SELECTIVE SEARCH The COMPUTER CHESS Magazine

Est. 1985 **Issue 73**

Editor: Eric Hallsworth
Dec 97-Jan 98 £3.50

1997 WORLD MICRO COMPUTER CHAMPIONSHIPS

Big win for almost unknown JUMIOR, as Virtua, Shredder and MChess Profail to keep up the pace.

Shocks for FRITZ and KALLISTO.

Where were HIARCS, REBEL and GENIUS?

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NEWS & RESULTS

Computer Chess: Current Affairs!

DEEP BLUE turns DEEPER BLUE, then YELLOW!

23.Sep. 1997, **The INTERNET**: "Just read on REUTER's that IBM has officially declined any further DEEP BLUE matches".

24.Sep.1997, Malcolm PEIN wrote in the DAILY TELEGRAPH: "A third match between world chess champion Garry Kasparov and Deep Blue - the computer that beat him last April - may never happen".

If Kasparov has given up his title for a mess of pottage (cp.Esau in Genesis 25'29-34) it is not surprising that he reacted angrily to the news, accusing IBM was "quitting whilst it was ahead".

He had, straight after his defeat, challenged DEEP[er] BLUE2/3! to a third and deciding match - winner take all, including Kasparov's version of the world title!

Yet it almost seems that Kasparov actually brought the worst upon himself when, in a bitter attack straight after the match, he stated that what had originally been purported as a "scientific experiment" had become a "seriously competitive challenge...



in an IBM created hostile atmosphere which was very difficult for me to bear".

IBM, Hsu and the rest of the programming team were more than taken aback by this less-than-endearing side of Kasparov, and some commentators wonder if the unpleasantness of his remarks might have really been what has cost him a re-match.

At the time all the IBM team would say was that, if there is a 3rd. match, "we hope Kasparov will play his own style of chess, i.e not anti-computer chess".

But an IBM spokesman in New York now says that Deep Blue's chess-playing days are over, so that the hardware can be used for investigating new projects in healthcare, financial marketting and pharmaceuticals. On the other hand, with IBM's and Deep Blue's prestige at an all time high, playing the famous "hard to get" strategy could perhaps increase interest and demand (not to mention the financial rewards!) to unimaginable and irresistible proportions! Hope so!

Who COULD BEAT Deep Blue?

In the aftermath of 'the Event', the names of Karpov and Anand were freely promoted on the Internet chess section, as the two most likely to succeed. In an Indian newspaper as recently as October it was stated that discussions concerning an Anand-Deep Blue match were under way, though IBM have since denied the rumour.

Kasparov, arrogant to the end, said in a recent interview, "There are only 4 players who can beat DB in a match. They are Kasparov, Anand, Kramnik and Karpov".

One is tempted to ask on what basis he included himself in the list, when he didn't!

Frank HOLT: Latest RESULTS

Frank continues to be our most prolific British contributor and has, as promised, now supplied us with two more results from major matches he's been conducting.

Rebel8 P/100-MChess Pro5 P/100

Rebel8 normal 6½-5½ MChess Pro5

Rebel8 active 9-3 MChess Pro5 Rebel8 solid 8-4 MChess Pro5

Rebel8 defens 9-3 MChess Pro5

Rebel8 aggress 6-6 MChess Pro5

For comparison, here were the scores against MCP6:-

Rebel8 P/100-MChess Pro6 P/100

Rebell normal 6-6 MChess Pro6

Rebel8 active 6-6 MChess Pro6

Rebel8 solid 5½-6½ MChess Pro6

Rebel8 defens 4½-7½ MChess Pro6

Rebel8 aggess 5½-6½ MChess Pro6

Clearly MCPro6 is <u>much</u> better than MCP5, though Frank did tell us at the time that, in his estimation, no less than 14 of the 60 games were affected by special preparation in the MCP6 book.

Now to the result of the match Frank describes as an "epic" due to the very competitive nature of the chess played!

Rebel8 P/100-Hiarcs6 P/100 Aggressive

Rebel8 normal 6½-5½ Hiarcs6

Rebel8 active 6½-5½ Hiarcs6

Rebel8 solid 6-6 Hiarcs6

Rebel8 defens 4½-7½ Hiarcs6

Rebel8 aggress 3½-8½ Hiarcs6

Frank sent me some of the games, with EPD2DIAGrams of key moments, and I'll try to find room for these in a future Issue. For comparison, here were the results with Hiarcs6 on Normal.

Rebel8 P/100-Hiarcs6 P/100 Normal

Rebel8 normal 5-7 Hiarcs6

Rebel8 active 4½-7½ Hiarcs6

Rebel8 solid 5½-6½ Hiarcs6

Rebel8 defens 6-6 Hiarcs6

Rebel8 aggress 6-6 Hiarcs6

It is noticeable that Hiarcs on its recommended Normal setting did much better than Aggressive when playing against Rebel on its own Normal and 'nearest-to-Normal' settings.

Hiarcs6 Aggressive only did better when Rebel was separated from its top set-

tings!

So Hiarcs6 Aggressive has the best 'killer' setting for 'weaker' opposition (no slight intended, Ed, I recognise R8 is not playing its best chess on wider settings), whilst it is apparently best kept on Normal when faced with equal or almost equal opposition.

Frank is doing Hiarcs6-Geniu5 right now, but has also just bought Fritz5, so we may get coverage here as well soon.

HIARCS6 comes 2nd= in SPAIN; Another big 2600+ Elo grading!

Hiarcs6, running on a Pentium MMX/200, has just come **2nd=** in an important **week-end Tournament** in Spain.

According to the info I have at present the time control was G/25, and there were no less than 8 G.M's playing! Operator Amador Cuesta had set Hiarcs6 to G/20, allowing himself 5 mins to make all the move transfers, but in two long games the computer ran very short of time.

Top-rated was Giorgadze, with whom Hiarcs6 drew. In fact H6 lost no games at all, and Amador admits that his mistakes under time pressure certainly cost H6 at least one win in the 3 draws it had.

Being provisionally rated at 2000 - Hiarcs was (!) an unknown to the Tournament organisers - it had started off with 2 'easy' 21/25 move games against unrated players. These 2 wins soon put it in against strong opposition where it had its other draws with GM's Segundo and G Hernandez, and beat GM Ubilava, and FM's R Santiago (2340) and J Hernando (2400).

The win against **Ubilava** (2520) in round 5 was partially fortuitous - but they all count! The GM obtained a strong position from a Dutch Classical Stonewall, but lost a knight in a neat tactical trick after which Hiarcs6 announced a mate in 11!

The first encounter involving time trouble came in round 6 against top-rated GM, Giorgadze (2625). H6 stood slightly better but Amador made a mistake changing the time setting at move 61, with the result that Hiarcs was moving quicker than it needed, so he offered a draw which the GM quickly accepted.

Hiarcs met **San Segundo** (2495), the eventual winner of the tournament, in round 8 and was offered a draw both before the game started and after move 7! Amador said "No" but, in the event, the game was drawn at move 44 anyway!

In the 9th round against Mexican GM Hernandez (2525), H6 had a completely won endgame. But it was running short of time on the main clock after Amador had transferred a move wrongly onto the main board. The "take back?" request was refused, so Amador had to alter the position in Hiarcs6's memory, via set-up. It was still winning!

But now the computer's time setting also had to be changed, because of the time lost in changing the position to the one now

on the board.

Permission had been obtained to reset the clock once in such circumstances, but this time Amador accidentally re-set H6 to its 'instant' level, which is designed for play against beginners (!), and the win sadly evaporated into a draw around move 80.

The Hiarcs6 grading from its games v rated opponents was 2684 Elo. We certainly believe that computers tend to grade approx. 80 Elo higher than 'true' at G/25-30, so it is perhaps the equivalent of approx. 2604.

■ Final result:

8/9 San Segundo (GM 2495)

7.5 Hiarcs6, A Strikovic (GM 2560), E Ubilava (GM 2520), G Hernandez (GM 2525), G Del Rio (IM 2375).
On 7 were six players, incl. the top rated Gior-

gadze. 206 players competed in all.

The Mephisto ATLANTA earns its keep!

Countrywide Computers usually likes to enter either a dedicated computer or a PC program into the tournament at the Bury St. Edmunds Week-end Congress.

But readers may recall that no-one would play the Milano Pro in the final round last time, with its score on 3/4.

So this time we put one of the new Atlanta machines on our Stand, and challenged players to G/5 Blitz... for cash!

We - well, Mike Healey! :-) - put £5 in the kitty to start off, and added £1 for every game that the computer remained undefeated!

The 'pot' was pretty large by Sunday night, but Mike left with his money intact the Atlanta gave up only one draw throughout the whole week-end, and actually won all the other, approximately 60, games!

"There were some pretty hairy moments", says Mike, "when I thought I was going to have to pay out. But when it was on top the Atlanta won some devastating games and, whenever it did get in trouble, it defended and counter-attacked at times quite brilliantly".

SCORE UPDATES: Milano Pro, Diamond2 and Atlanta

We've not done too much more with the Milano Pro or Diamond2 since the last issue of SS, but we have completed another 12 game match with the Atlanta, this time against the Mephisto Nigel Short.

The Atlanta won impressively and quite

easily, by 9-3.

We also have the first results for the Sapphire2/Diamond2 through from Sweden. As often seems to happen with the

Novags, the Swedish results are not quite as good as ours. It seems there is still a small fall-away in the success ratio of Kittinger's tricky type of program when the opposition has more time to sort out the created complications.

For example, whilst we have Diamond2 41/2-11/2 up against Milano Pro at G/30 (score was 3-0), in Sweden it's actually the other way round (just!), with Milano Pro

leading 101/2-91/2!

Another of their Diamond2 results is 10-10 v Berlin 68000, whilst it has a good 14-6 win against the original Milano, and leads 11-1 against the Super Expert 6/C.

Thus a rating comparison as I write (6/Nov) shows major variations between us, after allowing for the 80 Elo difference which traditonally separates the Swedish and British Elo scales.

	Swe	$SS_{\underline{}}$	<i>Diff</i> - <u>80</u>
Milano Pro	2079	2136	-23
	2088	2138	-30
Diam1/Sapph1 Diam2/Sapph2	2096	2190	+14
Atlanta		2252	200

I expect (and hope!) these figures will start to come together as more results come through. Right now I would guess that the Swedish rating for Diamond2/Sapphire2 will maybe rise a little, whilst mine will go down a few points?!

EPD and PGN files for PC

Over the years I have accumulated a small collection of .pgn and .epd files relating to computer chess!

The .pgn files are mostly Games Collections from various Computer tournaments or matches:-

PGN LIST Harvard Cup 1993, 95. WCC 1995. WMCC 1993, 95, 96, 97. Aegon 1996, 97. Aegon v GM's 1997. Kasparov v Anand. Kasparov v Deep Blue 1 & 2. Kamsky v Karpov. Hiarcs6 v Hergott. MCPro6 v Efimov. Collection of (740) Fischer games. The .epd files contain sets of positions from various Test Suites. These are useful as many PC programs now can be set to import and automatically analyse a series of test positions, without you or me having to 'sit and watch'. The program runs the test and creates a file to report the results of each position tested.

With EPD2DIAG it is also possible to view and/or print these positions one at a time. The very latest version of EPD2DIAG not only exports to a PRINT program via the Clipboard (as described in SS71, page 5), but also can now create .bmp and .gif files directly, making life even easier.

- EPD LIST
 BT2830 test (hard, tactical)
 Covax tests, 1 + 2 (very hard, tactical).
 Exner test
 LCT2 test (tactical, positional + endgame!)
 MR test (positional)
 PCH test (50, all positional, from Gelfer's Handbook)
 Nolot test
- PRICES (direct only from Eric)
 PGN files on disc £5
 EPD files on disc, with EPD2DIAG £5
 BOTH discs £8

Folk who have <u>already</u> purchased the previous version of EPD2DIAG from me can return the disc with a book of 1st. class stamps (take one stamp out to post the disc!), and I'll happily upgrade it and complete your .epd file Collection!

Thanks re KIMBO: meet SKY!

I'd like to thank the MANY who've contacted me to say "sorry" about Kimbo. Folk who visited Countrywide and met her were particularly upset, she was a super dog!

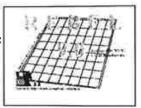


We've now got SKY, also from a Rescue Centre. Previously she'd been very badly treated. We like to rescue dogs - it reminds me that I've been rescued: "I once was lost, but now am found!" as goes the song Amazing Grace by converted slave trader, John Newton!

SKY will be one year old on Nov.23, and is looking lovely in the photo with Chris, my wife.

REBEL9

Sincere apologies are due from me toEd Schroder, who kindly sent me a copy of **Rebel9** on CD the minute it came out!



And no review this time! Sorry, Ed.

I had already done my Fritz5 review when R9 arrived, but expected to have room for both. However the News and WMCC pages etc have taken up so much room, it is having to wait until SS74.

Even so, I can say this: though I <u>am</u> pretty impressed with Fritz5, with its improvements and fine features... if you want really <u>top</u> strength as well, then **Rebel9** is what you should be looking at!

I'm not sure if its rating will pass Hiarcs6 on the standard Pentiums - it will be a very close thing. But on Pentium Pro and MMX machines Rebel9 might make it!

Ed has re-coded relevant program parts into 32-bit, so there is a more than useful speed-up on the faster PC's! Whatever, there is no doubt that this is a very powerful program, blessed with lots of good features for chess enthusiasts and serious players.

There's also a new opening book by Jeroen Noomen, of around 185,000 positions, with some very specific evaluation figures given for each line which will be of great interest. Learning has also been added, so that Rebel9's opening play will 'evolve' according to its successes and/or failures within each owner's PC.

Favourite features remain, such as the ability to simulate play at a range of different Elo settings, the 4 game Simultaneous facility, and useful chess evaluation insights from the Rebel 'WarRoom'. Lots of fun!

NEXT ISSUE

- Dutch Open Computer Champs (played Nov-Dec).
- Ingo Althoeffer: 3-Hirn plays Shuffle Chess against GM Yusupov.
- Komputer Korner's Korrespondence Kup: Result and analysed games from the Diep operator!
- Bill Reid finds out more about Rebel8.
- Test your Computer:2 (SS72) results.
- Oh yes, mustn't forget the Rebel9 review!



World Micro Computer Champs - REPORT & GAMES! An

The 1997 and 15th. World Micro Computer Championship was held in Paris, from Oct.26 through to Nov.2nd. Credits are due to *Titus Software*, who provided the local organisation.

As usual, after the main Tournament, there was an extra day for a Blitz event and

prizegiving ceremonies.

Another Paris company, AMD, supplied Pentium Pro 200MHz machines for those participants who wanted them. Others brought their own, very latest P/Pro 300's, and some software was on even more specialised equipment.

It is a shame that the programs aren't all on the same hardware, so that the Tournament would be a completely equal test, as a program running at double speed or even slightly more, clearly has a good advantage.

Pre-Tournament Favourites

Last year's winner **Shredder** was not especially fancied to repeat, despite being on an Alpha 533 - remember that many of the top commercial programs were missing in the 1996 Jakarta event.

The Israeli team had been unable to get visas for their entry with **Junior**, and some other programs withdrew as a protest. Others were put off by the costs of getting themselves and valuable PC equipment to and from Indonesia, and still others had different reasons for not entering, but that's another story!

Ferret was probably just favourite - though programmer Bruce Moreland is still an amateur (with, sadly, no interest in making his program commercial), Ferret was 2nd. last year and has gained a tremendous reputation playing Blitz on the Internet in the States; it would be running on particularly fast hardware in Paris.

The fastest hardware of all belonged to **Dark Thought**, which was on an Alpha 767, though it was considered unlikely this would get DT home!

Referring to Ferret as an amateur program may lead readers to wonder why so many

really good emerging programs remain 'amateur'. However there is rather more to producing a commercial program than 'just' playing good chess. They need interfaces, graphics

and a myriad other features before they can even start to compete with those already on the market.

Many of the amateur programs have really good chess engines, but the screen (including the board!) is often in plain old scrolling text! A year's work could put this right, but our amateur friends are understandably only really interested in working on the chess side of their program.

Equally, whatever the myths, there's not much money to be made for most, even with one of the very top programs!

Junior3/3.5/4 comes into the 'amateur' and non-graphics department. Indeed versions 3/3.5/4 didn't even support proper hash tables, and only made 200K available! Despite this it has played very successfully in a team in the Chess Leagues in Israel and is another with a big reputation. Indeed the Swedish Chess Association has been testing the non-commercial versions for their PLY rating lists, and I have been including Junior3.5 on mine on the basis of their results, though it seems from these that it is approx. 100 Elo behind those at the top.

However **JuniorX** for Paris would be the first version to have a proper hash system and, as it would be on a PPro/300, there were strong rumours that it also could be a leading contender.

The latest commercial versions of MChess Pro(7) and Fritz(5) were obviously fancied, especially the latter which, of course, is still World Computer Champion from the 1995 event!

Internet regular **Crafty**, by Bob Hyatt, had its supporters, though its computer-computer results have been generally inferior those against humans at Blitz, which is where Hyatt concentrates his efforts.

France's Marc-Francois Baudot was

optimistic that his new version Virtual Chess2 could win, to celebrate the Championship being in Paris.

Kallisto also had its supporters, based on its fine Aegon result.

Missing, and not in Action!

Rebel, Hiarcs, Genius, MChess Pro, Nimzo and WChess were all missing from the initial list of participants.

Austria's Donninger, however, had entered Nimzo as Hydra, which caused some confusion when the questions over why certain programs were missing arose!

Rebel's Ed Schroder stated a couple of years ago that he would not be entering computer-computer events anymore.

It's partly the cost, and partly he feels there is more to be learned using his autotesters over hundreds of games against the main commercial opposition, than in an 11 round WMCC event against all sorts.

But his main concern is the fact that the non-available amateur programs can be (and usually are) heavily prepared and booked-up in readiness for games against their easily available commercial opponents, whereas there is nothing the commercial programmer can do to prepare for the amateur programs which appear for just a few games a year.

Incidentally, and going off the subject momentarily, but that's a major reason why the Kasparov-Deep Blue match was not entirely fair - GK couldn't prepare properly for the unknown!

The extreme computer-computer case of this was the Gandalf victory over Hiarcs in 1995, and all other commercial programs I've tested would have fallen into the early trap at that time. So it could have been Rebel itself or, indeed, any of the others getting the bad headlines!

Hiarcs was entered originally, but wasn't there because Mark Uniacke and the ICCA were unable to agree about his personal status. Hiarcs is not Mark's job - he only works on it in his spare time at evenings and week-ends, as do the other helpers in his small team. So, although the program is commercially available - indeed it's currently the top rated! - Mark is not a

professional chess programmer in his view. He'd like to be, and he thought he should be classed as an "emerging professional" - as were such as Chrilly Doninger with his Nimzo/Hydra program, and the programmers of Shredder and Goliath, which are also commercially available. But the ICCA said Mark could only enter as a professional.

I should add that this had nothing to do with the £1,000 entrance fee (from which non-professionals are exempt), as Mark tells me he offered to pay that anyway.

Cash was Marty Hirsch's problem with MChess Pro, as I understand it.

The early story was that he was too late in sending in his entry, but I have reported in a previous Issue that Marty has had to take up other work to support his chess computing. This is mainly because a German firm still owes him a considerable sum of money for MCP programs they purchased off him.

In the event I am told that major German distributor Ossi Weiner came up with the entrance fee for Marty, enabling him to play. Indeed, he took Hiarcs place - a strange irony!

Genius is undergoing a rewrite of the code from 16-bit to 32-bit, and is still some way from being finished. Richard, understandably, didn't feel like entering with Genius5 after everyone's had a year to see what it does or doesn't do (or, more important, have in its opening book!).

Some of the New Names!

Now available commercially, **Goliath** is the new name for last year's Interchess.

The Crazy Bishop is programmed by France's Remi Coulom, who says the first code only hit the screen in Oct.96!

Chess Guru is by Joel Rivat, using bitboards and 64 bit programming and on some powerful hardware as it performs poorly on 16 and 32-bit machines.

And some Old Friends!

It's always nice to see the British amateur programs **Woodpusher** by John Hamlen and **Francesca** by Tom King entered. They were hoping to be drawn to play each other at some point though, based on the 1996

results, it was expected that Francesca might be higher up the table. Both are keen SS readers, so I'll be after them for brief 'on

the scene' reports later!

Finally would **Ananse** in v3.0 manage a win - the only points it's ever scored in WMCC events has been from byes so far. You have to admire programmer Bannerman's persistence!

The Tournament! Rounds 1-4

■ Ferret drew with Gandalf before beating 2 eventually lowly-placed opponents. Then it lost in round 4 to....

■ Junior, which started in a rush, going straight to 3½/4. The round 4 win over

Ferret sounded a warning!

■ Shredder made an awful start! A draw with Crafty was fair enough, but losses against Gandalf and Chess Guru left it on an early 1½/4.

 Kallisto started badly, drawing with Arthur, Toledo and my friend Francesca,

and losing to Chess Guru.

 Fritz5 astonishingly started with 3 draws and a defeat - all against opponents which all ended up in the bottom half of the table!

- MChess Pro7 was on standard PPro/200 hardware, so its win over Dark Thought in round 1 and an early $3\frac{1}{2}$ 4 was a very good start for it.
- Virtual was also one of the early leaders, though it had had a couple of easier opponents on its way to a promising 3½/4.
- Nimzo/Hydra made a poor start, losing to Toledo (a newcomer which was to end up with a good score) and Arthur. 1½/4.

After draws in rounds 1 and 2, Crafty played two weaker opponents and got

nicely to 3/4.

■ Chess System_Tal started as if it meant business. Granted its early opposition was moderate, but 3/4 was just what Chris Whittington would have been hoping for.

And what of my old friends Woodpusher and Francesca?

■ Francesca had 1½/4, thanks to a win over poor Ananse (as you'd expect on 0/4).

■ Woodpusher had a ½ point more. It had lost to Ferret, but beat Dragon and got a useful draw with Goliath to reach 2/4!

Round 1 - ECO C18 **CS Tal 280a-The Crazy Bishop** 1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.包c3 **\$\delta\$** b4 4.e5 c5 5.a3 **\$\delta\$** xc3+ 6.bxc3 包e7 7.**\$\delta\$** g4 O-O 8.**\$\delta\$** d55 9. ②e2 ②c6 10.O-O c4 11. 奧×f5 e×f5 12. 豐g3 會h8 13. 夏g5 豐a5 14. 豐h3 夏d7 15. ②f4 b6 16. ②h5 置g8 17. 置fb1 夏e6 18.a4 a6 19. ②f4 置ab8 20. 牵h1 置a8 21. 單e1 置gf8 22. 罩e3 罩fb8 23. ②f6 查g8 24. 買g3 查f8 25. ②×e6+ 查e8 26. 其×g7 豐b4 27. c×b4 ②d8 28. 豐×h7 罩b7 29. 置g8+ 查d7 30. ②×d8 罩bb8 31. 豐×f7+ 查c8 32. ②c6# 1-0

Round 2 - ECO B99

Gandalf-Shredder 1.e4 c5 2.ᡚf3 d6 3.d4 c×d4 4.ᡚ×d4 ᡚf6 5.ᡚc3 a6 6.皇g5 e6 7.f4 包bd7 8.豐f3 豐c7 9.皇d3 豐b6 10.公b3 魚e7 11.O-O-O h6 12.魚h4 豐c7 13. ②d4 g5 14.fxg5 ②e5 15.豐e2 ②fg4 16. 皇g3 皇×g5+ 17.曾b1 b5 18.皇×b5+ a×b5 19.句d×b5 豐c5 20.h3 @e3 21.@×d6+ 曾f8 22.豐f2 罩h7 26.豐a7 罩×b2+ 27.夏×b2 豐×d6 28.豐d4 豐×d4 29.奠×d4 f5 30.罩×d1 罩b7+ 31.匂b2 f×e4 32. Ie1 If7 33.c4 Qb7 34. Ie2 Qc6 35.a4 횣g5 40.a7 嶌f1 41.h4 횣c1 42.힕c5+ �f7 43. 44. 44. 45. 基d2 + 45. 基xd2 息xd2 46.ᡚd5 h5 47.曾b3 奠e1 48.ᡚc7 奠×h4 49.a8=豐 息×a8 50.匂×a8 息g5 51.含c3 含e6 52.夕c7+ 杳d7 53.夕d5 �e6 54.魚e3 息d8 55.含b4 臭h4 56.公c3 臭e1 57.c5 臭×c3+ 1-0. An early shock for last year's Champion!

Round 2 - ECO C24 M-Chess 7.0-Virtual Chess II 1.e4 e5 2. ac4 වf6 3.d3 c6 4. වf3 d5 5. ab3 ②bd7 6.O-O &d6 7.e×d5 ②×d5 8.罩e1 O-O 13. ම්d2 වැහි 14. වල3 වල6 15. වල5 h6 16. වර් 5e4 **②b6 17. 營h5 ②e6 18. ②f5 ②×f5 19. 營×f5 ②h4** 20. 曾g4 罩e6 21.g3 勾g6 22. 息b4 曾c7 23. 罩ad1 置d8 24.鱼c5 鱼a5 25.c3 b6 26.鱼e3 包ge7 27. 響f3 罩g6 28. 息c1 c5 29. 罩d2 b5 30. 罩de2 b4 f5 35. Qd2 罩b6 36. 罩eb1 罩×b2 37. 罩×b2 f×e4 38.d×e4 \$h7 39.e×d5 @×d5 40.Ձg5 @e7 41.罩b5 真×c3 42.豐f3 豐c6 43.真d3+ 罩×d3 44.豐×d3+ 包g6 45.豐c4 息d4 46.息e3 豐a8 50. **曾**d1 **曾**d5 51. **曾**h5 **②**e7 52.a4 d2 53. **曾**d1 公c6 54. 基b5 曾d3 55. 基b3 曾d4 56. 基a3 公a5 57. La2 公c4 58. Lc2 e4 59. L×c4 學×c4 60. 響×d2 響×a4 61. 響d5 響c2 1/2-1/2

Round 3 - ECO D44

Chess Guru-Kallisto 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.包f3 包f6 4.包c3 e6 5.皇g5 d×c4 6.e4 b5 7.e5 h6 8.皇h4 g5 9.包×g5 h×g5 10.皇×g5 包bd7 11.e×f6 皇b7 12.g3 c5 13.d5 豐b6 14.皇g2 O-O-O 15.O-O b4 16.包a4 豐a6 17.d×e6 豐×e6 18.罩e1 包e5 19.奧×b7+ ウ×b7 20.豐×d8 包f3+ 21.ウg2 豐c6 22.罩e8 罩×h2+ 23. 中 1 罩h1+ 24.中 2 包d4+ 25.中 2 罩×a1 26.豐a8+ 中 27.豐×c6+ 包×c6 28.罩×f8 c3+ 29.包×c3 b×c3+ 30.中 25 31.f4 罩g1 32.f×e5 罩×g3+ 33.中 25 34.中 25 1-0 A disappointing result for the Aegon hero!

Round 3 - ECO C62

Francesca v0.20-Ananse
1.e4 e5 2.包f3 包c6 3.鱼b5 d6 4.d4 鱼d7 5.包c3
e×d4 6.包×d4 g6 7.O-O 鱼g7 8.鱼e3 包f6 9.h3
包×d4 10.鱼×d4 O-O 11.鱼×d7 豐×d7 12.豐f3
包h5 13.罩ad1 鱼×d4 14.罩×d4 c5 15.罩d3 c4
16.罩d4 豐c6 17.包d5 豐a4 18.豐c3 罩fd8
19.罩×c4 豐×a2 20.包e7+ 含f8 21.罩c7 包g7
22.b3 b6 23.包f5 g×f5 1-O Tom King would have been disappointed not to beat Ananse, but a win is a win!

Round 3 - ECO B95

Shredder-IsiChess
1.e4 c5 2.ᡚf3 d6 3.d4 c×d4 4.ᡚ×d4 ᡚf6 5.ᡚc3
a6 6.Ձg5 e6 7.d2 ቧe7 8.O-O-O O-O 9.f4
ᡚbd7 10.ቧc4 ፲e8 11.ቧb3 ᡚc5 12.፲he1 h6
13.ቧ×f6 ቧ×f6 14.ቈb1 ቧd7 15.e5 d×e5 16.f×e5
ቧg5 17.f2 ፲c8 18.g3 b5 19.h4 ቧe7 20.ᡚe4
b6 21.፲f1 ᡚ×e4 22.×f7+ ቈh8 23.g6 b7
24.፲f7 ቧf8 25.c3 ᡚ×g3 26.ቧc2 ቈg8 27.፲g1
፲×c3 28.b×c3 b4 29.፲f6 b×c3+ 30.ᡚb3 1-0

Round 3 - ECO E12

Virtual Chess II-Stobor
1.d4 ②f6 2.②f3 e6 3.c4 b6 4.a3 鱼b7 5.②c3 d5
6.c×d5 ②×d5 7.豐c2 鱼e7 8.鱼d2 O-O 9.e4
②×c3 10.鱼×c3 ②d7 11.罝d1 豐c8 12.鱼d3 鱼a6
13.O-O 鱼×d3 14.豐×d3 罝d8 15.罝fe1 ②c5
16.豐c2 ②d7 17.d5 ②c5 18.b4 ②b7 19.②d4
e×d5 20.②f5 鱼f8 21.鱼×g7 d×e4 22.罝×d8
②×d8 23.豐×e4 豐e6 24.鱼f6 h5 25.②g3 豐×e4
26.罝×e4 a5 27.罝e8 h4 28.②f5 a×b4 29.②e7+
セh7 30.罝×f8 ②e6 31.罝×a8 1-0

Round 4 - ECO B01

M-Chess 7-Goliath
1.e4 d5 2.e×d5 豐×d5 3.②c3 豐d6 4.d4 ②f6
5.皇g5 a6 6.②f3 b5 7.皇d3 ②c6 8.a4 b4 9.②e4
豐d5 10.②×f6+ g×f6 11.皇f4 皇g4 12.皇e2 e5
13.d×e5 豐e4 14.皇e3 f×e5 15.皇d3 豐d5
16.豐e2 臺×f3 17.g×f3 ②d4 18.鱼×d4 豐×d4
19.O-O-O 1-O A crushing result for MCP against the latest commercial newcomer!

Now the first major coming-together! Round 4 - ECO A22

Junior-Ferret

10.c×d5 c×d5 11.e×d5 Ø×d5 12.O-O Øc6 13.罩e1 息e6 14.罩b1 營d7 15.罩b5 罩ed8 16. **對b1 Zab8** 17.c4 **包b6** 18. **Qc5 Qf5** 19. **Q**×**b6** 鱼×d3 20.營b3 a×b6 21.罩d5 營f5 22.勾c1 魚c2 23. 基×d8+ 基×d8 24. 豐×b6 e4 25. 豐×b7 豐a5 26.曾f1 曾a4 27.曾b5 f5 28.曾×a4 息×a4 29.包b3 වල 30. එg1 ව xc4 31.f3 exf3 32. ඉxf3 එf7 33.Qc5 Qc2 34.a4 Qd2 35.Qg2 Qc4 36.Qb7 置d2 37.a5 公d6 38.公d8+ \$g8 39.a6 息e4 40. 魚×e4 匂×e4 41. 匂c6 罩a2 42.a7 �f7 43. 罩d1 ପ୍ରିଟ୍ର 44. ଅପ7+ ବ୍ରୀତ 45. ଅପ8 ଦ୍ୱିମ୍ଡ + 46. ବ୍ରୀ ②xh2+ 47.曾e1 罩a1+ 48.曾e2 罩a2+ 49.罩d2 53. Id5 Ia2+ 54. Idd1 Ia1+ 55. Idc2 Ia6 56.&b2 🛚 ×a7 57. බ×a7 &g4 58. බc6 බf1 59.罩d7 g5 60.罩×h7 含×g3 61.幻d4 f4 62.罩g7 g4 63.\$\dagge c2 f3 64.\$\dagge d3 \$\dagge h3 65.\$\textbf{Z}a7 \$\Dagge g3 66.\$\textbf{Z}a2\$ ଦାର 67. 🖢 e3 ଦାର୍ଗ 68. 🖺 a6 ଦାର୍ଘର+ 69. 🖢 f2 🖶 h4 70. \$\mathbb{I}\ a4 \end{a}\hathbb{h}\ 3 \ 71. \$\mathbb{I}\ a8 \ 1-0

Round 5 - ECO C48

SOS-Woodpusher
1.e4 e5 2.ወf3 ወc6 3.ወc3 ወf6 4.፬b5 ወd4
5.ይa4 ይc5 6.ወ×e5 O-O 7.ወd3 ይb6 8.ወf4 c6
9.d3 d6 10.ይe3 ወg4 11.a3 f5 12.豐d2 f×e4
13.d×e4 ወ×e3 14.f×e3 豐h4+ 15.g3 ወf3+
16.ውd1 ወ×d2 17.g×h4 ይ×e3 18.ወg2 ይh6
19.h3 b5 20.ወ×b5 c×b5 21.ይ×b5 ወ×e4 22.፱e1
②f2+ 0-1

Junior gets its second major head-to-head in consecutive rounds!
Round 5 - ECO B82

Virtual Chess 2-Junior

1.e4 c5 2.包f3 d6 3.d4 c×d4 4.②×d4 ②f6 5.②c3 a6 6.f4 e6 7.營f3 營b6 8.②b3 營c7 9.g4 b5 10.奠d3 逸b7 11.g5 ②fd7 12.營h3 b4 13.②e2 ②c5 14.②×c5 d×c5 15.b3 e5 16.g6 f×g6 17.奠b2 營d7 18.營e3 e×f4 19.②×f4 營e7 20.O-O-O ②d7 21.②c4 ②b6 22.②e6 a5 23.②d5 ②×d5 24.e×d5 h6 25.ဩhg1 單d8 26.ဩ×g6 罩d6 27.②e5 查d8 28.營×c5 1-0

That puts new favourite **Virtual** 4½/5 in sole 1st place; it was to go further ahead in round 6... Round 6 - ECO C88

h×g5 41.필e2 罩a1 42.罩d2 할e7 43.罩e2+ 包e5 44.罩b2 할d7 45.罩b4 인f3+ 46.할g2 g4 47.c5 d×c5 48.罩×f4 f5 49.할g3 罩×f1 50.罩×f5 할d6 51.알×g4 인d4 52.罩f6+ 할d5 53.罩f8 c4 54.罩d8+ 할c5 55.할g3 罩g1+ 56.할h2 罩g6 57.罩c8+ 알×b5 58.f4 罩c6 59.罩b8+ 할a5 0-1

Round 6 - ECO E99

Junior-Chess System Tal
1. 公f3 公f6 2.c4 g6 3.公c3 皇g7 4.e4 d6 5.d4
O-O 6. 鱼e2 e5 7.O-O 公c6 8.d5 公e7 9.公e1
公d7 10.公d3 f5 11. 鱼d2 公f6 12.f3 f4 13.g3 g5
14.豐b3 f×g3 15.h×g3 公h5 16.童g2 公g6
17. 邕h1 公×g3 18.童×g3 公h4 19.公e1 h5
20. 鱼e3 c5 21.d×c6 b×c6 22.c5+ d5 23.e×d5 e4
24.d×c6+ 曾h8 25.公×e4 豐c7+ 26.壹f2 鱼g4
27.豐a4 邕ae8 28.公d6 邕×e3 29.壹×e3 邕f4
30.豐b5 公f5+ 31.公×f5 豐e5+ 32.壹d2 鱼×f5
33.邕×h5+ 1-O A nice return to winning ways!

Round 6 - ECO D13

Kallisto-Capture

1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.c×d5 c×d5 4.公c3 公f6 5.公f3 公c6 6.鱼f4 e6 7.e3 公h5 8.鱼g5 豐b6 9.鱼b5 a6 10.鱼×c6+ b×c6 11.公e5 豐×b2 12.O-O g6 13.單b1 豐×c3 14.豐a4 鱼g7 15.罩bc1 豐×c1 16.罩×c1 O-O 17.鱼e7 鱼×e5 18.鱼×f8 鱼d7 19.d×e5 ⇔×f8 20.豐h4 罩b8 21.g4 公g7 22.豐×h7 公e8 23.豐h6+ 每g8 24.罩c3 c5 25.每g2 罩b1 26.罩×c5 鱼b5 27.豐g5 查f8 28.豐d8 罩b2 29.罩c7 查g7 1-0

So after 6 rounds we had:-

•5½ Virtual

+5

+41/2 Junior, MChess Pro7

 Ferret, Arthur, Eugen7.2, Chess Guru, DiepV, Crafty

Round 7 - ECO C82

Virtual Chess 2-Ferret

1.e4 e5 2.包含 ②c6 3.息b5 a6 4.息a4 ②f6 5.O-O ②xe4 6.d4 b5 7.息b3 d5 8.dxe5 息e6 9.c3 息c5 10.②bd2 O-O 11.息c2 f5 12.②b3 息b6 13.②fd4 ②xd4 14.②xd4 息xd4 15.cxd4 f4 16.f3 ②g3 17.hxg3 fxg3 18.豐d3 息f5 19.豐xf5 置xf5 20.息xf5 豐h4 21.息h3 豐xd4+ 22.亳h1 豐xe5 23.息d2 豐xb2 24.息f4 c6 25.罩ac1 豐f6 26.息xg3 豐g6 27.息h2 置e8 28.罩c5 d4 29.罩d1 罩e2 30.罩xd4 罩e1+ 31.息g1 豐b1 32.罩d8+ 每f7 33.罩d7+ 含e8 34.含h2 罩xg1 35.罩e5+ 含f8 36.罩f5+ 含e8 37.罩e5+ 含f8 38.罩f5+ 含e8 39.罩e5+ 1/2-1/2

We would not have expected the next pair to be meeting like this, i.e both already standing almost out of contention on a mere $2\frac{1}{2}/6!$ Round 7 - ECO C26

Fritz5-Kallisto

Round 7 - ECO A34

Junior-M-Chess 7 1.c4 ②f6 2. ②c3 c5 3.g3 d5 4.c×d5 ②×d5 5. இg2 ටc7 6. මa4+ වd7 7. වf3 e6 8.d4 ඕe7 9.d×c5 O-O 10.c6 b×c6 11. <a>w<a>c6 <a>Eb8 12. <a>gf4 <a>Eb7 16. **曾c2 息b7** 17. **罩fd1 曾a8** 18. **罩ac1 息f6** 19. 響b1 罩b8 20.h3 h6 21. 罩c2 罩bc8 22. 罩dc1 a6 23. 中 20c4 24. 中 a1 中 a7 25.e3 中 a8 26. ②e1 息×g2 27. ②×g2 曾f3 28. ②e1 曾f5 29. 夕d1 臭g7 30.a3 豐d5 31.a4 h5 32. 夕g2 中h8 33.曾g1 響f5 34.de1 h4 35.g4 響d5 36.dc3 響b7 37.響b1 ☆g8 38.心d1 響d5 39.心c3 響a5 40.b4 營e5 41.句e2 營d5 42.b5 a×b5 43.營×b5 罩c5 44.豐b3 罩5c6 45.豐d3 豐a5 46.包f3 包b2 47.罩×c6 罩×c6 48.彎b5 罩×c1+ 49.匂×c1 豐×a4 50. 曾b8+ 會h7 51. 公×g5+ 會g6 52. 曾c7 曾e8 53.公f3 \$h7 54.公×h4 \$g8 55.公f3 \$b5 56. De2 Dd3 57. Df4 D×f4 58. ₩×f4 ₩b7 59.h4 豐d5 60.h5 豐c6 61.g5 豐c1+ 62.壹g2 豐c2 63.g6 f×g6 64.h6 息b2 65.公g5 響c6+ 66.e4 響e8 67. 響c7 &f6 68.f3 e5 1-0 So, another big one for Junior and, with Virtual 'only' drawing against Ferret, the lead is down to a ½ point!

Round 8 - ECO D26

Chess Guru-Junior

1.d4 d5 2.包f3 ②f6 3.c4 d×c4 4.e3 e6 5.鱼×c4 c5 6.豐e2 a6 7.d×c5 鱼×c5 8.O-O b5 9.鱼d3 ②c6 10.②c3 鱼b7 11.a4 豐a5 12.②d2 b4 13.②b3 豐b6 14.a5 豐a7 15.②a4 鱼d6 16.e4 ②e5 17.鱼g5 ②×d3 18.鱼×f6 ②f4 19.豐d2 g×f6 20.豐×d6 ②h3+ 21.g×h3 罩g8+ 22.豐g3 罩×g3+23.h×g3 鱼×e4 24.③bc5 鱼f3 25.②b6 罩d8 26.罩fc1 f5 27.罩c4 豐b8 28.③×a6 豐e5 29.罩cc1 豐×b2 30.②a4 豐e5 31.罩ab1 罩d2 32.罩e1 豐d4 33.罩f1 豐d6 34.②4c5 鱼e2 35.罩fc1 鱼×a6 36.③×a6 豐×a6 37.罩×b4 豐×a5 38.罩f4 豐a7 39.罩b1 h5 40.罩f3 h4 41.g×h4 豐d4 42.h5 豐h4 43.罩b8+ �e7 44.罩bb3 罩d1+ 45.�h2 豐g5 46.罩g3 豐c1 0-1

Round 8 - ECO C24

Eugen-Virtual Chess 2
1.e4 e5 2.፬c4 ②f6 3.d3 c6 4.②f3 d5 5.፬b3
፬d6 6.②c3 d×e4 7.d×e4 ②a6 8.፬e3 豐e7
9.②d2 ፬c5 10.豐e2 ፬×e3 11.豐×e3 ፬e6
12.夏×e6 豐×e6 13.O-O-O O-O 14.②f3 b5
15.a3 b4 16.a×b4 ②×b4 17.�b1 a5 18.豐c5
②×e4 19.②×e4 豐a2+ 20.�c1 罩fd8 21.②d6
豐a1+ 22.�d2 豐×b2 23.②e1 e4 24.�e2 ②d5
25.�f1 e3 26.②e4 e2+ 27.�e×e2 ②f4+ 28.�f3
冨×d1 29.�rf4 a4 30.豐×c6 豐b8+ 31.�g4
豐c8+ 32.豐×c8+ 冨×c8 33.c3 a3 34.②c2 冨×h1

Round 8 - ECO C24

35. ②×a3 罩×h2 36.g3 h5+ 0-1

M-Chess 7-Ferret 1.e4 e5 2.\(\hat{L}\)c4 \(\Delta\)f6 3.d3 c6 4.\(\Delta\)f3 d6 5.O-O **ge7** 6.**፲**e1 O-O 7.**②**bd2 **gg4** 8.a3 **②**bd7 9. a2 曾c7 10.h3 ah5 11. af1 曾a5 12. ae3 奧×f3 13.豐×f3 豐b5 14.罩ab1 豐a4 15.魚b3 豐a5 16. 公g3 g6 17. 息h6 罩fe8 18. 公f5 豐d8 19. 息a2 ଦର୍ଗ 20.b4 ଦର୍ପେ 21.ଦ×e7+ 🖐×e7 22.ୁ ag 5 b 5 23.c4 a6 24.罩ec1 由g7 25.豐e3 由g8 26.罩c2 罩ec8 27. 豐c1 豐e8 28. 罩b3 d5 29.e×d5 c×d5 ②×e5 34.d4 ②f3+ 35.罩×f3 豐×e2 36.罩×f6 罩×f6 40.c8=豐+ 含g7 41.豐e3 罩e6 42.豐f4 罩e1+ 43. \$\dot{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$a}\$}}}\$ \$\dot{\text{\$\}\$}}}}\$}}}}}}} \end{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\tex{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$ 46. 曾f2 曾e7 47. 曾d2 h5 48. 曾×b5 h4+ 49. 會f2 響f6+50.會e3 罩a151.響×d5 響f152.響e5+ 會g8 53. 對b8+ 含g7 54.d5 罩e1+ 55.含d4 罩d1 56. 響e5+ 會h7 57. 響ee3 罩×d2+ 58. 響×d2 響a1+ 62. 中c5 曾f5 63.b6 曾c8+ 64. 中b4 曾d7 65. 曾b3 72.含c5 豐e5 73.a5 g5 74.a6 豐g3 75.豐c2 just stay in the race, but in doing so has surely ended 4½/8 Ferret's chances!

Round 8 - ECO C45

Woodpusher-Techno Chess
1.e4 e5 2.ᡚናን ᡚc6 3.d4 e×d4 4.ᡚ×d4 ይc5
5.ይe3 豐f6 6.ᡚ5 ይ×e3 7.f×e3 豐h4+ 8.g3
豐×e4 9.ᡚ×c7+ 含d8 10.ᡚ×a8 ᡚf6 11.豐d6
豐×h1 12.ᡚc3 豐×h2 13.豐c7+ 含e7 14.O-O-O
豐h6 15.置d3 豐h1 16.置d1 豐f3 17.e4 h5 18.a3
置g8 19.ይe2 豐e3+ 20.含b1 豐f2 21.夏×h5 g6
22.ይe2 ᡚ×e4 23.ᡚ×e4 豐×e2 24.豐d6+ 含d8
25.ᡚ5 豐e7 26.豐c7+ 含e8 27.豐×c8+ 豐d8
28.ᡚc7+ 含e7 29.豐×b7 含f6 30.ᡚ×f7 含×f7
31.豐b3+ 含g7 32.豐c3+ 含h6 33.ᡚd5 1-0 My
pal John Hamlen is having a wonderful time,
and stands at 50%, but Tom King and poor
Francesca have got stuck on 1½.

The leaders after 8 rounds are:

+7 Virtual

♦6½ Junior

•6

◆5½ Shredder, MChess Pro

 Dark Thought, CS_Tal, Eugen7.2, Gandalf, Chess Guru, Goliath

Round 9 - ECO A05

Goliath-Chess System Tal
1.心f3 心f6 2.g3 g6 3.b4 鱼g7 4.鱼b2 O-O
5.鱼g2 d6 6.O-O e5 7.d3 心h5 8.e4 心a6 9.c3
c5 10.a3 鱼d7 11.心bd2 b5 12.鱼c1 豐c8
13.罝e1 鱼f6 14.鱼b2 鱼h3 15.鱼×h3 豐×h3
16.a4 c×b4 17.a×b5 心c5 18.心c4 b×c3 19.鱼×c3
鱼e7 20.d4 心e6 21.d×e5 罩fc8 22.e×d6 罩×c4
23.d×e7 罩×c3 24.罩×a7 罩e8 25.心h4 心f6
26.豐d2 罩b3 27.e5 心g4 28.f3 g5 29.f×g4 g×h4
30.豐d7 心g7 31.e6 f6 32.罩a2 h×g3 33.堂h1
罩e3 34.豐d1 罩×e1+ 35.豐×e1 罩×e7 36.罩a8+
心e8 37.豐e2 堂f8 38.罩a6 心c7 39.罩d6 心×e6
40.b6 堂f7 41.b7 0-1 CS_Tal is looking good!

Round 9 - ECO A20 Junior-Gandalf

1.c4 e5 2.ଢିf3 e4 3.ଢିd4 ଢିc6 4.ଢିb3 ଢିf6 5.公c3 息b4 6.豐c2 O-O 7.公×e4 公×e4 8.豐×e4 置e8 9. 響d5 置e5 10. 響f3 d5 11.c×d5 罩f5 12. 曾e4 罩×d5 13.e3 罩e5 14. 曾f4 息f5 15.a3 奧e6 16.a×b4 奧×b3 17.魚e2 豐e7 18.b5 g5 ②c2 23.罩a5 b6 24.罩a6 罩e6 25.臭d3 臭e4 26. Qc4 Id6 27.f4 公b4 28. Ia4 公d3 29. Y×g5+ 豐×g5 30.f×g5 罩d7 31.h4 臭g6 32.罩a3 臭e4 33. a2 ag6 34.g4 ae8 35.h5 ae4 36. axa7 置e5 37.罩a4 罩de7 38.臭b1 罩×g5 39.罩×e4 置d5 43. 息e2 罩f5+ 44. �e1 罩×f1+ 45. �×f1 罩g5 46.d4 **Zg3** 47.**\$**f2 **Zh3** 48.**\$**g2 **Zh4** 49.**\$**f3 国h6 50.e4 国d6 51.d5 国g6+ 52.ef2 f6 53.息b2 置h6 54. ac3 罩g6 55.e5 f×e5 56. a×e5 罩g7 57. **a**×g7 **a**×g7 58. **a**g3 **a**g6 59. **a**e4+ ቁf6 60. \$_\$\x\h7 \\ \phi\end{e}5 61. \$_\$_\$g8 \\ \phi\d4 62. \\ \phi\f4 \\ \phi\c5 63.\$\psi\$e5 \$\psi\$xb5 64.d6 cxd6+65.\$\psi\$xd6 \$\psi\$a5 66. \$c6 b5 67. \$c5 b4 68. \$e6 \$a6 69. \$cb4 1-0 Many of Junior's games are quite long, but the results are usually the same!

Now comes a very important one! Round 9 - ECO A74

Shredder 2.0-Virtual Chess 2
1.d4 ②f6 2.②f3 e6 3.c4 c5 4.d5 e×d5 5.c×d5 d6
6.②c3 g6 7.彙g5 彙g7 8.②d2 O-O 9.e4 a6
10.a4 ፮e8 11.彙e2 ②bd7 12.O-O b6 13.f4 豐c7
14.፮c1 彙b7 15.豐b3 ፮ac8 16.ቴh1 h6 17.彙h4
h5 18.f5 彙h6 19.f×g6 f×g6 20.豐c2 ቴg7
21.፮cd1 g5 22.彙f2 ②e5 23.彙g3 g4 24.፮f5
፮e7 25.②c4 ②×c4 ②c.ዿ×c4 ፮ce8 27.፮df1 ፮f8

28.e5 d×e5 29.包e4 包×e4 30.罩×f8 包×g3+31.h×g3 豐d6 32.豐f5 复f4 33.g×f4 1-0

A great attacking win by Shredder, giving Junior (7½) a ½ point lead after 4 successive wins. Virtual (7) has a ½ point lead on Shredder (6½).

Round 10 - ECO D42

Chess Guru-MChess 7
1.d4 d5 2.句f3 句f6 3.c4 e6 4.句c3 c5 5.c×d5 句×d5 6.e3 句c6 7.皇d3 c×d4 8.e×d4 皇e7
9.O-O O-O 10.罩e1 豐d6 11.句×d5 e×d5
12.豐c2 h6 13.皇d2 皇g4 14.句e5 句×e5 15.d×e5 豐b6 16.罩ab1 罩ad8 17.豐a4 皇d7 18.豐a5 皇c5
19.豐×b6 皇×b6 20.皇c3 罩fe8 21.罩a1 皇a4
22.罩e2 a6 23.查h1 d4 24.皇b4 皇b5 25.皇×b5 a×b5 26.f4 d3 27.罩ee1 罩d4 28.皇d2 罩c4 29.a3 查f8 30.b3 罩c2 31.罩ed1 罩d8 32.罩ab1 罩d5
33.b4 查e7 34.罩b3 查e6 35.h3 查f5 36.g4+ 查e4
37.f5 查×e5 38.皇c3+ 查e4 39.皇×g7 皇e3
40.罩c3 罩e2 41.皇f6 d2 42.皇h4 罩d6 43.a4 b×a4 44.罩c4+ 罩d4 45.罩c7 皇g5 46.皇g3 罩d3
0-1

Well, if ever there was a big one for the 1997 Title, this was it. Could the 1996 Champion halt Junior's progress, and keep itself and Virtual in with a chance?

Round 10 - ECO D18

Shredder 2.0-Junior 1.d4 d5 2.ᡚf3 ᡚf6 3.c4 d×c4 4.ᡚc3 c6 5.a4 ゑf5 6.e3 e6 7.愈×c4 ゑb4 8.O-O むbd7 9.豐b3 a5 10.@h4 &g4 11.f3 &h5 12.g4 @d5 13.@g2 \$g6 14.e4 De7 15.\$e3 Db6 16.\$e2 h5 17.g5 ②d7 18.②f4 总d6 19.②×g6 ②×g6 20.豐×b7 息f4 21. 息×f4 ②×f4 22. 含h1 買b8 23. 豐×c6 買b6 24.豐c4 罩×b2 25.g6 ᡚ×g6 26.f4 罩b4 27.豐d3 ②f6 28.Дad1 ②e7 29.Дg1 O-O 30.豐g3 g6 31.響g5 中g7 32.豐c5 貫h8 33.買g5 豐d7 34. 曹×a5 萬×d4 35. 萬gg1 萬c8 36. 皇b5 公c6 37.豐b6 簋d2 38.盒a6 勾g4 39.簋×d2 豐×d2 40. De2 De7 41. 響a7 其c2 42. 其f1 響a5 43. 曾d4+ e5 44. 曾d3 曾×a4 45. 点b5 曾a2 46.h3 貫c147.由g2 萬xf1 48.由xf1 ②f6 49.fxe5 豐a1+ 50. 中g2 響×e5 51. 公c3 h4 52. 中h1 公eg8 53. \$g2 @h5 54. @e2 @gf6 55. &c6 響b2 56. 由f3 包g3 57. 公d4 曾h2 58.e5 公h7 59.由e3 響×h3 60. 當d2 管g4 61. 當c2 包g5 62. 息d5 h3 63.e6 fxe6 64.ᡚxe6+ ᡚxe6 65.₤xe6 ₩a4+ 66. &b3 曾c6+ 67. &c4 h2 68. 曾d4+ 會h7 69.曾h4+ 心h5 70.曾×h2 曾×c4+ 71.安b1 曾e4+ 72. gb2 gh6 73. gd6 gf4 74. gc5 g5 75. gc6+ 響f6+ 0-1

Now Virtual <u>has</u> to win! Round 10 - ECO B92 **Virtual Chess 2-Chess System Tal** 1.e4 c5 2.\(\Delta\)f3 d6 3.d4 c\(\circ\)d4 4.\(\Delta\)\(\circ\)d4 \(\Delta\)f6 5.\(\Delta\)c3

a6 6. \$e2 e5 7. 包b3 \$e7 8.O-O O-O 9. \$e3 皇e6 10.響d2 勾bd7 11.a4 罩c8 12.a5 豐c7 13.罩fd1 罩fd8 14.響e1 響c6 15.臭f3 h6 16.h3 ፪×b3 17.c×b3 ወc5 18.b4 ወe6 19.፪e2 ወf4 20. 鱼×f4 e×f4 21. 罩d4 鱼f8 22. 彎d2 豐e8 23. 響×f4 響e6 24. 響d2 罩c7 25.b5 a×b5 26. 魚×b5 罩dc8 27. 響d3 響e5 28. 魚c4 會h8 29. ad5 包h5 30.g3 包f6 31.ac4 智h5 32.ag2 曾e5 33. 基a4 曾g5 34. 公b5 基d7 35.f4 智h5 36.b4 曾g6 37.包c3 包h5 38.包d5 &e7 39.f5 響g5 40.h4 響c1 41.b5 ⊙×g3 42.⊙×e7 罩×e7 43. a×g3 智g1+ 44. af3 智h1+ 45. ae3 d5 46.罩×d5 豐e1+ 47.空f3 豐h1+ 48.空e3 罩ce8 49.罩d4 豐×h4 50.点d5 罩c7 51.罩dc4 罩d7 52.a6 b×a6 53. 基×a6 營e1+ 54. 查f3 營h1+ 55. 查e2 雪h7 56.b6 罩e5 57.豐f3 豐b1 58.罩a5 豐×b6 59.營c3 罩ee7 60.f6 g×f6 61.罩c6 營b1 62.查f2 置b7 63. 罩a2 響h1 64. 響×f6 響h2+65. 含e3 豐g3+66.含d4 豐g1+67.罩f2 豐a1+68.含d3 豐×f6 69.罩c×f6 罩b1 70.罩h2 罩d1+ 71.含c2 含g7 72.罩f×h6 罩g1 73.罩h7+ 含f8 74.罩f2 罩c7+ 75.含d2 罩g7 76.罩h8+ 罩g8 1-0 Phew! Virtual had some luck here, as CS Tal probably had a draw by repetition at move 48 with ₩e1+. I am told this showed as best move until the very last moment, but it got clever and changed its mind!

So the leaders, with 1 round to go:-

◆8½ Junior

•8 Virtual

◆7½

•7 MChess Pro7

♦6½ Shredder

+6 Ferret, Dark Thought, Toledo, Hydra, CS_Tal, Chess Guru, Fritz5

Neither in the next can win the Tournament, but it is still the play-off for 3rd. place! Round 11 - ECO B50

MChess 7-Shredder 2.0 1.e4 c5 2.ବ୍ରି t3 d6 3.ଛୁc4 ବ୍ରି t6 4.e5 d×e5 5.ବି×e5 9.ᡚ×f6+ g×f6 10.Ձc1 c6 11.f3 b5 12.Ձb3 ভূতে 13.এc3 এa6 14.g3 c4 15.d×c4 b×c4 16. a4 O-O-O 17. ab5 a×b5 18. 0×b5 ab4+ 19.c3 響e5+ 20.響e2 響×b5 21.c×b4 響×b4+ 22.會f1 包e5 23.魚e3 h5 24.罩c1 幻d3 25.罩c2 \$\delta_b8 26.\pig1 \pi\hg8 27.b3 c3 28.\dg2 \pid5 29.單d1 罩gd8 30.罩b1 雪a8 31.a3 響b5 32.雪h1 豐c6 33.b4 草f5 34.草f1 豐c4 35.草fc1 豐b3 36.萬×c3 匂×c1 37.萬×c1 營d3 38.營f2 萬e5 39.其e1 豐×a3 40.f4 其ed5 41.b5 豐a5 42.由g2 豐×b5 43.以a1 a6 44.曾h3 以d3 45.曾h4 a5 46.營e2 以b3 47.營e1 a4 48.息g1 如b8 49.營f2 響d7 50.豐c2 e5 51.f5 以b4+ 52.金h3 h4 53.全c5 置b3 54. 響e4 h×g3 55.h×g3 置b2 56. 息a3 置h8+ 57. **a**g4 0-1

Who organises these things?! Well, it just so happens that Fritz5 has arrived in 5= place at the right time to 'play the hero' - if it can - and show us what it's made of. Yes - they've paired it with Junior!

Round 11 - ECO C45

Fritz5-Junior

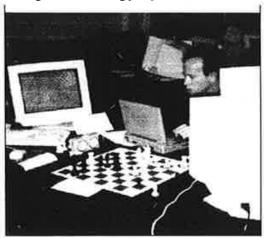
1.e4 e5 2.Øf3 Øc6 3.d4 e×d4 4.Ø×d4 Øf6 5. ②×c6 b×c6 6.e5 曾e7 7.曾e2 ②d5 8.c4 息a6 9.b3 O-O-O 10.豐b2 勾b6 11.鱼e2 罩e8 12.魚f4 g5 13. **2**g3 **2**g7 14. **2**d2 **2**×e5 15. **2**×e5 **2**×e5 16.豐×e5 罩×e5 17.匂f3 罩e7 18.ቄd2 d5 19. Lae1 d×c4 20.b×c4 g4 21. 公d4 Ld8 22. 魚×g4+ 含b7 23. 嶌×e7 嶌×d4+ 24. 含e3 嶌×g4 25.曾f3 罩g5 26.罩×f7 息×c4 27.罩×h7 息d5+ 28.曾e2 魚×g2 29.罩c1 罩e5+ 30.曾d2 息d5 魚c4 35.h6 罩e2+ 36.含c3 罩×f2 37.罩g7 罩f3+ 38. 雪d2 罩d3+ 39. 雪e1 罩h3 40. 罩g6 c5 41. 雪f2 a5 42. \(\mathbb{Z} \) cg1 \(\mathbb{L} \) d5 43. \(\mathbb{L} \) 1g3 \(\mathbb{L} \) h2+ 44. \(\mathbb{L} \) g1 \(\mathbb{L} \) h4 45.\(\begin{aligned}
45.\begin{aligned}
45.\begin{aligned}
45.\begin{aligned}
47.\begin{aligned}
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begin{alig 48. 21g3 2h2+ 49. 全g1 2h5 50. 全f2 息e4 51.單f6 公d5 52.罩e6 桌f5 53.罩e5 公f6 54.孛e3 ②d7 55.罩×f5 罩×f5 56.罩h3 a3 57.h7 罩e5+ 58.含d3 a2 59.罩h1 罩d5+ 60.含c2 a1=響 61. Z×a1 Zh5 62. Ze1 Z×h7 63. Ze6 c4 64. 2c3 ②b6 65.\$b4 單h3 66.單g6 罩b3+ 0-1

And to finish, the game Virtual started having to win, in case Junior drew or lost. As we've seen, it didn't matter.

Round 11 - ECO C90

Dark Thought-Virtual Chess 2

1.e4 e5 2.句f3 වc6 3.臭b5 a6 4.臭a4 වf6 5.O-O **Qe7** 6.**Ze1** b5 7.**Q**b3 O-O 8.c3 d6 9.a3 ଏa5 10. ga2 c5 11.d3 h6 12. ଏbd2 ge6 dxc5 17.a4 \(\mathre{\text{Z}}\) ab8 18.axb5 axb5 19.h3 \(\mathre{\text{Z}}\) fd8 20.罩e3 勾h5 21.g3 勾f6 22.桌b2 勾h7 23.豐c2 ଏg5 24.�h2 ଅa8 25.ଅ×a8 ଅ×a8 26.ଏ×g5 夏×g5 27.罩e2 罩f8 28.勾b3 c4 29.d×c4 b×c4 30.夕c5 曾d6 31.皇a3 罩a8 32.皇b4 罩b8 33.夕a6 ②×b4 34. ②×b4 罩a8 35.h4 魚e7 36.豐c1 豐b6



Programmer AMIR BAN operating JUNIOR in Paris!

豐d4 41.會g2 罩c8 42.b5 會f7 43.b6 罩b8 44.b7 c3 45. Lb3 含e7 46. 管e2 智a4 47. Lxc3 Lxb7 48. 曾g4 曾d6 49. 罩d3+ 曾c5 50. 曾f3 罩d7 51.罩c3+ 雪b6 52.豐f8 豐×e4+ 53.雪h2 豐d5 54.豐a3 罩b7 55.罩d3 豐×d3 56.豐×d3 罩f7 60. 曾d6 罩c7 61. 曾xe6 含b8 62.f4 含a7 63.f5 \$b7 64. **曾g6 罩d7 1-0**

So Junior is the new World Micro Computer Champion. It appears in the final Table to have won quite easily, with a big 1½ point gap - and I think it was deserved. It played against most of its main contenders, and a final score of 9½/11 is very impressive indeed.

Virtual Chess was amongst the leaders throughout, and thus played all its games against top opposition, so deserved 2nd.

After a poor start Shredder met some mid-table opponents, and recovered pretty well, especially with wins over Virtual and MCPro7 at the end.

The MChess Pro7 result, on a standard PPro/200, was also good. It had the hardest tournament of all in terms of strength of opposition, so did well to reach 7/11.

Fritz, Kallisto and maybe Crafty will be somewhat disappointed with their results; of Ananse we'll say no more!

The complete round-by-round FINAL **TABLE** is overleaf. First, here is the result of the 11 round BLITZ G/7 Tournament, which was of some consolation for a slightly disappointed Ferret:

WMCC 1997 BLITZ CHAMPS

+10 Ferret

+91/2 +9

+81/2 Shredder

+8 Hydra(Nimzo), Junior

+71/2

•7 Fritz

+61/2 Chess Guru

+6

+5½ Diep, Chess Tiger, Dark Thought +5 Virtual, SOS, CS_Tal, Capture, Isichess, Comet, Gandalf

+4½ Crafty, The Crazy Bishop

Eugen

+31/2 Nightmare

+3 XXX2

+21/2

Patzer

1997 WMCC - CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE!

	10							71.5					
Pos Name	<u>R1</u>	<u>R2</u>	<u>R3</u>	<u>R4</u>	<u>R5</u>	<u>R6</u>	<u>R7</u>	<u>R8</u>	<u>R9</u>	<u>R10</u>	<u>R11</u>	<u>Pts</u>	<u>ОррЅс</u>
1 JUNIOR	=12w	+11b	+30w	+5b	-2w	+10b	+4b	+14w	+13b	+3w	+16w	91/2	69.0
2 VIRTUAL CHESS 2	+9b	=4w	+24b	+15w	+1b	+18w	=5b	+12w	-3w	+10b	-6w	8	73.0
3 SHREDDER	=18b	-13w	+20b	-14b	+31w	+24w	+23b	+15w	+2b	-1b	+4w	7 ½	66.5
4 M-CHESS PRO	+6w			+21b								_	75.0
5 FERRET	=13b			-1w					+11b				73.0
6 DARK THOUGHT	-4b			=27w									66.0
7 TOLEDO 2000	+8b			+28w									65.5
8 HYDRA	-7w	=12b	-11w	+33b	+30w	+19b	-14w	+23b	+27w	=5b	+10w	7	59.5
9 COMET	-2w	-6b	+33w	-23b	+20w	-26b	+32w	+25b	=18b	+28w	+19b	61/2	57.0
10 CHESS SYSTEM TAL	+19b	+14w	=15b	=12w	=4b	-lw	+22b	=6b	+21w	-2w	-8b	6	72.0
11 ARTHUR		-lw		+19w			. —				=12b	_	70.0
12 EUGEN 7.2	=1b	=8w		=10b						_	=1]w		69.5
13 GANDALF		+3b		+30b						-6b	+26w		68.5
14 CHESS GURU				+3w					+6w	-4b	-5w	_	67.5
15 DIEP V				-2b								_	65.5
16 FRITZ				-24w								=	64.0
17 KALLISTO				=31b									53.5
18 CRAFTY	=3w	=16b	+25w	+26b	+14w	-2b	-12w	-21b	= 9w	+27b	-7w	51/2	66.5
19 THE CRAZY BISHOP	-10w	+34b	=6w	-11b	+32w	-8w	+24b	-16b	+23w	+20b	-9w	51/2	57.0
20 ISICHESS	=16w	-5b	-3w	-29w	-9b	+34w	+33b	+31b	+24w	-19w	+28b	51/2	52.5
21 GOLIATH	+29b	=22w	+13b	-4w	=12b	-15w	+28b	+18w	-10b	-11w	-17b	5	62.5
22 WOODPUSHER	+33w	=21b	-5w	=25b	+26w	-14b	-10w	+29b	-7w	+32w	-15b	5	57.5
23 XXXX 2	-26w	+32b	-12w	+ 9w	+17b	=6b	-3w	-8w	-19b	=31b	+34w	5	56.5
24 STOBOR	=25w	+31b	-2w	+16b	-11w	-3b	-19w	+34w	-20b	=33b	+27w	5	54.0
25 PATZER	=24b	+28w	-18b	=22w	-27b	+29w	-13b	-9w	-26w	+30b	+33w	5	53.0
26 SOS	+23b	-15w	+29b	-18w	-22b	+9w	-27b	-28w	+25b	+34w	-13b	5	52.5
27 CHESS TIGER	+31w	-30b	=16w	=6b	+25w	-12b	+26w	=7w	-8b	-18w	-24b	41/2	60.0
28 ANMON	=30w	-25b	+32w	-7b	=16w	+31b	-21w	+26b	=17w	-9Ь	-20w	41/2	55.5
29 TECHNOCHESS	-21w	+33b	-26w	+20b	-6w	-25b	+31w	-22w	+34b	-17b	=30w	41/2	48.0
30 CAPTURE	=28b	+27w	-1b	-13w	-8b	-17w	+34b	-33w	=32b	-25w	=29b	31/2	53.0
31 FRANCESCA	-27h	-24w	+34h	=17w	-3h	-28w	-29h	-20w	=33b	=23w	=32h	3	48.5
32 NIGHTMARE		-23w			-19b								48.0
33 DRAGON		-29w			+34b			_					48.0
UU DINAUUN	ETTD	-27W	-/U	-011	· 0-10	-971)	-2011	. 900	JIW	7 TM	-53D	•	TU.V
34 ANANSE	-14b	€19w	-31w	-32b	-33w	-20b	-30w	-24b	-29w	-26b	-23b	0	49.0

Review - the brilliant FR

Every now and then a new product comes along which is really good. This is one of them!

Franz MORSCH's series of FRITZ programs for the PC are already well known, and have a high reputation for their quality of features. Coming from the same stable as ChessBase has helped, so the board graphics, game analysis, printing functions and database facilities have always been first class.

PLAYING STYLE & STRENGTH

ever, that I have had personal reservations about FRITZ programs! A bold statement, I know, about a program that has a blitz win over Kasparov in major competition, and beat Deep Blue to the World Computer Championship in 1995.

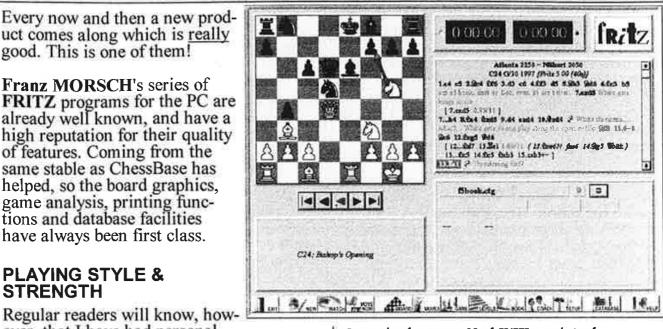
But, whilst freely admitting that they are tactically superfast, I've been disappointed in the lack of chess knowledge, resulting in poor positional and occasionally quite dubious endgame play, and doubtful game analysis and evaluations.

There were clear signs in Fritz3/4 that Morsch was tackling this, but the still understrength standard of positional matters left FRITZ3/4 still apparently languishing some 100-120 Elo below the market leaders HIARCS and REBEL.

Pre-launch rumours for FRITZ5 abounded that a 30-40% speed increase had instead been invested in adding knowledge, and I think that's what they've done. It ought to put the program in much closer contention nearer the top!

I've not played it in so many games myself at present, but those I have are much more satisfying - the tactical speed is still all there, but with many clear moments of improved play in quieter positions demanding development, defensive repositioning or endgame preparation.

I have used it to watch how it prepares analysis of some recent games, and its work here has been a treat, especially now that its



Screen shot from move 13 of FRITZ5's analysis of ATLANTA v Mephisto NIGEL SHORT (see full game later)

comments (yes, it adds its own remarks in English as well as variations to the game when it analyses!) are based on an inherently much better chess ability.

The price of FRITZ5 is £89.95. It comes on 2 CD ROMS and requires Windows.

A brief listing of NEW or especially enjoyable FEATURES!

For beginners it will list and explain all possible moves! Can colour-mark threatened pieces and squares. In Coach mode gives valuable hints and advice - which can be heard vocally (Malcolm Pein's voice!) if you have sound on your system.

■ The very large Opening Book is stored as a Variation Tree, which allows some useful statistics to be gathered such as winning %ges in different lines etc. The tree can be user edited and new trees created

from games databases. Automatic Analysis can be of a whole game, with FRITZ5 [1] adding both text and variations and even quiz questions if required, or [2] 'Blundercheck' with variations and evaluations highlighting critical moments only, or [3] of selected moves with detailed variation trees being generated. The user is able to set time controls and variation thresholds for all of these.

■ The **Hiarcs6** engine can also be used to

Selective Search 73

generate the analysis. One could even do an Automatic Analysis with Hiarcs6 followed by a Blundercheck using Fritz5 and store/print both together for a really com-

prehensive check!

There is a 360,000 Games Database on the CD, plus an Endgame Database. Some of these things, like the Opening Book, are very memory hungry, so there is the option to leave some files on the CDs, ready for access at appropriate moments.

There's a <u>lot</u> more, but it is well detailed in the 88 page Manual, which also gives a useful listing of chess figurine and commentary symbols and keyboard shortcuts.

Some parts of the Manual need reading a couple of times to make sure you set-up things like 'Blundercheck' correctly.

Also care needs to be taken saving a game to other non .cbh Databases - you have to store it in the new Fritz5/Chess-Base6 .cbh format first, and then copy it from the Fritz5 Database to its new home.

However Fritz5 knows how to convert them, and they now reach my ChessBasel .cbf format database safely enough after an early mistake made by me... as they say RTFM - Read The Flipping Manual!

FRITZ5 in PLAY

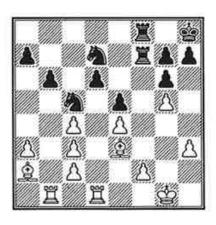
Now an example of FRITZ5 playing chess. This is a game against REBEL8 which gives us a chance to see some improved Fritz endgame understanding.

Note: Fritz5 had a small speed advantage

being on a slightly faster PC.

<u>Fritz5 P/120 (2500) - Rebel8 P/100</u> (2500) [C26] G/30 (round 1) Vienna Game. Brief notes by ELH

1.e4 e5 2.2c3 2f6 3.2c4 2b4 4.2f3 d6
5.0-0 0-0 6.d3 2bd7 7.a3 -0.06/9. F5's
first move out of Book. Evaluations with a
note of the depth of search can be stored
with the game, so I have left a few in to
show how F5 felt about its position during
the game. 7...2xc3 8.bxc3 2b6 9.2b3 2g4
10.2e1 2c8 11.2b1 c5 12.h3 0.22/9
12...2h5 13.g4 2g6 14.g5 0.47/11
14...2fd7 15.2h4 0.66/12 15...c4 16.dxc4
0.91/11 16...2c5 17.2xg6 fxg6 18.2g4 2d7
19.2xd7 2bxd7 20.2g2 2f7 21.2a2 2cf8
R8 mounts an attack on the backward
f2-pawn. 22.2e3 0.63/10 22...4h8
23.2ed1 b6 24.2g1 0.31/10



24... \(\Delta\x\text{xe4?!}\) Premature?! 24... \(\Delta\bar{b}\text{8}\) 25.\(\Delta\x\delta\delta\)
\(\Delta\x\delta\



The threat of 2c5 is decisively nasty! 33... \(\mathbb{Z}\)c7 34.\(\mathbb{Q}\)c5 \(\mathbb{G}\)f7 35.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf8+\(\begin{array}{c} 1.44/10 \end{array}\) 35... фe6 36. ℤe8+ фd5 37. ⊈f8 фxc6 38. ℤe7! Forcing the exchange of rooks to leave a favourable material imbalance which guarantees White the victory. 38...≅xe7 39.@xe7 \$\d5 40.\text{2a3 h6 41.h4 \$\dagger c4 42.\text{\text{\text{b2}}}} a4 43. \$\psi\$e3 hxg5 44.hxg5 1.72/14 44...a3 45.\(\perparta a1 \Phi d5 46.c4+ 2.28/14 46...\(\phi xc4\) 47.@xe5 2.63/13 47...a6 48.@xg7 a5 49.\phid2 4.44/14 49...a4 50.\pmaa1 a2 51.c3 фс5 52.фc2 5.44/13 52...фd5 53.фb2 фe4 54.c4 \$\psi d4 55.\$\psi a3+ \$\psi xc4 56.\$\psi xa4 \$\psi d5 57.Фb3 Фe4 58.Фxa2 Фf4 59.Ձf6 Фe4 60.\$\dipsi\$64 61.\$\dipsi\$c4 \$\dipsi\$e4 62.\$\dipsi\$c5 \$\dipsi\$e3 63.\$\dipsi\$d6 **Φf4 64.**Φe6 12.09/16 64...Φg4 65.Φf7 Φf5 66.**∲**g7 1–0

Now for something different. Here is the **FRITZ5 analysis** of a game in a Match we ran at Countrywide Computers between Mephisto's new ATLANTA and their very

popular NIGEL SHORT computer.

When ANALYSING a game FRITZ5 makes +/=, +/- type notes, rather than leaving evaluation figures behind. It is easy enough then to spend a few minutes going back over a game (and the variations F5 has produced) in Monitor mode, to add some F5 evaluations, so I've done that in a few places, and also added some diagrams.

Otherwise the text remarks and variations are untouched, just as Fritz5 produced them, copied over to ChessBase1!

Atlanta (2250) – Meph NigelShort (2050) C24. Bishop's Opening. G/30 (game 11) Analysis by Fritz 5.00 (40s per move)

1.e4 e5 2.@c4 2f6 3.d3 c6 4.2f3 d5 5.@b3 2d6 6.2c3 b5

Out of book

7.exd5

0.75/11 White gets kings attack 7...b4 8.2e4 2xd5 9.d4 exd4 10. ₩xd4



White threatens.... what?... White gets strong play along the open e−file 10...♀f8 11.0−0 ♀e6 12.♀eg5 ⊎d6

[12...2d7 13.\(\mathbb{I}\)e1 1.88/1\(\mathbb{I}\) (13.\(\mathbb{I}\)xe6?!

fxe6 14.\(\mathbb{Q}\)g5 \(\mathbb{I}\)b8\(\mathbb{I}\) 13...\(\mathbb{I}\)c5 14.\(\mathbb{I}\)e5 \(\mathbb{Q}\)xb3
15.axb3+-]

13.\(\mathbb{e}\)e1 2.06/12

Threatening ②xf7... also see screenshot at start of article! [13.②xe6?! fxe6 (13...世xe6?? 14.罩e1+-) 14.罩e1 ②d7±; 13.罩e1]

13...h6

[13...2d7 14.2xf7 (14.2xe6?! fxe6 15.2h6 27f6+-) 14...\$xf7 15.2g5+ \$\psig8\$ 16.\(\mathbb{R}\)xe6+-]

14.2xe6 fxe6 15. ₩g4 Φf7 16.2e5+ Φg8

17.2g6 h5

[17...e5 18. Exe5 中h7 19. Qxd5 (19. Qxf8+?! Exf8 20. Ee6 世c5+-) 19...cxd5 20. Ee6+- (20. Qxf8+?! is clearly inferior 20... Exf8 21. Ee6 世c5+-)] 18. **当f3**

4.03/12 [18. h3 keeps an even firmer grip 18... d7 5.41/11]



19.\(\pmax\)xh6

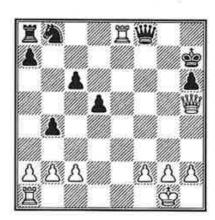
[19.2xf8?! \(\frac{1}{2}\)f6 20.\(\frac{1}{2}\)xe6 \(\frac{1}{2}\)xe6 \(\frac{1}{2}\)xe6 2.84/13; 19.\(\frac{1}{2}\)xf8+ Inferior is 19...\(\frac{1}{2}\)xf8 20.\(\frac{1}{2}\)xf8 \(\frac{1}{2}\)xf8 21.\(\frac{1}{2}\)xh6 gxh6 22.\(\frac{1}{2}\)xe6 a5+-]

19...gxh6 20.\(\Delta\)xf8 \(\Psi\)xf8 21.\(\Psi\)xh5 \(\phi\)h7 [21...\(\Delta\)f6 cannot change what is in store for Black: 22.\(\Psi\)h4 \(\Delta\)h8 23.\(\Delta\)ad1+-] 22.\(\Delta\)xd5!

finishing him off

22...exd5

[22...cxd5 is still a small chance 23.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe6 \(\delta\)d7 8.44/12]



13.28/13[Threatening mate... how?] **23...** #**16**

Interesting?! Clever too! I could have printed this out direct from FRITZ5, but transfer to ChessBase is needed to export games to a Desktop Publisher for layout.

The new BS2830 Computer Chess Test

The **BS2830**, a difficult but interesting new TEST. comes from **Hubert BED**-NORZ and Heinz-Josef SCHUMACHER.

Thorsten Czub was keen that I should point out for the benefit of British readers that it is NOT to be confused with the BSE test for our (and only ours, so they say!) poor, infected beef!

It is, in fact, a follow—up to the popular BT2450 and BT2630 Tests by **Bednorz** and Toennissen. It is intended only for the stronger computers, and PC programs on decent hardware. Readers should not bother testing a computer with a grading below 2200 in the SS charts, as 2200 is the minimum "Elo" result possible!

It takes quite some time to complete, so I thought it would be ideal for this Issue as some readers might be wondering what to do with their spare time during the Christmas and New Year Holiday break. Or maybe for some it will provide a good excuse for a while to get away from noisy kids, constant partying or too much food!

The METHOD

Each position should be tested for 15 minutes. If the **KEY MOVE** is found, the TIME should be written down.

However the computer or program should be left until the 15 mins is finished as, in some cases, it may be found that the computer changes 'its mind' and goes off the move.

The computer **only** scores according to the Time | now used on a Pentium

the move was chosen if it is still holding that move when the 15 mins is over!

It is possible a computer might choose the Key Move at, say, 30 secs. At 2 mins it goes off the move, but then returns to it at 6 mins and then stays with it. Its score should be based on the 6 mins timing.

ENTERING the **RESULTS**

The **MOVE CHOICE** is the move shown by the computer or program when the 15 minutes are up.

If that **Move** is the **Key** Move, then a figure (mins and secs, or secs) should have been written into the Time space to show when it was found.

And if the final Move Choice is the Key Move it self, then the figure shown at Time can now be converted into a SCORE!

The SCORING

Bednorz and Schumacher have created a (very) complicated scoring system for adding and converting the scores to simulate an Elo

It actually produces quite accurate ratings for **some** programs!

But the system itself proves unbalanced. E.g in the (admittedly unlikely) event that a program running on a Pentium/133 found all the solutions at $15\frac{1}{2}$ mins. it would score nothing at all, and be graded at 2260 (the 'base' score under their method).

If the same program was

Pro/200, it would find all the answers at around 8 minutes, and get a rating of 2680! A 420 Elo jump for a doubling in speed is, er, too much!

MY METHOD for scoring is NOT perfect either – but it IS easier to do the calculations, and proves slightly more logical.

The SCORE for a correctly found solution is calculated by deducting the number of seconds taken from 934.

E.g1. **Solution** found at 3 mins = 180 secs. **Score** is 934 - 180 = 754. E.g2. Solution found at 14 mins 50 secs = 890 secs.**Score** is 934-890 = 44.

If the **Solution** has not been found correctly, there is **no** score for that position.

At the end **TOTAL** up all of the scores; divide it by 40, and add the result to 2200.

Therefore the **minimum** score ("Elo") is 2200, and the maximum score ("Elo") is 2830. (27 results each scoring 934 = 25218. Divide by 40 = 630. Add to 2200 =2830).

My version of the BS score method, where a program finds everything in 8 mins on a Pentium Pro/200 would give the program a 2200 rat ing on a Pentium/133, and a 2506 rating on the Pentium Pro/200. A 306 gap is still much too big, but its a bit closer to accuracy and is certainly easier to work out than the BS system of deductions and squaring results! Oh, yes... and do send in *your* scores!

BS2830	1	Black	tο	move
ひろとろうひ	1.	DIACK	w	IIIOAC

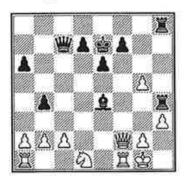


1...\u00e4xf3

Move Choice.....

Time...... Score.....

BS2830 2. Black to move

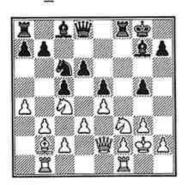


1...f5

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

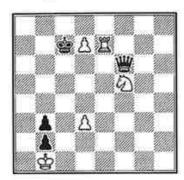
BS2830 3. Black to move



1...@h3+

Move Choice.....

BS2830 4. White to move

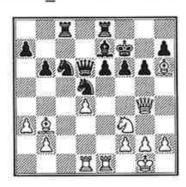


1.包d4

Move Choice.....

Time...... Score......

BS2830 5. White to move

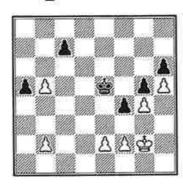


1.\mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}xe6

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

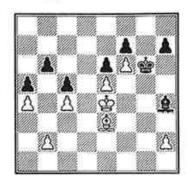
BS2830 6. White to move



1.f3

Move Choice.....

BS2830 7. White to move

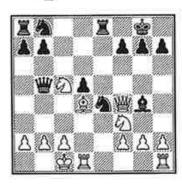


1.b4

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830 8. Black to move

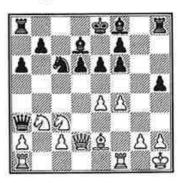


1...**⊈h**5

Move Choice....

Time...... Score.....

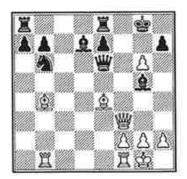
BS2830 9. White to move



1.9b1

Move Choice.....

BS2830 10. White to move



1.\(\partial\)d2

Move Choice....

Time......Score.....

BS2830 11. White to move



1.exf6

Move Choice.....

Time...... Score.....

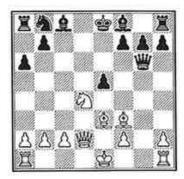
BS2830 12. White to move



1.**⊕b2**

Move Choice.....

BS2830 13. White to move



1.0 - 0 - 0

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830 14. White to move

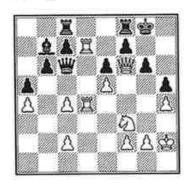


1.9xf7

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

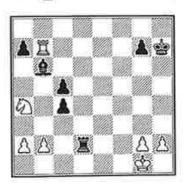
BS2830 15. White to move



1.фg3

Move Choice.....

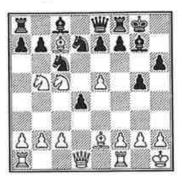
BS2830 16. Black to move



Move Choice.....

Time..... Score....

BS2830 17. White to move

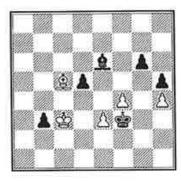


1.2e6

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score....

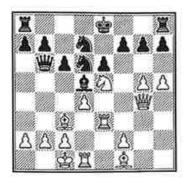
BS2830 18. Black to move



1...g5

Move Choice.....

BS2830 19. White to move



1.**⊕e**1

Move Choice.....

Time.....Score....

BS2830_20. Black to move



1...0-0

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830 21. White to move

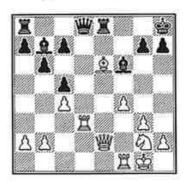


1.2e4

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830 22. Black to move

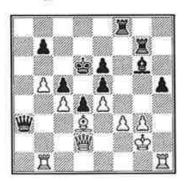


1...\(\mathbb{

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830_23. Black to move

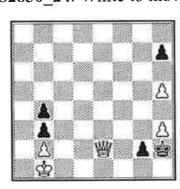


1...\\mathbb{\

Move Choice....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830 24. White to move



1.Фa1

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830 25. Black to move

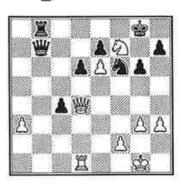


1...買f8

Move Choice.....

Time...... Score.....

BS2830_26. Black to move



1...\d5

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BS2830 27. White to move



1.d5

Move Choice.....

Time..... Score.....

BEST BUY GUIDE for 1998

CHOOSING A CHESS COMPUTER

WELCOME to my 1998 BUYERS GUIDE of Chess Computers, Chess PC Programs and Databases/Tutorials etc... plus other material which will be of reference value during the year. What are the most important considerations when choosing a Chess Computer? I suggest:

- PRICE
- STRENGTH
- TYPE and QUALITY of BOARD
- RANGE of FEATURES
- **EASE of USE**
- RELIABILITY
- VALUE for MONEY

Not necessarily in that order!... individual purchasers will have their own ideas!

■ **PRICE**. Self explanatory! The Recommended Retail Prices are shown for each of the listed products in this *GUIDE*.

■ **STRENGTH**. The most important matter for most people. I give Elo ratings, taken from the *RATING LIST* featured in every Issue of the bimonthly MAGAZINE, for every Computer reviewed. A guide to the rating methods used can also be found later in this Section of the mag.

Purchasers should aim to buy a Computer or Program which can play to between 100 and 200 Elo above their own standard. This is for your own benefit - you have something to improve up to and your Computer will be a welcome opponent and help for much longer! A Computer that is simply not good enough for you can be left on for an hour a move.... and will still not be good enough most of the time!

Whilst most owners will have their eye on maximum strength, the Computers may also be used by someone else in the family who is much weaker or just beginning. A poor Computer cannot play well, but a good Computer can almost always be set to play below its best! All of the Computers in this *GUIDE* can 'play down' - i.e. be set to deliberately play weaker moves, often called 'Easy' mode. Additionally some have special teaching or training features, and I have indicated this where appropriate.

■ Type of BOARD. These and how they work are described in the next Column.

■ Range of FEATURES. All the Computers I have reviewed have an excellent range of features. The key details (e.g. number of levels, size and display) are shown. ALL can play fast (from 3 or 5 secs per move) and only make legal

moves. Forget the early 1980's!

■ EASE of Use. With every Computer reviewed the purchaser can pretty well unwrap it, switch on, put the pieces in their places, and immediately start playing as White. Setting levels, getting hints, taking moves back, and turning the board etc are almost as easy. Where there are more features, of course, there is more to get used to, but the Manuals are generally helpful and the Computers, especially those with a display, can usually be mastered pretty quickly.

• **RELIABILITY**. I have not recommended any Computer where I have concerns over reliability. All have a 1 year guarantee... which you are not

normally likely to need!

■ VALUE for MONEY. This is really in the eye of the beholder - sometimes it's a simple question of Strength/Price. In a previous GUIDE I categorised the Computers and then chose my own best three in each group. I now think that was too subjective (it also raised the hackles of some distributors!). Now the Categories are the Manufacturers themselves, and I have listed just my favourite products from each one. I believe that every Computer or Program earning a place in this GUIDE is good value for money.

BOARD TYPES

1. Portable Peg Sensory.

The pieces each have 'pegs' on the end which are gently pressed into the 'from' and 'to' holes in a plastic playing surface, to register the user's moves. When the Computer makes its move, it signifies the reply by lighting LEDs along the co-ordinates. The user presses the appropriate piece into the 'from' and 'to' holes, thus the Computer knows the piece has been moved correctly. Computers with a display will also show the moves in algebraic notation there. Playing area size will vary from 3"x3" to 4½"x4½".

2. Portable Calculator.

The user enters the algebraic notation of their chosen move into the calculator-style keyboard, and also moves the appropriate piece on the board being used. This may be an integral or separate magnetic set provided for portable use, or the users favourite wood board at home - or you might be playing 'blindfold' of course! When the Computer makes its move it will signify the reply using algebraic notation in the display window, and again the user manually completes that move on the board they are using.

3. Table-top Press Sensory.

These normally have a plastic playing surface,

with plastic playing pieces. To make the moves the user gently presses the 'from' and 'to' squares - using either their finger tip or the playing piece itself. The Computer signifies its moves by lighting the appropriate co-ordinate LEDs. The user presses the 'from' and 'to' squares when moving the piece, thus the Computer knows it has been done correctly. Computers with a display will also show the moves in algebraic notation there. The playing area is usually 8"x8".

Press sensories are always remarkably popular, as they enable a purchaser to get plenty of strength without spending too much!

4. Table-top Auto Sensory.

These are the de-luxe models: wood boards, larger than the Press-Sensory type, and also using wood felted pieces. To make a move the user simply lifts up the appropriate piece and places it onto its new square! Most Auto Sensory boards have a discreet but clear LED in the corner of each square. Thus when the Computer makes its move it will signify first the 'from' square and then, when the user has lifted up the appropriate piece, the 'to' square. Once the piece has been placed at its destination, the LEDs will go out and it's the users turn to move! Computers with a display will also show the moves in algebraic notation. Playing area size for wood boards varies - normally from 10"x10" right up to 16"x16"!

DEDICATED COMPUTER REVIEW RASPAROV MODELS

TRAVEL CHAMPION 2100 (Morsch)

Portable - large peg sensory with hinged clip-over lid - 64 levels - saves game - selectable playing styles display - position evaluation - clocks recommended line of play - 50 ply take back



- 35,000 move opening library - selectable book opening styles - electronic coaching features - extended playing range to help beginners - hand held version of GK-2100 and President - batteries only - board size 4½"x4½"! - great to play on - best peg sensory ever - 2040 Elo - £99.

EXECUTIVE (Morsch)

Table-top press sensory - 64 levels - saves game - 30 ply take back - display - position evaluation - recommended line of play - clocks - selectable playing & opening book styles - coaching features - neat, slim design + piece storage com-

partment and clip-on lid cover - mains or battery - 11"x9" - 1965 Elo - £99.

GK-2100 (Morsch)

Table-top press sensory - 64 levels - saves game - selectable playing styles - display - position evaluation - clocks - recommended line of play - 50 ply take back - 35,000 move opening library - selectable book opening styles - electronic coaching features - extended playing range to help beginners - good design with storage compartment for pieces - mains or battery - 16"x11" - 2040 Elo - £129

PRESIDENT (Morsch)

Wood auto sensory - wood, felted pieces - 64

levels - saves game - choice of playing styles display - position evaluation clocks - recommended line of play - 50 ply take back -35,000 move



opening library - selectable book opening styles - electronic coaching features - a lovely board to play on, remarkable value + quality + strength! - mains or battery - 14"x14" - 2040 Elo - £299.

MEPHISTO MODELS

NIGEL SHORT (Schroder).

Table-top press sensory - unlimited playing levels - saves game - full game take back and replay - excellent 2 line graphic display - position evaluations - recommended line of play - clocks - 27,500 position opening book - many fine training features - can be set to a specific grading in range from 1000 Elo upwards - will display all of its opening lines for book learning! - clip-on lid for journeys etc - one set of Staunton playing pieces and one magnetic disc set for travel - a fine all-round computer and deservedly a top seller - mains or battery - 13½"x10" - 2035 Elo - £199.

MILANO PRO (Morsch)

Table-top press sensory - 64 levels - 32 bit RISC processor at 16MHz - game memory save - 200 ply take back and replay - graphic display - position evaluation - recommended line of play - 50,000 unique positions opening book - electronic coaching features - a new machine with Morsch's latest program, and must be a top seller - 13½"x10" - clip-on lid for journeys etc - mains or battery - 2145 Elo - £249

ATLANTA (Morsch)
Table-top press sensory - 64 levels - 32
bit RISC processor at
20MHz + 512K hash
tables - game memory
save - 200 ply take
back - graphic display



- position evaluation - recommended line of play - 50,000 unique positions opening book - electronic coaching features - an even faster version of the Milano Pro, and clearly very strong - 13½" x 10" - clip-on lid for journeys etc - mains or battery - 2260+ Elo - £379

Mephisto EXCLUSIVE Board with a range of INTERCHANGEABLE, UPGRADEABLE programs.

EXCLUSIVE board: high quality wood auto sensory, with wood, felted pieces - mains only - 16"x16" - good choice of modules for varying playing strengths and features. The **modules** plug-in (and out) at the front of the board, so users can swap/upgrade between modules for the difference in cost. The following prices include board, playing module and display, all new.

[1] with MM6 (Morsch).

A later version of the Kasparov PRESIDENT program, but paying the extra £££'s gets a bigger board and 'buys into' an upgradeable future! - 32 bit H8 RISC at 10MHz - graphic display - 64 levels - 35,000 opening book **EXCLUSIVE + MM6** 2060 Elo - £449

Still promised from Saitek, but not yet available are the **BOSTON** (Morsch) modules - the Milano Pro program - and the **NEW YORK** (Morsch) modules - the Atlanta program.

Prices should be:-

EXCLUSIVE + BOSTON 2145 Elo - £599. EXCLUSIVE + NEW YORK 2260 Elo - £699.

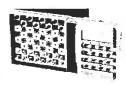
■ SECOND-HAND modules are sometimes available and offer a small saving (you can hardly tell if a module is second-hand, it's the board which reveals that!). My ratings for some of the best buys for readers who may get the chance to purchase one are:-

REBELL (MM3) 1875 Elo
MM5/POLGAR 2020 Elo
LYON/VANCOUVER 68000 2160 Elo
LYON/VANCOUVER 68020 2210 Elo
LONDON 68000 2215 Elo
RISC1 2275 Elo
LONDON 68020 2250 Elo
RISC2 2320 Elo
LONDON 68030 2375 Elo

NOVAG MODELS

AMBER (Kittinger)

Portable - peg sensory with hinged lid, a new design with taller pieces - 128 levels - saves game - 112 move



take back - 9,000 position opening library - clear info rich display - position evaluation - recommended line of play - clocks - coaching features - mains or battery - a well-designed and compact 4"x7½" - board 3¾" square - good strength/price value - H8 processor - 2055 Elo - £129.

SAPPHIRE2 (Kittinger). Portable - keypad entry - separate 6" square playing board with magnetic disc pieces - unlimited levels - 64 game storage - full take



back - 36,000 position opening library - 4-digit display with scrolling option - position evaluation - recommended line of play - clocks - mains or battery - the strongest portable so far! - 26MHz H8 processor - small hash table system - quite tricky playing style - vinyl carry bag - 2180 Elo - £224.

■This Novag keyboard design range is unique for 1600+ Elo computers. I note here my ratings for it's pre-decessors should a reader get the chance to buy one second-hand!

SAPPHIRE1 2140 Elo RUBY 1940 Elo SUPER VIP 1750 Elo

EMERALD CLASSIC PLUS (Kittinger)

Table-top press sensory - 128 levels - saves game - 112 move take back - 9,000 position opening library - clear info rich display - position evaluation - recommended line of play - clocks - coaching features - mains or battery - 14½"x 10½" - good strength/price value - H8 processor - 2055 Elo - £149.

DIAMOND2 (Kittinger).

Table-top press sensory SAPPHIRE2 program - unlimited levels - 64 game storage - full take back - 36,000 position opening library - 4-digit display with scrolling option - position evaluation - recommended line of play - clocks -

26MHz H8 processor - mains only - small hash table system - 2180 Elo - £249.

DIAMOND1 2140 Elo £199.

AUTO 'UNIVERSAL' BOARD

Novag's good looking, 81 LED wood AutoBoard will work plugged in to many of their own models. Particularly nice for playing the strong SAP-PHIRE at home! Plus PC connection when running Dave Kittinger's WCHESS, also some Genius, Fritz and Rebel versions - £299.

OTHER MODELS

TASC R30-1995 version

Wood auto sensory, with piece recognition - a

really beautiful board and easy to use in every way wood felted pieces - unlimited levels - saves game -



select from 5 playing styles - big screen display housed in separate unit - position evaluations - clocks - display of board position - recommended line of play - full take-back and replay - 200,000 move opening book - mains only - 16"x16" main board - RISC processor at 30MHz - R30-1995 is 2405 Elo - £1245.

TASC R30-1993 version rates at 2350 Elo.

■ There have been some design changes to the piece recognition system of the TASC board, which was temporarily unavailable during 1997. The new system offers the standard 64 LED system, which I prefer, at the above price, and soon an 81 LED system for probably £50 extra.

Fidelity CHESSTER.

Table-top press sensory - an extended voice model which is both serious and fun with 345 phrases to coach, teach... and amuse - don't blunder a piece while anyone else is within listening distance! - a serious machine on its normal levels as it uses the Par Excellence/2100 program - ideal also for visually handicapped players who will hear the computer moves given in algebraic notation! - 1885 Elo - £169

PC SOFTWARE

Comparing chess computer <u>programs</u> is NOT an easy task -

•1 there are so many.

■2 they tend to get almost annual upgrades, so what is always intended to be 'latest' information sometimes doesn't last long!

players and preferences for playing styles (e.g. Tal or Petrosian, Kasparov or Karpov), we can

also have strong opinions on the various <u>programs</u> and <u>their</u> styles. Some will prefer the combative and sometimes very tricky play of top-rated HIARCS, others the sound, solid feel of the knowledgeable Genius program; still others would go for the fast tactical abilities of the improving Fritz series, or the all-round character and strong play of the highly rated Rebel!

All of the **software** in this review is for IBM compatible PC's, the <u>minimum</u> requirement is a 386; a 486 is okay, but a Pentium, Pentium MMX or Pentium Pro is highly recommended.

The software we review is for serious use! - meaning that the main quality is not related to flashy graphics, a 3D board or crazy sound effects etc. All of the programs do have good, clear, easy to see chess boards and analysis detail, of course. But top of the agenda for these programs has been maximising strength and ensuring that the specific analytical features wanted by the more serious chess players have been provided, all running under easy to use feature systems, so that the **chess** takes priority.

After discussing my favourite programs the article continuees with various *TABLES*. These include the ratings on Pentium/133 machines for each program. Where a new version has just arrived or is imminent, but user-testing has not yet started, I have shown the known rating for the current version and signified uncertainty over the 'new version' rating by inserting 'est'.

Other *TABLES* compare the difference the various PC PROCESSORS are likely to make to a program's rating, plus other rating matters!

In the following feature **REVIEW** of **PC** programs, the top 5 are listed in alphabetical order, to avoid any suggestion of bias!

FRITZ5 by Franz Morsch. A brilliant tactical program, Fritz is frequently the fastest to sort out the most complicated combinations and find any deadly tactical chances which are present in a position. Chess knowledge and endgame play have been greatly improved since v4 - that's the Fritz4, with a special opening book, which beat Deep Blue, Star Socrates (and the rest!) to the 1995 WCC title, so Fritz5 will be a real contender! Coming from the ChessBase stable, it is still 'no.1' for features such as game analysis, adding notes and variations, game storage, quality game and diagram printing, plus many useful coaching and training features. Windows and CD-ROM only. £89.

GENIUS5 by Richard Lang. A v6 is not expected until 1998, but a new Gold Col-Cheas Genius 5 **lection** offers some extras. Genius was long acknowledged as the one the rest had to catch and beat - until last year a Genius version topped every PC Rating List in my Magazine for very many Issues! The Windows Genius 5 has on-line help; multiple, moveable and re-sizeable windows for boards (2D and 3D!), analysis etc; choice of piece sets; user can add personal game comments; ChessBase and PGN files fully supported. The opening book size is 220,000 positions. The CD-ROM contains Windows Genius 4 & 5 and DOS Genius 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5; plus a 500,000 game Collection and Graham White's opening book. The DOS versions miss out on the Windows graphics quality and printing features, but enable maximum hash. £89.

HIARCS6 by Mark Uniacke. A **v7** is ex-Hiarcs pected by Spring 1998. Acclaimed for its enjoyable and human-like style of play HIARCS uses high res. VGA and Super VGA graphics. It is an MS-DOS program for maximum hash and speed, but with PIF and Icon files provided for Windows. 143,000 tournament opening book with extra 300,000+ position study book; EPD, PGN and ChessBase filescan all be imported & exported. Analysis features incl. automatic 2nd and 3rd best moves evaluated simultaneously on request. Learning feature. Can set up board positions and play 'Shuffle' chess! I do most of the opening book for HIARCS (so am biased!)... but the improved hash tables and move ordering method in H6, added to the fact it has more chess knowledge than ever, have got it to the top of the Swedish and USA rating lists, as well as our own. The CD-ROM, includes both PC and Apple MAC versions of HIARCS6. On disk is a PC version only. £89.

M CHESS PRO6 by Marty Hirsch. Another with a very competitive playing style (occasionally too much so!) and a very large opening book (approx. 300,000 positions) in which the Tournament book seems heavily geared for play against other programs. It's a shame that MCP seems in part to be aimed for playing other computers rather than for use by the folk who buy it, such as you and me! However MCPro5 won the WMC Champs and topped my ratings briefly during 1996. MPC6 is definitely better again, and it is never far from one of the top 2 or 3 positions in our ratings. A v7 has just been announced, expected any day! £89.

REBEL9 by Ed Schroder. Rebel programs have

a good, positive chess feel and style, and Ed Schroder's efforts continue to result in useful upward moves in strength! The occasional graphics problems of Rebel8 seem to have been sorted out. Features include: VESA graphics support; PGN, EPD, NICBase file support; 5 playing styles; new 190,000 position opening book; can convert and use Genius and Fritz books, and also create User Books from game databases!; extra 'specialist' books available; user can add own comments to games. 'War Room' feature for multiple info and line analysis; graphic board overview aids aftergame analysis. Can play 4 games Simultaneously. Runs under DOS, Win3.1 and Win95; no installation limitations; on CD ROM. £89.

Some of the others:-

□VIRTUA CHESS1.9 by M F Baudot, available on CD-ROM. Virtua has not caught on at all, either in Sweden or Britain, so is largely untested. On a Pentium its grades in Aegon have suggested it may not be quite up with the best, and its showing amongst mainly amateur programs in the 1996 WMCC was also a disappointment, but the one or two owners I know always insist that it's better than its results! Win3/95. £79.

Ishredder and Ferret came 1st and 2nd in the 1996 World Micro Computer Championships, but the value of their success must be put into perspective: Genius, Hiarcs, MChess Pro, Rebel, ChessMaster, W Chess and Kallisto were non-participants!

Both remained amateur and non-commercial programs until recently, when **SHREDDER1** came onto the market, Win95 + CD only, price **F79**

□SHREDDER2 has just been announced, Win95 only, CD ROM, £89.

Ferret plays a lot of chess on the Internet in the States, and is highly respected there. ☐ **JUNIOR** by Amir Ban and Shay Bushinsky in Israel. The 'Israel-factor' is important, as Junior has not always been able to play in the Tournaments the programmers would have wished to! An early version came 10= with $6\frac{1}{11}$ in the 1995 WMCC but, though still non-commercial, **Junior3.5** found its way to the *Ply* and *SS Rat*ing Lists earlier this year. A slightly better rated **Junior4** has appeared in Sweden, but rumour is that the version entered for the 1997 WMCC shows yet more improvement. We'll see! CS_TAL by Chris Whittington, England. Finally arrived in Oct.97 (2 years later than initial forecasts!). Designed to play in Tal's own dangerous style, this program is radically different

in concept to most others as it uses much speculative knowledge. It is sometimes as much a danger to itself as to its opponents, but can be an exciting opponent! DOS on CD only, £49. ☐ CRAFTY, by Robert Hyatt, is a noncommercial program. It can be downloaded privately via the Internet for decoding and running under MS-DOS. It has a good Blitz record on the 'net against American players, and did well in the 1996 WMCC, though users' tests against Genius5 and Rebel8 were much less convincing. NIMZO3.5, by the busy Chrilly Doninger, is a strong, tactically fast program which now appears on our rating lists. On CD-ROM only, it still appears to me to be a little behind the market leaders! £89. NIMZO'98 just announced re-written for Win95 and 32-bit. £89 ☐ CHESSMASTER 5500 by Johan de Koning, is Win95 only and just out. I'll report in SS as soon as I have some results and opinion, but initial comments suggest the chess engine is barely different from the one in ChessMaster 5000. □KALLISTO2/3? got the highest PC rating at Aegon '97, and should be available soon. I have Kallisto1.98, which has a not-too-easy-to-use interface etc with pretty ordinary features, and I've been sent the v2/3 program to run within it, which seems to be a fast, tactical type of program. Though clearly strong I have to say I'm surprised it did that well at Aegon. Watch SS in 1998 for a review and rating, once the new version with improved features comes out! £89.

PC AUTOBOARDS

It is possible to use some PC programs with a beautiful wood auto-sensory BOARD, thus still harnessing the full power and features of your PC and chess SOFTWARE. A PC BOARD can be connected to the serial port of any IBM PC. Game moves are then made on the auto-sensory PC Board. The advantages of playing etc on a 'proper' board are obvious - for the sheer pleasure of it, reducing eye-strain and, for club or tournament players, avoiding swapping from a screen used during preparation to a full-sized board in real play.

Tasc SMARTBOARD

The board is exactly the same as that of the R30 so users get piece recognition as well as an auto-sensory system. 16"x16" board. £399.

■ The newly designed SmartBoard is again available, after being temporarily withdrawn during 1997, but I haven't found out if the list of compatible programs has been updated yet since 1995/6. Best to check this before buying!

Also see the Novag UNIVERSAL board (p25).

ALL the TOP PROGRAM RATINGS

The 'standard' is now probably a Pentium at 133MHz with 16MB MB RAM. Therefore the gradings will be based on this configuration. **TABLE1** considers what differences other processing power set-ups are likely to make.

The PC and its PROCESSOR: comparisons

What if your Computer is... faster:-)
..... or slower:-(
? What difference does that make to the estimated grading? **Table1** will guide you nicely on that!

5	TABLE1: PC COMPARISONS								
	if Pentium/133 = 0								
	PC/ Processor	Add/Subtract							
	Pentium Pro/200	+60							
	Pentium/166	+20							
	Pentium/133	=							
	Pentium/100	-20							
	486DX4/100	-80							
	486DX2/66	-100							
1	486DX/50	-120							
I	486DX-SX/33	-160							
١	386DX-SX/33	-240							
-4									

GRADING CHESS PLAYERS AND COMPUTERS

What is a GRADING ?!

The British Chess Federation (BCF hereafter) measures a player's ability by comparing their results against other rated players in official Tournaments and Matches. An average but regular Club player will have a grade of perhaps 130 or 140 BCF.

To complicate matters the rest of Europe, in fact nearly the rest of the <u>world</u>, use the Elo scale (invented by Professor Arpad Elo, and also used to grade table tennis players incidentally). There is a simple mathematical formula to convert a BCF Grade to Elo, and vice versa:-

(BCF x 8) + 600 = Elo. E.g 175 BCF = (175 x 8) + 600 = 2000 Elo (Elo-600) / 8 = BCF. E.g 2000 Elo = 2000-600=1400/8 = 175 BCF

There is another complication! In <u>America</u> they use a calculation <u>method</u> very similar to the Elo system, but all their internal gradings of Computer results in Tournaments and Tests seem to come out 120 higher than our BCF/Elo figures, though our USA friends deny this!

So purchasers have to check twice what they read on an advert or the computer's box. If it says 'graded 2400 in official USA test' or mentions USCF, deduct 120 straight away.

If it mentions Blitz or Active chess there's more to deduct.... read on!

TABLE2, the **Grading Guide** classifies various playing standards with a range of Gradings for the British and Elo.

TABLE2: GRADING GUIDE						
<u>Player 'Standard'</u>	<u>BCF</u>	<u>Elo</u>				
Beginner	0-50	600-1000				
Occasional player	50-75	1000-1200				
Good Hobby	75-100	1200-1400				
Club	100-125	1400-1600				
Club, Team standard	125-175	1600-2000				
County, Team standard	175-200	2000-2200				
Master	200+	2200+				
I.M.	225+	2400+				
G.M.:	245+	2550+				
Gary Kasparov	275	2800				

WHO will win? - BY how much!?

The BCF system is particularly easy to follow when we try to forecast the likely result of, say, a 10 game Match between 2 players. Our Chart alongside shows these expectancies.

After a Match (or even 1 game!) has been played, if the result is different to that expected, the respective players' BCF Gradings will be adjusted up or down accordingly.

GAP between	Likely Score in
2 players	
5 BCF	5½- 4½
10 BCF	6 - 4
15 BCF	6½-3½
20 BCF	7 - 3
25 BCF	7½- 2½
30 BCF	8 - 2
40 BCF	9 - 1
50 BCF	10 - 0

COMPUTER GRADINGS

The Computer gradings shown in this GUIDE are all taken from the RATING LIST which appears in our regular Magazine, and represent each program's results at popular time control settings from Game in 60 mins to 40 moves in 2 hours.

Our team of readers, and Countrywide Computers where I work most afternoons, not only play many **Computer-v-Computer** matches, we also enter Computers into official Tournaments with live **Human** players (!), and collate all these and other results from around the world to maintain a COMPUTER RATING LIST, which is as reliable and accurate as we can make it!

In the latter respect we owe a great deal to the massive amount of work done by the Swedish testers and their excellent "Ply" Magazine.

TOP PC program Program Per	ratings
Hiarcs6 Rebel9 Rebel8 Hiarcs5 MChess Pro6 Genius5 Genius3 Genius4 Hiarcs4 Shredder1 Fritz5 Rebel6 Rebel7 Junior4 MChess Pro5 Nimzo3.5 ChessMaster 5000 Hiarcs3 ChessMaster 4000 Fritz4 Fritz3 W Chess Kallisto1.98 CS_Tal Comet32 Zarkov2 Socrates3 Zarkov3 Kasparov's Gambit Complete Chess System Gandalf2.1	2527 est 2525 2501 2498 2480 2476 2465 2465 2462 est 2460 est 2460 2454 2453 est 2450 2449 2438 2434 2430 2417 2407 2397 2377 2374 est 2348 2269 2252 2248 2184 2171

FAST CHESS!

The ratings we give in "Selective Search" are for 'Tournament' games from G/60 through to 40/2, but a Computer playing against humans in an Active Tournament (Game in 30 mins) or a Blitz Tournament (Game in 5 or 10 mins) should always grade higher, as shown in **Table3**.

TABLES Computer Improvement & FAST CHESS Time Control Rating Increase Tournament Chess Normal Speed/Active Chess (G/30) +10BCF/+80Elo Blitz Chess (G/5 orG/10) +20BCF/+160Elo

Although the standard of the chess played usually drops a little at fast chess, the Computers nearly always get higher gradings! Why? We believe that the Computers are less prone both to blunders through time pressure, and mental exhaustion through playing many consecutive games, compared with their human opponents.

Therefore if you see 'claimed gradings' based on Blitz or Speed Chess, remember to

make an appropriate deduction (just like the -120 from USCF) to reach a truer Elo figure for your prospective purchase!

REVIEW of 1997's MAIN RESULTS!

■ January
G.M Nigel Short beats **Virtua Chess1.9** by 2-1
@ G/15

■ February

■ March

Rebel7 wins Welser @ 40/2 with 9/12; Genius5 is 2nd; Hiarcs5, Nimzo3.5 and Hiarcs4 come 3= whilst MChessPro6 is 6th. with Rebel8 and Fritz/3 in a group at 7=.

April

Hiarcs6 PPro/200 beats I.M Deen Hergott by 4-2 @ 40/2 for a 2618 grading.

Deep[er] Blue2 beats World Champion Garry Kasparov by $3\frac{1}{2}-2\frac{1}{2}$ @ 40/2 for a 2850 grading!

May

In Aegon'97 @ G/90+30secs Kallisto3.1 gets the top Computer grading with 4½/6 and 2632. Rebel'97 and ChessMaster5000 also score 4½. On 4/6 are Zugzwang, Dragon, Cilkchess, Nimzo3.5, Zarkov'97, The King, Chessica, Gandalf and Hiarcs6, whilst MChessPro6, Fritz4 and WChess score 3½, and Genius5, Ferret and Virtua get 3/6. 1996 WMCC Champion Shredder scores just 2½.

June

Rebel8 PPro/266 beats G.M Arthur Yusupov 6-1 @ G/5, 3½-3½ @ G/15, 1-2 @ G/30, for a match total 10½-6½.

MChessPro6 beats I.M Igor Efimov by 3½-2½ @ G/90 for a 2596 grading.

July

August

September

Hiarcs6 scores 7½/9 for a 2684 grading in Spain @ G/30 and comes 2nd behind G.M San Segundo but ahead of 5 other G.M's and a smattering of IM's.

October

November

The 1997 WMCC is won easily by **Junior** with 9½/11.

MEET THE PROGRAMMERS

Amir Ban & Shay Bushinsky (Israel). PC program JUNIOR.

■ 95: 10= WMCC 6½/11.

■ 97: Easily 1st WMCC with amazing 9½/11.

M F Baudot & Jean Christophe Weill (France). PC program VIRTUA chess.

■ 95: 3rd = WMCC with $7\frac{1}{2}/11$.

■ 96: lowly 6= WMCC; 3½/6 =2348 Aegon.

■ 97: 2 WMCC 8/11; PPro 3/6 = 2487 Aegon. Don Dailey/Larry Kaufman (US). PC programs REX and SOCRATES.

■ 93: 1st. ACM Tourn.

■ 94: 1st Harvard Cup.

■ 95: 2nd WCC.

Chrilly Donninger (Austria). PC program NIMZO; also the CHESS232 PC Board and AUTO232 system.

■ 93: 3rd= WMCC...

■ 95: 3rd= WMCC with 7½/11.

■ 96: 3rd WMCC; 4½/6 =2599 Aegon.

■ 97: Under the name "Hydra" 4= WMCC 7/11, on PPro 4/6 = 2486 Aegon.

Marty Hirsch (USA). PC programs M CHESS and M CHESS PRO.

■ 94: 3rd Harvard Cup.

■ 95: 3rd Aegon; 1st= WMCC.

■ 96: 4/6 =2393 Aegon.

■ 97: 4= WMCC 7/Ĭ1; on PPro 3½/6 =2332 Aegon.

Feng Hsing Hsu. Main-frame program DEEP THOUGHT/DEEP BLUE1/2.

■ 95: 3= WCC95. Lost 4-2 to Gary Kasparov in Match. Despite these reverses was almost certainly 10 BCF/80 Elo at least above the best PC programs

97: Proved it in latest version and hardware format by beating Kasparov 4-2 in the return

Match!

Bob Hyatt (USA). Main-frame program CRAY BLITZ; now PC program CRAFTY (non-commercial).

■ 96: 3= WMCC.

■ 97: 8= WMCC 6½/11.

Julio Kaplan. Kasparov SIMULTANO and many Saitek models, e.g TURBOSTAR.

Dave Kittinger (USA). All Novag models for many years, incl. current JADE2, ZIRCON2, SAPPHIRE and DIAMOND. PC program W CHESS (and Power Chess?).

94: 1st Harvard Cup. 1st Uniform Platform.

■ 95: 5th Aegon

■ 96: 4/6 =2294 Aegon.

■ 97: On PPro $3\frac{1}{2}/6 = 2247$ Aegon.

Johan de Koning (Holland). Saitek RISC 2500, Mephisto MONTREUX, Tasc R30. PC programs THE KING, CHESSMASTER 4000/5000.

■ 93: 1st Aegon. 1st Welser. 2nd WMCC.

■ 94: 2nd Harvard Cup.

■ 95: 6th= WMCC; The King 4/6 =2379 Aegon.

■ 97: With Tasc R30 3½/6 = 2221 Aegon.

Richard Lang (England). Mephisto MONT-REAL, BERLIN/BERLIN PRO, VANCOUVER, GENIUS and LONDON. PC programs PSION and GENIUS.

■ 1985-95: World Champion 1st or 1st= @

every WMCC.

■ 94: Famous victory 1½-½ over Gary Kasparov in Intel Active Tournament, London.

■ 96: 4/6 =2213 Aegon.

■ 97: On PPro 3/6 =2389 Aegon.

Stefan Meyer-Kahlen (Germany). PC program SHREDDER.

- 96: 3/6 = 2086 Aegon; then 1st WMCC96, a major surprise!
- 97: 3rd with 7½/11 WMCC; on PPro 2½/6 =2148 Aegon.

Bruce Moreland (USA). PC program, Amateur status, FERRET.

■ 95: 3= WMCC.

■ 96: 2nd WMCC with 8½/11...

■ 97: 4= with 7/11 WMCC; on PPro 3/6 =2325 Aegon,

Franz Morsch (Holland). Kasparov GK2000/2100, TRAVEL CHAMPION and PRESIDENT, Kasparov BRUTE FORCE, and new Mephisto models MILANO PRO, ATLANTA, BOSTON and NEW YORK. PC programs QUEST and FRITZ.

■ 94: Shot to fame when FRITZ tied 1= with Kasparov in major International Blitz

Tournament.

■ 95: 1st WCC, beating Deep Blue1 along the way! Then disappointing 6= WMCC.

■ 96: 3½/6 =2415 Aegon; poor 6= WMCC96.

■ 97: Disappointing 10= with 6/11 WMCC; on PPro 3½/6 =2254 Aegon.

Ed Schroder (Holland). Mephisto MM5, POL-GAR, MILANO, NIGEL SHORT, RISC 1MB. PC programs GIDEON and REBEL.

■ 92: 1st WCC.

■ 93: 3rd Welser.

■ 96: 4/6 =2525 Aegon.

■ 97: On PPro 4½/6 = 2619 Aegon!

Dan & Kathe Spracklen (USA). Most Fidelity models incl. PAR EXCELLENCE, MACH2/3/4. Also Kasparov SPARC.

■ 1980-84: World Champions.

■ 93: 2nd Aegon:

John Stanbeck. PC program ZARKOV.

■ 97: On PPro 4/6 = 2476 Aegon.

Mark Uniacke (England). PC program HIARCS (also available on MAC).

■ 92: World Amateur Champ.

- 93: 1st. World Software Champ; 1st Uniform Platform.
- 95: 1st Aegon. 6= WMCC95.

 \blacksquare 96: 4/6 = 2384 Aegon.

■ 97: On PPro 4/6 =2308 Aegon.

Bart Westrate (Holland). PC program KAL-LISTO.

- $95.10 = 6\frac{1}{2}/11$ WMCC.
- 96: 4/6 =2345 Aegon.
- 97: lowly 10= with 6/11 WMCC; on PPro

 $4\frac{1}{2}$ /6 = 2632 Aegon.

Chris Whittington (England). CS_TAL.

- 95: 26= with 4½/11 WMCĆ.
- 96: $3\frac{1}{2}/6 = 2158$ Aegon.
- 97: 10= with 6/10 WMCC; on PPro 3/6 =2177 Aegon.

Note: WCC = World Computer Championships
WMCC = World Micro-Computer Champs

DATABASES for PC

CHESSBASE FOR WINDOWS

During the past few years ChessBase has steadily developed into an outstanding DataBase system for storing, studying, comparing and... enjoying chess games. Massive collections of great games, both historical and contemporary, are included when you buy, and there are annual additions on disk and CD ROM.

The latest release, **ChessBase for Windows v6**, has reached new standards for completeness and genuine ease-of-use throughout a massive range of features and operations.

Beautiful, high quality graphics ease the strain of working in front of the screen - simple icons for fast swapping between activities powerful ECO openings classification - search multiple databases simultaneously for openings. themes or material - establish standard positioning of pieces in each opening - read and generate PGN format files - merge databases - two or more board windows can be viewed side-by-side or kept in filing card fashion - moves, variations and annotations displayed in full alongside board window - send games to printer in figurine notation with commentary symbols and high quality diagrams - or save file to a Desktop Publisher and prepare to create a personalised layout or your own Magazine!

Also NOW multi-media with hundreds of player profiles, photos and even videos!

- **Basic Package** with 260,000 games, 1,000 annotated. CD or disks £225.
- **Professional package** with 350,000 games, 20,000 annotated. CD or disks £325.
- Mega package with 590,000 games, 20,000 annotated, Alpha Utility, Endgame CD's + 1yr sub to CB Magazine! On CD only £449.
- Extras: HIARCS6 analysis module. The <u>perfect</u> companion (a must for most of us!?) to use within ChessBase obtain high powered analysis and evaluation of current position as you play through or enter a game this special Hiarcs for ChessBase module can show top-ranked, top

two, top three etc move recommendations. Hiarcs6 for ChessBase analysis module £45.

It is a <u>rumour</u> that **Junior** will be available to work in the same way by Feb '98.

N.B the <u>analysis modules</u> 'only' analyse... they wont play as an opponent. However the same £45 Hiarcs6 (and maybe Junior?!) engines will play when loaded into Fritz5!

BOOKUP for Windows

Whilst BOOKUP can be used as a DataBase for games storage, it is not really intended to be a competitor to ChessBase as its main purpose is for the close study and learning of openings.

'Books' (on disk) are available for training and studying of specific openings. Each disk-book has copious notes discussing main line theory, strategical concepts, traps etc. In addition users can create and build their own books or load-in PGN files of games in specific openings. At every point the owner can add his own notes and ideas, so personalising the whole process.

BookUp also now comes with the ZARKOV analysis module built-in, for on-screen analysis and evaluations. Files can also be exported to Zarkov (and HIARCS, REBEL or GENIUS), and any of these strong programs can prepare overnight, at any chosen time control, valuable analysis and evaluations for the specified positions. Results can then be imported back into BOOKUP files to create a permanent record.

Back-solving is a particularly useful part of BOOKUP! For complete games with 1-0, ½-½, 0-1 scores (e.g from a PGN file) or from positions evaluated by, say, Zarkov or Hiarcs, BOOKUP can 'back-solve' the end evaluations to value each line +/-, =, -/+ at the start of the variation, enabling the user to assess at the root positions which lines are winning/equal/losing for either side! Thus which lines are best for playing and which may need further research seeking possible improvements, TN's etc for use in actual play. Research results can be kept on file as part of the 'book', and also sent to a printer for output in ECO-type format.

■ BookUp for Windows £159 (on disk with Zarkov, and includes one free 'Book on disk').

■ Opening Books and Tutorials. E.g. How to Play against the Sicilian, The Samisch Seminar, The Smith-Morra, The Classical Ruy, 1.e4 for White, Answering 1.e4 for Black, 1.d4 for White. Answering 1.d4 for Black, 100 Essential Endings and others. £19.95 each.

CHESS MENTOR

The most popular and comprehensive PC chess course EVER, Mentor is useful for beginners

though aimed more at the hobby and club player, with multiple lessons which go right up to Master class! As simple or tough as you want!

A truly massive course which now includes 15 superb, graduated modules covering all aspects of the game from openings, tactics, and positional factors, to long-term strategy and endgames. Can revolutionise anyone's chess understanding and strength - and the PC environment means the user can concentrate on the chess, moving forwards and backwards through the actual lessons and chess variations with ease.

The integrated 'hints' and 'counsel' sections available at each <u>potential</u> move of every single lesson (!) offer different levels of comprehensive advice according to your own requirements - highly recommended!

■ Chess Mentor £199.95 (or with 'just' 5 basic Modules £59.95; modules then £22.95 each).

General SOFTWARE/PC remarks

There seems (happily!) to be no end to new products and upgrades in the field of software. And things can change so rapidly - new processors, new speed limits (!), new programs! What will 1998 bring?

Sometimes **upgrades** come out sooner than expected: e.g the Hiarcs5=>6 when a small fault in '5' enabled Mark Uniacke to incorporate a worthwhile improvement he'd found to create '6' as an upgrade for a fairly nominal price (£15).

On the other hand at times a **new product** may emerge commercially without much of a trumpet blast at all - especially in Britain where the size of the market sadly does not allow the investment of huge marketting sums. So programs like Nimzo, Virtua and Shredder have arrived with barely a whisper. Nevertheless, I can usually get hold of these for readers and, indeed, sometimes there are already one or two in stock - if not they can probably be acquired with only a few days delay! If you're the first 'British buyer', maybe you can then do a **review** for other SS readers?!

Usually **upgrading** from version X to version X+1 of a program is possible at around ½ price. Upgrades should offer strength improvement and/or new features!... though sometimes they offer little of either! - it's not as easy to produce 100, or even 50 Elo a year as it used to be!

It normally takes a couple of weeks for reasonably expert opinion to come through as to the value of an upgrade - a little longer when testing a completely new program. Do feel able to ring me for news - I'll gladly share whatever info I have, and what I don't know I'll try to find out!

The (nearly) All-Time RATING LIST

Deep Blue2 Deep Blue1		Nov Super Forte-Expert C/6			100-
Deed Dide i	2650	Novag Expert/Turbo16	2009	SciSys Turbostar 432	1807
Tees D20 1005		Mephisto Montreal	1997	Fidelity Excellence/3	1803
Tasc R30-1995		Mephisto Roma 68000	1997	Fidelity Designer 2000	1803
Mephisto London 68030	2348	Mephisto Academy	1988	Kasparov A/4 module	1795
Tasc R30-1993		Mephisto Amsterdam	1983	Conchess/4	1785
Mephisto Genius2 68030	2341	Novag Super Forte-Expert B/6		Kasparov Prisma-Blitz	1782
Mephisto London Pro 68020	2320	Mephisto Mega4	1969	Novag Super Constellation	1781
Mephisto RISC2	2320	Kasparov D/10 module	1966	Kasparov Renaissance basic	1781
Mephisto Lyon 68030	2309	Fidelity 68000 Mach2C	1964	Novag Super Nova	1776
Mephisto Portorose 68030	2293 2291	Fidelity 68000 Mach2B	1964	Mephisto Blitz module	1766
Mephisto Berlin Pro 68020	2288	Kasparov GK2000-Executive	1963	Novag Supremo-SuperVIP	1741
Kasparov RISC 2500-512	2286	Mephisto Modena	1953	Fidelity Prestige	1740
Mephisto Vancouver 68030		Mephisto MM4	1949	Fidelity Elite A	1737
Meph Lyon-Vanc 68020/20	2281	Fidelity Travelmaster-Tiger	1947	Fidelity Sensory 12	1734
Meph RISC1	2271	Novag Ruby-Emerald	1939	SciSys Superstar 36K	1719
Kasparov SPARC/20	2262	Meph Supermondial2-College	1936	Meph Chess School-Europa	1716
Mephisto Atlanta	2257	Mephisto Monte Carlo4	1936	Mephisto Exclusive S/12	1715
Mephisto London 68020/12	2248	Novag Super Forte-Expert A/6	Contract of the Contract of th	Conchess/2	1713
Mephisto Montreux	2242	Kasparov Travel Champion	1933	Novag Quattro	1704
Kasparov RISC 2500-128	2240	Kasparov Advanced Trainer	1933	Novag Constellation/3.6	1701
Mephisto London 68000	2217	Kasparov Advanced Trainer	1925	Mephisto Mondial2	1700
Fidelity Elite 68040-v10	2212	Kasparov C/8 module	1921	Novag Primo-VIP	1700
Mephisto Vancouver 68020	2205	Mephisto Monte Carlo			1686
Mephisto Lyon 68020	2201	Conchess Plymate Victoria/5.	1916	Fidelity Elite original	1660
Novag Sapphire2-Diamond2	2180	CXG Sphinx Galaxy	1913	Mephisto Mondial1	1659
Mephisto Portorose 68020	2175	Kasparov Turboking2	1912		1645
Mephisto Berlin	2170	Fidelity 68000 Mach2A	1899	CXG Super Enterprise	1632
Fidelity Elite 68030-v9	2169	Conchess Plymate Roma/6	1899	CXG Advanced Star Chess	1632
Mephisto Vancouver 68000	2157	Fidelity Par Excellence/8	1897		1583
Mephisto Lyon 68000	2156	Novag Expert/6			
Mephisto Almeria 68020	2150	Novag Super Forte-Expert A/	1885		1578
Mephisto Milano Pro	2141	Fidelity 68000 Club B	1882		1549
Novag Sapphire1-Diamond1	2138	Novag Expert/5	1874		1548
Mephisto MM4/Turbo18	2130	Fidelity Par Excellence	1874		1547
Mephisto Portorose 68000	2124	Fidelity Elite+Designer 2100	1874		1531
Fid Mach4-Des2325-68020-	V/ 2118	Fidelity Chesster	1873	Kasparov Turbo 24K	1529
Fidelity Elite 2x68000-v5	2091	Novag Forte B	1872		1527
Mephisto Mega4/Turbo18	2087	Mephisto Rebell	1871		1522
Mephisto Polgar/10	2079	Fidelity Avant Garde	1864		s 1522
Kasparov Brute Force	2078		1863		1520
Mephisto Roma 68020	2077	Novag Forte A	1858		1479
Mephisto Dallas 68020	2068		1855	SciSvs C/C Mark6	1476
Mephisto Almeria 68000	2063	Fidelity 68000 Club A	1853		bit 1473
Menhisto MM6	2060		1852		1471
Novag Emerald Classic-Am	ber 2058	Conchess Plymate/5.5	185		1410
Novag Scorpio-Diablo	2056	Kasparov Simulano	1850		
Novag Jade2-Zircon2	2043		184		1370
Kasp President-GK+TC210	0 2037	Conchess/6	183		10/2/12/2
Mephisto Nigel Short	2032	Fidelity Excellence/4	183		1340
Menhisto MM4/10	2032				1300
Fid Mach3-Des2265-68000	-v2 2026	Novag Jade1-Zircon1	183		1250
Meph Dallas 68000-Mondia	IXL 2018	Conchess Plymate/4	182		
Mephisto MM5	2016	SciSys Turbo Kasparovi4	182		122
Mephisto Polgar/5	2014		182		120
Mephisto Milano	2013	3 Fidelity Elegance	181	4 Boris2.5	1