlanta, all by Franz Morsch! Happy days!
- The 11th. Aegon Tournament between Computers and Humans saw Yasser SEIRAWAN score 6/6! John van der Wiel and Rafael Vaganian got 5½/6, while Jonathan Speelman scored 5/6. The top PC engines were Quest, Nimzo, Now, Capture and Rebel7 with 4½/6, while Rebel Aegon, Zarkov4, MChess Pro, The King, Hiarcs, Kallisto, Diep and WChess scored 4/6. There were also some Dedicated computers playing: The Tasc R30 and Mephisto Genius 68030 scored 4/6, very creditable! And a Saitek Brute Force scored 3½, the Mephisto Berlin Pro got 3, and the Novag Diamond 2½.
- Rumours abounded of Bobby FISHER re-emerging in Argentina with comprehensive rules for his 'new' Shuffle Chess. It was not quite new in truth, SelSearch50 had covered Jon SPEELMAN beating Fritz by 2-0 in a Shuffle Chess type match.
- Larry KAUFMAN announced the end of his annual production of the popular Computer Chess Reports, and the Austrian magazine Modul also closed down. Long live Selective Search!
- A new idea emerged as playing on the INTER-NET was becoming more and more attractive: Karpov v The World! Anyone with access could send in their moves. After each of Karpov's moves we all had 7 minutes to send in our choice. Telecom, Finland's Internet server, sorted out the most popular reply. We made an immediate mistake by opening with 1.e4. Even Kasparov had given up using this against Karpov

- because he couldn't beat Karpov's Caro Kann. Inevitably the reply was indeed 1...c6 and it was all downhill from there. We lasted 32 moves.
- We ran the LCT II Test in issue 65, a suite of 35 positions, 14 Positional, 12 Tactical and 9 Endgame. In issue 66 I was able to show the results for a combination of 16 Dedicated computers and lots of PC engines on various Pentium Pro, Pentium and 486 hardware. There were 47 PC results making 63 results in total. What a wonderful response! For the record the top scores were:
- Dedicated

◆ Tasc R30 1995	2435
Kasparov Risc 2500	2320
 Mephisto Montreux 	2315
 Mephisto Genius 68030 	2285
 Mephisto Berlin Pro 	2245
 Novag Sapphire/Diamond 	2230

Pentium 90MHz

1 OHGGHI COMITIE	
• Hiarcs3	2520
◆ Hiarcs4	2505
• Genius3	2505
Genius4	2495
Genius2	2490
◆ Rebel6	2485
• Rebel7	2480
• Fritz4	2465

- The 1996 World Micro Chess Computer Championship was held in Jakarta, Indonesia. This created a major problem as there was a £700 entry fee and many programmers would need to pay between £2,000-£2,500 for air travel and hotel expenses to attend. They also had to get their own PC there! However the entry list was good! Some of the pre-Tourny rankings were interesting: 1 Fritz, 2 Ferret, 3 Nimzo, 4 Virtua... 6 Crafty, 7 Junior, 8 Gandalf... 10 Shredder. 28 played altogether and the rankings were soon in disarray - after 6 rounds 10th ranked Shredder was already leading on 51/2! The FINAL scores were Shredder 9/11. Ferret 81/2. Nimzo3 71/2. Others included: Crafty 7, Fritz and Virtua 61/2, Gandalf and Francesca 6, Woodpusher 51/2, Pandix 5. 'Where is Junior', you ask! Sadly they were unable to enter Indonesia. It was announced as 'for political reasons', but really was another sad example of anti-Semitism.
- That's it for 1996 on the next page I have printed a copy of a typical front cover, and parts of both the Dedicated and PC Rating Lists as they appeared in issue 62, Mar-Apr 1996.

SELECTIVE SEARCH The COMPUTER CHESS News Sheet

Est. 1985 Issue 62

Feb-Mar 1996

Editor: Eric Hallsworth £3.50



SUBSCRIBE NOW to get REGULAR COPIES of the LATEST ISSUE and RATING LIST Simply WRITE or RING: the address and phone no. details are shown below. £18 per your for 6 Issues by mail Foreign addresses £24. Re FOREIGN PAYMENTS please note that CHEQUES must be in POUNDS STERLING, or use CREDIT CARD

- PUBLICATION DATES: Early Feb., Apr., Jun., Aug., Oct and late Nov (incl. annual BEST BUY Guide).
- A REMINDER INSERT is included when you are sent the LAST ISSUE covered by your current sub. NEW SUBSCRIBERS: please state the number of the FIRST ISSUE that you wish your sub. to cover.
- ARTICLES, REVIEWS, GAMES sent in by Readers, Distributors, Programmers etc are welcome.

CONTENTS, Issue 62

3 FRITZ vs KASPAROV. 6 NEWS & RESULTS: 8 GK-2100 at Bury Congress 11 MChessPro5 vs Genius 68030. 14 An SS reader plays his SAPPHIRE 16 WORLD MICRO CHAMPS: comment + games analysed 23 CORRESPONDENCE Chess 27-28 RATING LISTS

*SELECTIVE SEARCH is produced by ERIC HALLSWORTH. CORRESPONDENCE and SUBSCRIPTIONS to Eric please @ The Red House, 46 High Street, Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RA Or e-mail: eric@elhchess.demon.co.uk

*All COMPUTER CHESS PRODUCTS are available from COUNTRYWIDE COMPUTERS

**TD Materia Mause 1 High Street Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RB

	IID Mintoria Moura 1		2000 AAIA W. S. 144A	$\overline{}$
223 14 MEPH SEMIUS2 68030 23 223 15- TASC R30-1993 23 219 12 MEPH RISC2 1MB 23 217 45- MEPH LYON 68030 23 216 6 KASP RISC 2500-512K 23 215 6 MEPH BY RISC 2500-512K 23 215 45- MEPH PORTOROSE 68030 23 214 45 MEPH PORTOROSE 68030 23 213 10 MEPH RISC1 1MB 23 213 20 MEPH LYON/VANC 68020/20 23 211 B KASPAROV SPARC/20 22 209 5 MEPH MORNEUX 22 209 4 KASP RISC 2500-129K 22 209 5 MEPH WARCOUVER 68020/12 22 203 50 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 203 10- MEPH LYON 68020/12 22 203 10- MEPH LYON 68020/12 23 199 4 MEPH PORTOROSE 68020 21 199 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 201 199 4 MEPH PORTOROSE 68020 21 196 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 2199 4 MEPH PORTOROSE 68020 21 196 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 2199 4 MEPH PORTOROSE 68020 21 196 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 2199 4 MEPH PORTOROSE 68020 21 196 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 2196 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 220 199 4 MEPH PORTOROSE 68020 22 199 4 MEPH PORTOROSE 68020 22 196 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 220 196 30 FID ELITE 68040-V10 22 23 SEPPHIREC/01AMOND 22 196 2 KOVAG SAPPHIREC/01AMOND 22 197 8- MEPH PORTOROSE 68000 22	Fob 1996 0 17- 6 anes Pos Human/Games 12 21 447 1 2249 6 1895 20 525 2 2342 17 1895 12 1286 3 2332 56 1814 20 507 5 2392 51 1835 27 281 6 2384 10 1836 14 986 7 2225 17 1820 20 525 8 2340 82 119 18 656 9 2347 54 130 19 2250 10 2264 55 130 19 2250 10 2264 55 130 19 2250 10 2264 55 137 226 338 13 2288 54 172 25 338 13 2288 54 172 25 338 13 2288 54 172 25 338 13 2288 54 172 25 338 13 2288 54 172 25 338 13 2288 54 173 187 19 2221 25 180 1865 18 2240 188 181 185 13 1187 19 2221 25 180 16 770 20 2169 13 181 1062 22 2083 33 1172 15 950 23 2186 59 1168 14 1053 24 2172 215 1168 14 1053 24 2172 215 1143 11 1683 25 2111 25	1	R055 S562 Fab 1996	Human/Games 2145 2 2499 7 2391 21 2174 7 2376 7 2277 9 2357 18 2432 3 2314 44 2425 2 2267 12 2193 13 2392 7 2295 6 2199 20 2215 6 2184 18 2267 21 2239 63 2276 28 2226 17 2118 16
107 54 KASPAROV ERVIE FORCE 20 186 10- MEPH POLGAR/10 20 186 10- MEPH ROMA 68020 20 184 10- MEPH ROMA 68020 20 184 10- MEPH ALLAS 68020 20 184 3- MOY SCORPIO/DIABLO 20 180 14 NOVAG JADEZ/ZIRCON2 20 180 3 MEPH MISEL SMORT 20 180 3- MEPH MISEL SMORT 20 179 4- MEPH AMS/5 20 178 3- MEPH MOY SUPER FORTE-EXP C/6 20 178 3- MOY SUPER FORTE-EXP C/6 20 176 3 MEPH MONDIAL 68000XL 20 176 4 MEPH MONDIAL 68000XL 20 175 4 MEPH MENTERDAM 20 175 4	1108 27 290 27 1888 2	196 1-) M CHESS 386-PC 196 1 SARGONS 486-PC 196 1-) PSION2 486-PC 194 1 REX 486-PC	2155 30 2147 26 2142 21 2129 23 2116 20 2113 75 2111 23 2102 32 2102 32 2057 42 2057 42 2066 99 2066 45 2066 45 2067 45 2068 45 2068 45 2069 47 2068 47 2068 47 2068 47 2069 47 206	2532 2454 2529 75 2522 2464 2518 54 2400 2506 106 2408 2494 86 2402 2473 71 2366 2461 95 2383 2416 33

THE 2011 WORLD COMPUTER CHAMPIONSHIPS!

I DELAYED sending this issue to my printers so as to include the RESULTS from the WORLD COMPUTER CHAMPIONSHIPS.

As HIARCS has done particularly well, I am very glad that I did! Most folk will know that I've been involved for many years in Opening Book preparation and testing for Mark Uniacke's Hiarcs engine.

The WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

In the **World Championship** Hiarcs started with 2½/3 and had an early lead. But then it suffered too many draws which allowed Shredder to catch it, and then **Junior** to overtake it near the end. Pandix suffered an amazing 11 move loss in round 7, due to an engine bug of some sort!

<u>Congratulations</u> to **Amir Ban** and **Shay Bushinsky**, Junior's popular programmers!

Pos	Program	/8
1	JUNIOR	6
2=	HIARCS	51/2
Z-	SHREDDER	3/2
4=	PANDIX	5
4-	JONNY	3
6	THE BARON	41/2
7	Вооот	3
8	ROOKIE 3.4	11/2
9	WOODPUSHER	0

I think there were more draws and difficult games than ever this time - as the engines get better and the hardware faster, so then winning games is not at all easy. Even the aggressive Junior's 1st. place came from 4 wins and 4 draws!

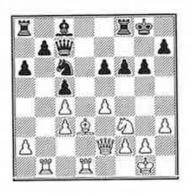
The WORLD SOFTWARE CHAMPIONSHIP

In the World Computer Software Championship (the engines play on equal hardware) Hiarcs again took an early lead but just couldn't beat

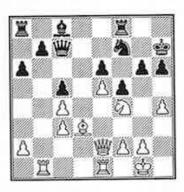
Pandix from a good-looking position in the penultimate round. So it found itself level with Junior again! Now we <u>had</u> to beat Shredder and hope that Jonny could hold Junior!

Hiarcs - Shredder B42: Sicilian, Kan Variation

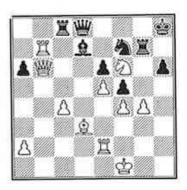
1.e4 c5 2.包f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.包xd4 a6 5.皇d3 包f6 6.0-0 營c7 7.營e2 d6 8.c4 g6 9.包c3 皇g7 10.罝d1 0-0 11.包f3 包c6 12.h3 包d7 13.皇e3 皇xc3 14.bxc3 f6 15.罝ab1 包c5 16.皇xc5 dxc5



The Book preparation has got us the sort of position we wanted, active with complications! Now it's up to Hiarcs 17.e5!?
This forces Shredder to decide between ②xe5 or f5 17...f5 If 17...②xe5!? 18.④xe5 營xe5 19.營xe5 fxe5 20.彙e4 with better drawing chances for Black 18.h4! ②d8 19.②g5! h6 20.②h3 ②f7 21.莒e1 蛰h7 22.②f4



A critical moment, and I think
Shredder now makes a mistake
by committing its queen too far
over to the queenside 22... 25?



Hiarcs is in the happy position of having a great attack and, if Shredder exchanges to simplify things, a material advantage and pressure with it! Also news came through... Junior has drawn! 34...全c6 If 34... 世xb6 35. 三xb6 ⊈e8 36. ≌xe6 wins easilv 35.豐xd8+ ᡚxd8 36.閏xg7 ₾xg7 37.gxf5 \bullet b8 38.\bullet d2 \bullet f7 39. 2c2! exf5 Shredder can't survive. If 39... \(\Delta b7 40.\(\Delta e4! \) wins. If 39... \$e7 40.fxe6 \$\text{\alpha}\$xe6 41.\\$\dagger{\text{\alpha}}\$d6 wins 40.單d6 空e7 41.包q8+ 空f8 After 42. \(\Delta \text{xh6} \) it seems \(\mathbb{2} \) e4 is best, but 43 ዿxe4 fxe4 44 Øf5 a5 45.e6 wins comfortably. 1-0

Pos	Program	/8
1	HIARCS	5½
2	JUNIOR	5
3	PANDIX	31/2
	JONNY	,
4=	SHREDDER	3

There will be more on the **World Championships** next time, with games, analysis, round by round reports, Hans' (in)famous Journal, and photos of course. Don't miss it!

THE CCRL AND CEGT RATING LISTS!

The very interesting CCRL & CEGT Website Groups have COMPLETE RATING LISTS for a wide range of PC hardware, and include old, new, interim and free versions, though they don't always both test exactly the SAME engines! I extract from the lists their ratings for engines when they're running on a Single Processors.

CEGT 40/20 32/64-bit 1 cpu Rating List

http://www.husvankempen.de/nunn

Helps compare SOME engines at both 32 & 64-bit

Pos	Engine	RATING
1	HOUDINI 1.5A x64	3201
2	Houdini 2.0 x64	3188
3	Houdini 1.5a x32	3160
4	CRITTER 1.2 x64	3159
5	Кувка 4.1 х64	3148
6	Коморо 3 х64	3145
7	Rувка 4 x64	3129
8	CRITTER 1.2 x32	3128
9	STOCKFISH 2.01 x64	3117
10	Sтоскгізн 2.1.1 x64	3116
11	Коморо 2.03 х64	3112
12	CHIRON 1.1 x64	3112
13	S тоскгізн 1.9.1 х64	3095
14	Rувка 3 x64	3093
15	Rувка 4 x32	3090
16	CRITTER 1.0 x64	3084
17	Rувка 3 x32	3048
18	Naum 4.2 x64	3024
19	NAUM 4.2 x32	3001
20	Rувка 2.3.2a x64	2994
21	FRITZ 13 x32	2985
22	SHREDDER 12 x64	2982
23	SJENG CT 2010 x64	2975
24	Naum 4/4.1 x32	2974
25	Gull 1.1 x64	2973
26	GULL 1.2 x64	2971
27	Spike 1.4 x32	2968
28	Hiarcs13.2 x32	2964
29	DEEP FRITZ 12 x32	2955
30	PROTECTOR 1.4.0 x64	2949
31	SPARK 1.0 x64	2948
32	Rувка 1.2 г х64	2948
33	Junior 12.5 x64	2943
34	SPARK 0.5 x64	2938
35	Doch 1.3.4 x64	2929
36	DEEP FRITZ 11 x32	2928
37	HANNIBAL 1.1 x64	2923
38	HANNIBAL 1.1 X04 HIARCS 13/13.1 X32	2920
		2920
39	FRITZ 12 x32	2912
40	FRITZ 11 x32	2912
41	THINKER 5.4D INERT x64	
42	ZAPPA MEXICO II x64 SHREDDER WM EDITION BONN x32	2902

CCRL 40/40 32-bit 1 cpu Rating List

http://www.computerchess.org.uk/ccrl

An EQUAL, all 32-bit, comparison of the engines

Pos	Engine	RATING
1	Houdini 2.0	3216
2	HOUDINI 1.5A	3206
3	CRITTER 1.2	3160
4	Rувка 4.1	3141
5	STOCKFISH 2.1.1	3134
6	CRITTER 1.01	3128
7	Коморо 3	3123
8	STOCKFISH 2.01	3119
9	Rувка 4	3118
10	Коморо 2.0.3	3110
11	STOCKFISH 1.9.1	3104
12	RYBKA 3	3097
13	CRITTER 0.90	3092
14		3092
	Naum 4.2	3049
15	SJENG 2010 CT	
16	Naum 4/4.1	3048
17	FRITZ 13	3044
18	SHREDDER 12 OA=OFF	3034
19	SPIKE 1.4 LEIDEN	3024
20	Коморо 1.3	3022
21	CHIRON 1.1	3020
22	Кувка 2.3.2 а	3015
23	HIARCS 13.2	3014
24	JUNIOR 12.5	3013
25	Коморо 1.2	3001
26	FRITZ 12	2991
27	Hiarcs 13/13.1	2982
28	PROTECTOR 1.4.0	2979
29	Rувка 1.2F	2977
30	HANNIBAL 1.1	2977
31	SPARK 1.0	2974
32	GULL 1.2	2965
33	Naum 3/3.1	2963
34	JUNIOR 12	2962
35	THINKER 5.4D INERT	2960
36	FRITZ 11	2959
37	D осн 1.3.4	2949
38	Вооот 5.1.0	2949
39	SHREDDER 11	2936
40	JUNIOR 11.1A	2936
41	Toga II 1.4.1 se	2930
42	GRAPEFRUIT 1.0	2930
43	CYCLONE XTREME FURY	2930

DEDICATED CHESS COMPUTER RATINGS

Tasc R30-1995	2331 l	Novag Star Ruby+Amber+Jade2	1952	SciSvs Turbostar 432	1762
	2201	Manheta Mantraal+Pama68000	1051	Monhieto MM2	1757
Mephisto London 68030		Mephsto Montreal+Roma68000	1901		
Tasc R30-1993	2298	Mephisto Milano	1950	Fidelity Excellence/3+Des2000	1754
Mephisto Genius2 68030			1946	Novag Jade1+Zircon1	1744
					1740
Mephisto London Pro 68020		Mephisto Academy/5		l =	
Mephisto Lyon 68030	2265 l	Mephisto Mega4/5	1931	Conchess/4	1734
Mephisto Portorose 68030		Fidelity 68000 Mach2B	1931	Kasparov Renaissance basic	1729
	2230	Version Demonstrate Continuos			
Mephisto RISC2		Kasparov Barracuda+Centurion		Kasparov Prisma+Blitz	1729
Mephisto Vancouver 68030	2245	Novag SuperForte+Expert B/6	1923	Novag Super Constellation	1728
		Kasparov Maestro D/10 module		Mephisto Blitz module	1716
Meph Lyon+Vanc 68020/20					
Mephisto Berlin Pro 68020		Fidelity 68000 Mach2C		Novag Super Nova	1701
Kasparov RISC 2500-512	2231	Kasparov GK2000+Executive	1912	Fidelity Prestige+Elite A	1688
	2220	Kasparov Explorer+TAdvTrainer			1684
Meph RISC1					
Mephisto Montreux		Kasparov AdvTravel+Bravo		Fidelity Sensory 12	1681
Kasparov SPARC/20	2208	Mephisto MM4	1904	SciSys Superstar 36K	1667
	2207	Kasparov Talk Chess Academy			1665
Mephisto Atlanta+Magellan					
Kasparov RISC 2500-128	2191	Mephisto Modena		Meph Chess School+Europa	1664
Mephisto London 68020/12	2179	Kasparov Maestro C/8 module	1891	Conchess/2	1658
		Meph Supermondial2+College		Novag Quattro	1650
Novag Star Diamond/Sapphire					
Fidelity Elite 68040v10	2164	Mephisto Monte Carlo4		Novag Constellation/3.6	1646
Mephisto Vancouver 68020/12	2156	Novag Super Forte+Expert A/6	1883	Fidelity Elite B	1637
		Fidelity Travelmaster+Tiger		Novag Primo+VIP	1631
Mephisto Lyon 68020/12					
Mephisto Portorose 68020	2136	Fidelity 68000 Mach2A	1882	Mephisto Mondial2	1610
Mephisto London 68000	2130	Novag Ruby+Emerald	1879	Fidelity Elite original	1609
				Mephisto Mondial1	1597
Novag Sapphire2+Diamond2		Kasparov Travel Champion			
Fidelity Elite 68030v9	2113	CXG Sphinx Galaxy	1866	Novag Constellation/2	1591
Mephisto Vancouver 68000	2108	Conchess Plymate Victoria/5.5	1865	CXG Super Enterprise	1589
				CXG Advanced Star Chess	1589
Mephisto Lyon 68000		Mephisto Monte Carlo		l	
Mephisto Berlin 68000	2106	Kasparov TurboKing2	1855	Novag AgatePlus+OpalPlus	1575
Meph Master+Senator+MilPro	2103	Novag Expert/6	1854	Kasparov Maestro+Cosmic	1550
Mephisto Almeria 68020	2102	Kasparov AdvTrainer+Capella		Excalibur New York touch	1530
					1528
Novag Sapphire1+Diamond1		Conchess Plymate Roma/6		Fidelity Sensory9	
Mephisto MM4/Turbo18	2080	Fidelity Par Excellence/8	1843	Kasparov Astral+Conquistador	1520
Mephisto Portorose 68000		Fidelity 68000 Club B	1843	Kasparov Cavalier	1520
Fid Mach4+Des2325+68020v7		Novag Expert/5		Chess 2001	1500
Fidelity Elite 2x68000v5		Novag Super Forte+Expert A/5		Novag Mentor16+Amigo	1494
Mephisto Mega4/Turbo18	2042	Fidelity Par Excellence	1829	GGM+Steinitz module	1490
Mephisto Polgar/10		Fidelity Elite+Designer 2100	1829	Excalibur Touch Screen	1485
					1479
Mephisto Dallas 68020		Fidelity_Chesster		Mephisto 3	
Mephisto Roma 68020	2028	Novag Forte B		Kasparov Turbo 24K	1476
Mephisto MM6+ExplorerPro	2027	Fidelity Avant Garde	1829	SciSys Superstar original	1475
		Mephisto Rebell	1827	GGM+Morphy module	1472
Kasparov GK2100+Cougar					
Kasparov Cosmos+Expert				Kasparov Turbo 16K+Express	1470
Kasparov Brute Force	2022	Novag Forte A	1819	Mephisto 2	1470
Mephisto Almeria 68000		Fidelity 68000 Club A		SciSys C/C Mark6	1428
Novag Citrine		Excalibur Grandmaster		Conchess A0	1426
Novag Scorpio+Diablo	2002	Kasparov Maestro A/6 module	1810	SciSys C/C Mark5	1419
Kasp Challenger+President		Kasparov TurboKing1	1804	CKing Philidor+Counter Gambit	1380
			1001	Morphy Encore+Prodigy	1358
Fid Mach3+Des2265+68000v2		Conchess/6			
Mephisto MM4/10	1979	Mephisto Supermondial1	1801	Sargon Auto Response Board	1320
Meph Dallas 68000	1974	Conchess Plymate/5.5	1794	Novag Solo	1270
Mephisto Nigel Short		SciSys Turbo Kasparov/4		CXG Enterprise+Star Chess	1260
	1000	Name of Masparovit	1700	Fidelity Chang Challenger Voice	
Mephisto MM5	1903	Novag Expert/4	1790	Fidelity Chess Challenger Voice	1200
Mephisto Polgar/5	1962	Kasparov Simultano	1790	ChessKing Master	1200
Novag Obsidian	1960	Fidelity Excellence/4		Fidelity Chess Challenger 10	1175
	1050	Conchese Plymate/4		Boris Diplomat	1150
Mephisto Mondial 68000XL		Conchess Plymate/4			
Nov SuperForte+Expert C/6		Fidelity Elite C		Novag Savant	1100
Novag EmldClassic+Zircon2	1955	Fidelity Elegance	1765	Boris2.5	1060
<u> </u>		, ,		1	