SELECTIVE SEARCH 162 THE COMPUTER CHESS MAGAZINE!

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IN THIS ISSUE!

- 2 ADVERTISING
- 3 LATEST NEWS, RESULTS + NEW PRODUCTS FROM AROUND THE WORLD, INCL. NEW SOFTWARE: HIARCS 14 AND CHESS EXPLORER, STOCKFISH 2.3, CRAFTY 23.5 TOURNY UPDATES: IPON LIST, PETER GRAYSON (INCL. TESTING METHODS DISCUSSED), FRANK HOLT, ZAPPA v HOUDINI @ 8HRS A MOVE!
- 6 RIDDERKERK'S PREMIER DIVI-SION: FINAL PLACINGS!
- 7 JIM CROMPTON'S DEDICATED SUPER TOURNY, PART 2!
 - Two MEPHISTOS, THE TOP NOVAG AND A GREAT OLD FIDELITY MEET HEAD-TO-HEAD
- 14 New: HIARCS CHESS EXPLORER + HIARCS / DEEP HIARCS 14
 - REVIEW, FEATURE INFO AND SCREENSHOTS
- 19 PETER GRAYSON
 - New Results + Engine Discussion
- 22 WORLD COMPUTER RAPID CHESS CHAMPS
 - ANNOTATED GAMES + FINAL TABLE
- 26 24th GEBRUIKERS!
 - ROB VAN SON AND ERIC COMBINE
 AGAIN WITH ROB'S REPORT, BEST
 GAMES ANNOTATED + PHOTOSI
- 33 A NICE SELECTION OF TRICKY POSITIONS TO TEST BOTH READERS AND THEIR COMPUTERS!
- 35 LATEST SELECTIVE SEARCH, CCRL & CEGT DEDICATED & PC RATINGS

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DUE OUT 19/10/2012 Screenshot taken from MAC version

NEWS AND RESULTS

KEEPING YOU UP-TO-DATE IN THE COMPUTER CHESS WORLD!

Welcome to another issue of **Selective Search**... no. 162. If your sub. is due for renewal, **please** subscribe again! There will be 4 more issues of the magazine, which closes down with no. 166!

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COMPUTER CHESS: NEWS & NEW PRODUCTS!

I told you last time that my fears that we might soon start running out of worthwhile News was well wide of the mark as I'd been overwhelmed with items for future issues: dedicated matches run by Jim Crompton and Augusto Perez, news of Robots playing chess. Steve Blincoe's WonderMachine, Rob van Son and the latest Gebruikers event. 2012, **ICT** World Leiden 12th the Computer Rapid Chess Championships, as well as various Internet Engine Tournaments, and updates from Peter Grayson, Frank Holt and other regulars. Some of those were in that issue and some are included this time,

but we've also now got some new engines, including **Hiarcs 14** and Hiarcs Chess Explorer, plus the finish of a big **Ridderkerk** tournament, so some articles are again held over to next time through lack of space... my apologies to those who have sent articles which are delayed.

SOFTWARE ENGINES:

Deep Fritz 13 and Critter 1.6a

were covered in our last issue. Deep Fritz 13 continues to show up well as a good improvement in terms of its Elo rating, but Critter 1.6a has disappointed somewhat and doesn't appear to be quite as strong as its 1.4a predecessor.

I also mentioned **Komodo 5** but disappointingly this is <u>still</u> SP only.

Hiarcs 14 (SP & MP) packaged with Hiarcs Chess Explorer

is reviewed elsewhere, but I will mention here that our forecast of something like an 80 to 100 Elo improvement over the Hiarcs 13 series has clearly been achieved. In engine v engine tests using a neutral Book it is 80+, and if you use the new Hiarcs opening Book with the engine then it's 100+!

Stockfish 2.3/2.3.1

arrived in late September. It would be silly to moan about something free, but I will repeat a warning given before that, if you're doing lots of engine v engine testing it is best to wait for a few days when these new versions come out. Once again, as with most Critter releases, Stockfish had to be 'bug fixed' a few days after 2.3 arrived, so 2.3.1 is the one to get - assuming another bug fix doesn't come out while this is at the printers - which is very possible as, in my early Tests, 2.3 was no better than 2.2 and 2.3.1 was a bit worse!

The website makes no real claim to Elo improvement, despite the change of version number. It is mainly a 'clean-up of the code', but a change to the evaluation for

rooks/queen attacking pawns is supposed to give about 10 Elo but, as I've said, it hasn't worked for me.

We knew it would come sometime and it is now looks as if many of the top engines are hitting a brick wall for chess progress as 'upgrades' get rarer and achieve little.

Crafty 23.5

is **Bob Hyatt**'s latest version, UCI compiled by **Jim Ablett**. Over the years the helpfully written open source code of Crafty has helped many new programmers to get started with their first chess engine and, although the time when it was one of the top engines has long since gone, it is nevertheless an interesting, active and enjoyable engine to play against. So it is nice to report that the newest Crafty seems also to be a +40 Elo improvement, though of course such gains are always easier to achieve for engines that are a few hundred Elo behind the leaders! At IPON **23.3** had 2588, and **23.5** has 2628.

I have shown the current <u>IPON rating list</u> <u>opposite</u> which shows the difficulty many are having making progress, with the Stockfish 2.3.1 score having just come in.

However as far as the **IPON ratings** are concerned **Peter Grayson** brought me up with a bit of a jolt with some information he sent me recently about the reliability of our various...

Testing Methods!

I have generally recommended **Ingo Bauer**'s **IPON** list for 2 main reasons:

- 1. It tests the engines in SP mode, which is supposed to be more reliable
- 2. It tests with 'Thinking in Opponent's Time/Permanent Brain' switched on, which is more realistic as that's how the engines play in proper Tournaments.

The time control is a bit short at G/5+3, but Ingo has chosen an Opening Database of 75 different openings, so each engine plays 150 games against each other engine. This means most of the engines have played >2,000 games, so the standard deviation figures (likely maximum error) are low!

_							
	Name	Els	+	-	games	2025	c opp
1	Houdini 2.0 STD	2025	Ð	В	5850	789	2791
2	Boudini 1.5a	2016	10	10	4000	798	2775
3	Romodo 5	3004	1.0	10	4450	749	2822
4	Komodo 4	2982	В	В	4850	75%	-
5	Critter 1.4a	2981	В	8	5200	75%	
6	Critter 1.6a	2974	9	9	2200	716	
7	Romodo 3	2972	1.1	11	2000	749	
В	Deep Rybka 4	2961	В	В	4900	745	
9	Stockfish 2.2.2 JA	2960	В	В	5100	749	
9	Stockfish 2.3.1 JA	2960	10	10	2650	699	
9	Deep Rybka 4.1	2960	7	7	6650	719	2797
	Critter 1.2	2959	10	10	3100	729	2787
	Boudini 1.03a	2958	10	11	a200	798	
	Komodo 2 02 DC	2958	11	11	2700	749	2769
15	Stockfish 2.1 1 JA	2947	10	9	2500	698	
	Critter 1.01	2929	10	10	2800	70%	2772
	Stockfish 2.01 JA	2928	10	10	3100	728	2755
	Rybka 3 mp	2909	9	9	4200	778	2701
	Stockfish 1.9 1 JA	2908	10	10	3000	719	2748
	Critter 0 90	2902	9	9	3400	684	2762
	Stockfish 1.7.1 JA	2898	11	10	2900	73%	
	Rybka 3 32b	2856	13	13	1700	70%	
	Stockfish 1.6.x JA	2839	11	11	2600	698	
	Komodo 1 2 JA	2837	9	9	2800	590	
	Chizon 1 1a	2832	7	ā	5250	58%	2806
	Deep Frits 12 32b	2829	9	9	3600	466	
20	Naum 4.2	2829	6	5	9750	578	2781
28	Critter 0.80	2824	10	10	2800	610	
	Frits 12 32b	2818	8	8	4200		
	HIARCS 14 WCSC 32b	2817	9	9	3300	548	
	Konndo 1.2 JA	2808	9	9		48%	
	Rybka 2 3.2a mp	5803	9	9	2700	596	2742
	Deep Shredder 12	2800	5	_	3500	62%	
	Nannibal 1.2	2796	9	9	10850 4050	53% 46%	
	Gull 1.2	2794	7	_			2803
	Gull 1.1	2792	10	7	6750	498	
	Critter 0.70	2792	12	10	3100 1900	549 588	
28	Deep Sjeng a't 2010 32b		7				2800
	Naum 4.1	2789	11	7	7750 2300	48 b	
40	Komodo 1.0 JA	2789	10				
	Spike 1.4 32b	2782	7	10	2900	618 478	2603
	Deep Prits 12 32b	2702	7	7	6850	_	2764
	Rybka 2.2n2 mp				6300	528	
3.0	Naum 4	2777	11	12	2100	62%	
45	Gull 1 0a	2777	10	10	2700	60%	
	Rybka 1.2f	2769	11	11	2300	55%	2785 2649
		2766	11	11		669	
	Stockfish 1.5.1 JA spark-1.0	2764	12	12	1900	598	
40	•	2758	6	7	7450	449	
	Protector 1.4.0	2758	3	3	6950	458	
	Hannibal 1 1	2751	a	8	4900	449	2797
	HIARCS 13.2 MP 32b	2747	7	7	6800	438	2601
32	Deep Junior 13	2745	9	9	2600	40%	2819

Regarding our concerns about the reliability when testing in MP-mode, dual or quad, Ray Couzens wrote about it in issue 157, and Peter Grayson and I have referred to it on quite a few occasions, particularly in issues 159-160-161, and Peter has even spent much time replaying matches which produced dubious results, especially where there had been engine crashes and there was evidence of some engines pinching its opponent's computer time!

Recently Peter was involved in a debate on the Internet on the possible impact of Ponder=On/Off, and by doing some tests realised just how complex the issues are. He set up 4 Opening Lines so that 2 engines - Stockfish 2.2.2 64-bit and Deep Rybka 4.1 64-bit - both set to 1 thread (SP mode) could play over them as White and Black in a large number of cycles, to see if the games played were much the same, i.e. with little move variation.

Amazingly only 11 games of the 40

played were the same, and this included 4 short draws! In 11 games Rybka deviated before 10 moves had been played, and in 18 Stockfish deviated, again before 10 moves had been played. I was somewhat shocked! Even so, this is better than the variability you get with MP mode when even more search permutation changes are introduced when multiple cores divide up the work!

Readers mustn't despair! The Rating Lists we use involve literally thousands of games being played and, although they vary slightly, the differences are quite small and largely leave the engines in almost exactly the same ranking order.

Almost in desperation at the sometimes crazy and definitely unhelpful results we got from using any ChessBase GUI, Mark Uniacke ended up writing his own Test Program for playing matches to assess the value of changes made to the Hiarcs code. It doesn't use any GUI, which is the cause of most of the problems almost certainly, so you can't watch the games at all. But you can see the scores as they come through and they are saved in PGN format so we can play through them afterwards. However, although any UCI engine can be used, each needs a little program writing to set it up before a match. Using this we found results were much more reliable, and replaying matches produced almost exactly the same scores every time. So it was easy for to know whether his latest Hiarcs beta version was better (or not) than its predecessor, a fact which I am sure contributed considerably towards correct decisions on code changes and, as a result, very pleasing Hiarcs progress.

I have asked Mark to see whether such a program could be made commercial or even incorporated into a future **Hiarcs Chess Explorer**. The difficulty is that with Mark having to write the code specifically for each engine match, it isn't easy to incorporate a method so that users could simulate this by, perhaps, answering a series of questions and pointing the Test program to each engine's place on the user's hard drive. Also it would probably have only a very small market most users I imagine like to watch games while they are being played, our Test

program is really just a (reliable) results producer!

COMPUTER CHESS: RESULTS!

FRANK HOLT ...

Frank maintains regular contact. Last time we saw his Strelka results and he has now sent me these:

FRANK HOLT, G/1HR ON QUAD 17

Pos	Engine	/10
1	Houdini 2.0c Pro	61/2
2	HOUDINI 1.5A	6
3	DEEP RYBKA 4	5
4=	CRITTER 1.6 STOCKFISH 2.2.2	41/2
6	CRITTER 1.4	3

Then Frank ran tests just comparing Houdini 1.5 and Houdini 2.0c Pro, with results that disappointed him:

	HOUDINI 1.5A	Н ои л іні 2.0 с
CRITTER 1.4	1-1	11/2-1/2
CRITTER 1.6	1/2-11/2	1-1
Н оидіні 1.5	1/2-11/2	2-0
HOUDINI 1.5A	XX	1-1
Ноидіні 2	1-1	XX
IVANHOE MOD5A	0-2	1/2-11/2
STOCKFISH 2.2.2	1-3	1-3
DEEP RYBKA 4	1/2-11/2	2-0
FIREBIRD 1.1	1/2-11/2	1-1
	13 out of 18	8 out of 18

The 'Houdini cp. Test' was done at G/10, so Frank's results suggest 1.5a is better at faster time controls, and any 2.0c benefits are only realised at longer time controls, as per its narrow win in the G/1hr result.

Frank also sent me a couple of 'tricky' positions which I'll have a look at for possible inclusion on my separate pages for such things elsewhere! Thanks Frank!

As quite a few readers cleverly anticipated the Internet game @ 8 hrs a move between **Zappa Mexico II** and **Houdini 2.0c Pro** ended in a draw as soon as the material dropped to a tablebase conclusion!

WBEC RIDDERKERK - PREMIER Division

In our last issue I reported on the latest scores in the Ridderkerk Premier Division:

"Ridderkerk's major Premier division Tournament is in progress, involving 24 engines in an All-Play-All 4 games each match. It's reached about the half-way stage!

I like including Tournaments like this occasionally - I'd guess that most of us miss Chris Goulden's WinBoard/UCI articles, which told us a lot about up-and-coming (and not so up-and-coming!) amateur engines. Many readers prefer to play against less formidable opposition and use the top engines more for study and analysis, so this is a good way of letting you know what else is about."

Pos	Engine	/44
1	STOCKFISH 2.2.2	35½
2	HANNIBAL 1.2	31
3	Вооот 5.1.0	29
4=	EQUINOX 1.35	28
4=	BARON 3.3A	28
4=	SPARK 1.0	28
7	Rick48-w4B	27 ½
8	SPIKE 1.4	27
9	BOBCAT 3.25	241/2
10=	WADUUTTIE 13-05-2012	24
10=	ZAPPA MEXICO 2	24
12	TORNADO 4.88	231/2
13	FRUIT 2.34N	23
14	CRAFTY 23.4	22
15	Scorpio 2.7	20
16=	BugChess2 1.9	18
16=	JONNY 4.00	18
18	Chronos 1.99	16½
19=	FRENZEE 3.5.19	141/2
19=	KTULU 9.0	141/2
19=	DEUTERIUM 2.01.30.1016	141/2
19=	CHESS TIGER 2007.1	141/2
23	Movei 0.08.438	14
24	PHARAON 3.5.1	81/2

Opposite are the FINAL SCORES, the crosstable also shows the individual match scores, though I apologise if some of you need a magnifying glass! Congratulations to Stockfish, but beware Hannibal if it ever comes out in an MP version! WBEC Ridderkerk, Premier Division.

DONATIONPC, 2012.05.14 - 2012.09.08	80	6+00 mm cair bior can 72mm Form Wahn Worm Roce Bare Frui Bobe John Scor Craf Fren Ktul Buge Deut Ches Chro Phar Move
	SCOLE	The Harm was work
1: Stockfish 2.2.2-x64-2cpu-JA	73.5 / 92	1-1 -1-1 01101 01101 01111 1110 111 11 111 1
2: Hannibal 1.2-x64	69.5 / 92	XXXX ×101 ==11 1111 1111 1=11 =01= =0=0 01=1 1111 11== =1= 111= 1111 0111 1=== 1=11 11= 1=1 =1 = 1=0 =1=1
3: Spike 1.4-2cpu	64.5 / 92	×010 XXXX 0101 1-0- =0- 111- == 01-1 0=-1 =-11 1-1- 1-11 =-1-1 111- 1111 111= 1111 111
4: Rick48-w4b-x64	62.0 / 92	==00 1010 XXXX =0== 1=1= 11== ==10 1=1= 110= =1=1 1=1= =101 1111 =11= 1111 01=0 ==10 =11= 11=1 1111 1111 1111 1
5: Spark 1.0-x64-2cpu	58 5 / 92	=1== XXXX 01== 011 -011 0=01 m==1 ==1 = 10= 1 ==0 111 1=1 = 111 1=1 1111 11=1 11=
6: Zappa Mexico II-x64-2cpu	57.5 / 92	0000 ==1= 0-0- 10== XXXX =0== ==1= 01== 111 11=1 =1=1 1=1== 111 =0===01 =111 1=1= 110 ===0 1=11 =1=1
7: Equinox 1.35-x64-2cpu	55.5 / 92	1000 = 1== XXXX ==1= 1110 =00 = ==11 1=1= 10=10 ==11 =1=1 110= 1111 1=111 11=1 11=1 == ==1=1
8: WaDunttie 13-05-2012	54.5 / 92	=10=01 =1000 - XXXX -0= =1-1 1-=1 -1= =10= ×111 00=1 1=1= -11 =00= 1111
9: Tornado 4.88-x64-2cpu	\	=1=1 10=0 0=0= 1=10 10== 0001 ==1= XXXX =0=1 01=0 0==1 1=1 =100 =0== ==11 110 ==0 ==
10: Booot 5.1.0	49.5 / 92	10-0 1-0 0010 0000 -11- 00-0 -1-0 XXXX 11-0 -011- 01-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1
11: Baron 3.30a-uc1-x64-2cpu	\	10=1 0 XXXX =1=0 -110= r=1 -101 11111 1=1= -111 1=r= -111
12: Fruit 2.34n-x64	46.5 / 92	00
13: Bobcat 3.25-x64-2cpu	`	
14: Jonny 4.00-2cpu	43.0 / 92	000- 0-00 0000 0-1 00- 1-01 -000 -011 -0 - 01- 0-11 -1 XXXX 0-0 -001 -10 -1 0-01 1-1 1-1 1101 1-11
15: Scorpio 2.7-X64-2cpu	\	100=0= -00= 0-01 000000 11=0 -1== -0= -0= 0001 11 1
16: Crafty 23.4-x64-2cpu-JA	39.0 / 92	0-0
17: Frenzee 3.5 19-x64	38.5 / 92	1000 000= 10=1 -000 ==10 001= ==00 -001 0=0 -010 ==10 -0-0 ==01 =110 110* XXXX =0=0 01=1 0111 00=0 =1 == 11=
18: Ktulu 9.0	34.0 / 92	0==
19: BugChess2 1 9-x64-2cpu	34.0 / 92	0-00 00== -00= 0100 0-0- 0-00 0000 0-01 0-0= =000 0-1= 011> 1=10 110= 10=0 10=0 11=0 11=0 11
20: Deuterium 12.01.30.1016-x64	31.0 / 92	$00 = 0 - 00 = 00 = 0000 \ 001 = 0000 \ 001 = 0 = 0001 \ 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0$
21: ChessTiger 2007.1	29.5 / 92	-00- 0100 -000 00-01 00-1 -0-0 10-0 0 = 000 000000 0-00 0
22: Chronos 1.99	28.5 / 92	0-01 0000 0000 0 0-00 0-0 000- 0010 -00- 0-0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0
23: Pharaon 3.5.1-2cpu	27.0 / 92	-0-0 0000 0000 -00000-0 00-0 0-0
24: Movei 0.08.438	25.0 / 92	00-0 00-0 -000 -1-0 0010 0000 000- 1-00 = 00 0-01 000-0 0100 = 000 010- 0-0 = 00-0 00-0

SELECTIVE SEARCH SUBSCRIBER JIM CROMPTON RUNS A STRONG TOURNAMENT WITH 4 TOP DEDICATED COMPUTERS - pt.2

It's always a pleasure to receive an article or games from a subscriber who we don't hear from all that often, so I was particularly glad to hear from **Jim Crompton** when he told me about the Tournament he was proposing and gave me a list of the dedicated chess computers he would be using:-

- Mephisto Berlin Pro (2235)
- Mephisto Atlanta (2207)
- Novag Star Diamond (2175)
- Fidelity Mach 4 (2071)

Those are the *Selective Search* ratings from issue 160 - it's a strong group as you can see!

I thought it would be especially interesting to see how the older, but aggressive Mach4 (Dan and Kathe Spracklen) manages in such company, especially against the quieter and more positional styles of the Berlin Pro (Richard Lang) and Star Diamond (Dave Kittinger). The fourth member of the group, the Atlanta (Franz Morsch) also has an aggressive engine, so we have 2 aggressive and 2 positional computers!

The time control for the games was **Game in 1 hour**, and Jim decided he would run the Tournament as an All-Play-All, the computers playing each other 4 times, so 24 games in all, 12 for each computer. He sent me the games as each match finished and, for issue 161, we looked at the best games from the first 2 matches, with the following results:

	At	BP	SD	M4	/4
Atlanta	X		Х	3	3
Berlin Pro		Х	21/2		21/2
Star Diamond		1½		xx	11/2
Mach 4	1			х	1

The 2 matches for this issue will each be between an 'Aggressive/Tactical' program against a 'Positional/Defensive' one. First the match between the top-rated **Berlin Pro** (2235) and the lowest-rated **Mach 4** (2071)!

Game 1, with the **Berlin Pro** as White, was drawn.

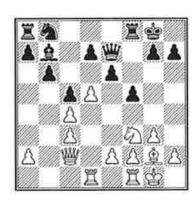
Fid Mach4 - Meph Berlin Pro

Game 2. ECO E19: Queen's Indian, Old Main line

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 e6 3.包f3 b6 4.g3 Ձb7 5.Ձg2 Ձe7 6.0-0 0-0 7.包c3 包e4 8.c2 包xc3

9.bxc3 9.\(\mathbb{U}\)xc3 is played more often, leaving Black to choose from 9...c5, f5, \(\mathbb{L}\)e4 and d6 among others 9...f5!? A sharp reply which is probably why 9.bxc3 isn't all that popular! Now White should play 10.d5 but the Mach4 is out of book and instead chooses...

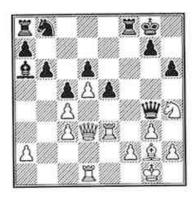
10. **Qf4N c5?!** 10... **Qe4!** 11. **Ud1 Qc6** would have given Black equality at least 11. **d5! Qf6 12. Zad1 Ue8 13. Qd6! Qe7 14. Qxe7 Uxe7**



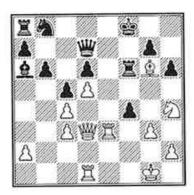
15.e4 This is good enough for a small advantage, but the Mach4 would have been well on top if it had found 15. ②d4! 曾d8 (worse is 15...cxd4?! 16.d6! 曾xd6 17. ②xb7 winning the exchange) 16.dxe6 ②xg2 17. ②xf5± 15...fxe4 16.曾xe4 曾f6 17.曾d3 e5 18.置fe1 d6 19.曾d2 h6 20.置e3 曾f5?!

≜a6

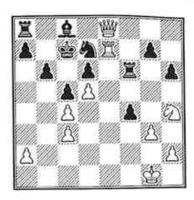




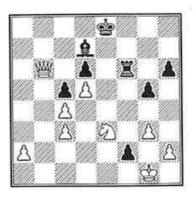
23.\(\frac{1}{2}\)f3? In view of the analysis which follows the next move it is apparent that [23. **\$e4** was better. Then 23...**\$**xc4 24.**\begin{align}**b1 (not 24. 曹xc4 曹xd1+ and the tables are turned in favour of Black) 24... &xa2 25. 幽c2 閏f6 26.邑de1 (now the 奧/a2 is en prise) 26... &c4 27. &h7+ 由h8 28. 星e4! and after the queen moves 29. \(\text{Zxc4 leaves White close} \) to the win! 23... d7? Of course it is not so easy for our dedicated friends to analyse through the complicated exchanges 23... 置xf3 24. \(\Delta xf3 \) \(\Delta xc4 \) 25.h3 \(\Delta xd3 \) 26.hxg4 and see that Black has almost equalised, though the position is still very active 24.2e4! And White stays ahead! 24... Ef6 25. h7+ Okay my readers, where should the king go?! **25...**查f7? *25...* 查h8 was the only chance: 26. ②g6+ 国xg6 27. 豐xg6 豐a4! Finding this counterattack would be vital, but White would stay on top after 28.宣f3! 智xd1+ 29. riangle g2 riangle xf3 + riangle (forced to stop the mate <math> riangle f8)30. 含xf3+- 26.f4! exf4 27. 2g6+! 含f8



28.罩e8+ 豐xe8 29.臭xe8 查xe8 30.罩e1+ 查d8 31.豐e4 查c7 32.豐e8 臭c8 33.罩e7+ 包d7



34.\(\mathbb{Z}\xd7+\) Capturing on g7 first with 34.\(\mathbb{Z}\xg7!\) gave a quicker win: 34...fxg3 35.hxg3 a5 and now 36.\(\mathbb{Z}\xd7+\) 34...\(\mathbb{Z}\xd7\) 35.\(\mathbb{Z}\xa8\) g5 36.\(\mathbb{Z}\xa7+\) \(\mathbb{D}\d8\) 37.\(\mathbb{Z}\xb6+\) \(\mathbb{D}\e8\) 38.\(\mathbr{D}\g2\) The rest is easy enough to give the Mach4 an excellent win 38...\(\mathbb{G}\xa7\) 39.\(\mathbr{D}\e8\) f2+



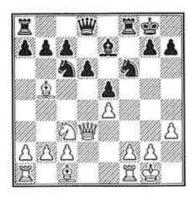
40.堂g2 Correct! One's impulse would be to block the queening square with 40.堂f1, but now Black can play 40... 皇h3+41.堂e2 f1暨+42.①xf1 皇xf1+43.堂e3 皇xc4. While White should still win it would not be as straightforward as in the game 40...h5 41.營b8+堂f7 42.a4 皇g4 43.a5 皇e2 44.營b1 h4 45.gxh4 gxh4 46.h3 堂g7 47.②f5+堂f7 48.堂xf2 皇xc4 49.營e4 皇b5 50.堂e3 This is m/10. The Berlin Pro makes the best reply with 50...爰xf5 but resigned after 51.營xf5+1-0

So a surprise as the **Mach4** takes a 1½-½ lead. On to game 3.

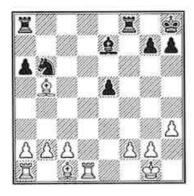
Meph Berlin Pro - Fid Mach 4

Game 3. ECO C63: Ruy Lopez: Schliemann/Jaenisch Defence

1.e4 e5 2.包f3 包c6 3.皇b5 f5 4.d3 fxe4 5.dxe4 包f6 6.0-0 d6 7.包c3 皇e7 8.營d3 皇g4 9.h3 皇xf3 10.營xf3 0-0 11.營d3



All good theory so far, but now Black's best is the solid 11... \$\Delta h8\$. Instead the Mach4 (out of its book) comes up with 11...2b4N 12.豐c4+ d5 13.exd5 包bxd5?! In my notes to the opening I referred to 11... \$\delta h \delta\$ being the theory move for king safety. Here we have an example of why that was so, as it needed to be played here: 13... \$\dot\ h8 14. \dot\ e2 ②bxd5 15. 營xe5 \$d6 and White, though a pawn up, must decide where to put the queen and actually only has a small advantage I think 14.\(\mathbb{A}\)d1! a6 15.\(\mathbb{A}\)xd5 Now the threat of a really nasty discovered check forces the better position as well as an extra pawn 16... 公xd5 17. 營xb7 營b6 18. 營xb6 公xb6

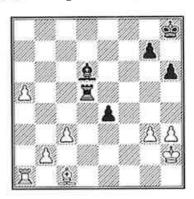


We're virtually in the endgame and White has 2 plus pawns and must surely equalise the match 19.2c6 \(\text{Bac8} \) 20.2e4 \(\text{2c5} \)
21.\(\text{Bd2?!} \) Readers wont need me to tell them that this is poor. Locking in its own bishop also means that the queen's rook is also kept out of the game. 21.\(\text{Bf} \) was much better 21...\(\text{Ef4} \) 22.\(\text{2b7} \) \(\text{Ecf8} \) All credit to the Mach4, it is producing a series of best moves in a strong attempt to take advantage of White's poor 21st move 23.\(\text{2xa6} \) \(\text{Exf2} \)
24.\(\text{Ph1} \) \(\text{2a4} \) 25.\(\text{Exf2} \) Exchanging to simplify is of course best for White 25...\(\text{Exf2} \)

26. 象b5 包b6 27.c3 包d5



28.\(\textit{\textit{d}}\)d3? It was time to push that outside passed pawn, there would be little Black could do. So 28.a4! and maybe 28...e4 29.a5 e3 30.b4 \&a7 which would certainly be quite exciting to watch! **28...h6?** A shame as Black had been gifted a much stronger 28...e4! here. And after 29. \(\mathbb{Q}\)c4 e3 30.a4 *Qa7* ± the expected win for White is nothing like as certain! 29.a4! &d6? Again 29...e4 was best, though now 30. &c4 e3 $31.a5\pm$ is a tempo better for White than in the note to the previous move 30. 2c4 e4 31. 2g1 You'll not be surprised to know that 31.a5! was much better. Fortunately for White it can now afford a small inaccuracy, as long as there's not too many! 31... 2c5 32. 2xd5 \ f5+ 33.由h2 &d6+ 34.g3 罩xd5 35.a5!



35... 量d3? A pointless waste. Noting that the White queen's rook is still immobilised by its $^{\circ}$ / $^{\circ}$ /c1 then 35... $^{\circ}$ / $^{\circ}$ / $^{\circ}$ /d! keeping them both quiet would be best 36.a6! $^{\circ}$ / $^{\circ}$ /

That tied this match at 1½-1½, and game 4 was drawn, so this was a very good result indeed for the 160 Elo out-rated Mach4.

	1	2	3	4	
Berlin Pro	1/2	0	1	1/2	2
Mach 4	1/2	1	0	1/2	2

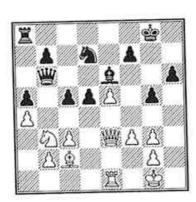
A definite surprise, I'd certainly expected the deeper searching and supposedly better knowledge of the Berlin Pro to win.

Let's see if our other more 'passive style' entrant, the Star Diamond, can do any better. For this match of course I'd again be expecting the newer, higher rated tactical Atlanta program to win, but this time it's only a 30 Elo gap, so another draw is equally possible!

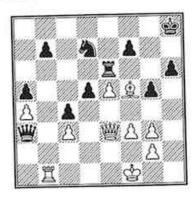
Star Diamond - Atlanta

Game 1. ECO C01: French: Exchange Variation

1.e3?! Hello! What book settings are you using Jim?! Advantage Atlanta already 1...e5 2.d4 exd4 3.exd4 d5 After this move we are happily presented with a full range of options - we've transposed into a French Defence! 4.2d3 2c6 5.c3 2d6 6.2f3 2f6 7.0-0 0-0 8. Eel Not new, but [8. 2g5 至e8 9. Dbd2 is better known 8... Ee8 9. g5N 1 found a couple of games with 9. 4bd2 置xel+ 10. 曾xel 9... 置xel+ 10. 曾xel 皇g4 11. 2 bd2 h6 12. 2 h4 2 f4 13. 2 e5 2 xe5 14.dxe5 g5 15.\(\dong\)g3 \(\dong\)xg3 16.hxg3 This is better than 16.exf6?! 鱼f4年 16... 包d7 17.曾e3 c6 18.f3 Qe6 19.Qb3 曾b6 20.Ze1 c5 Exchanging first with 20...曹xe3+ 21. Exe3 was right and now 21...c5 is equal 21.2c2 a5 22.a4



22... \(\mathbb{Z}\) a strange development choice. 22... 星e8 seems better 23. 星d1 含h8 Dithering! 24.\$f1 24.f4! would have been strong, then after 24... \$g7 25.fxg5 with quite a lot of pressure against Black's exposed king, especially with the Atlanta's major pieces on the other side of the board! 24...c4 25. 2d4 曹xb2? 25... a8 26.f4 f6 was slightly better, but Black would still be in some trouble. Best seems to be 25... \$\Displays{8}!? 26.f4 \&g4, but the Star Diamond could stay ahead with 27. \(\)d2 26.Eb1 Of course 26... 曾a3 27. 2xe6?? Inviting Black's rook into the game, and with a threat against d6! I've mentioned 27.f4! before, and played here it would have left White clearly on top after 27... 2g4 (27... 2f8 28.f5!) 28.\&xb7 27...\&xe6 28.\&f5

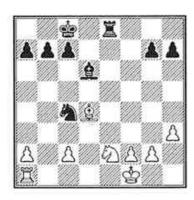


28... ±g7?? I am totally unable to account for this very poor move from a computer like the Atlanta. With 28... 置e7 29.f4 曾c5 the game would have been close to equal. Even taking the pawn with 28... Exe5 would not be so bad after 29. 曾d4 曾a2 ± 29. exe6 fxe6 30. Exb7! The game is over - a quick win for the lower rated Novag! 30... a4 31.曾b6! My PC screen shows m/12 already 31...曾d1+ 32.全f2 曾d2+ 33.全g1 曾e1+ 34.由h2 曹xe5 35.曾c7?! Missing a mate with 35. 曾c6 含g6 36. 曾xd7 曹f5 37. 曾e8+ 包f6 38. 曾f7+ 包e5 39. 曾c7+ 包f6 40. 曾g7# 35... 空g6? 35... 對xc7 would have lasted longer, but after 36. Exc7 g4 37. Exd7+ White still wins easily 36.曾xd7 g4 37.曾f7+ 也g5 38.世g8+ 38.f4+ 世xf4 39.gxf4+ 也h4 40.g3# 38.... 空f5 39. 曾xg4+ 空f6 40. 曾g7+ 查f5 41.宣f7+ 曾f6 42.曾xf6# 1-0

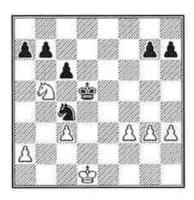
Atlanta - Star Diamond

Game 2. ECO C56: Two Knights: 4 d4 exd4 5 0-0 Nxe4

1.e4 e5 2.皇c4 包f6 3.d4 exd4 4.包f3 包c6 5.0-0 包xe4 6.罝e1 d5 7.皇xd5 豐xd5 8.包c3 豐a5 9.包xe4 皇e6 10.包eg5 0-0-0 11.包xe6 fxe6 12.罝xe6 皇d6 13.豐e2 豐h5 14.h3 罝he8 15.皇d2 包e5 16.罝xe8 罝xe8 17.包xd4 豐xe2 18.包xe2 包c4 19.皇e3 包xb2 20.也f1 包c4 21.皇d4

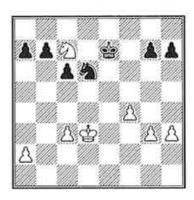


A position which has been reached before, and it looks drawish 21... 鱼e5 It's unlikely that the computers were still in their books here as we left main theory 4 or 5 moves ago. In fact there's just one game in my database and White played 22. 量d1 (which looks best) but lost. However Black outrated him by 240 Elo! 22. 鱼xe5 罩xe5 23. 罩d1 包d6 24. 鱼e1 鱼d7 25. 13 鱼c6 26. g3 罩d5 27. c3 罩xd1+28. 鱼xd1 包c4 29. 包d4+ 鱼d5 30. 包b5 c6

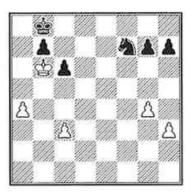


31.位c7+? Black's correct reply to this rather puts this knight out of the game. Preferable was the centralising 31.位d4 and if 31...g6 (31...a5 32.位c2 g6 33.位d3平) 32.位e1, and wait to see if Black can find a way to win... it should be a draw 31...位e5! 32.f4+位f6 33.位c2? The wrong way,

though it's probably not so easy for the Atlanta to calculate why. But if 33. 空e2 空e7 34.f5! 公d6 35.g4 and some drawing chances 33...空e7! 34.空d3 34.f5? doesn't work now of course because of the check 34...公e3+35.堂d3 公xf5 winning 34...公d6



35.f5?! Well now, was this sacrifice really necessary? Will it save the knight? It looks better to try 35.g4 魯d7 36. ඛa8, even though 36...c5 37. 魯e3 魯c8 38.f5 魯b8 39. 魯f4 魯xa8 does win the knight quickly. But perhaps White has a small chance after 40. 魯e5 to make something of its kingside pawn majority with Black's king so far away 35...②xf5 36.g4 ②d6 37. 魯d4 魯d7 38. ②a8 ②f7! To stop 39. 魯e5 39. 魯c5 魯c8 40.a4 翰b8 41. ②b6 axb6+ 42. 魯xb6



The material difference has ended up the same as in my note to move 35, but White has much less of an advantage from its king position here and the game cannot be saved 42... 包e5 43.g5 包d7+ 44. 堂a5 堂a7 45. 堂b4 堂b6 46.h4 c5+ 47. 堂a3 堂a5 48. 堂b3 包e5 49.h5 c4+ 50. 堂a2 堂xa4 51. 堂b2 包d3+52. 堂c2 g6 53.h6 堂a3 54. 堂d2 堂b3 0-1

Goodness, 2-0 to the Star Diamond!

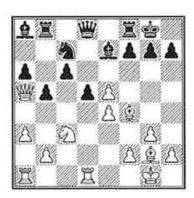
Star Diamond - Atlanta

Game 3. ECO E12: Queen's Indian:

1.d4 ②f6 2.c4 e6 3.②f3 b6 4.a3 d5 5.cxd5 exd5 6.②c3 &e7 7.g3 0-0 8.&g2 Now 8...&b7 is almost always played, though c5 and c6 have also been seen infrequently 8...②bd7N 9.②e5 &b7 10.營a4 We're back in a Book line, from Bareev—Miralles, 1987! 10...②xe5 11.dxe5 ②e8 12.0-0



12...a6?! Allows 13. 公xd5 which, weirdly, White doesn't play! 12...c6 was correct, then 13. 国 d1 图 b8 14.e4 b5 15. 图 c2 d4 16. 图 xd4 图 xe5 17. 国 d7 ② c8 18. ② f4, as in Bareev—Miralles, a lovely tactical challenge for both sides! 13. 国 d1 We'd better look at 13. ② xd5! ② xd5 when 14. 国 d1! c6 15.e4 certainly looks pretty strong. Perhaps the Star Diamond saw that material equalises after 15... ② c7 16. exd5 cxd5 and couldn't search deeply enough to see that 17. 图 c6! gives White a fine attack 13...b5 14. 图 d4 c6 15. ② f4 ② c7 16. 图 b6 图 b8 17.e4 ② a8 18. 图 a5



18...2c5 Black's position looks cramped, but the freeing 18...d4! 19. De2 c5 would have provided both freedom and the better position to play with **19.exd5 cxd5 20.** De4 This is playable because the pawn on d5 is pinned of course, but really 20. ∃ac1 would have

been best, and White has a small edge after 20... \$\\\\$b6 21. \$\\\\\$b4 thanks to slightly better development 20... \$\\\\$b6 21. \$\\\\\$b4 \\\\$c6 22. \$\\\\\$ac1 The rook should have stayed on the a-file, which the Atlanta emphasises with its reply. Although I criticised 20. \$\\\\\$c4, having got to here jumping the knight to the d6 outpost would have turned it into quite a nuisance: 22. \$\\\\\\$d6 and if 22... \$\\\\\$c5 23. \$\\\\\\$d6 24.exd6 = 22...a5! 23. \$\\\\\\\$c3 b4! 24.axb4 axb4 25. \$\\\\\\\$e1 \$\\\\\$d4



As can be seen Black has completely freed its position and has some threats 26.2d6 Losing a pawn. The alternative was to sac' by 27. ad6 when Black will have some difficulties due to not being able to place rooks on either c8 or e8. Whether this is worth the sac' and actually better than the game continuation, I'm not sure... I think perhaps it is... just 26...\$xb2 27.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c2?! 27.\(\mathbb{Z}\)b1!? Not so good, and Black's reply underlines the poorness of the last two rook moves. 28. 国cc1 b3 29. 国b1 was better, though 29...b2 would continue to make White uncomfortable 28...b3! 29.\(\mathbb{Z}\) a6 b2 30.\(\Delta\) f5 Or 30. 国b1 幽c7 31. 幽d1 包xf4 32.gxf4 閏b4/-+ 30...包xf4 31.包xd4 包d3!



32. If The only move to stay in the game 32...2xe5 33.f4?? The position was bad enough already, and this mistake simply hastens the end. 33.\Bb1 was the only real hope, but after 33... \\ 2e8 34. \\ 2a2 \\ \Qc4 35. \dd \dd b6 Black should win, although the presence of all the major pieces means care must be taken, mistakes can happen, as we know! 33...包c4! 34.營d3 包e3! This is quite cute but isn't decisive, whereas stronger moves such as \mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}e8 or \mathbb{\mathbb{W}}e7 were certain ways to win 35.\Bb1! Best. Black has too much material after 35. \mathbb{\mathbb{W}} xe3 b1 \mathbb{\mathbb{M}} 36. \mathbb{\mathbb{Z}} xb1 \(\mathbb{Z}xb1+\) **35...\\(\mathbb{C}\) c8 36.\(\mathbb{Z}a7\)? 36.\(\mathbb{Z}a2\) was** maybe still a last chance, and after 36... ♠xg2 37. ♠xg2 Black woud need to know it must exchange queens with 37... \\ c4 c3 41.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c2 \(\mathbb{Z}\)ad8 to guarantee the win 36... 世c1+! 37. 全f2 罩b4 38. 世xe3 世xb1 0-1

So the Atlanta has pulled it back to 1-2, so can draw the Match with a win in the last game.

Atlanta - Star Diamond

Game 4. ECO C09: French Tarrasch: 3...c5 4 exd5 exd5 5 Ngf3 Nc6

1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.包d2 c5 4.exd5 exd5 5.包gf3 包c6 6.鱼b5 鱼d6 7.0-0 包ge7 8.dxc5 鱼xc5 9.包b3 鱼d6 10.包bd4 0-0 11.c3 鱼g4 12.鱼e2 邑e8 13.邑e1 All theory to here, but now 13... 曾d7 is usually played (though it has an awful record), and I also see some games with 13...a6 which fares a little better. Instead the Star Diamond goes with... 13...包f5N 14.包xf5 鱼xf5 15.b3 鱼c5



and gets a decent position after the Atlanta's weak... 16.包d?! 16.鱼g5 營d6 17.營d2=

16... ②xd4?! Capturing with the wrong piece. Instead 16... \&xd4!? 17.cxd4 \\Db4! would have favoured Black and given the StarD a chance of ending the match with a win! 17.cxd4 \(f6 18.\) e3 \(\) b4 19.\(\) d2 \(\) a3 20. c3 d6 21. df3 置xe1+ 22. exe1 exe1 exe1 23.g3 Covers f4 23... 曾e6 24. 皇g2 皇a3 25.營d2 罩e8 26.臭b4 臭xb4 27.營xb4 臭e4 28.罩e1 營d7 29.f3 单d3 30.罩xe8+ 營xe8 31.h4 世d7 32.a3 h5 33.世a5 世c6 34.世xa7 **"c1+** Most computer engines show 0.00 of from here to the end 35. h2 &f1 36. wc5 **曾b2** The mate threat 曾xg2 forces White to go for perpetual check 37.曾c8+ 全h7 38.曾f5+ 含h6 39.曾g5+ 含h7 40.曾f5+ 含h6 Twofold repetition 41.曾f4+ 含g6 42.曾g5+ 含h7 43.智f5+ ½-½

So another surprise, the **Star Diamond** wins:

	1	2	3	4	
Star Diamond	1	1	0	1/2	21/2
Atlanta	0	0	1	1/2	11/2

... good if you're a Novag fan of course! My expectation that the pair of top-rated computers would be running away with this after playing both the lower rated opponents, just hasn't happened...

	Elo	At	BP	SD	M4	
Atlanta	2207	х		1½	3	41/2
Berlin Pro	2235		Х	2 ½	2	41/2
Star Diamond	2175	2 ½	1½		Х	4
Mach 4	2071	1	2	Х		3

... which has worked out very nicely for us the Match for top spot between the **Atlanta** and the **Berlin Pro** will come in our next issue and, unexpectedly (for me anyway), the **Star Diamond** lies in wait - if the top 2 draw it can win the Tournament with a good result against the **Mach4**!

See you again in issue 163!

REVIEW OF: HIARCS CHESS EXPLORER, WITH 2011/2 WORLD COMPUTER CHAMPION DEEP HIARCS

HIARCS CHESS EXPLORER and HIARCS/DEEP HIARCS 14 Review By Eric Hallsworth

It isn't often that a new product comes onto the market offering a range of genuinely innovative and really useful features, but after years of carbon copy chess programs HIARCS brings us something fresh that's also very good! I sometimes look at the various database and engine products around and wonder what more can be done to help players benefit from their time spent with computer chess software. Even when they do include one or two new features, it is rare that anything truly makes me sit up and take notice. Indeed sometimes the changes to a GUI to incorporate a new idea have ended up making it more complicated, awkward and harder to use. Everything in HIARCS is logical and straightforward, it is easily the most intuitive chess program on the market!

So the arrival of the feature packed, easy to use and fast running HIARCS Chess **Explorer** is very welcome. Actually there are two parts to this DVD product which includes installations for both PC and Mac, for 1 up to 16 cores, and uses high quality graphics (including high res Retina Macs). Programmers Mark Uniacke and Michal Rudolf are particularly proud of their excellent Chess GUI (Graphical User Interface) which is called HIARCS Chess Explorer (HCE from now on!), but many Selective Search readers will be just as excited with the new Deep HIARCS 14 chess engine, which is the current World Computer Chess Champion. The innovations are in the HCE GUI, but it is better to start with a brief look at the engine, for reasons that you will see.

Hiarcs/Deep Hiarcs 14

Deep HIARCS 14 won the World Championship at the end of last year, clinching the title with a brilliant last round win against



Deep Shredder in a game which has already appeared in the magazine. HIARCS 14 is much stronger than earlier version 13 was, by about 100 Elo in fact, but strength hasn't been the only important thing about HIARCS engines over the years. It is often said that HIARCS is "the most human-like chess engine available", and I agree. I read on the Internet a suggestion that this expression was just "an advertising sound-bite", but I'd go along with Kasparov's view that "HIARCS is much better positionally than Deep Blue". Current World Champion Vishy Anand confirmed that he used HIARCS to prepare for his victorious World Title match in 2010 against Topalov and very recently, after beating Boris Gelfand to retain his Title, he said in an interview that "generally I use HIARCS".

I make these points because <u>HIARCS</u> is primarily what we call a 'knowledge' program, as opposed to the general current trend for 'speed' programs which predominate at the present time. Because these are built on minimal chess knowledge, being instead designed to do the fastest and deepest possible 'number-crunching' searches, they mostly work in much the same way and therefore play the same moves and in the same style as each other. A 'knowledge' program like HIARCS is initially built by giving the program the sort of chess theory basics that

we all need to know something about: central control, mobilisation, flank attacks, rooks on open files or behind passed pawns or on the 7th, pawn structure, weak, strong, doubled, isolated and passed pawns, changing pawn and piece values, knight outposts, prophylaxis, good and bad bishops, the initiative, threats using pins, forks, double attacks, king safety... and here I will just say "etcetera"! Of course we are glad of the fast speeds of our modern PCs as well - they enable the engine search to get really deep to check on hidden tactics or issues that might lie in wait further down the line. But it is positional understanding that gets players a good position in the opening, and out of the opening and into the middle-game We all know it is much easier to win from a decent position offering advantages, an initiative, or prospects that we can work with.

Now don't get me wrong, the fast numbercrunching deeper search method works well, especially in computer Engine v Engine matches, but where they gain an advantage it is usually achieved by the more passive or defensive approach which results from this style of programming. These engines tend to play careful, cautious, 'sound' moves, waiting for an inaccuracy by their opponent which they are then very adept at taking advantage of. Thus they are hard to beat but don't, in my opinion, provide the best ideas that a player needs to win his games.

For newer readers and before I look at some of the special advantages of HCE, I need to make a confession. I have worked with Mark Uniacke on the HIARCS program for guite a few years, and we still remain very good friends. Most of you know this already of course! In the early HIARCS' days I was its Opening Book programmer! That goes back to the days of DOS and I would sit for hours on end with MCO, BCO, NCO and the latest issue of CHESS magazine, inputting openings via the HIARCS board, rating each move with a number from 0-7, and saving each line and its variations when I'd finished. 7 was for the top moves which we wanted played in Tournaments, while 5 and 6 were 3 good tournament back-ups. and

represented 'interesting' moves which could often work nicely against human opponents, and also gave a good variety to the book for the users' benefit, but without weakening HIARCS too much in Random mode. And of course 0 (uuugh), 1 and 2 were 'don't play' moves, but were included together with the correct responses so that players could learn how to deal with an opening mistake made by their opponent. Mostly the numbers were derived from the evaluation symbol or comments made in whichever book I was reading, but occasionally even then HIARCS would show a strong opinion, and I'd modify the rating. Our opening book grew nicely from the first HIARCS through to HIARCS 6. Then Windows arrived - what a difference that and superfast PCs and then Internet access and Broadband have made to everything. We can multi-task and work at crazy PC speeds, and I've become outdated! Now games are gathered from the Internet, then rapidly incorporated into the HIARCS opening book databases, and HIARCS itself goes through the lines deciding on the 0's and 7's, and everything in-between. Needless to say it is much better at doing it than I ever was and, if we are willing to admit it, than nearly any and every player on the planet! The thing is that it is <u>because</u> HIARCS is a knowledge program that it is so successful at doing this, and I am of the firm opinion that it has the strongest opening book available anywhere. Mark has proved this frequently in the past 12 months by playing matches against other contenders and claimants, and winning every one with the 'continually being updated' HIARCS book.

You will see the importance of this as we come to our section on the HIARCS Chess Explorer. But just before I go there, let me add that HIARCS 14 is itself a UCI engine, so will work fine in your *ChessBase* or *Chess Assistant* software. In the same way you can use all other available UCI engines such as Critter, Houdini, Junior, Rybka, Shredder and Stockfish within HCE and play against them at the same full range of levels, and with the option of a genuinely useful Chess Coach feature to point out mistakes, why it's a mistake, and show missed good moves!



When playing against HIARCS itself you can use <u>human play realism level settings</u> all the way from 750 to 3000 Elo, and HCE will also maintain a player rating for you if you wish!

The HIARCS Chess Explorer GUI

The product is also particularly impressive when it comes to the GUI! It is designed first and foremost to give any player the maximum information and detailed Chess help available, from excellent move-by-move assistance and advice when playing a game, through to incredibly fast methods of obtaining and separating all sorts of information about any and all players in any PGN database, and brilliant extraction and filtering of detailed information and statistics on any and all of the Openings. You wont need to put up with painfully slow 'while you brew-up' searches any more, with HIARCS all database searches are incredibly fast and extremely versatile. All you need are the comprehensive Opening Books and Databases provided on the DVD and, if you want to go even further, you can stay permanently up-to-date as users get Internet access to the HIARCS Chess Server to view and use the OnLine HIARCS opening books and databases. Each OnLine book is a regularly updated tree of chess moves, statistics and games from different sources, automatically and seamlessly handled by HIARCS Chess Explorer. Everything is prepared for you and multiple databases can even be handled simultaneously! For example CHESS magazine created "The Trends in Chess Openings" column using it, by extracting a PGN file of major games from the previous month and showing their 'Hit Parade' of the Top Twenty Openings played during the month. You can do this with any database, or any part of a database - find the top openings in use between 1900-1920, in the 1950's, Karpov's games for his full career, or any period, or just his wins, or losses... etc. From here any other statistics you want such as win percentages, use frequency etc. and the individual games themselves can also accessed instantly. Incidentally while on the subject of OnLine possibilities, if you're doing some work on Endgames the full 6-piece Nalimov Tablebases (1,000 GB!) can also be accessed OnLine directly via HCE!

Of course most of us are not too likely to be playing against Nigel Short or Gawain Jones, much less Magnus Carlsen or Vishy Anand next weekend, but PGN files of weekend Tournaments, Bundesliga games, the 4NCL Divisions etc. can be downloaded from lots of Club and other websites, so you can do searches on someone that you might meet next weekend. Create an Opening Tree of your opponent's games, find out what they like to play and how they respond to different lines. Now slip over to one of the HIARCS books and see what the top players are doing in these lines, what moves your opponent hasn't met (yet!), and look for potential Book improvements, or new ideas with HIARCS

14. And should it be that you've managed to get a place in a Simul against the great Victor Korchnoi at the next London Chess Classic, well, now you know what you can do to get ready!

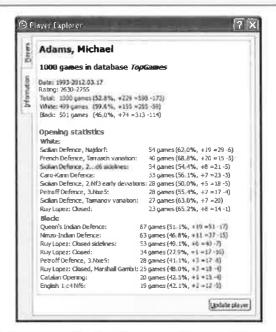
Some Search Examples!

- Korchnoi find all games by Korchnoi
- Korchnoi- find all white games by Korchnoi
- -Korchnoi find all black games by Korchnoi
- Korchnoi- 0-1 find all games lost by Korchnoi as white!
- 2012.06 find all games from last June
- 2011 find all games from 2011
- 1-0 find all games won by white (note: use 1/2 or 1/2-1/2 for draw)
- B17 find all games with ECO B17
- Site:London find all games played in London (general form is Tag:Value)
- >2400 find all games with average Elo above 2400
- B10-B17 find all Caro-Kann games
- 2001-2012 find all games from XXI century
- Kasparov D80-D99 find all Kasparov games when Grünfeld was played
- Kasparov Karpov find all Karpov-Kasparov games
- Kasparov--Karpov find all Karpov-Kasparov games where Kasparov was white
- Kasparov Site:London find all games played by Kasparov in London
- Kasparov Karpov Site:London 1-0 0-1 !1/2 find all decisive games between Kasparov and Karpov played in London
- Kasparov Karpov !1/2 find all games decisive games between Kasparov and Karpov
- Zvj- Dre find all games with White starting "Zvj" and Black starting "Dre", matches (Zvjaginsev v Dreev)

An INDEPENDENT REVIEW on the ZFChess website discussed some of the EXPLORER Functions

Finding and viewing Games

On opening a PGN database, a statistics tree is generated for the whole database. This can take time for large databases, but once it is done, game statistics for the database in any position are instantaneous. For a fairly large database of 232,000 games this took 31 seconds on my laptop. (By comparison, Chessbase 11 took 1min 50secs to create an opening tree from a .cbh file of the same games). For the latest "Week in Chess" of 4400 games, it took less than a second. If a database is reopened, the last game previously viewed is automatically displayed; an icon also gives quick access to



a list of recently opened games. There is a database size limit of 1 million games.

Game Explorer

Once the database is opened, the games list is shown in the "Game Explorer". As well as the 7 mandatory PGN tags (White, Black, Event, Site, Round, Date, and Result), White Elo, Black Elo, ECO and game length are shown. Columns can be sorted by clicking on the field headers.

Header Search

The games list can be filtered by filling in fields in a header search dialog box, as is usual in PGN readers. A drop down list of names from the database is given when typing into the White, Black, Event and Site fields.

Quick Search

A potentially much faster way to filter the games is to type directly into the Quick Search field at the top of the "Game Explorer". For example, simply typing "karpov" and hitting Enter will immediately show all the games in the database in which Karpov played; "-short karpov 1992" shows the games between Short and Karpov in 1992, in which Short played black; and "C00-C19 >2600 !1/2" shows all the decisive games that opened with the French defence in which the players had an average rating of more than 2600. Field names can also be specified, e.g. "round:8". The Quick Search is applied to all games in the database rather than to the current filter set, so it can't be used to refine search results.

Opening Explorer

The "Opening Explorer" shows statistics for each move played in the board position. Different sources for the

statistics can be selected: a local or an online opening book, the current database, or the current filter set. The statistics shown are the number of games played, the percentage score of the white player, the player's average rating, the rating performance, and the year in which the move was last played. When the source is an opening book, there are move annotations and an additional field showing the "playability" of the move. With the current database selected as the source, a box can be checked so that the games list is automatically filtered to show only games containing the current board position. With the filter as source, a quick search can be used to show a player's opening move statistics.

Player Explorer

One other way to explore the database is using the "Player Explorer". Selecting a player from a list brings up win/draw/loss statistics for that player, and shows statistics for the player's 8 most frequently played openings as white and as black. The statistics are clickable and filter the games list. For example, Kasparov's most frequently played opening as black in the "Top Games" database is the Sicilian, Najdorf. It shows there are 58 games. He won 21, drew 33, and lost 4, scoring 64.7%. Clicking on the "-4" will list his 4 losses with that opening in the "Game Explorer". Note that in a large database, the top 8 openings may cover less than half of a player's games.

It isn't really possible to look at all of the features that you'll want to use, but I think many of us like going through our own important key – an improvement - so I'll mention that. Setting HIARCS 14 or your chosen UCI engine to Analyse a played Game is easily done with a good range of options to find mistakes or get suggested improvements. I either load the game from its pgn file or input the moves from scratch if necessary, then get HIARCS to do a 5 or 10 secs a move analysis of it first. Next I play through the game with HIARCS in 'live Analysis' mode, checking through the improvements it has already suggested and watching for evaluation swings before including other variations and adding my own notes. All of the popular chess symbols etc. can be used, I add diagrams where I want them, and usually print the game before saving it to one of my databases.



The ZFChess Review quoted earlier listed a selection of HIARCS CHESS EXPLORER strengths:

The database functions are fast and searches are effectively instantaneous. The Quick Search is a quick and natural way to search, like typing into the address bar of a web browser. Once a database is open, one can very quickly filter the games list to find what one is looking for. Similarly, the live updating of the games list gives instant results for a position search. Instant tree statistics for a database or filter set are easily accessible.

In the playing mode, the HIARCS 14 engine seems to do a very good job of emulating different playing strengths by making natural-looking, sub-optimal moves. With the coach option, it makes a very forgiving opponent that is both a useful trainer and enjoyable to play against.

The board looks good, and the smart move entry is swift. The tabbed display allows multiple databases open at the same time. The help function is very good.

The impression HIARCS Chess Explorer gives is of turbo-charged access to games and statistics in a PGN database, and of being a genuinely useful playing partner. In terms of quality, this first release proved to be completely robust, and the documentation was refreshingly thorough.

Finally Context Sensitive Help is available all of the time while you use HCE - pressing [F1] is likely to take you directly to the appropriate help for the function you have just been using. Also an excellent pdf manual file is included describing all of the features and how to use them, there's a detailed Text Tutorial, and pages filled with Screenshots and Display Dialogues for all Actions just as they appear 'in use'. You can't really go wrong with **Hiarcs Chess Explorer**.

PETER GRAYSON'S TOURNAMENT UPDATES

Peter, as always, has been busy. His latest Tournament Table in issue 161 had been updated following the replay of dubious matches. These mostly involved Zappa Mexico II which had suffered from the time pinching offences of others, and various PC crashes when an engine locked-up under the *ChessBase* GUI. The opening database in use here was one of **Jeroen Noomen**'s well-known but older test suites.

				1	2	3	_4_	5	- 6	7	8	
1	Houdini 2.0c Pro x64 2T	3100	-2	**	340-260	360-240	36.0 - 24.0	37.5 - 22.5	53.5 - 6.5	47.5 - 12.5	485-115	293.0 /
2	Housini 1.5a x64 2T	3055	0	26.0 - 34.0	96	30.5 - 29.5	32.0 - 28.0	33.0 - 27.0	45.5 - 14.5	52.0 - 8.0	475-125	266 5 /
3	Deep Rythia 4.1 x64 2T	3040	-3	24.0 - 36.0	29.5 - 30.5	**	33.0 - 27.0	31.0 - 29.0	45.0 - 15.0	47.5 - 12.5	44.5 - 15.5	254 5 /
4	Critter 1.4 64-bit 2T	3037	-3	24.0 - 36.0	28:0 - 32:0	27.0 - 33.0	**	34.5 - 25.5	44.0 - 16.0	49.0 - 11.0	465-135	253 0 /
5	Stockfish 222 JA 64bit 2T	3022	-3	225-375	27.0 - 33.0	29.0 - 31.0	25.5 - 34.5	••	47.0 - 13.0	44.0 - 16.0	48.0 - 12.0	243.07
6	Spile 1.4 2T	2870	-2	65-535	14.5 - 45.5	15.0 - 45.0	16.0 - 44.0	13.0 - 47.0		37.0 - 23.0	39.5 - 20.5	141.57
7	HIARCS 13.2 MP 2T	2835	-1	125-475	8.0 - 52.0	12.5 - 47.5	11.0 - 49.0	160-440	23.0 - 37.0	**	38.0 - 22.0	121.07
8	Zappa Mexico II 21	2010	-1	11.5 - 48.5	125-475	155-445	13.5 - 46.5	120-480	20.5 - 39.5	22.0 - 38.0	**	107.57

Testing new engines over so many games (420 for any new entrant) of course takes ages, and Peter was also preparing for retirement, so he decided to simplify the test a little by reducing the number of engines involved and also use the new **2012 Noomen**'s Test Suite, leaving us with a Table now looking like this:

				1	2	3	4	5	
1	Houdini 2.0c Pro x64 GTB	3100	-2	**	34.5 - 25.5	35.0 - 25.0	39.5 - 20.5	53.5 6.5	162.5 / 24
2	Stockfish 2.2.2 JA 64bit	3045	0	25.5 - 34.5	ark .	35.0 - 25.0	34.0 - 26.0	47.0 - 13.0	141 5 / 24
3	Critter 1.4 x64 GTB	3005	-6	25.0 - 35.0	25.0 - 35.0	83	31.0 - 29.0	41.0 - 19.0	122.0 / 24
4	Deep Rybka 4.1 x64 LP	2995	-5	20.5 - 39.5	26.0 - 34.0	29.0 - 31.0	**	4 <u>2.</u> 5 - 17.5	118,0 / 24
5	HIARCS 13.2 MP	2830	0	65-535	13 0 - 47 0	19.0 - 41.0	17.5 - 42.5	dd	56 0 / 24

Then on 1st August I got an update....

Hi Eric.

It's been further delayed because of the very hot weather, but I've finally completed the **Critter 1.6a** matches. It dropped points compared to 1.4 against Rybka, now losing narrowly after a very exciting finish to the match with Rybka amazingly winning 9 of the last 12 games, but improved slightly against Houdini and even more against Stockfish (this time reversing a defeat) and Hiarcs.

				1	2	3	4	5	
1	Houdini 2.0c Pro x64 GTB	3100	-3	**	34.5 - 25.5	32.5 - 27.5	39.5 - 20.5	53,5 - 6,5	160.0 / 24
2	Stockfish 2.2.2 JA 64bit	3045	-8	25.5 - 34.5	**	29.5 - 30.5	34.0 - 26.0	47.0 - 13.0	136.0 / 24
3	Critter 1.6a x64 GTB	3035	-2	27.5 - 32.5	30.5 - 29.5	**	28.5 - 31.5	47.0 - 13.0	133 5 / 24
4	Deep Rybka 4.1 x64 LP	3006	-4	20.5 - 39.5	26.0 - 34.0	31.5 - 28.5		42.5 - 17.5	120 5 / 24
5	HIARCS 13.2 MP	2820	-5	6.5 - 53.5	13.0 - 47.0	13.0 - 47.0	17.5 - 42.5	**	50.0 / 24

And then of course Hiarcs 14 came out!

Hi Eric

I've completed testing **Deep HIARCS 14** with the Noomen 2012 test suite. The predicted gain of 100 Elo held up well. Only completed late last night so not much time to go through games with any detail, but I've made a note of a few of the games I observed and need to revisit.

The improved Deep HIARCS performance over 13.2 has also helped the table's Elo balance.

Here are comprehensive details comparing the H13.2 and H14 results, with win-loss-draw figures included, followed by my new FULL Table:

Deep HIARCS 14	(2920) 🚁	Deep Rybka 4.1 x64 LP	(3015)	22.0 - 38.0	+9/=26/-25
Deep HIARCS 14	(2920) 👻	Critter 1.6a x64 GTB	(3035)	21 5 - 38 5	+5/=33/-22
Deep HIARCS 14	(2920) =	Stockfish 2.2.2 JA 64bit	(3050)	17.5 - 42.5	+4/=27/-29
Deep HIARCS 14	(2920) -	Houdini 2.0c Pro x64 GTB	(3100)	16 0 - 44 0	+4/=24/-32

				1	2	3	4	5	
1	Houdini 2.0c Pro x64 GTB	3100	-4	rt .	34.5 - 25.5	32.5 - 27.5	39.5 - 20.5	44.0 - 16.0	150.5 / 2
2	Stockfish 2.2.2 JA 64bit	3050	0	25.5 - 34.5		29.5 - 30.5	34 0 - 26 0	425-175	131.5 / 2
3	Critter 1.6a x64 GTB	3035	0	27.5 - 32.5	30.5 - 29.5	43	28.5 - 31.5	38.5 - 21.5	125.0 / 2
4	Deep Rybka 4.1 x64 LP	3015	0	20.5 - 39.5	26.0 - 34.0	31.5 - 28.5	**	38.0 - 22.0	116.0 / 2
5	Deep HIARCS 14	2920	0	16.0 - 44.0	17.5 - 42.5	21.5 - 38.5	22.0 - 38.0	±±	77.0 / 2

Next, mostly because some lists still have the free Houdini 1.5a ahead of the commercial Houdini 2.0c, but also to get a head-to-head score between these 2 using the newer Noomen's 2012 Test Suite, **Peter** decided to re-introduce **Houdini 1.5a**!

Hi Eric,

As anticipated the head to head clash was closely contended taking longer than anticipated with 3 games exceeding 200 moves, one of which went to 282 moves and an additional 10 games fell within 150 to 200 moves.

These were all draws bar one of them; game 14 that was a 199 move win when with queens still on the board, a pawn blockade position seemed to be preventing progress. After move 135 the following "middle-game" position arose



whereupon H2.0c played 136.f4! to break up the central pawn blockade with devastating consequences for 1.5a. 136...exf 137.Bxf4 Bg7 138.e5! and 2.0c went on to overrun Black. Fascinating because it was still in the middle-game at that move and it's very unusual for a win to arise that late in a game, they tend to peter out into a draw.

Although 1.5a won the head to head with 2.0c by the narrowest of margins, worse results against Critter and Deep Rybka meant 2.0c Pro remained ahead by approximately 15 points. However there seem some significant changes influencing playing style from 1.5a to 2.0c so it certainly had some work done it. Perhaps another case where the Elo difference does not tell the whole story.

			1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Houdini 2.0c Pro x64 GTB	3100	**	29.5 - 30.5	32.5 - 27.5	34.5 - 25.5	39.5 - 20.5	44.0 - 16.0	180.0 / 30
2	Houdini 1.5a x64 GTB	3080	30.5 - 29.5	**	26.0 - 34.0	34.5 - 25.5	36.0 - 24.0	45.5 - 14.5	172.5 / 30
3	Critter 1.6a x64 GTB	3055	27.5 - 32.5	34.0 - 26.0	**	30.5 - 29.5	28.5 - 31.5	38.5 - 21.5	159.0 / 30
4	Stockfish 2.2.2 JA 64bit	3050	25.5 - 34.5	25.5 - 34.5	29.5 - 30.5	**	34.0 - 26.0	42.5 - 17.5	157.0 / 30
5	Deep Rybka 4.1 x64 LP	3020	20.5 - 39.5	24.0 - 36.0	31.5 - 28.5	26.0 - 34.0	==	38.0 - 22.0	140.0 / 30
6	Deep HIARCS 14	2920	16.0 -44.0	14.5 - 45.5	21.5 - 38.5	17.5 -42.5	22.0 - 38.0	==	91.5 / 30

A few days later I e-mailed Peter to let him know that a new Stockfish, 2.3, had come out, though with no real claims for much improvement, and soon got his response, and details of his latest undertaking:

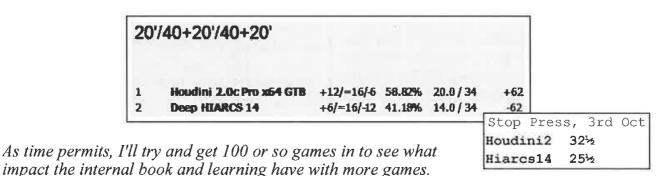
Hi Eric,

I formally retired mid August and must say it is the best job I never had!

I noted the release of Stockfish 2.3 but have had some other things to look at as I have been comparing Deep HIARCS 14's performance against Houdini 2.0c Pro at longer time controls and with DH14's new internal book active. Anyway Stockfish 2.3.1 has now been released.

I have to admit that the more I think about it the less justification I see to exclude the transportable book that comes with HIARCS products, and any other engines for that matter. Because some engines cannot use tablebases, Stockfish for example, does not mean testing is done without TB's. Just tough on the engines that cannot use them. So what is the difference, if a package is supplied with an Openings Book that is not GUI restricted, shouldn't it be included in tests

Playing with longer time controls reduces the number of games in a day so I introduced a fast play finish using 40/20 + 40/20 and then All in 20. Most of the games seem to be decided before the fast finish kicks in. The HIARCS package as opposed to just the engine seems much better, as I would expect it to be. The score so far is:



Best regards, Peter

Eric: Many thanks as always Peter, your efforts to keep right up-to-date with new engine release ratings are much appreciated... and also your willingness to try out new ideas! Maybe we should use our prepared Opening Test Suites to get position variety in the Matches, but leave Books switched On so that they kick-in <u>after</u> the prepared lines are finished? That way we'd get our 30 prepared and different openings, to see and rate how the engines deal with different chess issues, but also enable the Books to help out if and when they can? I realise this will mean the engines end up in openings they wouldn't normally choose to play in, but perhaps it's a viable compromise?!

6th World Computer Rapid Chess Championships, 2012

This important Annual Internet Event, the **World Computer RAPID Chess Champs**, took place during July. This year there were 12 entrants, so an 11 Round All-Play-All tournament took place, with a G/25+4 time control.

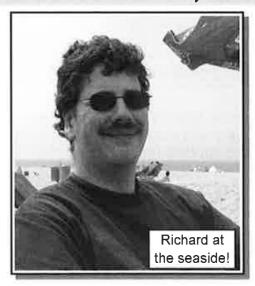
Inevitably the engines were on some totally different hardware, for example **Sjeng** was on a 208 (one list said 240!) Cluster of Intel e5 xeons, while **The Baron** was on an 8 core set-up, **Nightmare** and **Tornado** were on 6 cores, and still others were on mere 4-core Quads. Big difference! So of course Sjeng (showing an ICC Elo of 2929) was the big pre-Tournament favourite, a program called Somnus (actually a Crafty version) was 2nd favourite (2883), and these were followed by Nightmare (2667), The Baron (2590), Arasan (2521), Goldbar (2511), Tornado (2478), Telepath (2376), Tinker (2346), and then 3 others at around 2000.

I am always interested in how Richard Pijl's The Baron does, not particularly because of some interesting games it has played against Hiarcs in various tournaments but because, if Hiarcs isn't playing, Richard often borrows Harvey Williamson's 8-core PC, as he did this time.

Richard reports that **The Baron** was a slightly modified version of the 3.30a that has been competing in the Premier Division of the last WBEC tournament, but by mistake he loaded an old Opening Book for the 1st round against Goldbar instead of the new one prepared for him by Sebastian Böhme. So it opened with 1.d4 instead of the intended 1.e4, but The Baron won easily enough anyway.

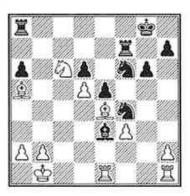
The mistake was quickly rectified for the rest of the Tournament, but before we jump to the exciting situation that had a risen after 8 rounds we'll have a look at a couple of other interesting moments.

In round 2 The Baron had White against one of the main competitors: Tornado. After a long Sicilian Najdorf bookline a volatile but



equal position was reached. The Baron appeared to have a nice supported knight on c6, but Tornado had a similar beast on f4. Tornado obtained a strong pair of knights where the Baron's pair of bishops were not finding the right squares. It also had the worse pawn structure and one of the bishops was tied down trying to defend this. Richard says that he "expected to get at most a draw from this game. Until Tornado started to complicate things"...

The Baron - Tornado Notes by Richard Pijl



32..N4xd5!?

Unexpected as it solves part of the Baron's problems. But it is hard to see in what other way Tornado can make progress.

33.Bxd5!?

Also a surprise. An alternative would have been 33.Nxe5 dxe5 34.Rxe3 Nxe4 (34..Nxe3 35.Bxa8 gives the advantage to the Baron) 35. Rxe4 and the position seems to be very equal.

33..Nxd5 34.Rd1 Rc8?

Sacrifices the exchange to keep the pawn, but now the Baron will get the advantage. 34..Nb6 or 34..Ne7 would have been better 35.Nd8! Rxd8 36.Bxd8 Bd4 37.Rd3 Rf5 38.h4 Kf7 39.Bg5 Ke6 40.Re1 Bc5 41.a3 Nf4 42.Bxf4 Rxf4 43.Re4 Bf2?!

Tornado should probably not allow further trade-downs as the queen-side pawn majority of the Baron will be decisive.

44.Rxf4 exf4 45.Rd1 Bxh4

Winning the pawn on h4 locks out the bishop from action.

46.Rh1 g5

on 8/8!

Giving up the pawn on h7 is not an option as the rook will be snacking more pawns 47.Kc2 Kd5 48.Kd3 a5 49.Rc1 and the Baron won after 27 more moves.

Indeed the Baron won all of its games on the first day... but so did Sjeng, they were both

With only three more games to play it was clear that the 10th. round game **Baron v Sjeng** would probably be decisive, but The Baron would also still have Nightmare, another strong program to play, in round 11.

The first game for Baron on the second day was with White against Telepath which managed to force the game into the unknown after just 4 moves.

Richard says: "A quick look in the database told me that only 2 games were known with that line, both won by black. But Baron played a novelty on move 5 and managed to convert the initial Sicilian into something that resembled a King's Indian. Without a book guiding the program through that type of position it is hard to follow the correct plan. The Baron blew up the central pawn structure, created a passer there and then forced a queen exchange, so the passer became a winning advantage."

Wile this was going on Sjeng was playing Tornado and ran into early trouble.

Tornado-C - Sjeng

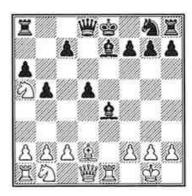
1.e4 e5 2.විf3 විc6 3.இb5 a6 4.இa4 b5 5.இb3 විa5 6.0-0 d6 7.d4 exd4 8.වxd4 இb7 9.இd2 වxb3 10.වxb3

Now 10... 包f6, 置b8, 置c8 and 包e7 are all known to theory, with 包f6 having the best record. But instead Sjeng plays

10...\&e7

Whether this was a book idea or Sjeng's own choice I don't know, but it could have run into trouble!

11. 2a5 单xe4 12. 罩e1 d5



Black is a pawn ahead but with poor pawn structure

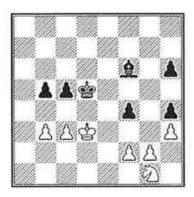
13.包c3?!

Instead why not 13. 臭c3!

13...h5 14.\(\frac{1}{2}xg7\)\(\frac{1}{2}h7\)\(giving\)\theta pawn back hardly seems playable, White returns the bishop to c3 with 15.\(\frac{1}{2}c3\)\(leaving\)\(Black's\)\(position\)\in a right mess

So 13... \$\Delta f8\$ seems pretty much forced, but this would obviously leave Black with serious development problems and Sjeng could have been struggling to get anything out of the game

13... 增d7 14. ②xe4 dxe4 15. ②c3 句f6
16. ③xf6 增xd1 17. 置axd1 ③xf6 18. 置xe4+
垫f8 19.c3 h5 20. ②b7 置e8 21. 置xe8+ 查xe8
22. ②c5 a5 23. 置d7 ②d8 24. 置d5 c6 25. 置d6
置h6 26. 置xh6 gxh6 27. 堂f1 堂e7 28. h3 ②b6
29. ②e4 堂e6 30. 堂e2 f5 31. ②g3 h4 32. ②f1
f4 33. ②d2 堂d5 34. b3 a4 35. ②f3 axb3
36. axb3 ②d8 37. 堂d3 ②f6 38. ②g1 c5



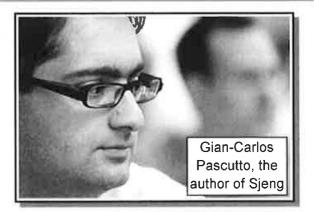
Tornado's next move results in a blocked pawn structure, with the Sjeng pawns all on the wrong coloured squares, and neither side can win

39.c4+ bxc4+ 40.bxc4+ \$\dot\ e2 \$\delta e7\$ 42.f3 **Qd6** 43.**中c3 Qc7** 44.**中b3 Qa5** 45.**中a4** \$b4 46.\$b5 \$a3 47.\$b6 \$b4 48.\$c6 h5 52. 空b6 单b4 53. 空c6 单a3 54. ②c3 空d4 55.包b5+ 查e3 56.包xa3 查f2 57.查xc5 查xg2 62. 4b5 h1營 63.c8營 營xf3 64.營f5 營g4 65.營e5 空g2 66.包c3 f3 67.包d5 營g6+ 68. 查a5 營c6 69. 包f4+ 查f2 70. 包d3+ 查g2 71.包e1+ 由f1 72.包d3 f2 73.包f4 閏a8+ 74. 空b4 空g1 75. 豐g5+ 空f1 76. 包d3 豐e4+ 77. 空 63 營 63 78. 空 d 2 營 e 2 + 79. 空 c 3 營 e 1 + 80. 中d4 增e8 81. 增f5 增e2 82. 中c3 中g1 83. 世g5+ 由h2 84. 世h4+ 由g1 85. 世g3+由f1 86.曾h2 曾f3 87.宫c4 曾f5 88.包xf2 曾xf2 89.營h1+ 杏e2 90.營xh5+ 杏e3 91.營e5+ 杏f3 92. 對f6+ 中e3 93. 對e6+ 中f4 94. 對d6+ 中g5 95.曾d4 曾xd4+ 96.曾xd4 ½-½

Draw agreed, and The Baron leads the Tournament by a ½ point!

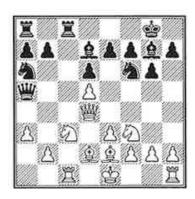
So The Baron was on 9/9, Sjeng had 8½. Tornado had 7½ and the rest were out of it.

So they came to round 10 and what was almost sure to be the decisive game for the tournament. Richard had a good look at the games Sjeng had played in previous rounds and adapted his book to avoid lines that Sjeng had been successful in. Initially in the game this seemed to have been successful. The Baron was happy with the position it got and Sjeng apparently not so. Then the Baron tried to force things:



Deep Sjeng - The Baron Notes by Richard Pijl

1.d4 Nf6 2.Nf3 g6 3.c4 Bg7 4.d5 c6 5.Nc3 cxd5 6.cxd5 Qa5 7.Qd4 0-0 8.Bd2 d6 9.e3 Na6 10.Rc1 Bd7 11.a3 Rfc8 12.Be2



12.. Nc5!?

In the exchange that follows an unbalanced material position arises where The Baron has a queen and three pawns against three pieces.

13.b4 Qa3 14.bxc5 Rxc5 15.O-O
Or 15.Qh4!? h6 16.O-O g5 17.Nxg5 hxg5
18.Qxg5 Rac8 19.Ral Qb2 20.Ra2 Qxa2
21.Nxa2 Rxd5 22.Qf4 Rxd2 23.Nc1 Rxc1
24.Rxc1 Rxe2 to mention another wild line

15...Nxd5 16.Qxd5 Rxd5 17.Nxd5 e6 18.Nc7 Rc8

Perhaps 18..Rb8 would have been better to prevent the rook exchange.

19.Nb5 Qa6 20.Nbd4

The rook exchange looks good as well 20...Qb6 21.Ra1 a6 22.Rfb1 Qa7 23.Ra2 h6



24.Ne1

Moving the knight towards the black pawns on the queen side with the goal to block/eat them.

24...Kh7 25.Rab2!

Luring the pawns forward so that they will be easier to attack

25... b5

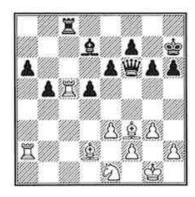
Forced. Rb8 would be admitting that black is basically lost.

26.Ra2

Now the a-pawn is terribly weak. It becomes clear that having a queen for three pieces is really a disadvantage when your extra pawns are basically sitting ducks. No matter what the computer evaluation says here ...

26...Qb7 27.Bf3 d5 28.Bd1 Qb6 29.Rba1 Ra8 30.Nec2 Bc8 31.Ba5 Qb8 32.Rc1 Bb7 33.Nb3 Bf8

33..Be5 is not essentially different 34.Bd2 Bd6 35.g3 Qd8 36.Na5 Bc8 37.Bf3 Qf6 38.Ne1 Bd7 39.Nb7 Bf8 40.Nc5 Bxc5 41.Rxc5 Rc8



42.Bc3?

Exchanging rooks first on c8 is probably better

42..Od8?

Missing our chance to get out of trouble with 42..e5!, e.g. 43.Rxc8 Bxc8 44.Bd2 (44.Bxd5

Qd6 45.Rd2 b4) d4 45.exd4 exd4 and the active queen may start to make the difference. 43.Rxd5 is another option, followed by 43..Rxc3 44.Rxd7 e4! 45.Bd1 Kg7 and the activity of the white pieces is reduced while the black queen is hyperactive

43.Nd3 Rxc5

What else?

44.Nxc5 Bc8

With the black bishop hemmed in by its own pawns, it is very clear that white is better now. 4 attackers against 2 defenders, although it took 50 more moves until the Baron resigned.

45.Kg2 Qc7 46.Bb4 Qc6 47.Kg1 e5 48.Bg2 g5 49.Ra3 f6 50.Ra1 h5 51.Rc1 e4 52.Nb3 Qe8 53.Rc7+ Kg6 54.Nd4 Qd8 55.Ba5 Bd7 56.Bh3 Bxh3 57.Rg7+ Kxg7 58.Bxd8 h4 59.gxh4 gxh4 60.Nc6 Kf7 61.Nb4 Bc8 62.Nxd5 Bb7 63.Nb4 Ke6 64.Kg2 Kf5 65.Nc2 Bc8 66.Nd4+ Ke5 67.f4+ exf3+ 68.Kxf3 h3 69.Ke2 f5 70.Kd3 Kd6 71.Ba5 Kc5 72.Nc2 Kd5 73.Nb4+ Ke5 74.Bc7+ Ke6 75.Kd4 Kd7 76.Ba5 Kd6 77.Nd3 Bb7 78.Bb4+ Kc6 79.Nf2 Kb6 80.Nxh3 a5 81.Bc5+ Kc6 82.Nf4 Kd7 83.h4 Ke8 84.Ne6 Bc8 85.Ng5 f4 86.exf4 Bg4 87.Bb6 a4 88.Bc5 Kd8 89.Ke5 Bd1 90.f5 Bh5 91.f6 Ke8 92.f7+ Bxf7 93.Nxf7 Kd7 94.Kd5 b4 1-0

So the positions were reversed, now **Sjeng** led with $9\frac{1}{2}$ 10, and **The Baron** was 2nd with 9. In the final round The Baron had to hope for Deep Sjeng to drop half a point or more against Crafty, but in fact Sjeng won rather quickly, so Baron's win over Nightmare was unfortunately to no avail.

	Name	S	В	Τ	N	G	Α	S	Τ	Т	Ρ	D	J	/11
1	Sjeng 2929	Х	1	=	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	101/2
2	TheBaron 2590	0	Χ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10
3	Tornado-C 2478	=	0	Х	=	=	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	81/2
4	NightmareX 2667	0	0	=	Х	=	1	=	1	1	1	1	1	71/2
5											=			6
6	ArasanX 2521	0	0	0	0	=	Х	1	=	1	1	1	1	6
7	Somnus 2883	0	0	0	=	=	0	Χ	1	=	1	1	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
8	Tinker 2346	0	0	0	0	0	=	0	Х	=	1	1	1	4
9	Telepath 2376	0	0	0	0	=	0	=	=	Χ	=	1	1	4
	ParrotC 2000	0	0	0	0	=	0	0	0	=	Х	=	=	3
11	Dshawul 1978	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	=	Χ	1	11/2
12	JabbaChess 2000	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	=	0	X	1/2

24TH GEBRUIKERS BY ROB VAN SON AND ERIC HALLSWORTH

Hi Eric,

Last Saturday we played another **Gebruikers** tournament! This time the 24th edition!

Ries van Leeuwen had intended to start the tournament at 10.00, but we began late at 11! Only chess computers with Elo's below 2000 were allowed to participate, but this caused a great field of competitors, with 10 computers and 9 operators present. We used the old wooden chess clocks again and Ries gave each computer 45 minutes per game. Unfortunately there are not enough hours in a day, so after two rounds, we changed the levels to game in 30. Hans van Mierlo didn't use an external chess clock, but that's because he was operating two computers!

Also this time our CSVN meeting took a long time too, so after 4 rounds Ries had to begin the awards ceremony.

Anyway, we enjoyed the tournament very much and are looking foward to the next - and probably the last - CSVN gebruikers tournament. Ries will again be our tournament organiser for the 25th Gebruikers, to take place somewhere in October this year.

Eric, below I have given you the results per round and the final ranking. We didn't all write down the games, so I only have a small pgn-file to send you. Also in separate e-mails, I will send you some nice photos for you and your readers to enjoy!

Best regards, Rob

Okay, let's have a look at some the games! But I'd like to say something first. You know, it's easy enough to find some move faults in these dedicated computer games... when I'm using Hiarcs and Houdini on a Quad-laptop! But how would I do without them?! I've no doubt that I'd have readers e-mailing with notes of the faults they'd found in my analysis! Maybe we'll have a look at an old game from an early Gebruikers from a few years ago, when I was maybe using a Mephisto Lyon or similar as my analytical partner. And we'll get Hiarcs to analyse both the game and my analysis, see what I missed and what I got wrong! Could be a good laugh for readers for my final issue!



Round 1

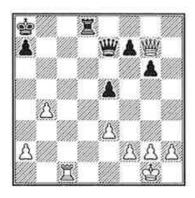
MEPHISTO POLGAR- CXG SPHINX GALAXY

D30: Queen's Gambit Declined:
Systems ex Nc3
1.d4 ②f6 2.c4 e6 3.②f3 d5
4.②g5 ②e7 5.e3 dxc4 6.②xc4
c5 7.②c3N 7.0-0 0-0 8.dxc5
③xc5 9.②c3 is usual, but
there's nothing wrong with the
move played 7...營b6 8.邑b1 If

8.0-0 then definitely not

8... 營xh2?? 9. 勺b5! 8...cxd4 9. 勺xd4 營c5 10. 臭b5+ 臭d7 11. 營f3 勺c6 12. 勺xc6

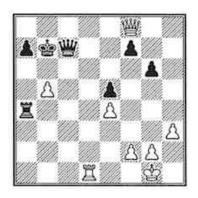






27... 灣c7 Best. If 27... 灣xb4?! 28. 灣xf7! 28. 萬b1 Not 28. 萬xc7?? of course: 28... 萬d1# 28... 灣c7 29.a3 營d6 30.h3 營c7 31.b5 營c2 32. 萬f1 營c7 33.e4 萬d3 34. 萬b1 萬d4 35.a4?! A nice idea, though 35. 萬e1 was preferable from a practical point of view 35... 萬xa4 36. 營f8+ 36. 營h8+! was a more dangerous follow—up to the previous move. After 36... 全b7 37. 營f6! Black's position is precarious!

36... 空b7 37. 罩d1



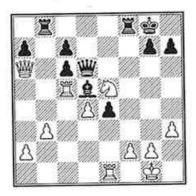
37...□xe4? *37...***□***d4 was best, and if 38.***□***e1* 国d2± **38.**国**a1?** Best was 38.b6! 盘xb6 (or 39.\Bb1+ \Dasha5 40.\Ba3+. Black can nearly resign 38... \(\mathbb{Z} \) c4 39. \(\mathbb{Z} \) a6? Again 39. b6 was best, though the game isn't over this time might be able to hang on. The last 2 moves have cost the Polgar all of the advantage it has had since early in the game! 39...e4! **40.g3 e3! 41. ₩e8??** What?! This loses a game the Polgar had won at move 38. 41. $\triangle g2$ is needed, 41...exf2 (41...e2?! 42. $2 \times 8 \pm 1$ 42. $2 \times 6 = 41 \dots \exp 2 + M_V PC$ program announced this as m/16 almost instantly, but watch what happens now! 42. 查xf2 罩c2+?! 43. 查f3 闛c3+?? 43... $\Xi c3+!$ is the only win, but as 42... $\exists c2+?!$ wasn't optimum it's now showing only m/31! However 43... \alpha c3?? is an awful mistake, and the Galaxy is incredibly fortunate to get away with it 44. \$\preceq\$g4?? Amazingly 44.譽e3! draws because 譽xa7 threatens mate for White! So Black must exchange 44... \mathbb{\mathbb *left with* $\mathbb{Z}+3$ *pawns each, and a draw* 44... **增d4+!** *m/7* 45. **全g5? 罩c5+** *m/3*

46.營e5 營xe5+ 47.內h4 營g5# A very entertaining game despite the awful blunders near the end 0-1

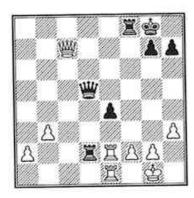
MEPHISTO MMIV - SARGON 4.0 ARB 16 MHz

ECO Opening D35
1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.②c3 ②f6
4.童g5 童e7 5.cxd5 exd5 6.e3
0-0 7.童d3 童e6 8.②f3 ②c6
9.0-0 ②g4 10.童xe7 營xe7 11.e4
dxe4 12.童xe4 f5 13.童xc6 bxc6
14.營d2 營d6 15.h3 ②f6
16.置fe1 童d5 17.②e5 ②e4
18 ⑤xe4 fxe4 19 罩ac1 罩ad8 20.

18.公xe4 fxe4 19.罩ac1 罩ad8 20.營a5 罩b8 21.b3 罩be8 22.罩c5 罩b8 23.營a6



23... **国a8**? 23... **国**b4 keeps the game equal. 24. **智**a5 (not 24. **②**xc6? **国**b6!-+; nor 24. **②**xa7? **②**xd4 25. **③**g4 **国**d2-+) 24... **③**xd4 25. **③**g4 **国**d3= 24. **②**xc6 **②**xc6 25. **②**xc6 **②**f4 26. **③**c2 **②**ad8 27. **②**xa7 c6 28. **③**c5 **③**d5 29. **③**xc6 **②**xd4 30. **③**ce2 **③**f5 31. **③**b6 **⑤**d5 32. **④**c7 **③**d2



33.營c4! Forcing exchanges which pretty much guarantee the win for White 33...營xc4 34.bxc4 Exe2 35.Exe2 Ed8 36.Exe4 The pair of queenside passed pawns win the game 36...臣d1+37.內b2 Ed2 38.a4 Exf2



39.c5 萬c2 40.萬e8+ 於f7 41.萬c8 萬a2 42.萬a8 於e6 43.萬a7 於d5 44.萬xg7 於xc5 45.萬xh7 萬xa4 46.g4 於d5 47.於g3 於e5 48.於h4 萬d4 49.於h5 於f4 50.g5 於g3 51.於g6 萬d6+ 52.於f5 萬d5+ 53.於f6 萬d6+ 54.於e7 1-0

Meph Chess Academy - Novag Super Expert C

C39: King's Gambit Accepted: 3 Nf3 g5 4 h4 1.e4 e5 2.f4 exf4 3.2f3 g5

4.h4 g4 5.De5 Df6 6.2c4 d5

7.exd5 &d6 8.d4 包h5 9.&b5+ 查f8



10. 2xg4? Must be out of Book, this gives the Novag a chance to create a major attack, and it doesn't disappoint. 10.0-0 or 10.Nc3 are theory 10...包g3! 11.営h2 曾e7+ 12.De5N I was amazed to find a game in my database – an N. Daum had tried 10. ∆xg4? in a game in Berlin in 2006, and now went 12. 2f2, but his opponent won quickly with 12...h5 13. De5 &xe5 14.dxe5 曾c5+15. 由e1 曾g1+16. 真f1 曾xf1+ 17. \$d2 De4# 12...f6?! 12... \$xe5! the reply in my database game to 12.曾f2 would have won quickly: 13.dxe5 图xe5+ 14.由f2 <u>\$g4-+</u> 13.**\$xf4 fxe5 14.\$g5** Now Black would still be winning with 14... 曹f7, but instead plays ... 14... g7? giving its opponent counterplay 15.c3?? Oh dear?! 15. 曾f3+! 句f5 16. 皇d3! and the Academy is still in the game! Surprising! 15...exd4 16.曾xd4 16.曾f3+ is met by 16...曾f7-+ 16...曾xd4 17.cxd4 包f5 18. 目h1 h6 19. 息f6 包g3 23.罩f1+ 包xf1 24.遑xf1





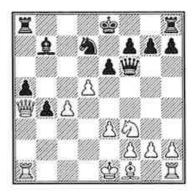
Hein Veldhuis with his daughter Joyce. She is learning to play chess and enjoyed a share of operating the Renaissance!

Round 2

CXG SPHINX GALAXY - SAITEK RENAISSANCE D+

D31: Queen's Gambit Declined: Semi-Slav

1.②f3 d5 2.c4 c6 3.d4 e6 4.②c3 dxc4 5.a4 **Qb4** 6.e3 b5 7.**Qd2** a5 8.axb5 **Qxc3** 9.**Qxc3** cxb5 10.b3 **Qb7** 11.d5 **Qf6** 12.bxc4 b4 13.**Qxf6 Wxf6** 14.**Wa4**+ **Qd7**

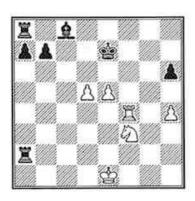


Now White usually plays 15. ②d4 or 15. 図d1 and chances are about even 15.dxe6?N 營c3+?! Missing the best reply:15...fxe6! 營d1 b3! but the game move still leaves Black in charge 16. ②d2 fxe6 17. 図a2 營c1+18. ②e2 ②e7 19. 營b5 図hb8! 20. 營g5+ ②f8



21. 墨xa5? This seems like an unnecessary sacrifice that makes things worse. The best chance lay with 21. 当f4+ 也g8 22. 当d4 though 22... 当d8 but White still has a problem! It would like to exchange queens with 23. 当a1 当xa1 24. 虽xa1, but after 24...a4 Black's connected passed pawns are running down the queenside 21...当c3?! 21...b3! would win outright 22.e4 &a6 Or 22... 虽xa5

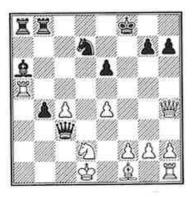
It is amazing that, from here, the game lasts so much longer! 24... 置h2 25. 置c1 包d7 26. 包f3 置xb2 27. 置xc7 包b6 28. 奠c4 包xc4 29. 置xc4 置xa2 30. 置f4+ 堂e7



31.\mathbb{Z}**f6** *I'm sure readers have spotted the* one chance for White in those advanced central passed pawns. They shouldn't be enough to save the game, but even so White must try 31.d6+ sooner rather than later. So 31... 查e8 32.罩f6 and even though a rook down, hope for the best,. After all Black's extra \(\mathbb{Z}\) is still on its a\(\text{8}\) home square 31...h5 31... ag4! 32.d6+! 空d7 33.罩f7+ 空c6 'think': 34... 国a4 35. 国d8 国e4+ 36. 由f2 but 36...b5! finally frees up Black's pieces 37.夕f3+ 杏f4 38.夕d4 罩e8+ 39.杏f1 b6 40.罩f7+ 查g4 41.罩g7+ 查h3 42.包f5 a5 43.\Bg5\Bc8 My PC engine shows m/9 44.買g3+ 空h2 45.買e3 罩c1+ 46.罩e1 罩cc2 47. Ee4 Eg2 48. Ee2 Eaxe2 49. 2 d6 Egf2# A perfect mating finish by the Novag. 0-1

MM IV - Sargon 4.0 1 - 0
Galileo D+ - Monte Carlo 1 - 0
Polgar - Galaxy 0 - 1
Renaissance D+ - Prestige 1 - 0
Schach Akademie - Super Expert C 0 - 1

23. 營xa5 莒a8! 23. 營f4+?! 23.f3!? might have offered White some hope, and after 23... 營d4 24. 查e1. But if Black would finally play 24...b3 the Renaissance stays in charge 23... 查e7 24. 營h4+ 查f8 25. 查d1



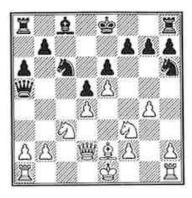
White with no hope at all 0-1

Prestige - MM IV ½ - ½

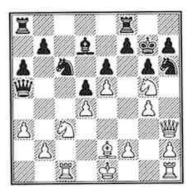
Super Expert C - Galileo D+ 1 - 0 Galaxy - Renaissance D+ 0 - 1

25...b3! Hurrah! 26.曾f4+ 空g8 27.曾g4 图b6 27...b2! 28.邑g5 邑d6 29.曾f4 曾c2+ Missing 29...皇xc4! m/9 30.空e1 曾c1+ 31.空e2 皇xc4+ 32.空f3 邑xd2 33.曾e3 ...and resigns as 33...邑f8+ 34.空g4 皇xf1 leaves





17. 当g5! 17. 包g5 包b4 18.a3 &d7 19. 是c1 包c6 20. 曾d3 The mate threat 当xh7 is easily met, but White has the edge at this point 20...g6 21. 曾h3 也g7



Sargon 4 - Schach Akademie 1 - 0
Monte Carlo - Polgar 1 - 0

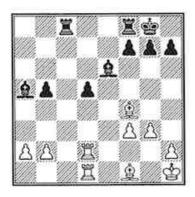
Round 3

MEPH MM IV - MEPH MONTE CARLO
C02: French: Advance Variation
1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.e5 c5 4.c3 ②c6 5.②f3 營b6
6.②e2 cxd4 7.cxd4 ②ge7 8.②c3 ②f5 9.②a4
營a5+ 10.②d2 ②b4 11.②c3 ③xc3+ 12.②xc3
營b6 Part of a major battle for the
d4-pawn! If the computers were still in

****Be2 cxu4** 7.cxu4 包ge7 8.元c3 包13 7.元a-****Be5** 10.**gd2 gb4** 11.**gc3 gxc3**+ 12.**0**xc3 ****Be6** Part of a major battle for the d4-pawn! If the computers were still in Book here I'd expect 13.**geb5** or 13.**0**a4 would be chosen. I did find a game in my database with White's choice, but it isn't as good 13.**0b5** a6 14.g4 ****Ba5**+**N** 14...axb5 15.gxf5 exf5 was played in my database (Club level) game 15.**0**c3 **0**h6 16.****Bd2** 22.2xh7?! Very tempting, but too ambitious, though it's nice to see it from a computer! 22. 2e3 was possible, but better was to play 22.罩d1 first, and after 22...豐b6 then 23. 曾e3 with some pressure 22... \$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$2}}\$}\$ xh7 23.g5 The only realistic follow-up 23... ②xd4 24. 豐xh6+ 全g8 25. 臭g4 ②c6 **26.f4!** Applause from your annotator, the MMIV is still boldly trying to make the sac' work 26...d4? The Monte Carlo's turn to go wrong. It should have made its own sac' with 26... 4xe5 27.fxe5 and then 27...d4!**27.b4??** Returns the favour, this time fatally. Remarkably 27.0-0 dxc3 28.罩xc3 would draw! Only 28... De7 meets the h-file checks (anything else and White mates. E.g. 29... **智**b6+?? 30. **国**f2 **智**xf2+ 31. **含**xf2 **2**c6 32. 營h7#) 30. 由g2 鱼c6+ 31.鱼f3 鬯c2+ etc ½-½ 27... 對xa3 28. 包e2 對xb4+ 29. 由f2 d3 **30.\Bcd1 dxe2** After 31. \Bxd7 \Bxf4+ 32. \Bf3 国ad8 33. 国xd8 国xd8 Black has too much material, together with mate threats. If 34. 罩e1 包xe5 m/9 0-1

FID PRESTIGE GLASGOW - CXG SPHINX GALAXY

B46: Sicilian: Taimanov: 5 Nc3 a6 1.e4 c5 2.包f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.②xd4 ②c6 5.②c3 a6 6.g3 ②f6 7.②xc6 bxc6 8.e5 ②d5 9.③xd5 exd5 10.奠g2 d6 11.exd6 ②xd6 12.0-0 0-0 13.置e1 置b8 14.c4 ②b4 15.置e2 ②g4 16.f3 ②f5 17.cxd5 cxd5 18.②f4 營b6+ 19.۞h1 置bd8 20.置c1 ②c5 21.置e5 ②e6



The game was well—played and fairly even up to here, but now some mistakes start to creep in 28.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xd5? 28.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d4 looks best for White, and if 28...\(\mathbb{Z}\)c2! 29.b4 \(\mathbb{L}\)b6 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)4d2 keeps it equal 28...\(\mathbb{L}\)xd5 29.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xd5 \(\mathbb{E}\)fd8 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xd5 \(\mathbb{L}\)fd8 31.\(\mathbb{L}\)h3?? ChessBase says "strolling merrily down the path to disaster", and I can't really disagree, however corny it is! The best defence was simply 31.\(\mathbb{L}\)g2 after which Black should start to bring his king into the game with 31...\(\mathbb{L}\)fd8 and now 32.b3 \(\mathbb{L}\)c2 33.\(\mathbb{L}\)h3 \(\mathbb{L}\)xf4 34.gxf4 \(\mathbb{L}\)xa2 35.\(\mathbb{L}\)c4\(\mathbb{T}\) 31...\(\mathbb{L}\)c1+ 32.\(\mathbb{L}\)g2 \(\mathbb{L}\)xf4 33.gxf4



33... **Ea1?** Gives the Galaxy a last gasp chance to save the game. 33... **Ed2+** would



have won nicely as, after 34. 由 36. 目 4 是 34. 由 36. 目 56 是 36. 日 34. 由 36. 日 34. 由 36. 日 37. 日 36. 日 37. 日 36. 日 37. 日 37. 日 37. 日 37. 日 37. 日 37. 日 36. 日 37. 日 37. 日 37. 日 36. 日 36. 日 36. 日 37. 日 47. 日 37. 日 47. 日

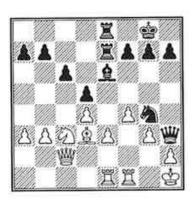
置xh2 38.f6! slowing the Black king's entry into the endgame. But instead 36...g5! is much better than my initial choice. 37.f4 is now best, but 37... 畳d3+38. 魚g2 h5-+36... 魚g7 37.畳b7 The rest is straightforward 37... 畳g1+38. 魚h4 置xh2 39.b4 h6 40.畳b5 畳gh1 41. 魚g3 置xh3+42. 魚f2 置3h2+43. 魚e3 置a1 44. 畳a5 置ha2 45. 魚d4 置xa3 46. 畳xa3 置xa3 and Black has R+3P v 3P, it's all over 0-1

Renaissance D+ - Super Expert C 1 - 0 MM IV - Monte Carlo 0 - 1 Galileo D+ - Sargon 4 1 - 0 Prestige - Galaxy 0 - 1 Schach Akademie - Polgar ½ - ½

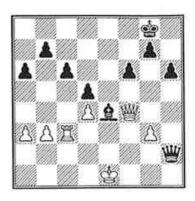
Round 4

CXG SPHINX GALAXY - SAITEK GALILEO D+
D35: Queen's Gambit Declined: Exchange Variation

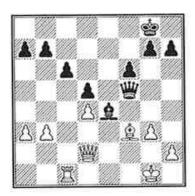
1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.包f3 包f6 4.皇g5 皇e7
5.cxd5 exd5 6.包c3 c6 7.e3 0-0 8.皇d3 包bd7
9.0-0 包e4 10.皇xe4 皇xg5 11.包xg5 豐xg5
12.皇d3 包f6 13.f4N Theory has 13.豐c2
邑e8 and now 14.邑ae1 or 14.b4 13...豐h6
14.豐d2 邑e8 15.邑ae1 皇e6 16.豐c2 邑e7
17.內h1?! I am a little disappointed nowadays to see how often this 'safe' move gets played. Here 17.e4 dxe4 18.包xe4 maintains equality 17...邑ae8! 18.a3 豐h4 18...皇d7!?
19.b3 包g4 20.g3 豐h3







It's fairly level, though White's king protection is suspect 21.f5? Bold, but weakens its own pawn structure, and this one becomes vulnerable. 21. 2d1 2d7 22. 2d2 would add protection to the backward e3-pawn, though perhaps Black still stands better after 22...c5/ 21...\dd7 22.\Dd1 \Dxe3 23.\Dxe3 **Exe3 24. Exe3?** Quite poor, exchanging when a pawn down... and this gives Black's rook a dominating position on the e-file. 24. 曾d2 曾h6 25. 喜xe3 曾xe3 26. 曾xe3 莒xe3 Lets White back into the game. The Galileo only had to find 25... \\@g4! 26.\\@g2 \\@xd4-+ 26. 營d2! 莒e8 27. 莒f4 營h6 28. 營a5 營h5 29.\(\mathbb{G}\)f1?! It was more appropriate to improve its queen's position with 29.\mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{M}}}d2 and after 29... 曾f7 30.b4 = 29... 望e3? 29... **智g4!** was much stronger, as after 30. 曹xa7 h5 31. 宣f4 曹d1+ 32. 盒f1 曹xb3 30.曾d2 罩f3 31.罩d1? 31.罩e1 鱼xf5 32.鱼e2= 31... 鱼xf5 32. 鱼e2 鱼e4 33. 罩c1 曾f5 34. 鱼xf3



34... 營xf3 35. 鼍c3 營h1+ 36. 查f2 營g2+ 37. 查e1 營g1+ 38. 查e2 營xh2+ 39. 查d1 營g1+ 40. 查e2 營g2+ 41. 查e1 營h1+ 42. 查e2 營h5+ 43. 查e1 營h1+ Black is searching for the win, and it's getting dodgy as this is twofold repetition! 44. 查e2 a6 A break from the repeating checks 45. 營f4 營g2+ Start again! 46. 查d1 營g1+ 47. 查e2 營h2+ 48. 查e1 h6 49.曾b8+? A bad idea! With 49.曾f2 曾h1+50.曾f1 曾h5 51.曾f2 White would again challenge its opponent to find a way to avoid repeating moves 49...空h7 50.曾xb7 A very poisoned pawn. White's queen has gone AWOL but could have got back into play with 50.曾f4, though Black would have 50...曾g1+51.曾e2 曾xd4! 50...c5! White is lost after this 51.曾xa6 cxd4 52.皇d3 White resigns: 52...曾g1+53.曾d2 曾f2+54.曾d1 曾f1+55.曾d2 皇f3 forces the loss of more material due to the threat of 曾d1 mate 0-1

Monte Carlo - Renaissance D+ 1 - 0 Galaxy - Galileo D+ 0 - 1 Super Expert C - MM IV $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ Polgar Sargon 4 0 - 1 Schach Akademie - Prestige $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$

FINAL TABLE

	Computer	Operator	/4
1=	Saitek Galileo D+ Mephisto Monte Carlo Saitek Renaissance D+	Hans van Mierlo Ruud Martin Hein Veldhuis	3
4	Novag Super Expert C	Geert Roelof	21/2
	Mephisto MM IV CXG Sphinx Galaxy ARB Sargon 4	Ries v Leeuwen Rob van Son Hans van Mierlo	2
	Fid Prestige Glasgow Chess-Academy	Luuk Hofman Peter Schimmelpennink	1
10	Meph Poigar 5MHz	Henk van Weersel	1/2

Many thanks to **Rob** as always, though it is sad to hear that there will probably only be one more Gebruikers event. A sign of the times. At least we will be able cover it in one of the final issues of *Selective Search* - perhaps it's appropriate that they will be coming to an end almost together!

TRICKY POSITIONS FOR ALL, BUT ESPECIALLY COMPUTER ENGINES!

TRICKY POSITIONS from 161

Last time I showed you a few Positions I've recently added to my own EH Test Suite, but for a change the first move/s of the Solutions were given at the end of the Article, as they are this time (next page)! So, having given the solutions along with the problems, I shouldn't really need to come back to them.

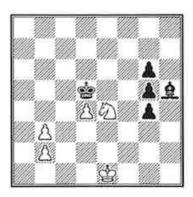
But unfortunately I messed up and in position EH 101 I showed the board as it was AFTER the solution move! Oooops.

Here is the correct position so you can test your engines properly - my apologies.

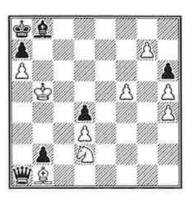
EH 101. White to play and win



A Smyslov game. White to play and win I think my readers might be more likely to get this one than their PC engines – hope I'm right on that!

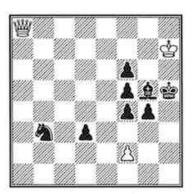


EH 125. White to play and win

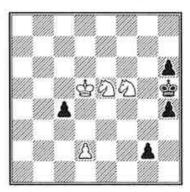


EH 128 from Frank Holt. White to play and mate in 15

This one *is interesting*: a couple of engines produced false mate announcements!



EH 129. White to play and draw



Known as the "Behting Study". Black threatens g1=營, so what can White do? Your PC will probably suggest either 1.包f3 which covers the queening square — but if so does 1...h3! win?! Or 1.包g7+ 全g5 2.包f3+ which now checks <u>and</u> covers the queening square, but does 2...全g4 3.包f5 h3! win in the same way. What do you think, is one of these or something else the move to save the game?

EH101. 1.2d5 cxd5 2.2e5+ fxe5 3. 增xh5+ 1-0

Smyslov game. 1.223! blocking the pawns so that Black's bishop is dead. Most engines want to play 1. \(\Dxg5? \) and only Zappa seemed to recognise that this allows 1...g3 freeing the bishop \$\dag{\pm}xd4 2.\$\dag{\pm}d2 \$\dd{5}\$ **3.b4** by this point some engines also reckon 3. \$\psi e3\$ wins 3...\$\psi c4 4.b5 \$\psi xb5\$ 5. 堂c3 堂c5 6.b3 堂b6 7. 堂b4 堂c6 8. 堂c4 ውሰ7 9.b4 ውር7 10.ውር5 ውb7 11.ውb5 ውር7 12.堂c5

EH 125. 1.g8\(\textit{\textit{2}}\)! Hiarcs 14 and Houdini 2 got the under-promotion. Maybe some others do as well, but the rest that I tested wrongly play 1.f6? which only draws.

EH 128. 1. **Bh8** Most of the engines choose this, and some have the correct mate in 15 (Houdini2 in 15secs! Hiarcs14 in 1min 2secs, Critter 1.6 in 3mins 5secs, though Stockfish2.3.1 no mate found). But amazingly Rybka4.1 announces m/14, and Junior13.3 mate in 13, both of which are Rybka's 14 move 'quicker' mate try goes instead 3. 皆f7+? 含h4 4. 含g6 含h3 5. 皆xb3 皇e7 6. 幽xd3+ 由g2 7. 由xf5 g3 8. 幽e4+ f3 9. 由g4 由h2? 10. 由xf3 gxf2 11. 图h7+ 由g1 12. 2g6+ 2g5 13. 2g3 #14. Trouble is Black can play 9...gxf2 and the mate takes much longer! 3... ah6 4. 曾e8+ 由h4 5. 曾e1 也g5 6.四e7+ 也h5 7.回e6 鱼g5 Junior's mistake was similar in not finding Black's best defence. Here it suggested 7...\$f8? 8. 曹xf5+ 由h4 9. 曹xf4 白d2 10. 曹h2+ #13, but of course the correct 7. 2g5 delays the mate correctly 8.曾e8+ 含h4 9.曾e1 含h5 10.營h1+ 急h4 11.營c6 急g5 12.查g7 急f6+ 13. 全xf6 f3 14. 当e8+ 全h6 15. 当g6#

EH 129. 1.全c6!! g1豐 2.包xh4! Now if 2... $\triangle xh4$ 3. $\triangle f3+$ wins the queen, so... 2... 質h1+ The only check, but... 3. 包hf3 Black's king is immobilised by the knights, which also protect each other as well as the d2-pawn! White leaves these 3 where they are and now just moves his king around, making sure only not to get stalemated in a corner - then he'd have to move a pawn or knight! It's a cast iron draw! 1/2-1/2

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THE CEGT AND CCRL RATING LISTS!

<u>The very interesting CCRL & CEGT Website Groups</u> have **COMPLETE RATING LISTS** for a wide range of PC hardware, and include old, new, interim and free versions, though they <u>don't</u> always both test exactly the SAME engines! I extract from the lists their ratings for engines when they're running on a *Single* Processors.

CEGT 40/20 32/64-bit 1cpu Rating List

http://www.husvankempen.de/nunn

CEGT, 64-bit, some 32-bit for comparison

	CEGT, <u>04-bit, some 32-bit for co</u>	
Pos	ENGINE	RATING
1_	HOUDINI 1.5A x64	3009
2	Коморо 5 х64	3006
3	Houdini 2.0 x64	3005
4	CRITTER 1.6 x64	2989
5	Коморо 4.0 х64	2978
6	CRITTER 1.4 x64	2974
7	Houdini 1.5a x32	2972
8	CRITTER 1.2 x64	2972
9	STOCKFISH 2.2.2 x64	2971
10	CRITTER 1.4 x32	2962
11	STOCKFISH 2.3.1 x64	2960
12	Кувка 4.1 х64	2958
13	Коморо 3 х64	2952
14	STOCKFISH 2.2.2 x32	2944
15	Рувка 4 х64	2938
16	STOCKFISH 2.1.1 x64	2928
17	GULL II BETA2 x64	2928
18	Rувка 3 x64	2908
19	Коморо 3 х32	2906
20	Курка 4 х32	2903
21	Equinox 1.50 x64	2902
22	Naum 4.2 x64	2837
23	HIARCS 14 x32	2824
24	DEEP FRITZ 13	2824
25	CHIRON 1.1 x64	2819
26	Naum 4.2 x32	2817
27	Rувка 2.3.2a x64	2808
28	FRITZ 13 x32	2804
29	SHREDDER 12 x64	2800
30	HANNIBAL 1.2 x64	2800
31		2789
32	GULL 1.1 x64	2788
33	SJENG CT 2010 x64	
34	SPIKE 1.4 x32	2782
35	Hiarcs13.2 x32	2774
	DEEP FRITZ 12 x32	2768
36	Quazar 0.4 x64	2765
37	SPARK 1.0 x64	2764
38	Ризи 1.2 г х 64	2764
39	PROTECTOR 1.4.0 x64	2760
40	JUNIOR 13/13.3 x64	2760
41	Junior 12.5 x64	2755
42	Docн 1.3.4 х64	2741
43	FRITZ 12 x32	2732

CCRL 40/40 32-bit 1cpu Rating List

http://www.computerchess.org.uk/ccrl

CCRL, all 32-bit. Recent level lowering (still high?!)

_	re-	1.5
Pos		RATING
1	HOUDINI 2.0c	3140
2	HOUDINI 1.5A	3132
3	STRELKA 5.5	3127
4	STRELKA 5.1	3126
5	CRITTER 1.4	3115
6	CRITTER 1.6A	3111
7	CRITTER 1.2	3090
- 8	STOCKFISH 2.2.2	3088
9	Коморо 5	3083
10	STOCKFISH 2.3.1	3076
11	Кувка 4.1	3066
12	Коморо 4	3065
13	VITRUVIUS 1.11C	3064
14	IVANHOE 9.46H	3062
15	STOCKFISH 2.1.1	3060
16	DEEP SAROS 2.3J	3057
17	Коморо 3	3052
18	STOCKFISH 2.0.1	3045
19	Кувка 4	3045
20	DEEP SAROS 3.0	3044
21	Кувка 3	3021
22	GULL II BETA2	3005
23	BOUQUET 1.5	3005
24	FRITZ 13	2989
25	Naum 4.2	2986
26	HIARCS 14	2984
27	SJENG 2010 CT	2969
28	SHREDDER 12 OA=OFF	2956
29	CHIRON 1.1A	2956
30	SPIKE 1.4 LEIDEN	2943
31	Junior 13/13.3	2941
32	Кувка 2.3.2 а	2936
33	JUNIOR 12.5	2932
34	HIARCS 13.2	2927
35	HANNIBAL 1.2	2924
36	Quazar 0.4	2908
37	FRITZ 12	2908
38	PROTECTOR 1.4.0	2896
39	Hiarcs 13/13.1	2896
40	Rувка 1.2	2892
41	GULL 1.2	2892
42	SPARK 1.0	2884
43	THINKER 5.40 INERT	2875
43	I HINKER 3.4D INEK!	2013

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Tana D20 400E	2220	Manhieta Milana	1052	CalCus Turboster 422	1760
Tasc R30-1995	2330	Mephisto Milano	1903	SciSys Turbostar 432	1762
Mephisto London 68030	2301 l	Mephsto Montreal+Roma68000	1951	Mephisto MM2	1757
Tasc R30-1993	2297	Novag Star Ruby+Amber	1948	Fidelity Excellence/3+Des2000	1754
Mephisto Genius2 68030	2292	Mephisto Amsterdam	1946	Novag Jade1+Zircon1	1744
	0000	Manhista Assalamade	404E	Konnerou A/A mandula	
Mephisto London Pro 68020	2209	Mephisto Academy/5	1945	Kasparov A/4 module	1740
Mephisto Lyon 68030	2265	Mephisto Mega4/5	1931	Conchess/4	1734
Mephisto Portorose 68030	2256	Fidelity 68000 Mach2B	1931	Kasparov Renaissance basic	1729
Mephisto RISC2	2248	Kasparov Barracuda+Centurion	1031	Kasparov Prisma+Blitz	1729
		Nasparov Darracuda Cociliurion	4000		
Mephisto Vancouver 68030	2245	Novag SuperForte+Expert B/6	1923	Novag Super Constellation	1728
Meph Lyon+Vanc 68020/20		Kasparov Maestro D/10 module			1716
Mephisto Berlin Pro 68020	2235	Fidelity 68000 Mach2C	1919	Novag Super Nova	1701
Kasparov RISC 2500-512		Kasparov GK2000+Executive		Fidelity Prestige+Elite A	1688
Meph RISC1	2220	Kasparov Explorer+TAdvTrainer	1915	Inovag Supremo+SuperviP	1684
Mephisto Montreux	2210	Kasparov AdvTravel+Bravo	1915	Fidelity Sensory 12	1681
		l			
Kasparov SPARC/20		Mephisto MM4		SciSys Superstar 36K	1667
Mephisto Atlanta+Magellan	2206	Kasparov Talk Chess Academy	1900	IMephisto Exclusive S/12	1665
					1664
Kasparov RISC 2500-128	2191	Mephisto Modena	1099	Meph Chess School+Europa	
Mephisto London 68020/12	2179	Kasparov Maestro C/8 module	1891	Conchess/2	1658
				Novag Quattro	1650
Novag Star Diamond/Sapphire			1000	Inovay Qualifo	
Fidelity Elite 68040v10	2164	Mephisto Monte Carlo4	1888	Novag Constellation/3.6	1646
Mephisto Vancouver 68020/12	2156	Novag Super Forte+Expert A/6			1637
	2150	Tivorag Super I ofte Lxpert Are	1000	I identy Ente B	
Mephisto Lyon 68020/12	2150	Fidelity Travelmaster+Tiger	1882	Novag Primo+VIP	1631
Mephisto Portorose 68020		Fidelity 68000 Mach2A	1882	Mephisto Mondial2	1610
			4070	Fidelity Filte esignal	
Mephisto London 68000	2130	Novag Ruby+Emerald	18/9	Fidelity Elite original	1609
Novag Sapphire2+Diamond2	2121	Kasparov Travel Champion	1867	Mephisto Mondial1	1597
	2442	CVC Cobiev Colovy			1591
Fidelity Elite 68030v9	2113	CXG Sphinx Galaxy		Novag Constellation/2	
Mephisto Vancouver 68000	2108	Conchess Plymate Victoria/5.5	1865	CXG Super Enterprise	1589
				CXG Advanced Star Chess	1589
Mephisto Lyon 68000		Mephisto Monte Carlo			
Mephisto Berlin 68000	2105	Kasparov TurboKing2	1855	Novag AgatePlus+OpalPlus	1575
Mephisto Almeria 68020	2102	Novag Expert/6	1854	Kasparov Maestro+Cosmic	1550
			1007	Cuarlibus New York towns	
Meph Master+Senator+MilPro	2101	Kasparov AdvTrainer+Capella		Excalibur New York touch	1530
Novag Sapphire1+Diamond1	2082	Conchess Plymate Roma/6	1844	Fidelity Sensory9	1528
			10/12	Kooperay Astroly Conquistador	
Mephisto MM4/Turbo18	2000	Fidelity Par Excellence/8		Kasparov Astral+Conquistador	1520
Mephisto Portorose 68000	2077	Fidelity 68000 Club B	1843	Kasparov Cavalier	1520
	2072	Novaa Evport/5		Chess 2001	1500
Fid Mach4+Des2325+68020v7	2012	Novag Expert/5			
Fidelity Elite 2x68000v5	2052	Novag Super Forte+Expert A/5	1830	Novag Mentor16+Amigo	1494
Mephisto Mega4/Turbo18	2042	Fidelity Par Excellence	1829	GGM+Steinitz module	1490
Mephisto Polgar/10	2034	Fidelity Elite+Designer 2100	1829	Excalibur Touch Screen	1485
Mephisto Dallas 68020	2033	Fidelity Chesster	1829	Mephisto 3	1479
					1476
Mephisto Roma 68020		Novag Forte B		Kasparov Turbo 24K	
Mephisto MM6+ExplorerPro	2023	Fidelity Avant Garde	1829	SciSys Superstar original	1475
		Mephisto Rebell	1827	GGM+Morphy module	1472
Kasparov GK2100+Cougar			1021	Colvinition by Houding	
Kasparov Cosmos+Expert	2022	Kasp Stratos+Corona+B/6mod	1824	Kasparov Turbo 16K+Express	1470
Kasparov Brute Force	2022	Novag Forte A	1819	Mephisto 2	1470
Mephisto Almeria 68000		Fidelity 68000 Club A	1910	SciSys C/C Mark6	1428
Novag Citrine	2014	Excalibur Grandmaster	1814	Conchess A0	1426
					1419
Novag Scorpio+Diablo		Kasparov Maestro A/6 module	1010	SciSys C/C Mark5	
Kasp Challenger+President	1994	Kasparov TurboKing1	1804	CKing Philidor+Counter Gambit	1380
Fid Mach3+Des2265+68000v2		Conchess/6	1802	Morphy Encore+Prodigy	1358
			1002	Intolprity Elicole it roulgy	
Mephisto MM4/10	1979	Mephisto Supermondial1	1801	Sargon Auto Response Board	1320
Meph Dallas 68000		Conchess Plymate/5.5	1794	Novag Solo	1270
Mephisto Nigel Short	19/0	SciSys Turbo Kasparov/4	1791	CXG Enterprise+Star Chess	1260
Nov EmClassic+Zircon2+Jade2	1965	Novag Expert/4	1790	Fidelity Chess Challenger Voice	1260
			1700	Chaceking Master	1200
Mephisto MM5		Kasparov Simultano		ChessKing Master	
Mephisto Polgar/5	1963	Fidelity Excellence/4	1783	Fidelity Chess Challenger 10	1175
		Conchess Plymate/4		Boris Diplomat	1150
Novag Obsidian					
Mephisto Mondial 68000XL		Fidelity Elite C	1777	Novag Savant	1100
Nov SuperForte+Expert C/6		Fidelity Elegance	1765	Boris2.5	1060
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