SELECTIVE SEARCH 87 THE COMPUTER CHESS MAGAZINE

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I thought you might like to see what my dog Sky gets up to whilst I'm working on Selective Search!



The forthcoming Novag Star Sapphire!

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■Readers can ring *ERIC* at *COUNTRYWIDE*, Mon-Fri, 11,00-5,00.



COMPUTER & PC PROGRAMS ... THE BEST BUYS!

RATINGS for these computers and programs are on the SS back pages. This is not a complete product listing they are what I consider to be current BEST BUYS bearing in mind price, playing strength, features + quality.

Further info/photos can be found in Countrywide's CATALOGUE - see the address/phone on the front page if

you want one.

Note the software prices! Some have prices which seem cheaper, but there's a big post & packing charge at the end!... our insured delivery p&p is FREE. Adaptors off dedicated computer prices shown here if you buy from Countrywide ... just mention 'SS' when you order.

PORTABLE COMPUTERS [por]

Kasparov

BULLET - Talking coach - £49 - talks + travels! COSMOS - £99! - great value, 4½"x4½" plug-in board, strong program + info display

Novag

AMBER £139 - excellent plug-in, strong as Cosmos with great features and info display SAPPHIRE2 £224 - v. strong calculator style, 32MHz H8. Incl. magnetic disc set - excellent

= TABLE-TOP PRESS SENSORY = [ps]

Kasparov

EXECUTIVE £99 - GK-2000 Morsch prog. Display etc, plus lid cover. This is good value!

COUGAR - £129! - top quality Morsch program, good info display, recommended

Novag

TURQUOISE £149 - Amber in high-style board EMERALD CLASSIC PLUS £179 - beautiful wood-look board, wood pieces. Display, strong! DIAMOND2 £279 - true, strong high-knowledge chess on 32MHz processor. Very good features, big 120,000 opening book and A1 for value!

Mephisto MILANO PRO £249 - Morsch at RISC speed,

strong, good features and display

ATLANTA £379 - the fast hash-table version of Milano Pro=even greater strength. 64 led board

■ WOOD AUTO SENSORY ■ [as]

Kasparov

PRESIDENT £299 - top value wood board ever good range of features, scrolling display

Mephisto

EXCLUSIVE all wood board, felted pieces with MM6 - President program £449 with SENATOR - Milano Pro program £649 with MAGELLAN - Atlanta program £749

Novag

SAPPHIRE2 DE LUXE £449 includes Novag Sapphire2, lovely wood UNIVERSAL board for PC connection, all cables and adaptor. Excellent value and quite brilliant! Works with Fritz 532.

all run INDEPENDENTLY + analyse within CB7.0. Great graphics, big databases+opening books, printing, max features. Win95/98 FRITZ 6 £39 - by Franz Morsch. Superb new Interface, Graphics and extra chess knowledge for Strength - a beautiful program! JUNIOR 6 £39 - features etc. as Fritz6. Strong, good positional chess, fast and may be no.1! HIARCS 732 by Mark Uniacke. An outstanding program running faster+stronger than ever! £39 NIMZO 732 £39 - by Donninger. Great tactics ■ Other PC PROGRAMS on CD ■

SHREDDER4 (current World Champ) £79.95. The MILLENNIUM 2000 package also includes Genius6.5 and Nimzo 2000. On 6 CDs includes Endgame Databases and lots more!

REBEL-TIGER £39.95. New powerful 32-bit Windows program - this is a very strong, top 4 program with many features, statistics, game histogram, copy+paste printing, Winboard
REBEL CENTURY £39.95. Re-tuned for max.

strength v humans. User-adjustable functions to change (improve?) play! Valuable analytical features incl. useful Game Overview

ENCYCLOPAEDIA OF CHESS for Rebel - £30

1 million game database + massive opening tree

HIARCS7 - for PC and MAC! - £49

Also: MChessPR08 £69, CS_Tal2 Windows £39. Please allow 7 days for delivery on these.

CLASSIC GAMES COLLECTION for PC! SAGE 5000 DRAUGHTS CD (very strong program!), includes DRAUGHTS variations, 10x10, Flip It (OTHELLO) and other games! £39!

PC DATABASES on CD CHESSBASE 7.0 for Windows £115 !! 32-bit high speed, multi-media, with over 1 million games, position trees+ stats. Includes Craffy eng. for analysis, but buy Fritz6, Junior6 or Hiarcs732 to get top power analysis!

PC CHESS TUTOR PACKAGES

Chess MENTOR - number '1' for chess training COMPREHENSIVE: novice/hobby £59.95 ADVANCED: best for SS readers!? Strategy and Technique for study and pleasure £59.95
FULL DE LUXE: The COMPREHENSIVE COURSE plus all 11! available modules £225

SECOND-HAND & EX-DEMO all with 9 month guarantee & incl. adaptor if appropriate Kasparov Travel Champion 2000 [pl] £55 Mephisto Nigel Short [ps] £149

Kasparov RISC 2500 [ps] £249 Mephisto Montreux [ps] £269

Mephisto London 68000 [ps] £349 Mephisto Berlin Pro 68020 [ps] £399

Mephisto London Pro 68020 [ps] £499 Mephisto Montreal 68000 [as] £249

NEWS+RESULTS: Keeping you right UP-TO-DATE in the Computer Chess World!

THIS ISSUE is packed with results from all over the place, and in many cases I've given them their own pages with Tournament Cross-Tables and a Games Selection.

I also have **new results** in from Chris Taylor and Frank Holt, so these are shown-here in the NEWS+RESULTS section, together with information on **software updates** and some initial details on **new products** from **Novag!**

Frank Holt's Latest Tournys

Frank has upgraded to a Celeron/433 and has also got a keen ally with a P2/400 to

join him in his testing.

His latest efforts have been engine testing at various time controls: Tournament (40/60 to 40/30) and Blitz (G/30 to G/90). Here are the Cross-Tables from these matches, which I have kept separate for the 2 computers and for the different style of time controls.

P2/400 Tournament time controls

		F6	J6	H732	N732	/18
1	Fritz6	XX	4	21/2	41/2	11
2	Junior6	2	хх	41/2	3	91/2
3	Hiarcs732	31/2	11/2	хх	4	9
4	Nimzo732	1½	3	2	XX	61/2

P2/400 Blitz time controls

		J6	H732	F6	N732	/18
1	Junior6	ХХ	3	3	51/2	111/2
2	Hiarcs732	3	хх	3	3	9
3	Fritz6	3	3	ХХ	2	8
4	Nimzo732	1/2	3	4	ХХ	71/2

Celeron/433 Tournament time controls

		J6	F6	H732	N732	/18
1	Junior6	XX	2	4	5	11
2	Fritz6	4	хх	3	3	10
3	Hiarcs732	2	3	хх	4	9
4	Nimzo732	1	3	2	хх	6

Celeron 433/Blitz time controls

		F6	J6	H732	N732	/18
1	Fritz6	XX	31/2	31/2	41/2	111/2
2	Junior6	21/2	хх	3	3	81/2
3=	Hiarcs732	21/2	3	ХХ	21/2	8
3=	Nimzo732	11/2	3	31/2	хх	8

Thanks, Frank... it's interesting to see how they match up comparing Blitz and Tournament, and on slightly different machines (which probably makes little or no difference, though I know that cache size on a PC can definitely affect different programs).

Frank mentions that he played through the Hiarcs732 interface, and his friend through the Fritz6 interface. I think it's been discussed on the 'net, but Frank's mention of

this reminds me to say it again:-

- I occasionally found that engine-engine games under the Fritz532, Junior5 and Hiarcs732 interfaces resulted in clocks at the start of a new game not re-setting to the correct time allowance. This was usually only a matter of between 30secs and 90secs so wouldn't be a major problem for the above tests anyway, but I found it frustrating when doing G/10 testing! I have never seen this problem under the new F6 and J6 interfaces.
- When changing engines under Fritz6 and Junior6, the new engine can sometimes take on the parameter settings for the previously used engine. For example, load Fritz6 (selectivity=2), and then change to Hiarcs732. The selectivity will be set to 2. but for Hiarcs the default should be 5! Click on [Default] and the parameter is corrected. But now change back to Fritz6 and, lo and behold, you will find that its selectivity has now taken on the Hiarcs' preference, i.e. =5! Again this is easily corrected by clicking on [Default] you've got to remember to do it, otherwise you'll have an engine playing at a much inferior setting!

In closing Frank notes that, although his own Celeron/433 results did put Fritz just above Junior, he actually considers that Junior6 is the better program!

The Andreas SHWARTMANN Tourny

Andreas had started a major tourny which had reached round 7 in SS86. Unfortunately he had one PC crash, so has reverted to an

engine-engine tournament instead.

I probably don't need to re-assure folk but, whilst these results are welcome and interesting, especially when some amateur programs are included to add a different flavour to the event, results from these tournaments are <u>not</u> included in our **Rating List**.

Controller: **Andreas Schwartmann**Computer: AMD K6-3 450MHz
Time control: 40 moves in 40 mins
Double-round Event = 28 games each
At the half-way stage...

Pos	Program	Score/14
=	Fritz 6a	11
	Hiarcs 732	11
	Nimzo 732	11
4=	Anmon 5.06	9
	Junior 6a	9
6	Phalanx 22	81/2
7	Little Goliath 2000 v2.5	8
8=	Crafty 17.07	71/2
	Comet B13	71/2
10	Gromit 3	61/2
11	Ant 4.16	4
12=	EXchess 3.11	31/2
	InmiChess 3.01	31/2
14	The Crazy Bishop 0.45	3
15	KnightX 1.52	2

Phenomenal starts by two of the 'unknowns' - **Anmon** and **Phalanx** - can they keep it up in the 2nd, half of the Tournament?!

SOFTWARE updates

Various updates/upgrades/patches are available on different web pages - if you have purchased the program and you're 'net connected, then it's worth downloading the improvement. If you're not on the Internet, then I can provide some update patches on disk, as follows:-

Fritz6 and Junior6 both have updates,

usually available from the ChessBase web site where you'll need to register to get them.

http://www.chessbase.com/

I can send the engine improvement parts, so you'd be using Fritz6a and/or Junior6a, but the interface changes require 5-6MB space - too big for a disk. If you want the engine improvements only from me, they're £3 each or £5 for the pair.

Two updates are available at the Rebel web site....

http://www.rebel.nl/edindex.htm

Rebel Tiger has an update patch to tighten its opening book and stop it from keep repeating lost games. It only really matters if you're playing games on the Auto232 tester - it's called the 'BOOK LEARNER' patch.

There is an improvement you can <u>make</u> yourself to Rebel Tiger, by adjusting two

settings in the .ini file:

Using your [editor] alter the ct.ini file as follows:-

■ NSEW=1 (instead of 0) ■ MoreSel=1 (instead of 0)

Save the changed file and these settings will apply automatically when you boot into your Rebel Tiger. It is claimed it makes up

to 20 or 25 Elo difference.

Rebel Century also has a free update for download, though you'll need to have subscribed to the Rebel site to obtain it.

I can provide it in .zip format with [pkunzip] and the instructions, for £4... as always you'll have to be a Rebel Century owner to

be able to use it of course.

This update is specifically a speed-up based on Rebel Tiger's faster coding, and was designed in the first place for computer-computer lovers. It runs through the search depth some 2.5-3 times faster than the initial Century on short time controls, and gets 1.5-2 plies deeper on longer time controls.

Endgame TABLEBASES

Here's something you Fritz, Junior, Hiarcs and Shredder owners can do, without using the Internet, or paying me any money at all!

COPYING ENDGAME DATABASES ONTO YOUR HARD DISK!

Enabling your program to access the Nalimov tablebases (endgame databases) from your hard disk makes things much faster than leaving them to use the CD. So you should definitely install them onto your hard disk if you have enough space.

Create a directory (I used Tbs) on your hard disk, preferably as a sub-directory within your ChessBase directory. So mine is:-

• c:\Program Files\ChessBase\Tbs

Now copy all the contents of the directory \TBs from the Fritz-Junior-Hiarcs CD into your new directory.

Then, using a text editor [Notepad] make the following changes by editing the file [chssbase.ini] which you will find in the Windows directory:

[Tablebase]
Path=C:\Program Files\ChessBase\Tbs
CacheSizeKB=4096 (if yours is a different figure to this, say 2048, just leave it as it is)

You should find that your program - and ChessBase7 if you have it! - will use the Endgame Databases much faster than before. Incidentally, if you have enough hard disk space and you have Hiarcs732, the Nalimov files which come with Hiarcs are more in number (and 300MB+) than the ones with Fritz6 and Junior6 (130MB).

And what about **Shredder4!**?

Well, Shredder has a small Nalimov database (30MB) of its own, which it installs on your hard disk and uses automatically. But you can also use the bigger ChessBase ones! When you're in Shredder4, if you click on

[Options]

Now move down to [Endgame Databases →] and you'll have a list...

✓ Use Thompson...

Ask for Right CD...

Path to...

Use Tablebases... Cache Size... Path to Tablebases... Tick [✓ Use Tablebases]

Now Click on [Path to Tablebases]

[Path1] should already be set to those in Shredder4, but type into [Path2]:

c:\Program Flles\ChessBase\Tbs\

and your Shredder4 should also use the bigger Fritz-Junior-Hiarcs endgame databases as well!

More RESULTS from SS readers

From **Reg COX**: Fritz6 v Comet B10 12½-4½ [G/4]

From **Chris TAYLOR**: Fritz516 v Rebel Tiger 5-5 [G/45]Fritz532 v Crafty17.07 7-2 40/401 G/601 Fritz532 v Junior6 31/2-51/2 Fritz6 v Shredder4 41/2-41/2 40/40] Fritz6 v Hiarcs732 5-3 40/401 Fritz6 v Hiarcs732 5-6 [G/60] Fritz6 v Junior6 21/2-41/2 G/60] Fritz6 v Junior6 7-6 [G/30] Junior6 v Rebel Tiger 4-4 G/451 Junior6 v Shredder4 5-4 [G/90] Shredder4 v Crafty17.04 71/2-41/2 G/30] Nimzo2000 v Comet B11 13-6 [G/30]

From Tony Bennett:

Pos	Game in 60	H732	Fr6	Jun6	Total
1	Hiarcs 732	ХХ	2	3	5
2	Fritz 6a	2	XX	2	4
3	Junior 6	1	2	хх	3

Other scores from **Tony**: Junior6 v Shredder4 11/2-21/2 [G/60] Hiarcs732 v Shredder4 1-1 G/60 Hiarcs732 v Shredder4 4-0 [G/10] Hiarcs732 v Fritz6a 2-0 G/10] Fritz6a v Shredder4 G/101 1/2-11/2 Fritz6a v Nimzo2000 1-1 [G/10]

Novag... new product!

There was a false rumour on the web that Novag had gone bust and were finishing! In fact, quite the reverse is true, though long-time owner Peter Auge has given way to his daughter. Now there is to be some excellent-looking new product, due out quite soon we believe! More details on page 24!!

JOERN GRONEMANN'S Swiss TOURNAMENT

We showed the results from just round 1 in Selective Search 86, since when Joern's Tournament (another providing us with a very useful guide to relative strengths) has been completed.

It is often, I think, valuable to include some weaker programs - and that includes the best of the amateur one. Perhaps it's a bit much for 1800 Elo patzers like me to call programs achieving 2400 Elo on today's fast hardware 'weak', and it's greatly to their credit that they are achieving so much high quality chess.

My point, however, is that whilst we are usually found comparing results between the 'big' names - Junior, Fritz, Hiarcs, Tiger, Shredder, Nimzo etc. - it is almost as important to see whether these top programs can regularly score the full point against the weaker players.

In <u>match</u> play 10½-9½ is as good as 19-1. But 10½ out of 20 wont win any <u>tournaments</u> - here success comes from winning games against the weaker opponents in order to top tables and win prizes.

Tournament Arrangements and Hardware

The tournament was played on two computers: an AMD K6-2/400 and a Celeron 400, each equipped with 128 MB RAM. Gronemann says: "I allocated as much RAM as possible for the hash tables - between 80 and 100 MB, depending on when hard disk activity began. I played in tournament mode, 40 moves in two hours, 20 in the next hour and 30 minutes for the rest of the game. All programs were left in their default settings. Programs that did not have their own openings books played with my correspondence chess book. I did not use tablebases."

Round by Round Highlights

Round 1

- Little Goliath beat Fritz532 a point for the so-called patzers, they aren't there just to make up numbers!
- W Chess 2000 beat Nimzo 732
- Zarkov5 draws with Fritz6a
- Genius6 and 6.5, Hiarcs732, Junior6 and Shredder4 all start off with wins



Joern Gronemann

Round 2

W Chess 2000 beat Shredder 4

- Junior6 draws with Genius6.5, Comet draws with Nimzo732 and Crafty draws with Nimzo2000
- Fritz6a beats his little brother Fritz532!
- 'Unknown' Der Bringer wins against CS-Tal - another point made by the 'patzers'

Round 3

- Hiarcs732 beats W Chess 2000 to go clear top with 3/3
- Genius6 makes 2½/3 by beating Junior6!
- Genius 6.5 makes it a very good day for Richard Lang by beating Fritz 6a which is left on 1/3!
- Nimzo 2000 beats its big new brother Nimzo 732
- The match between 2 of the best-known amateurs, Comet and Crafty, is won by Comet

Round 4

- The leaders, Genius6 and Hiarcs732, draw
- Shredder4 beats Genius6.5
- Junior6 draws with Nimzo 2000, which is recovering well from its 1st. round loss to Genius6
- Comet's win over Fritz6a adds to the latter's woes!
- Crafty shares the point with Fritz532
- CS-Tal gets onto the scoreboard with a draw against Nimzo 732

Round 5

■ Shredder4 v Hiarcs732 is the big one, and

it's a draw

■ Genius6 goes into a share of the lead on 4/5 by beating W Chess 2000

Fritzéa, which can do nothing right, loses

to Nimzo732

■ CS-Tal scores again by drawing with Crafty

Round 6

Shredder4 is in the big one again, this time drawing with Genius6

Hiarcs 732 wins a tremendous game against Junior6 with a wonderful sacrifice!

Nimzo732 wins against Fritz532 - what is happening to the Morsch programs here?

CS-Tal gets its 3rd. successive draw - this time against the hapless Fritz6a!

Round 7

Hiarcs 732 starts the round ½ a point clear, and settles everything by beating Genius 6.5

 Genius6 loses its last game to Nimzo732, leaving Hiarcs so far clear it looks as if it's

been a one horse race

Nimzo2000 moves up to share 2nd. place by beating Shredder4!

 W Chess could have joined them, but loses to Junior6

 Comet achieves a brave 'double' against the Morsch pair, by beating Fritz532

Fritz6a lowly placing earns a final pairing with Der Bringer and wins to get a last minute lift up the Table

Final Standings - see opp. column-->

The game you <u>have</u> to see is Hiarcs v Junior. After all of the good things we've been saying about J6 - and it is a wonderful program, exhibiting great chess skills and impressing in all aspects of the game - here it plays a little aimlessly at a couple of points. But this should not detract at all from the pleasure everyone will get from seeing Hiarcs732's 32.Bxh6!!

Hiarcs 732 P2/400 - Junior 6 P2/400

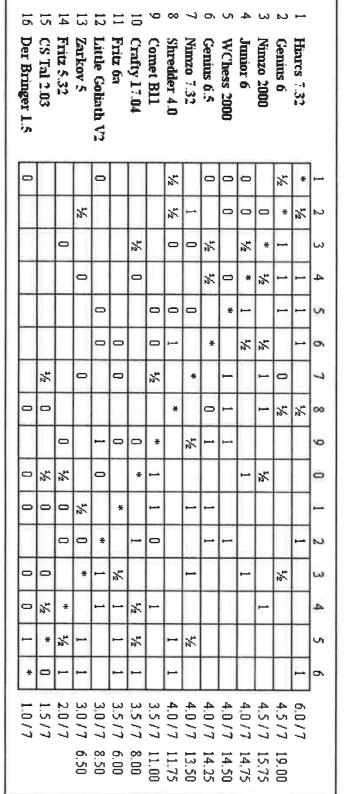
C92. Ruy Lopez. Gronemann 40/2 (rnd.6)

1.e4 e5 2.2f3 2c6 3.2b5 a6 4.2a4 2f6 5.0-0 2e7 6.2e1 b5 7.2b3 0-0 8.c3 d6 9.h3 2b7 10.d4 2e8 11.2bd2 2f8 12.a4 h6 13.d5?!

13.\(\pmacecolor\) exd4 14.cxd4 is top in the Nimzo

book

13...2b8 14.c4 bxc4 15.\(\pma\)xc4!?



15...a5 16.\dagger b3 \dagger c8 17.\dagger b1 \dagger a6 18.\dagger c3 \dagger c5 19.\dagger a2

Criticising the side that wins is not the accepted way of presenting game analysis! But I think many would agree that #c2 appears more logical here, as the d5-pawn appears now to be locking in both queen and bishop!?

19...**⊈a6?!**

Whose bishop was worst placed? I'd go for White's because it also blocked in his queen and, if that's right, Black should avoid the exchange he's encouraging here

Attacking White's weak, isolated and doubled b5-pawn. It seems the right thing to do, but it also allows Hiarcs to re-organise its queen placement to its advantage

22. ₩c4 ②fd7 23. æe3 ②b6?! 24. ₩e2

The Hiarcs queen re-locates to a much better square than 3 moves ago when it was on a2

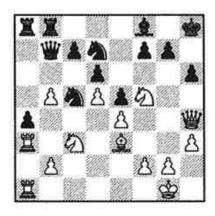
24...2bd7 25.\(\mathbb{I}\)a3 a4 26.\(\Delta\)h4 \(\mathbb{I}\)eb8

The question here is whether Black should stop the knight getting to 65 - a dangerous—looking invasion — by playing 26...g6!? though that of course creates its own weaknesses

27.分f5! 中h7 28.世f3 中g8?!

28...2d3 might have been a better try. Then 29.\(\mathbb{I}\)d1 \(\hat{2}\)xb2 30.\(\mathbb{I}\)da1 \(\hat{2}\)c4 31.\(\mathbb{I}\)xa4 \(\mathbb{I}\)xa4 \(\hat{2}\)xa4 \(\hat{2}\)xa3 \(\hat{2}\)xe3 \(\hat{2}\)c5 and eval. about White +65

29.፲ea1 Φh8 30.世g4 외f6 31.世h4 외fd7



32.\(\pmax\)xh6!!

Hiarcs was almost certainly 'helped' in finding this, by the fact that it had been expecting J6's 31...2fd7 and had been preparing analysis in opponent's time!

The beginning of a quite astonishing manouvre, the culmination of which was presumably the basis of the Hiarcs' sacrifice 3 moves ago... one of the most impressive search extension efforts I've seen so far

35...2b3

Actually an 'only' move. If for example the defensive 35...2f8?? 36.2g3 leads to a very quick mate; 35...2xe4?? 36.2g3! \alpha 7

(not 36...包xg3?? 37.置xg3#) 37.包xe4 m/8 36.包g3! 世c8 37.包f5



Completing its circuit to threaten both #g7 mate and 2e7+ forking king and queen

37...\forall f8 38.\forall g5+ \phi h8 39.\forall h5+ \phi g8 40.\textbf{\textit{Z}}e1! \forall d8 41.\textbf{\textit{D}}h6+ \phi g7 42.\textbf{\textit{Z}}e3 \forall f6 43.\textbf{\textbf{Z}}g3+ \phi f8 44.\textbf{\textit{T}}f3

and even if the queen moves it's lost, so 1-0. E.g. if 44... e7 45. Exf7+ e8 46. Exe7+ m/9. A great game by Hiarcs from move 27 onwards.

Schumacher Tournament

There was a very close finish in **Heinz-Josef Schumacher**'s DOUBLE ROUND ALL-PLAY-ALL Tournament, in February 2000.

He called it 'The AMD Tournament', as he used 2 AMD-K6III/400 machines, with 64MB hash and 2GB TableBases. The time control was 30 moves in 1 hour.

Pos	Program	Score/10
1	Rebel-Tiger	6
2	Fritz6a	5½
3=	Shredder4	5
	Nimzo732	5
5	Hiarcs732	41/2
6	Junior6a	4

It seems that every Tournament that is played involving these top 6 programs can put them in a different order! Any one of them is capable of winning, so it is only by accumulating all of the scores that we can hope that the finished Selective Search RATING LIST will distinguish what small rating differences there are between them.

DEEP JUNIOR6 puts the Cat AMONGST THE PIGEONS ON THE INTERNET!

Deep Junior plays - while it can - in the Club Kasparov Grand Prix!

I asked the question on the front cover of our last Issue: "How strong are the new PC

programs?"

The thought arose as Kasparov had, allegedly, indicated that he would not play at Frankfurt if Fritz6 was allowed to take the place it's entitled to in the Giants, as winner of last year's Challengers.

If it is true that Kasparov is in any way nervous about playing Fritz in open competition, it surely MUST tell us something about the real strength these programs are

approaching!

As a result I was more than a little interested to see that 'Deep Junior' was entered for the

Club Kasparov Grand Prix in February - a G/60 knockout Cup, publicised as 'the World's First Online Super-tourn- ament'.

Games were to be played over the Internet - which proved to be something of a problem, as it transpired - in an event promoted by the ClubKasparov Web Site.

running on a 450MHz machine. In the UK we have it at 2646 on a P2/233, and these figures match pretty closely, allowing for the hardware difference.

We know that some people - though they're a steadily reducing number! - think we still over-rate the programs. So the Tournament would also be, in a small way, a test of our ratings. Clearly if they are anything like correct, then **Deep Junior** is definitely over 2700, and could actually be a moderate threat. Will it meet Kasparov? Will he play it if they are drawn together?

Round 1: Illescas

In it's first match DJ6 was drawn to play against Spain's Miguel Illescas. Like the UK's Wimbledon tennis draw, you can tell

from the initial pairings who you're likely to meet in the following rounds.

For DJ6, a win over Illescas would mean Adams or Gulko in round 2 and then, next in line should be Kasparov in a semi-final.

first, Mr. Illescas. But Probably no-one particularly wanted to play against

DJ6 in the first round, but Illescas was a good prospect for the human race, as the Spaniard was on the IBM team in the development of Deep Blue.

He sought to confuse the computer in game 1 with a rare closed line French Defence system, arguably the best type of strategy against one of today's red hot programs.
"I knew it was a hard draw," said Illes-

cas, "because it is getting more and more

difficult to beat the computer."

Deep Junior6 - Illescas, M

Grand Prix Online (rnd.1, game 1) C16: French Defence

1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.②c3 **£b4 4.e5 b6 5.a3!?**

White has had good results with this move, asking Black the interesting question: "What will you do with your bishop?" Note that, on this diagonal, only



The 'super' entrants list promised much:

Kasparov 2851 Elo Morozevich 2758 Elo Michael Adams 2708 Elo Svidler 2684 Elo Deep Junior 2676 Nigel Short 2675 Sokolov 2656 Seirawan 2653 Piket 2635 Van Wely 2629 Adianto 2607 Illescas 2600 DeFirmian 2598 **Gulko 2644 Milos 2586**

Barua 2550

Deep Junior is a standard Junior6 version, but adapted to run on dual or, in this case, quad processors, so it would be achieving around 2000MHz in this Tournament.

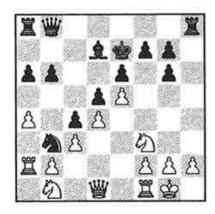
In Sweden they have it at 2706 Elo

e7 and f8 are available

5...\$f8?! 6.\$b5+ \$d7 7.\$d3 c5 8.\$f3 \$c6

9.0-0 ge7 10.2b5 ge6 11.c3

11.c4 has been played, and Black can reply with either 11...dxc4 12.皇xg6 hxg6, or 11...皇xd4 12.皇xg6 hxg6 13.皇g5 豐b8 14.a4 a6 15.皇a3 皇a5 16.皇b1 皇b3 17.置a2 皇e7 18.皇xe7 堂xe7



The position seems virtually equal 19. ②bd2 ②xd2 20. ⊎xd2 f6 21.h4!

"Very human like" said Illescas
21...a5 22.單b1 罩a7 23.b3 cxb3 24.罩xb3
罩b7 25.豐e1 堂f7 26.豐c1 豐c7 27.豐b1 豐c4
Trying to target the isolated a4 pawn

28.\(\mathbb{Z}\)ab2

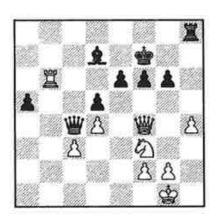
White's counter-measure to Black's last move is to increase the pressure on the backward b6 pawn. As a result both get exchanged from which White comes out the better!

28...@xa4 29.\%xb6 \%xb6 30.\%xb6 \%c6

Strangely 30... 2d7?! allowing the pin by 31. 2b7 is preferred by the computers. Then they expect 31... 2c6 32.exf6 gxf6 33.g4 Black still has to sort out the pin, and I much prefer White's position here

31.₩c1 @d7

31... 世a4?! 32. 世f4 32. exf6 gxf6 33. 世f4



Black may well be lost at this point, but his next guarantees it!

33...@g7??

33...世c8 was best, then Junior would have played 34.包e5+ 中g7 35.包g4 世f8 36.里b7 Now we see again the pin mentioned in our variation at move 30. But all is not lost yet, as Black has 36...世e7 and after Junior plays 37.世c7 宣d8 38.世xa5 宣c8 39.世a7 宣d8 40.世c5 世xc5 41.dxc5 中f8 42.包xf6 全c6 and, as the extra pawns are doubled, winning still presents some interesting difficulties!

Illescas, M - Deep Junior6

Grand Prix Online (rnd.1, game 2) A08: King's Indian Attack

1.e4 1...c5 2.d3 2c6 3.g3 g6 4.\text{\pmg}g2 \text{\pmg}g7

5.2d2 2f6 6.2gf3 0-0 7.0-0

In this opening I prefer the less commital 7.2b3 here. By castling now, White helps to clarify Black's best strategy... attack and open the centre – just what computer programs like!

7...d5 8.\(\mathbb{E}\)e1 e5 9.a3 dxe4N

A new move as far as I know. Lines played previously are

9... **Ze8** 10.exd5 (10.**Z**b1 dxe4)

10...£xd5;

Apparently best is 9...d4 but the computer wont be programmed to encourage blocked centres, even though it has the space advantage. Now both 10.2b3 (10.b4 2d7) 10...b6 won for Black in the games on my database

10.dxe4 \(\mathbb{U} \)c7 11.c3 \(\mathbb{U} \)d8 12.\(\mathbb{U} \)c2 b6 13.\(\mathbb{D} \)c4 b5 14.\(\mathbb{D} \)e3 \(\mathbb{D} \)b7 15.a4 a6 16.\(\mathbb{D} \)d2 c4 17.axb5 axb5 18.\(\mathbb{U} \)xa8 \(\mathbb{U} \)xa8 \(\mathbb{U} \)xa8 \(\mathbb{D} \)3.\(\mathbb{D} \)c4 20.bxc4

2xc4 21.2exc4 bxc4 22.2f1 \(\mathbb{I}\) a1



Despite the presence of the enemy rook

on his first rank, Illescas was just about holding the position up to this point

23.**当b2?**?

If White had played 23.皇xc4 ②xe4 24.皇xf7+! 豐xf7 25.②xe4 罩a2 26.皇b2 the position would be tense, but just about equal

23... a4 24. lb5

Illescas continues to target the isolated pawn on c4

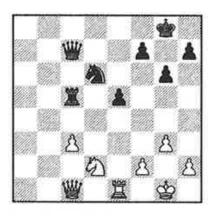
24...\(\perpcox c6 \) 25.\(\perpcox b1 \) \(\perpcox b6 \) 26.\(\perpcox c4 \) \(\perpcox c

Better was 28.f3 \(\pm d5 \) 29.\(\pm xe4 \) \(\pm xe4 \) 30.fxe4 \(\pm xc4 \) 31.\(\pm xc4 \) \(\pm xc4 \)

28...2d6 29.⊕g2

If 29. 其xe5 包e4! 30. 包f3 f6 31. 其e6 世c8 32. 全h3 世a8 threatening 其a1! 33. 世e3 全d7! and DJ6 still has enough pressure to win this

29...@xg2 30.\psi xg2 \mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{G}} a5 31.\psi g1 \mathbb{\mathbb{G}} c5



Now it is Black's turn to do some weak pawn attacking

32. 全b1 中g7 33. h4 h5 34. 世e3 單d5 35. 世f3 e4 36. 世f4 世c5 37. 單c1?

Better is 37.\Pig2!? or 37.\Pif1!? but Black would still have the win in sight with \Pid3 37...\Pid3

37... \(\mathbb{I}\)f5! might have been even better!?] **38.\(\Delta\)d2 e3 39.\(\Delta\)f1??**

A blunder in a bad position. 39.2f3 was right, of course, but White would still have little chance of saving the game after 39...exf2+40.4f1 2c4!

39...e2 40.�e3 ₩xc3!!

Utterly destroying his/its opponent. After 41. 国b1 (41. 国xc3 is no better 41...e1世+42. 中h2 世xc3) 41...e1世+42. 国xe1 世xe1+43. 中h2 国d2-+. 0-1

Illescas' after-Match thoughts

So impressed was Illescas with the performance of DJ6, that he immediately *heavily* tipped it with a 50% chance of winning the

Grand Prix tournament outright. "If the human player does not manage to beat it in the one hour time controls, which is in itself hard enough, he will not stand a chance in the Blitz play-offs!"

For myself, the compelling feature of DJ's play was the steady way in which, straight out of Book, it managed to gradually improve its position. It seemed to allow Illescas precious little in the way of counter-chances, and yet played in a positive manner itself, quietly creating little threats and dangers... almost taking the games over before pouncing at the slightest inaccuracy.

Round 2: Michael Adams

Could Adams do any better?

Note what Nigel Short said in his Weekend Telegraph column: "Controversy erupted in round 2 when Michael Adams played Deep Junior, the highest-rated computer program in the world (over 2700 higher than I have ever been)".

I know that the word controversy will be the one that caught your eye. But first I'd like you to take a second look at the almost casual way in which Short pronounces and accepts that this Deep Junior version is rated 'over 2700'!

He continues: "If you are in any doubts about the computer's strength, just look at this game..."

Before we do so, it has to be told that Internet problems plagued this game more than any other so far (there was something of a problem throughout the Tournament, with the players all logging on from various parts of the world and mainly using different service providers).

The first difficulty to rear its head could not be blamed on the 'net!

Adams - in Bermuda and half-way through his 2nd. 'annual' match against America's Yasser Seirawan - couldn't get his own notebook computer to function properly, so borrowed Seirawan's laptop to make the Internet connection. But then they couldn't get the mouse to work on that, so there was a delay of nearly 2 hours for everybody, whilst Bermuda was searched for a compatible mouse.

Adams' clock was not started and he was

not penalised for this, nor did his opponents suggest that he should be.

When the game did finally get under way, Adams was soon in trouble, but by move 30 it did seem that the computer was using more of of its 1 hour time than it should.

An old fashioned telephone connection was used to establish that this was not Junior's fault - it was due to a poor 'net connection from its home in Israel. The tournament organisers had failed to anticipate slow 'net connections, so no 'time stamping' device to prove time controls were being adhered was in operation. Thus the arbiter, Boris Postovsky in Moscow, had no actual way of proving that Junior's moves were being sent from Israel much earlier than they were arriving in Bermuda and Moscow.

The game was allowed to proceed, with DJ6 running ever shorter of Bermuda time!

Adams, M (2715) - Deep Junior6

Grand Prix Online (rnd.2, game 1) C54. Giuoco Piano

1.e4 e5 2.\(\partial c4 \) \(\partial c4 \) \(

8...d5 9.0-0 dxe4 10.dxe4 \underge e7 is better known, and was played in Bologan-Adams 1996

9. e2 d6

This is in one of my (many) books, but this is not really a well-known line, and I think it would be right to say it's a bit slow compared with opening up with 9...d5 immediately: 9...d5 10.exd5 2xd5

10.9f1 2a5 11.9c2 He8 12.9g3

Lunging forward immediately with 12.g4 was worth considering, threatening to break open the kingside with the move 2g3 then to follow

12...2c6 13.0-0 2d7 14.2h2 2e6 15.2b3 d5

16.2g4?!

I'm not sure why Adams should want this exchange – it doesn't seem to add much to his intended kingside attack, but does double key pawns in front of his own king

16...ഉ്xg4 17.hxg4 \dd d7 18.ഉf5

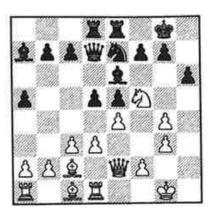
18.g5 seems logical after his 16th

18...**\mathbb{**

Retaining the central tension is better than 18...dxe

19.Ձc2 �e7 20.≌d1?!

The rook was probably best where it was 20...a5 21.g3?!



21...h5!

Attacking White where he thought he was doing the attacking! Humans would struggle to see this clever move which, when you start to really examine it, is pretty hard to meet!

22.d4

Is there anything better? White's strategy of the quiet build-up has fallen apart!

22.gxh5? 2xf5 23.exf5 2xf5 with 2g4 to

follow.

Or if 22. \$\psig2\$? which White had surely hoped to play, allowing a better placing of the rook with \$\mathbb{E}\$h1, then 22...hxg4 23. \$\mathbb{E}\$xg4 \$\mathbb{E}\$xf5 24.exf5 \$\mathbb{E}\$xf5 and Black is a pawn up and an attack

22...exd4 23.2xd4 2xg4 24.f3 2h3

Excellent play by DJ6, emphasising that White's king is vulnerable!

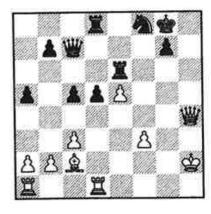
25.@g5 f6 26.@e3 c6 27.\ph2 @b8 28.\f4 \\ \text{@xf4 29.gxf4 \text{\text{\text{26}}} \text{\text{\text{27}}} \text{\text{\text{\text{27}}} \text{\text{\text{\text{27}}} \text{\text{\text{28}}} \text{\text{28}} \text{\text{28}}

Maybe White still has something of an attack for his pawn!?

31... Qe6 32. g3 gc7 33.e5 h4!

This and Black's 35th are sophisticated stuff, in my view... tactically based (and Junior isn't the only one to like them) but h-o-t!

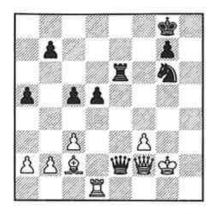
34.\(\psi\)xh4 fxe5 35.fxe5 c5! 36.\(\Delta\)xe6 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xe6



If Th6 can be played next, it would

finish it!

There is just no let-up. In the Week-end Telegraph chess column Nigel Short calls it "a rout. The White king has nowhere to hide".



The exclamation marks are there because, whether you've followed the game through in full, or are having a lazier look by checking out the diagrams, you'll see that Black has all but won. So why the ½-½!!

It was at this point in the game, Junior's Amir Ban reported that the Internet had gone into a coma at his end. There was a lengthy wait, Junior had a winning position but the Bermuda clock said it was almost out of time. In the end the programmers offered a draw. Adams accepted.

Now another 2 hour pause followed, whilst the Deep Junior team waited to see if their 'net server got communications up-andrunning again. Efforts were made to find an alternative server, but no back-up arrangements had been considered before the Tournament by anyone, and no progress was in sight.

Eventually Adams lost patience. In fairness, although the initial delay had been partly his fault, and the second delay completely out of Amir Ban's hands, Adams had been sat at his computer for about 6 hours now and could hardly have looked forward with any enthusiasm to a 2nd. game with the obviously incredibly strong Deep Junior.

So on Michael Greengard's advice (Greengard, known as MIG on the 'net, is the Kasparov Chess Online vice-president), Adams put a time limit on his patience for game 2 to start. No Tournament rules had been written to cover this eventuality. Arbiter Postovsky said he thought the game

should be played, but then went to bed (it was now 2 a.m. in Moscow, and arbiters need their sleep if they are to arbit properly!

it's a tough job).

Finally Greengard awarded the game to Adams. It was alleged Kasparov also had a hand in this - one can believe he'd rather play a tired Adams than Deep Junior on the following day - but this has been hotly denied. So Adams had the point for game 2 and he'd 'won' the match by 1½-½.

The next day, in the first semi-final, a tired Adams lost in two 'mistake-packed' games to Kasparov by the same score. In a somewhat satisfying epitaph (to me, anyway), another two days later Kasparov himself would also lose in the final by the same score to Holland's Jeroen Piket!

Conclusion?!

How strong is Junior6 and/or Deep Junior6? For that matter, let's include Fritz6 and 'Deep' Fritz, plus other programs such as Rebel Tiger, Hiarcs, Nimzo... I believe all these would be likely to achieve much the same level of performance - i.e. very strong! - given the opportunity! But will they again?

JUNIOR6 and DEEP JUNIOR6

JUNIOR6 for standard PC's & Win95/98 topped the *Selective Search* rating list in Issue 86, and is available at a price of £39.95 incl. p&p from Countrywide Computers.

DEEP JUNIOR for dual and quad processors is also available commercially. It requires WinNT/2000, and on a dual processor it searches about 1.8 times faster than on a standard PC. I.e. a Dual 500MHz set-up will achieve approximately the equivalent of 900MHz. The price from Countrywide is £79.95 incl. p&p.



Junior's programmers, Shay Bushinsky & Amir Ban

Paderborn 2000 [I]NTERNATIONAL [P]Aderborn [C]OMPUTER [C]HESS [C]HAMPIONSHIP, AKA IPCCC

As mentioned in SS/86, the 9th. PADER-BORN COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPS

was held during February 2000.

Shredder4, which has had some belowpar results for a World Champion (a bit like Khalifman!?), showed that it still retains a knack for winning the big Tournaments by coming 1st. A ½-point behind was Junior6. These two were a point clear of the rest, and both remained unbeaten.

Though there were no major shocks, the **Fritz6** result would be lower than hoped. Vincent Diepaaven's amateur program **Diep** again performed well in exalted company.

KEY GAMES

The games (all 40/2, 30/1, G/30 I believe) which determined the top placings, were:

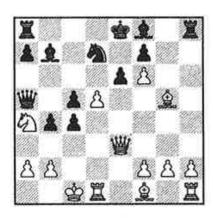
■ round 2: Nimzo v P.ConNerS

Nimzo732 - P.ConNerS

[D44] 1.d4 d5 2.\(\Delta\)f3 \(\Delta\)f6 3.c4 c6 4.\(\Delta\)c3 e6 5.\(\Delta\)g5 dxc4 6.e4 b5 7.e5 h6 8.\(\Delta\)h4 g5 9.\(\Delta\)xg5 \(\Delta\)bd7 11.\(\Delta\)f3 \(\Delta\)b7 12.exf6

12.\textsquare 2 \textsquare 8 13.h4 is usual, I think
12...\textsquare b6 13.0-0-0 c5 14.d5 b4 15.\textsquare a4 \textsquare 45
16 \textsquare 2

16.₩e3



16...0-0-0??

Was this an opening book blunder? If not, one wonders what on earth is in the program's evaluations to allow White into such a strong attack! 16...e5 was best. Whilst the Black king still looks precariously placed White also has his problems, dealing with those oncoming queenside pawns! Next might be 17.b3 cxb3 (17...c3 and with the queenside more

or less blocked, White can try 18.f4) 18.axb3 \(\preceq\$d6

17.dxe6! fxe6

It is clear that when and if White can play f7, the game will be as good as won

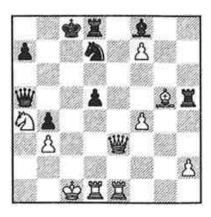
18.b3 cxb3 19.axb3 c4 20.\(\text{2xc4}\)\(\text{Eh5}\)

If 20...皇xg2 21.單hg1 罩h3 22.豐f4 皇c6 23.f7!

21.f4 @xg2 22.\he1 @d5

22... The to complicate might have put up more of a fight

23.@xd5 exd5 24.f7!



The move which guarantees White a winning material advantage
24... \$\psi a6\$ 25.\$\times xd8 \$\psi xd8\$ 26.\$\psi e8+ \$\psi c7\$
27.\$\times d2 \$\times h6\$ 28.\$\fo pb5\$ 29.\$\psi a8 \$\times c6+ 30.\$\psi b1\$
\$\psi b8\$ 31.\$\psi xb8+ \$\times xb8\$ 32.\$\times e\$ \$\times d7\$ 33.\$\times xd5\$
\$\times f6\$ 34.\$\times a5\$ \$\psi b7\$ 35.\$\times d5\$ \$\psi c7\$ 36.\$\times a8\$ \$\times xf7\$
37.\$\times xa7+ \$\psi c6\$ 38.\$\times d1\$ \$\times e5\$ 39.\$\times xf7\$ \$\times xf7\$
40.\$\times d4\$ \$\times 64\$ 41.\$\times 4\$ \$\times 64\$ 42.\$\times 6\$ \$\times 65\$ 43.\$\times xb4\$ \$\times f7\$ 44.\$\times 66+ \$\psi d5\$ 45.\$\times a6\$ \$\times d4\$ 46.\$\times c2\$ \$\psi e4\$
47.\$\times c3+ 1-0\$

■ round 3: Fritz v Junior ■ round 3: Shredder v Nimzo

Fritz6 - Junior6

[D58]
1.d4 \(\text{2}\)f6 2.c4 e6 3.\(\text{2}\)f3 d5 4.\(\text{2}\)g5 \(\text{2}\)e7 5.e3
h6 6.\(\text{2}\)h4 0-0 7.\(\text{2}\)c3 b6 8.\(\text{2}\)c1 \(\text{2}\)b7 9.\(\text{2}\)e2
\(\text{2}\)bd7 10.cxd5 exd5 11.0-0 c5 12.\(\text{2}\)a4 a6
13.dxc5 bxc5 14.\(\text{2}\)fd1 \(\text{2}\)b6 15.\(\text{2}\)b3 \(\text{2}\)a7
16.\(\text{2}\)g3 \(\text{2}\)ad8 17.\(\text{2}\)e1 \(\text{2}\)c6

17...d4 18.exd4 cxd4 19.2a4 \(\mathbb{\texts}\) 20.\(\mathbb{\texts}\) xc8 \(\mathbb{\texts}\) 21.\(\mathbb{\texts}\) c4 \(\mathbb{\texts}\) f8 is, I think, the

theory line

31.全e4 罩xe4 32. 對xe4 分d2



33.\u00e4d3?!

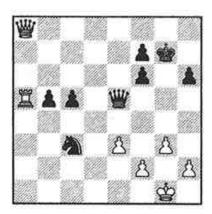
A bold choice, but probably the start of White's troubles! 33.2f6+ gxf6 34.\g4+

全g7 35.畳xb5 looks about even 33... 全xb1 34.全f6+ gxf6 35.畳xd8 全c3 36.畳b6!

Aiming to enhance the value of the

passed a−pawn 36...₩e7 37.a6 ₩e5 38.₩a5 @d6 39.g3

I'm sure my readers could see the threat of wh2 etc!



So far so good – you'd have to put White ahead materially. But what are the b5+c5 pawns worth!?

42...曾f5 43.由g2 包e4 44.日a2

Forced, to protect f2... but here they start to come!

44...b4! 45.f3 **2g5** 46.⊑f2?!

I'm not so sure about this: it allows Black to force the king into a corner a bit distant from the marching pawns. 46.f4 2e4 47. 4c6 slows the pawn progress and has moved his own kingside pawns forward a little

46...皆h3+! 47.Φh1 皆e6

Now Black controls the advanced of his passed pawns!

48.e4 c4 49.\\astrice{4}\text{a5} \astrice{\psi}\d6 50.\\delta\g2

Would 50. 45 have given White a chance to defend against the pawn march? 50...c3 51.世a4 包e6 52.世b3 世c5



The outcome is clear now

53.\fi

53. Ud5 Uxd5 54.exd5 包c5 proves no better

53...公d4 54.世b1 c2 55.世b2 纪e2 56.世b3 c1世

Shredder4 - Nimzo732

[A18] 1.c4 2f6 2.2c3 e6 3.e4 d5 4.e5 d4 5.exf6 dxc3 6.bxc3 \(\psi xf6 7.2f3 e5 8.d4 exd4 9.\psi g5 ₩e6+ 10.\e2 f6 11.\e2xd4 \u20ackf7 12.\e2f4 \u20acc5 13.0-0 0-0 14.\(\mathbb{T}\)e1

An interesting novelty – there are a few in Shredder's book. Usual, and fairly successful, are 2b5, \(\mathbb{E}\)c2 and 2b3 14...2a6 15.\end{a}c2 \textsqd8 16.\textsqad1 \textsqb6



It is difficult to look at this and know that a quality program like Nimzo can be lost in another 5 moves

17.£f3 g5?

A bit wild and neglectful of his king safety... but even so, who could anticipate Shredder's marvellous reply?! 17...c6 18.එb5 (18.幺xc6 鼍xd1 19.৬xd1 bxc6 gives White nothing) 18... 2xd1 19. 2xd1 2f5

was probably as good as anything for Black, and any disadvantage is small 18.2c6! \square xd1 19.\square xd1 bxc6

19... 世f8 20. 世d5+ 中h8 21. 皇xg5 fxg5 22. 宣e7 bxc6 23. 世e5+ 中g8 24. 世xg5+ 中h8 25.\(\mathbb{Z}\xh7+\Phi\xh7\) 26.\(\mathbb{Q}\ext{e4+}\) forces 26...\(\mathbb{Q}\text{f5}\) 27.@xf5+ ₩xf5 28.₩xf5+ winning

20. gd8+ gg7 21. ge7!

And it's all over! 21...gxf4 22.@xc6 @b7 23.\d7! \frac{\text{2}}{2}f8 24.\text{\text{\text{2}}}xb7 2c5 25. 9g4+ \$\phi h6 26. 9xf4+ \$\phi g7 27. 9g3+ фh8 28.≅xf7

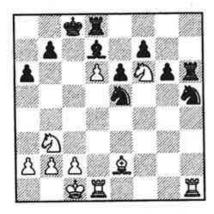
The queen falls at last - Shredder has had her pinned on f7 since move 21 28...\(\max\)f7 29.\(\mathrea\)d5 \(\mathrea\)f8 30.\(\mathrea\)e3 \(\mathrea\)a4 31.\(\mathrea\)e7

■ round 4: Nimzo v Fritz

round 4: Junior v Shredder. A 100 move draw, always equal.

Nimzo732 - Fritz6

[B81 Sicilian Scheveningen] 1.e4 c5 2.2f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.2xd4 2f6 5.2c3 d6 6.g4 h6 7.h4 2c6 8.\dag{1} h5 9.gxh5 19.₩xg5 Qh6 20.₩xh6 \xxh6 21.2e4 0-0-0 22.9f6 De5



The opening books end in an equal but very interesting position

23.\(\mathbb{H}\)h4 \(\mathbb{Q}\)b5 24.\(\mathbb{Q}\)xb5 axb5 25.\(\mathbb{Q}\)c5 b6 26.d7+ 中c7 27.全e8+ 中b8 28.罩d6 bxc5?

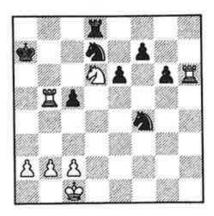
29.買b6+ фa7 30.買xb5

Suddenly threatening Ra4 mate!!

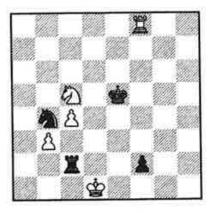
30...£1f4

A superb move, the only saving one and it works beautifully

31.\(\mathbb{Z}\x\)x\d7 32.\(\mathbb{Q}\)d6



The whole nature and area of operations of the game have changed with the removal of White's d7 pawn. Now we will see whose pawns can win the game!
32...2f6 33.\(\mathbb{A}\)f4 g5 34.\(\mathbb{A}\)xf4 gxf4 35.\(\mathbb{A}\)b7+
\(\pha\)a6 36.\(\mathbb{A}\)xf7 \(\mathbb{A}\)d5 37.\(\mathbb{A}\)e4 \(\pha\)b6 38.b3 \(\mathbb{A}\)a8 39.c4 2b4 40.\(\mathbb{I}\)f6 \(\mathbb{I}\)xa2 41.\(\mathbb{I}\)xe6+ \(\mathbb{C}\)7 42.2xc5 f3 43.\(\mathbb{I}\)f6 f2 44.\(\phi\)d1 \(\mathbb{I}\)b2 45.\(\mathbb{I}\)a4 Ac2 46. Af7+ \$d6 47. Af8 \$e5 48. Ae8+ \$f5 49.ቯf8+ фe6 50.ᡚc5+ фe5



It should be a draw

51.\(\mathbb{I}\)f3??

A move too soon, leading to a zugzwang! 51.\(\mathbb{I}\)f7 \(\mathbb{I}\)a2 and now 52.\(\mathbb{I}\)f3! \$\dd4 53.\$\dde6+\$ is a draw

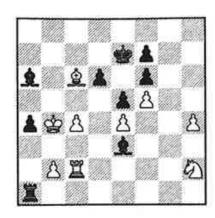
Suddenly White doesn't want to move anything! The rook's where it needs to be to stop Black's king getting to d4 and e3, and the knight wants to respond to \$\psi d4\$ with 2e6+ (which works and forces the king back as long as the rook's still on f3!) 52.Ef7 \$\psi d4 53.\text{Ef5} \$\psi e3 54.\psi c1 \$\text{2}\d3+

- round 5: Shredder v Fritz. A 104 move draw, the game was always equal
- round 6: Junior v Nimzo

■ round 6: Fritz v P.ConNerS

Junior6 - Nimzo732

We join it after Black's 43...@e3



44.2g4?!

44.\(\pma\)xa4\(\pma\)c5+ 45.\(\pma\b3\(\pma\)b7 46.\(\ma\)e2 seems about equal

44...@c5+ 45.\da5 \decay c8 46.h5?

This seems the natural thing to do, but it gets White into complications that trouble him more than Black! Better was 46. Hh2

46...買a2! 47.買c1

Best... the rook can't stay on the 2nd. rank. E.g. 47. h2?? a3!

47...Exb2 48.h6 Eb6

Best. Black can't yet get his rook to the h-file before White, 48...\bar{2}b3 49.\bar{2}h1

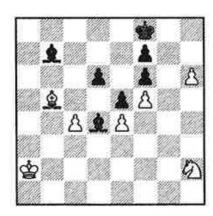
49.**£b5 ≌b7?!**

49...\pib8 would provide the rook with a quicker route to the h-file

50.中xa4 国a7+ 51.中b3 国a3+

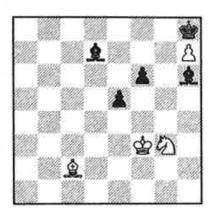
advantage either way.

52.\$\dot{\phi}\$b2 \dot{\pm}\$h3 53.\dot{\pm}\$c2 \dip \dot{\pm}\$b7 54.\dip \dot{\pm}\$h2! \dip \dd+55.\dip \dagger a2 \dot{\pm}\$xh2+56.\dip \xh2 \dot{\pm}\$f8



66.Фd2 Qc5 67.2f5 Qf8 68.Фe2 Qd7 69.2g3 73.\$\phie4 \textrm{\text{@e6}} 74.\$\phif3 \textrm{\text{@g5}} 75.\$\textrm{\text{@e4}} \textrm{\text{@d7}} 76.\$\textrm{\text{@c2}}

9c1 77.**9b1 9h6** 78.**9c2 f6**



But White controls f5, and Black is completely unable to make progress. The draw was agreed on move 100. ½-½

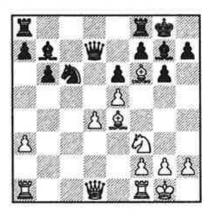
Fritz6 - P.ConNerS

[E12. Queens Indian]
1.d4 2f6 2.c4 e6 3.2f3 b6 4.a3 \(\pm\) b7 5.2c3 d5 6.cxd5 2xd5 7.e3 g6 8.2b5+ c6 9.2d3 2g7 10.e4 2xc3 11.bxc3 c5 12.2g5 4d6 13.e5 \d7 14.0-0 \d2c6?!

14...0-0 15.\d2 cxd4 16.cxd4 \d2c6 is

theory

15.@e4 cxd4 16.cxd4 0-0 17.@f6?!



In the next few moves Fritz removes both Black's fianchetto bishops, but then stands worse as there is no way to get at the Black king afterwards

17...2e7 18.Qxg7 \$\psi xg7 19.\text{Qxb7} \$\psi xb7 20. ld2 h6 21.a4 Eac8 22.a5 b5 23. Efb1

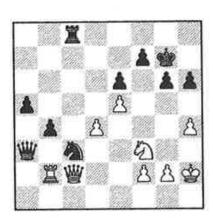
Seeming to make Black's life easy, the queenside majority can safely wait until PCS wants to use it and White's a5-pawn always be vulnerable will risking connected passed pawns 23.a6 was the only consistent move

23...a6 24. Ec1 Exc1+ 25. Exc1 Ec8! 26. Ef4

全d5 27. 世d2 b4! 28. 罩a2?!

Committing the rook to 2 jobs:

protecting the a5-pawn and blocking the path of Black's b-pawn 28... ②c3 29. 單b2 豐b5 30.h4 豐xa5 31. 中h2 豐a3 32. 豐c2 a5



After this move it is visibly clear that White is in big trouble

33.\(d2 \) b3 34.\(h5 \) gxh5 35.\(\Delta e1 \) a4 36.\(\Delta d3 \) \(\Delta a1 37.\(\Delta c5 \) \(\Delta b5 38.\(\Delta f4 \) \(\Delta xd4 39.\(\Delta f6 + \)

39. ll xd4? 置xc5 40. ll xc5 ll xb2 is very easy for Black

39...\$\dot\delta g8 \ 40.\$\Pixh6 \Delta f5 \ 41.\$\Pig5+ \Delta g7 \ 42.\$\Delta e4\$
\$\Pixb2 \ 43.\$\Delta f6+ \Delta f8 \ 44.\$\Delta h7+ \Delta e8 \ 45.\$\Left f4\$
\$\Delta c2 \ 46.\$\Delta f6+ \Delta d8 \ 47.\$\Delta e4+ \Delta c8 \ 48.\$\Pixg7 \ 0-1\$

■ Final round [7]: Shredder and Junior started the round

equal on 5/6, with P.ConNerS nearest on 4. But whilst Shredder was comfortably beating SOS, P.ConNerS v Junior was a 42 move draw. Junior was a pawn up for much of the game, but it was part of an ugly doubled pawn island group, so there was never any real chance of Junior getting the full point it needed.

WORLD COMPUTER CHAMPS 2000 in LONDON!

We have many hard-working European friends running Tournaments and contributing greatly in the world of computer chess... so I was delighted to learn that the ICCA has confirmed that the World PC-based Chess Championship will take place in London from 18-27 August this year. It will run in conjunction with the annual Mind Sports Olympiad. More info. can be obtained from David Levy, 5 Akenside Rd. London NW3 5BS.

On a personal note, not having had a holiday for 7 years, I've gone completely over-the-top and booked two this year! One is at the end of May, and the other... you've guessed it! I will be doing what I can to sort that out, as I definitely wont want to miss being there and meeting many old and new friends!

IPCCC 2000 - 9th International PADERBORN Computer Chess Championship - Final Ranking Table

		Computer	011000	Ollaili	b. a.r.				9		
Code	Pos	Name	Round 1	Round 2	Round 3	Round 4	Round 5	Round 6	Round 7	Total	OppScores
1	T	Shredder 4	1 615	1 w6	1 w3	1/2 b2	½ w5	1 611	1 w8	6	26
2	2	Junior 6	1 b14	1 w13	1 b5	½ w1	1 b9	½ w3	⅓ b4	51/2	271/2
3	3=	Nimzo 732	1 611	1 w4	0 b1	0 w5	1 b13	½ b2	1 w7	41/2	29
4		P.ConNerS	1 w16	0 b3	½ w8	1/2 w11	1 b12	1 b5	½ w5	41/2	241/2
5	5=	Fritz6	1 b7	1 w12	0 w2	1 b3	½ b1	0 w4	½ w10	4	301/2
6		Diep	½ w9	0 b1	0 Ь7	1 w15	½ b10	1 w16	1 w11	4	22
7	7=	Comet	0 w5	½ b10	1 w6	0 Ь8	1 w14	1 b13	0 Ь3	31/2	241/2
8		sos	0 b13	1 w15	1/2 b4	1 w7	0 b11	1 w9	0 61	31/2	241/2
9		Patzer	½ b6	1/2 w11	1 b12	1/2 w13	0 w2	0 Р8	1 616	31/2	221/2
10		Ikarus	0 Ы2	½ w7	0 b11	1 b14	1/2 w6	1 w15	½ b5	31/2	211/2
11	11=	Gandalf	0 w3	1/₂ b9	1 w10	½ b4	1 w8	0 w1	0 b6	3	291/2
12		Amy	1 w10	0 b5	0 w9	1 b16	0 w4	1/2 b14	½ w15	3	201/2
13	13=	Gromit Chess	1 w8	0 b2	1 w16	½ b9	0 w3	0 w7	0 b14	21/2	24
14		Isichess	0 w2	0 b16	1 b15	0 w10	0 b7	½ w12	1 wa3	21/2	201/2
15	15	Neurologic	0 w1	0 b8	0 w14	0 b6	1 w16	0 b10	½ b12	11/2	231/2
16	16	Matador	0 b4	1 w14	0 b13	0 w12	0 b15	0 b6	0 w9	1	211/2

Richard Lang's CHESS GENIUS COMES OUT FOR THE PALM PILOT!

One of the more interesting pieces of news to reach me in the first weeks of the new millennium came from Britain's multi-World Championship winner Richard Lang, that he had converted his ex-Mephisto and now PC program Chess Genius to run on the Palm Pilot hand-held computer!

The 3Com Palm Pilot series is already popular with many

business users, due to its con-nectability to PCs and Macs for swapping and working on files, letters and notes etc. when the user is away from his/her desk. Plus you can mainten a diary, address or appointment books and telephone or birthday lists (with reminders!). Perfect for busy people always on the go!

If you have a PC but don't already have a Palm device, the serious chess player who's often travelling, or has spare half-hours during lunch break etc. - could think it worth buying one just to run Palm Genius!

Palm Pilot info

There are 3 particularly popular models:

■ Palm Pilot 3E Organiser, about £150 ■ Palm Pilot 3C Colour, about ££395

■ Palm Pilot 5, around £260

All use a stylus to point+touch for accessing functions and features, and have 16MHz processors for the 3E and 5, but 20MHz for the 3Colour. The extra speed of the latter is

required to maintain performance under colour operations. For Palm Genius users, they may as well go with the cheapest option, i.e. the Palm Pilot 3E which can be purchased for around £150.

Note for folk without a PC:

There are one or two potential problems for those now thinking 'this is the perfect 20.. Nd8 Your move 00:09 portable', and already an-



ticipating running a Palm Pilot + Genius without having a PC!

Suppose you think you'll buy (from Countrywide, of course!) a new Palm Pilot 3E and ask them to install the Chess Genius program for you before they send it. Likely total price £175.

We need to make sure that you remember that Palm Pilot's are essentially intended as companions to a user's PC or Mac.

[1]. Whilst we believe it is possible that Countrywide or myself might be able to install Genius into a Palm Pilot for you, because of the specific user and PC info which must be keyed-in at set-up time, the user may have problems should he want to connect to a PC he buys at a later date.

[2]. If the Palm should ever lose its memory - which can happen if the batteries are allowed to get really flat, then any extra programs which the user has installed (which would include Genius of course) - would need to be re-installed by connection to a PC, which errr umm... you haven't got!

For these reasons I would say that the Palm + Genius idea is really something that mainly PC owners should be considering.

ChessGenius for Palm info

Features

Very strong play - excellent even on the 'instant' level. Programmer Richard Lang expects it to achieve at least Dallas 68000 - Roma

68000 strength, which means around 2020 Elo/177 BCF.

- Forty playing levels 10 Easy, 10 Time based (1 sec, 2 sec, 3 sec, 5 sec... 3 mins), 10 Blitz (G/1, G/2, G/5... G/120), 10 Problem solving.
- Three board views giant, medium and small.
- Game info (on small board) last 8 moves, chess clocks, main line with search depth and evaluation.
- Position set-up any legal position can be entered.



Popular medium board display

Hint - Genius suggests your best move!

■ Take back - to start of game

■ Step forward - move forward after a series of take-backs, or 'walk' through game.

Playing modes - play against Genius, against another player (monitor mode), or watch Genius play itself.

Pawn promotion - to any legal piece.

Reverse board - play Black from the bottom

■ Move now - swap sides or force Genius to make its move immediately.

Opening library.

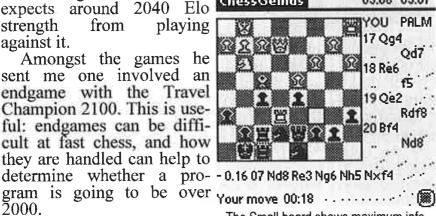
Easy move entry - make moves by tapping the 'from' and 'to' squares, or slide piece.

Steve Maughan has been doing some of the

beta testing for Richard. He expects around 2040 Elo ChessGenius strength from playing

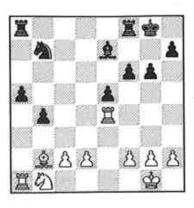
against it.

Amongst the games he sent me one involved an endgame with the Travel Champion 2100. This is useful: endgames can be difficult at fast chess, and how they are handled can help to 2000.



The Small board shows maximum info

having to use valuable fire-power to do this! 15...2g6 16.2f3 2xe5 17.2xe5 4b6 18.@xb7 2xb7 Palm Genius was right to avoid 18... \mathbb{\mathbb{H}}xb7?! 19.\mathbb{\mathbb{H}}exa5 \mathbb{\mathbb{E}xa5 20.\mathbb{\mathbb{H}}xa5 2c4 as 21.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a2 \(\Delta\)xb2 22.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xb2 has nearly equalised 19. h5?! You'd like to give full marks for this bold attempt at a counterattack. However 19. Eg5 was probably the better way to attempt it, as Black now finds exactly the right antidote 19... #c6! 20. a1 @e7 21.\(\mathbb{E}\)e1 \(\mathbb{0}\)-0! 22.\(\mathbb{E}\)g4 The mate threat #xg7 is easily met 22...g6 23.#d4 And so is this one 23...f6 24.#e4? White should keep queens on the board, because of the distant passed a—pawn danger. Therefore 24.c3 e5 25.\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}g4 \mathbb{\mathbb{G}}fd8\mathbb{\pi}, or 24.\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}e3, were best 03:08 03:07 24...\mathbb{\mathbb{W}}xe4 25.\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}xe4 e5



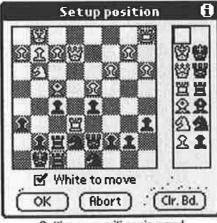
Travel Champion 2100 - Palm Genius

B20. Sicilian... sort of! Game in 10 mins 1.e4 c5 2.b4?! cxb4 3.\(\perpcox c4\)! A somewhat unique opening by TC! 3...2c6 4.\(\mathbb{e}\)b2 e6 5.2f3 2f6 6.e5 2e4 7.0-0 d5 8.exd6 2xd6 9.\(\text{@e2} \) b5 10.a3 bxa3 11.\(\text{@xa3} \) b4 \(Don't \) under-estimate the a+b pawns... they will cause many troubles for White in Palm Genius's hands! 12.\Daggebb2 a5



13.\a4 **⊕b7** 14.¤e1 ହିe7 15.**£e5**

would be an attempt to wreck the dangerous pawns, but White would be



Setting up positions is easy!

A chance to see the Palm Genius endgame at blitz/speed! 26.d4 2d6 27.置e1 置fc8 28.dxe5 fxe5 29.置e2 e4 30.置a4 \(\text{\textsuperscript{\textsuperscri **Ξxa8 34. Ξxc2 Ξa2 35. 2d2 £g5 36.h3 h5** 37. Фe1 @xd2+ 38. \(\mathbb{Z}\)xd2 \(\Delta\)c4 \(\delta\)9. \(\mathbb{Z}\)d8+ \(\Delta\)f7 40.\(\pmathbr{d}\)40.\(\pmathb 2a3 Here 43...e3! gets to the win even eas-2c4+ 47. dc3 e3 48.fxe3 2xe3 49.g3 2d1+ 50.\$d4 \$f2 51.h4 \$h1 52.g4

hxg4 53.\psie3 g5 54.hxg5? 54.h5 extends the game to its maximum possible. 54...g3 55.\psif3 \Delta f2 56.h6 (56.\psixg3 \Delta e4+ m/24) 56...\psig6 57.h7 $\Phi xh7 \quad 58.\Phi e3 \quad \mathfrak{D}d1 + m/19$ **54...⊕g6** Hiarcs with table bases announces m/13 immediately. It takes Palm Genius just a little longer, but that hardly matters 55.9f4 g3 56.⊕f3 Фxg5 57.Фg2 **\$f4** elf2 59. g2 58.⊈g1 60.\$f1 \$f3 61.\$e1 g2 62.\$d2

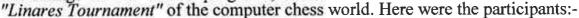
2e4+ 63.4d3 g14 64.4c4 4c5+ 65.4b3

Enrique Irazoqui's NEW, VITAL CADAQUES TOURNAMENT

The CADOQUES TOURNAMENT, named after a beautiful Spanish coastal town, was played on two Pentium3 500MHz machines, each having 256MB RAM.

The time controls were 40 moves in 40 mins, and each of the participants played 20 game matches against all the other participants (that meant a total of 420 games!)

Enrique's annual efforts - which are tremendously valuable in enabling us to have accurate ratings for the various programs, is the





Program	Author	Distributor	
Fritz 6a	Franz Morsch	ChessBase	
Hiarcs 732	Mark Uniacke	ChessBase	
Junior 6	Amir Ban, Shay Bushinsky	ChessBase	
Nimzo 732	Chrilly Donninger	ChessBase	
Rebel Century	Ed Schroder	Rebel B.V	
Rebel Tiger	Christophe Theron	Rebel B.V	
Shredder 4	Stefan Meyer-Kahlen	Millennium	

The Tournament Table, after the first 80 games each, was in SS86 - Junior6 led from Fritz6a and Rebel Tiger was 3rd.

Pos	Program	Score/80
1	Junior6	51
2	Fritz6a	47
3	Chess [Rebel] Tiger	441/2
4=	Shredder4	39
	Nimzo732	39
6	Hiarcs732	35
7	Rebel Century	241/2

However after this Nimzo732 got an unexpectedly big win against Shredder4 whilst Rebel Tiger last two matches were against Fritz6a and Junior. We commented last time that this would be a very tough finish, and so it proved.

Shredder redeemed itself somewhat by going very close against Fritz, whilst Hiarcs became the only program to deny Junior a match win by getting a tough 10-10 draw! Rebel Century never really got going, and its poor result here is no doubt one reason why Ed Schroder has produced an upgrade patch (see our NEWS+RESULTS section) reverting to the fast Tiger algorithm which first appeared experimentally in Rebel 10[c].

Cadaques 2000 - Final Tournament Table

Pos	Program	Fritz6	Hiar7	Jun6	Nimz7	RCent	RTig	Shred	Total/120
1	Junior 6	12	10	XXX	13	15	12		73
2	Fritz 6a	XXX	131/2	8	101/2	15	111/2	101/2	69
3	Nimzo 732	91/2	121/2	7	XXX	12	10	131/2	641/2
4	Chess [Rebel] Tiger	81/2	101/2	8	10	12	XXX	12	61
5	Hiarcs 732	61/2	XXX	10	71/2	12	91/2	111/2	57
6	Shredder 4	91/2	81/2	9	61/2	131/2	8	XXX	55
7	Rebel Century	5	8	5	8	XXX	8	61/2	401/2

Afterwards the highly respected Enrique Irazoqui gave his appraisals of the programs.

FINAL REPORT, by Enrique Irazoqui

At first, I expected **Tiger** or **Fritz** to win this tournament, following the theory that everything else being of equivalent value, as it is very often the case, the fastest tactical finder performs best.

■ The fact that Junior, a program that is not one of the tactical wizards, started winning its matches so convincingly came as a surprise until I realized that it systematically outplayed the opponents with a more prophylactic play and a better positional understanding. It plays actively but without leaving weaknesses behind, and once it bites it won't let go. The image of a tank kept coming to my mind. Junior is a most impressive program and won deservedly after outplaying all the other participants, steadily, match after match. Only Hiarcs escaped from defeat.

■ Fritz is the fastest of all and by no means less bright than average among the other contenders. It does not have the positional quality of Junior and Shredder, but on the other

hand it is the most thrilling program to watch when the game opens up.

This victory of Fritz precisely against Junior is an example:
1.d4 勾f6 2.c4 g6 3.公c3 d5 4.勾f3 皇g7 5.c×d5 公×d5 6.e4 公×c3 7.b×c3 c5 8.旦b1 0-0
9.皇e2 公c6 10.d5 公e5 11.公×e5 ②×e5 12.營d2 e6 13.f4 ②c7 14.0-0 e×d5 15.e×d5 ②a5
16.旦b3 b6 17.營d1 ②d7 18.c4 ②a4 19.②b2 ③×b3 20.a×b3 a6 21.d6 旦a7 22.f5 g5 23.f6
h6 24.②d3 營×d6 25.②h7+ ⑤xh7 26.營xd6 旦a8 27.營d3+ ⑤h8 28.營e2 旦ae8 29.營h5
⑤h7 30.②c1 旦e5 31.h4

(Fritz announces mate in 28) 1-0.

Nimzo is a very strong program that is almost as fast as the fastest and at the same time as competent a positional player as any other program, with the exception of Junior. The

opening book of Nimzo is a small wonder.

As I already mentioned, I thought that **Tiger** would be one of the two main contenders for first place, not only because of its great tactical speed, but for its better than average understanding of the pawn structure. Its style is on the quiet side, leaning towards the school of the do-nothing-but-do-it-well. Tiger did well, and I think it can do even better.

■ Hiarcs is a born optimist, aggressive and fun to watch, with a good grasp of the game and very decent endings. However, this optimistic, extroverted character is also its Achille's

heel, as shown by its performance against the very fastest contenders.

■ Shredder is a solid, well focused and above average positional player, and its endgame might be the best there is. It is also relatively slow in tactics, a sin seldom forgiven in computer chess. Somehow, its 6th place in the tournament feels too low.

■ Century is a very fine program that lacks the speed it takes to survive computer chess, which helps to explain its performance in this tournament. A new and much faster update of Century has already been released. Congratulations to Amir Ban and Shay Bushinsky.

Eric: I am going through the games, seeking the best one's for the next Issue of Selective Search. Any volunteers out there? I can send you the games in ChessBase format, you could help in the analytical work and return your efforts to me on disk in ChessBase format for use with mine in SS88!

Heiko MIKALA's MONSTERS OF CHESS 2000 TOURNAMENT

- Game in 60mins
- 2 P2/300 PCs

Heiko introduces his fine double round tournament by saying: "The main goal of this tournament is to get an impression of the playing styles



of the new pro-grams. It is not the aim to find out which program is the strongest, or even to announce a 'winner!' although after approximately 200 games, at the end of the tournament, we will have enough data to get an impression of the playing strengths too".

After the tournament I will try to tell you as much as possible about my impressions of the playing styles of all the new programs. Right now there's already a lot of impressions and information available, and we can already say that some very interesting new engines and programs are available.

- Nimzo732 for example plays a very refreshing, sometimes even wild style
- Genius6.5 plays a surprisingly active style
- Rebel Century fearlessly marches forward most of the time
- Shredder4 convinces with its solid style and great endgame play
- Fritz6 seems to be nearly unshakeable
- The good old MChess Pro8 plys such an exciting, aggressive, attacking style, that I feel as if I've often been near to a heart attack
- Just after my tournament started, Junior6 and the newcomer of the year, Chess Tiger, arrived, so I was looking forward to seeing them as well.

"This is not only about results for me, it's the fun of computer chess!"... Heiko

Rebel-Tiger screenshot. More info and games etc. in our next Issue.



420600 10 11 12 13 Hiarcs Junior 6.0 Hiarcs 7.32 Rebel Century Nimzo 7.32 Shredder 4.00 Genius 5 MChess Pro WChess 2000 vl.2 Rebel Tiger

	0%	0 0	% O	1/20	0.0	% 0	0%	34.34	0%	94.0	74.74	1 1/2	1 1	*	-
	1 1/2	0 1	0 0	1/20	1/21/2	1/21/2	0%	1/2/1	0%	1/21/2	0 1	0 0	*	0 0	N
	0 0	1 1	1 1/2	24.0	0 0	1/21/2	1 0	1 0	0 0	0 0	1 1	*	11	0 1/2	L
	0 0	0.1	0 1	0 1	1/21/2	0 1	1/21/2	10	1/21/2	1/21	*	0 0	10	74.74	4
	0 0	0 0	1/20	0 1	1/20	24.0	1/21	1 1	1/20	*	750	1 1	74.74	1 1/2	Ŋ
	0 1	0 0	1/21	1/20	% O	1/20	1 0	0 0	*	1/21	74.74	1 1	1/21	1/21	œ,
	0 0	0%	74.74	1/21	1 1	1 1/2	10	*	1 1	0 0	0 1	0 1	1/20	76.76	7
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New products from

NOVAG°.

At Countrywide we had just been given some bare (it also said 'confidential') information about new Novag product when we got the shock of our lives - well, that's a slight exaggeration, but it was certainly a big surprise, straight after getting the provisional 'new product' announcement, to see on the Internet that Novag had 'gone bust'!

Gladly it just isn't so. Quite the reverse!... there is some really thrilling, new product, just around the corner. The 'bust' rumour was due to a reckless interpretation by someone in the USA of a piece of standard company news - one really should be careful how and what one hears and repeats, as well as signs! and then still probably use the word allegedly a bit more often. A false rumour like this could have caused enormous damage to Novag at an important and exciting time of their further development.

What is actually happening is that longtime and original owner Peter Auge is giving way for one of his daughters, Jeannine Auge, to take over the business. Novag's senior engineer Wayne Chow, and chess programmer David Kittinger both remain in place, the company is to be re-named Perfect Technology Ltd. and they are moving to superior modern facility premises. Great!

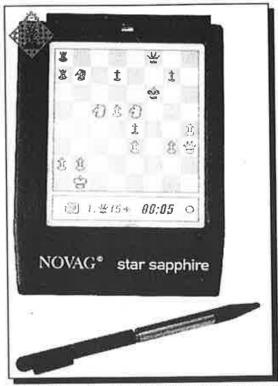
New Portables, Table-top, AutoBoard

I don't have a detailed specification list, nor even firmed-up prices as yet, but the basic information of the proposed and probable new product is as follows:-

■ Granite (£35) - new, novice/hobby portable

Star Ruby (£199-229?) - new club/county strength portable, in a design and with many features very similar to the Star Sapphire, which is pictured at the top of the column opposite.

■ Star Sapphire (£269-289?) - new superstrong portable, pictured at the top of the column opposite. That's right! There's an on-screen playing board and you use a soft-touch pen to select features etc. and move pieces on-screen! The Star Ruby and Star Sapphire share this much soughtafter and superb feature, and these will be the portables of the future! Measurements are 11½ x 9 cms and the body is anodized



metal. Opening book 200,000, fast processor, hash tables and the strongest Novag ever. The Star Sapphire will also have a facility for attaching it to Novag's 2 new boards (see below). I am not sure, but have a feeling (only because nothing is mentioned) that it may NOT be attachable to the <u>current</u> Universal Board, and the Star Ruby info gives no indication that it can be attached to any of the boards... but I may be wrong on this.

■ Beryl (£39?) - new novice/hobby table-

Quartz (£79?) - new hobby/club table-

Star Diamond (£249?) - new super-strong table-top. It seems to have the same or similar features and program to the Star Sapphire, but it will apparently use a different processor running slightly faster?! However Novag's estimated USCF here is exactly the same as for the Star Sapphire, so I'm not sure if there are (or aren't) any program differences. Whatever, they're rating it 120 Elo above their figure for the Diamond2, so this, too, is going to be a hot computer!

■ Computer Chess Board (£99?) - a cheaper, press-sensory board which will connect both to a PC via IrDa interface or serial port, or to any Novag chess computer furnished with a serial port (i.e. a

Super VIP, Sapphire 1/2 and Star Sapphire.

**Universal 2 Chessboard (£249-269?) - the new wood, auto-sensory board with IrDa and Serial port interface connections. Will definitely connect to a Super VIP, Sapphire 1/2 and Star Sapphire.

We expect to be able to reduce the prices of the Sapphire2, Sapphire2 de Luxe and the Diamond2 - so if anyone buys now, at Countrywide we will make a 15% deduction - 10% of that is the usual discount which we give to Selective Search readers for all dedicated computers, but we'll add an extra 5% to allow for the probable planned price reduction. If the eventually decided price drops to below what you pay, you'll get a refund for the difference, so you can't lose whatever happens! It is difficult trying to look after customers and be fair all-round when new product/possible price reductions are in the air, so I hope this will appeal.

Ratings!

Aha! Still, we've got to give it a go, because that's what *Selective Search* is about to some

degree.

Novag themselves are showing the Star Sapphire and Star Diamond at 120 Elo higher than the Sapphire2+Diamond2, and they show the Star Ruby at 70 Elo below the Sapphire+Diamond2. Therefore the forecast ratings for Selective Search are:-

■ Star Ruby 2100 est. 2170 SS86 Star Sapphire+Diamond 2290 est.

If these ratings are achieved, we really have got something to look forward to. I'd definitely expect the Star Ruby can get near the figure I've estimated there, and even if the Star Sapphire+Diamond fell 20 or 30 Elo short, the Star Sapphire with its screen display showing the full chess board will still be what many serious chess players have been hoping and asking for!

The new machines could start to appear in maybe June. Whether our next SS Issue will be able to include games (v. Atlanta and Montreux, for example), or be limited to more photos and fuller descriptions of the features, processors and pricing details, I don't know. But I'll do everything I can to maximise the coverage, as news on the dedicated front has been all too rare and is therefore extremely welcome!

Book Review

The CHESS SOFT-WARE SOURCE-BOOK by Robert J. Pawlak, PhD is the sort of book that SS readers have been generously suggesting I should write for the past few years.



I would have liked to do so as well, if there

were more hours in the day and days in the week. But Robert Pawlak has done the job, and pretty well at that.

In some ways I'm not sure that SS readers will necessarily learn too much that they don't already know, but it's still nice to have so much information in 150 pages between 2 covers. Anyone newish to PC's and computer chess should certainly find things to help them become aware of the range of features most of the top programs have, and there's help in working out how to use them.

Topic and Chapter Headings

◆ Playing Programs ◆ Databases ◆ Opening Editors ◆ Tutorials ◆ Game Collections ◆ Speciality Tools ◆ Confused about which software to buy?... and why? ◆

"Well written, readable and enthusiastic" says Ralph Dubisch, a FIDE Master and Chess Coach, "very handy for the chess software shopper". Inevitably some bits are already going out-of-date, but I'd endorse that.

Getting Hold of a Copy!

It's basically an Internet mail order affair, as people without a PC would be much less likely to buy it, so you:

e-mail: treehaus@3n.net

web: http://www.3n.net/treehaus

with your order, name and address, and credit card details. The cover price is shown as \$16.95 (that would be about £11), but there'll post+packing on top.

Anyone without an Internet connection wanting a copy of the book, send your full details to me and, when I've got a one or two orders on my desk, I'll buy a few at the same time, and then charge your card with the appropriate amounts when I've seen the bill.

Tricky Positions [for Computers!]

I spotted this one in the Daily Telegraph, when David Norwood was writing about 'the most fantastic 110 moves ever played'. It's from **Brzozak-Bronstein**



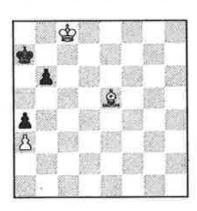
1... 国xb3+ 1... 国ab6 is the programs' choice. 2. 全全 空6 (now 2... 国xb3+?? just loses material 3. 全xb3) 3. 全d1 and although the PC programs may show >200, the position is firmly blocked 2. 全xb3 2. axb3 a2 3. 全xa2 国xa2 4. 国d2 国a1 F6 w-122; J6 w-106; H7 w-147 2... 国b6+ F6 w-106! H7 w-66 3. 全c2 国b2+ 4. 全c1 国e2 5. 国d1 国xe3 6. 国g1 国c3+ 7. 全d2 国xc4 H7 w-73 8. 全c2 d5 The game has opened up, and Black has winning chances.

The next one comes from **Graham White** who spotted Junior6 and Fritz6 choosing a wrong move!



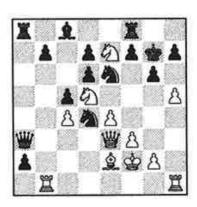
1...皇e3! F6 & J6 choose 1...g4? but H7 points out that 2.堂f5 g3 3.fxg3 皇xg3 only draws 2.f3 2.fxe3 g4! 2...a2 3.皇xa2 堂xa2 4.堂f5 堂b2 0-1

Here's a computer blunder (probably caused by null move algorithms) which was on the *Internet*, Junior6 being the guilty party



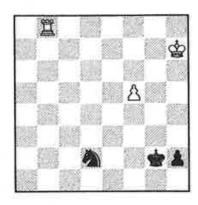
1... 全a8?? J6's terrible blunder. 全a6 draws 2.全b8! J6 can't see this! It plays 2.全b2? missing the win 2...b5 3.全c7 J6 blunders again with 3.全b2? still missing the win 3...b4 4.axb4 J6 finally gets it right, announcing m/4. It is very suprising that Junior cannot see this mate at all when playing its first move. 1-0

An SS reader called 'Pip' sent the next one, I've mislaid his letter so don't know his full name... sorry! It's a mate in 11 that's very hard to do.



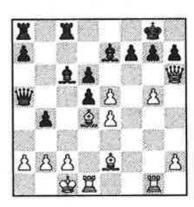
⊈q5 1.**曾h6+ ☆xh6** 2.hxq6+ **曾f3+** 3.国h5+ Фxh5 4.f4+ 5. axf3+ ②xf3 6. 国h1+ ହି h2 7.ᡚf6+ N732 chooses 7.\alphaxh2+ and calls it m/3?? Then it goes: 10.ᡚxh7+ mate, but it isn't! Black's legal response is even in the analysis: 10... \$\dot g4 11.\dot h4#. Now it is! 7... 查h6 8. 基xh2+ 查g7

Paul Lamford's book "Improve your Game" has the next one, which computers don't understand!



1.屆b1 包xb1 2.f6 h1營+ 3.全g8 White will play f7 next move, and Black cannot win despite the high computer evaluations even here! 3...營g1 J6 −943 at 3mins, and N732 an even more astonishing -1441! 3...查g3 H7 -1080. 3...查f3 F6 −969. 4.f7 draw!

Another from **Graham White**: it's hard to find the winning e6



1.e6 gxh6 2.gxh6+ Even here F6 8m to show =. J6 12m and still −297! H7 -195 at 5m 2...並f8
3.量df1 F6 5m and still =. H7 = almost immediately but hadn't progressed in eval. some 5m later. J6 hadn't found the right move at 15m so still showed −247. 3...ዿg5+ 4.戛xg5 At last they all go +150/200 if you give them about 10mins! 4...≧c7
5.፱g7 dxe4 6.ዿf6 1-0

Thuringer Chess Computer Tournament 1999

The 1999 Thuringer Tournament proved to be a major success for Schroder BV, with Chess [Rebel] Tiger and Rebel Century sharing top spot. Here is our brief report.

Round 1 results

- Fritz6 v Shredder 4 1-0 in 96 moves
- Hiarcs732 v Chessmaster 6000 1-0
- VirtuaChess2 v Genius6.5 0-1
- Rebel Century v Chess Tiger ½-½
- W Chess 2000 v Zarkov5 ½-½
- Nimzo732 v Diep2 0-1 (! Diep is often a dangerous, amateur competitor, though this was a rare success here)
- CS-Tal2 v Junior6 0-1
- MChessPro8 v Little Goliath2000 ½-½

I enjoy going through computer endgames but they're not as easy to criticise as they were! This one should have been a draw!

Hiarcs 7.32 – Chessmaster 6000

Thueringer 1999 Opening had been C42: Petroff Defence. We join it after Black's 35... 基c2



36. Exb6 Exa2 The passed pawn on a6 should have an impact later 37.3e6 3a5 38.3e7! From here the rook can get behind Black's pawn and still restrict the Black king's route for getting into the game 38...☆f8 38...☆h7 was a better try for involving the king as soon as possible. Then if 39.罩e6 g6 39.罩d7 罩a3 40.h4 a5 41.罩a7! e4 The a-pawn is Black's main asset, so 41...a4 was probably best 42. 22 23 Halting the king's attempted run to h3 and g4 etc. 43. 查f1 全g8? 43...a4! was again best, and every tempo counts in positions like these 44.h5 \$\mathbb{Z}\$a1+ and now White must decide between A) 45. 空g2 45... 星a2 46. 空f1 heading for the draw, or B) 45. \$\ddot\text{e}e2?! a3! and Black might be winning. Here's an e.g. 46.g4 a2 47.g5 e3!! 48.h6 (48. 如xe3?? 罩e1+ and a1= 幽

next; 48.fxe3?? 国h1 and if 49.国xa2 国h2+ wins) 48...gxh6 49.gxh6 &g8 50.h7+ &h8 and that's it! 51.fxe3 (51.位xe3 罩e1+) 51... 罩h1 44.h5 a4 45.g4 盟a1+?! Helping White's king get nearer the vital action. Better was 45...g6 aiming to break up the connected pair of passed pawns 46. 空g2 图a2 It might still not be too late for pushing his own counter-opportunity with 46...a3?!= even though 47.g5 looks strong. However our idea from move 45, i.e. 47...g6 might hold after 48.h6 a2 47. dg31 more than this - dilly-dallying in the endgame is often fatal. Therefore I think Black needed to try 47...a3 as in previous notes. 48.g5! a3! Hurray... but how much more of an impact this might have had if it had been played a little earlier 49.g6 Ea1 50. ±g2 e3 Black is very short of choice. This will only offer White a wider range of threats when he has another passed pawn, running up the e-file (moves 55+56) 51.fxe3 国a2+ 52.全f3 国h2 53. **☆g4!** 53. **□**xa3 **□**xh5 is not as clear 53...a2 54. ±15! Threatening mate by ±26 and □38 54... \$\frac{1}{2}\$e2 55.e4 \$\frac{1}{2}\$e8 56.e5 \$\frac{1}{2}\$h2 57.h6 \$\frac{1}{2}\$xh6 58.基xa2 基h1 59.中e6 中d8 60.基a7 基b1 61.基xg7 and we can safely leave it there, the game finishing in fact on move 78. 1-0

Round 2 results

- Junior6 v Fritz6 0-1 in 64 moves
- Genius6.5 v Hiarcs732 ½-½
- Diep2 v Rebel Century 0-1
- Zarkov5 v MCPro8 1-0
- Chess Tiger v WChess 1-0
- Little Goliath v Nimzo 1-0 (!)
- Chessmaster6000 v VirtuaChess2 ½-½
- Shredder4 v CS-Tal2 ½-½

Round 3 results

- Fritz6 v Genius6.5 ½-½
- Rebel Century v Little Goliath 1-0
- Hiarcs732 v Zarkov5 ½-½
- Nimzo732 v Shredder4 ½-½
- Diep2 v Chess Tiger 0-1
- MCPro8 v Junior6 0-1
- CS-Tal2 v Chessmaster 6000 ½-½
- WChess v VirtuaChess2 0-1

Round 4 results (some key games here!)

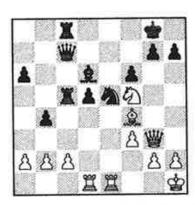
- Chess Tiger v Fritz6 1-0
- Zarkov5 v Rebel Century 0-1
- Junior6 v Hiarcs732 1-0
- Genius6.5 v Chessmaster6000 1-0
- Shredder4 v Diep2 1-0
- VirtuaChess2 v Little Goliath 0-1
- CS-Tal2 v WChess ½-½

■ Nimzo732 v MCPro8 ½-½

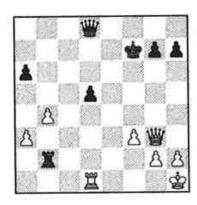
Chess Tiger 12.0 Ce - Fritz 6 Athlon 600

[B90 Sicilian, Sozin] Thueringer

1.e4 c5 2.ወf3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.ወxd4 ወf6 5.ወc3 a6 6.皇c4 e6 7.皇b3 b5 8.0-0 皇e7 9.曾f3 曾b6 10.ee3 曾b7 11.曾g3 b4 12.包a4 包bd7 13.f3 0-0 14.豆fd1 වe5 15.වe2 図b8 16.වb6 曾c7 17.වxc8 18...d5?! 19.exd5 වxd5 20.exd5 exd5 21.ef4! ed6 22.ብf5



Is the c2 pawn poisoned? I'm impressed with Tiger's ability/willingness to leave these traps - its selective search algorithm must be good to judge them safe! 25... Exc2 26. 4e3 26. 4d2 国b8 26... 国xc2 27.f4 27.c3 国d8 28.cxb4 国c2 29.皇f4! 曾d7 29...皇xb4? 30.邑xe5 fxe5 31.皇xe5 30.4xd6 營xd6 31.4xe5 fxe5 耳c1 32.夕h6+ 32.Exe5 Exb2 33.Ee8+ 由f7 34.Exd8 曾xd8 35.a3



The outcome: White is a pawn up, but must watch out for a back-rank mate; Black has a rook on the 7th. 35... 至e2 36.h3 查g8 37.f4 至e4 38.曾d3 至xf4 39.曾xa6 闰f6 40.曾b5 闰f5?! 40... 闰d6 looks a better way to me of trying to free up his "for more active service 41.a4 增a8 42.a5 h6 43.基e1 罩f8 44.a6l 含h8 45.世d3 世b8 46.b5 罩d8 47.罩e6 罩c8 48.世b1 世a7 49.世a1 世f7 50.旦xh6+ 也g8 51.旦c6 置e8 52.a7 智b7 53.智a6 皆e7 54.昱c1 皆e3 55.昱a1 1-0

Round 5 results

- Rebel Century v Genius6.5 0-1
- Junior6 v Chess Tiger ½-½
- Little Goliath v Fritz6 0-1
- Shredder4 v Zarkov5 ½-½
- Hiarcs732 v CS-Tal2 1-0
- MCPro8 v VirtuaChess2 1-0
- Chessmaster6000 v Diep2 1-0
- WChess v Nimzo732 ½-½

The Genius win over Rebel Century means that, with just 2 rounds to go, 6 programs are still in with a chance!

Ton Scores after 5 Rounds:

4 Genius6.5. Chess Tiger. 3½ Fritz6. Rebel Century. Junior6.

Hiarcs732

Round 6 results

- Genius6.5 v Chess Tiger ½-½ (settles nothing, but allows others to close up!)
- Rebel Century v Junior6 1-0 in 76 moves
- Fritz6 v Hiarcs732 ½-½
- Chessmaster6000 v Shredder4 ½-½
- Zarkov5 v Little Goliath 1-0
- MCPro8 v WChess 0-1
- VirtuaChess2 v Nimzo732 ½-½
- Diep2 v CS-Tal2 0-1

Top Scores after 6 Rounds:

4½ Chess Tiger. Genius6.5. Rebel Century

Fritz6

31/2 Junior6. Hiarcs732. Zarkov5

Shredder4

Round 7 results

Fritz6 v Rebel Century ½-½

Junior6 v Genius6.5 1-0 (a 109 move game that ends the Genius hopes)

■ Chess Tiger v Zarkov5 ½-½ (so two of the top-placed programs draw, and the other loses!)

Hiarcs732 v Shredder4 0-1

■ LittleGoliath v WChess ½-½

■ Nimzo732 v Chessmaster6000 ½-½

■ CS-Tal2 v MCPro8 0-1

■ Diep2 v VirtuaChess2 1-0

Final Scores, 7 Rounds:

Rebel Century. Chess Tiger. Fritz6. Junior6. Genius6.5. 5

41/2

Zarkov5. Shredder4.

31/2 Hiarcs732.

LittleGoliath. WChess2000. MCPro8. Chessmaster6000.

21/2 CS-Tal2. Nimzo732.

Diep2. VirtuaChess2

THE BRAINS OF THE WORLD CHALLENGE! Solutions for Positions 4 and 5

by John Nunn & Frederic Friedel, printed with the kind permission of ChessBase.

The first **Brains of the World** article, setting the scene, appeared in various magazines including **SS/85** (pages 12-13). Part 2 was **SS/86** (pages 28-30). The last part - the mind-boggling position 6 - will be in **SS/88**.

There was a background story involving an ALIEN spaceship challenging the World to find its top brain to solve a tough intellectual challenge, and show humankind's suitability to join interstellar civilisation... or else!

The subject of this definitive test was to be king and pawn endgames, and the renowned Doctor - Who? - No! - Nunn!! - selected six pawn endgame positions to seek out a representative - 'The Brains of the World' - to solve the endgames and prove the fitness of the human race for the challenges ahead.

John Nunn's solutions have now been made available, and they are shown here for positions 4-5.

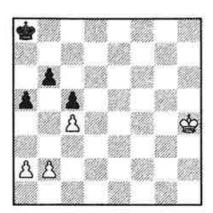
These solutions use the so-called 'Nunn-convention', which was introduced in the Secrets of Rook Endings. It is explained in more detail there, but the general principle is that a move receives a question mark if it changes the result of the position, while it receives an exclamation mark if it is the only move not to change the result of the position (i.e. it's an 'only' move).

I have taken the liberty of extending his solutions slightly in some places - remarks like "is now clearly a draw/a win etc" proliferate in many chess books... and I'm sure they are 'clearly draws or wins' to top IM's and GM's.

But not always to me, many chess computers, and maybe some of you! Thus I've added a few extra moves in some cases where I felt they might be useful.

I should add that the **TableBases** which come with the leading ChessBase and other products such as Fritz6, Junior6, Hiarcs732 and Shredder4 have been a great help to me!

Test 4 - White to play and win



1.a4

This is compulsory (and found by the programs I checked) – if Black is allowed to gain space, by himself playing ...a4, the position is a dead draw

1...∲b7

1...中8 2.中g5 中c7 3.中g6 transposes to the main line

2.Φh5!!

An extraordinary move which many programs I tested certainly don't find. However Junior6 had it at 30secs but with an almost = evaluation, and Fritz6 got it within 10secs and showed +28! This position is based on the opposition, but there are a couple of subtle elements.

At first sight (says Nunn!) the position is an easy win for White – when the kings approach each other, if White has the opposition he wins straight away, if not then he uses his reserve tempo to gain the opposition. This argument holds up unless the kings face each other on f5 and d6, when it breaks down, it is reciprocal

zugzwang.

From the diagram on the next page, but with Black to play, it would go like this: 1...\$d7 2.\$f6 \$\dip d6 3.b3\$ which wins in the way we've been led to expect. But if it were White to play 1.\$\dip f6 \$\dip d7 2.\$\dip f7 \$\dip d6\$ White is stuck! If 3.b3 \$\dip d7\$ and Black regains the opposition; if 3.\$\dip e8\$ then \$\dip e5\$ launches a counter-attack which draws precisely because White has not played b3 leaving the c4-pawn weak! So White must aim for kings on f5 and d6 with Black to move. Thus we have \$\dip h5\$ here, and the manouvres which follow, with Black trying to thwart White in this aim.

2...∳c6

2...\$c7 3.\$g6! transposes

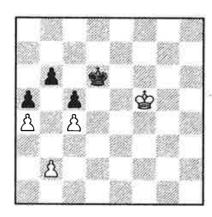
3.₽g5! Фc7

3...\$d6 4.\$f5!; or 3...\$d7 4.\$f6!

4.₫g6! ₫d6

Or 4...中c6 5.b3! found quickly by Hiarcs (not 5.中g7? 中d6 threatening 中e5, so 6.中f6 中d7 and White is on the wrong end of the reciprocal zugzwang) 5...中c7 6.中g7! now Black cannot avoid a by—pass 6...中c6 7.中f8! 中d6 8.中e8!中c7 9.中e7! etc.

5.Фf5!



5...∳d7

5...Φe7 6.Φe5! Φd7 7.Φf6 transposes (7.Φd5 also wins here)

6.कf6!

The programs – especially Fritz6 very quickly onto +384! – now have the next moves securely in their planning.

6...\$d6 7.b3! \$d7 8.\$f7!

After this Hiarcs soon has White at +570 and Fritz now shows +600

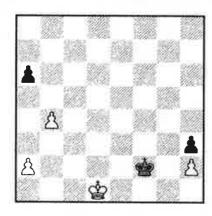
8... • d6 9. • e8! • e5

9... ውር 7 10. ውር 7 ውር 6 11. ውር 8! ውር 6 13. ውር 8! ውር 6 13. ውር 8! ውር 6 14. ውር 8!

10.\$\psi\$d7 \$\psi\$d4 11.\$\psi\$c6 \$\psi\$c3 12.\$\psi\$xb6 \$\psi\$b4 13.\$\psi\$c6 \$\psi\$xb3 14.\$\psi\$b5!

Hiarcs announces m/15

Test 5 - White to play and win



1.a3!

1.a4? 使g2 2.使e2 使xh2 3.使f2 a5 draws easily (Black can stalemate himself); 1.使d2! was the initial Hiarcs choice, with a big evaluation for about 15 secs. Then it saw the draw and changed (within 30 secs!) to the correct move. 1...使g2 2.使e2 使xh2 3.使f2 使h1 4.使g3 a5! 5.使xh3 axb4 This shows why White has to play a3 on his first move — he must be able to recapture on b4 in this line. 6.使g3 使g1 7.处f3 使h2! 8.使e3 使g3 9.使d3 使f4 10.使c4 使e5 11.使xb4 使d6 etc. and a draw

1...\$f1

Black delays going after the h-pawn for as long as possible. After 1...\$\psig2 2.\$\psig2 \psixh2 \psixh2 \psih1 4.\$\psig3 h2 (4...\$\psig1 5.\$\psixh3 \psish5 \psi 2 probably lasts longer!) 5.\$\psif2 a5 6.a4 and White's promotion will force mate

2. dd2!

White must lure Black's king up the board. Either Black will have to give way and allow White to approach the h-pawns, forcing Black into capturing on h2, or the Black king will move too far away from the h2-pawn. In our main line we show Black capturing the h2-pawn, but we will also demonstrate the other line

2...\$f2 3.\$d3! \$f3 4.\$d4!

It is still too soon for 4.a4 \ddg2!=

4…₫f2

4...Φg2 5.Φe3 Φxh2 6.Φf2 is the line we had at move 1; 4...Φe2 is a move too far away from h2 (as is Φf4), allowing White to play 5.a4! Φf2 6.b5 axb5 (strangely 6...Φf3 lasts longer) 7.axb5 m/13

5.⊕e4!

One step closer

5...\$\psig2 6.\$\psige 63! \$\psih 1\$
6...\$\psig 1 7.\$\psi f3\$ is the same; or 6...\$\psi xh2
7.\$\psi f2\$ which is m/18

7. 查f3!

Note that dangers lie in wait even now for the unwary. Not 7.\(\phi\)f2?? \(\phi\)xh2! and it's White's turn to move in the reciprocal zugzwang, and all his hard work brings him only to a draw!

7...Øxh2

Black is finally forced to take

8.\Pf2!

Now Black is in zugzwang

8...\$h1 9.\$g3!

Once more 9.a4?? a5=; 9.\pi f1?? a5=

9...h2

9...\$\psig\$1 10.\$\psix\$h3 \$\psif\$2 11.a4! \$\psie\$e3 12.b5! axb5 13.axb5! etc.

10.Φf2! a5 11.a4! axb4 12.a5 b3 13.a6 b2 14.a7 b1 15.a8 + and mate next move

RATING LISTS AND NOTES

A brief guide to the purpose of each of the HEADINGS should prove helpful for everybody.

BCF. These are British Chess Federation ratings. They can be calculated from Elo figures by (Elo - 600) /8, or from USCF figures by (USCF - 720) /8. **Elo**. This is the Rating figure which is in popular use Worldwide. The BCF and Elo figures shown in SE-LECTIVE SEARCH are calculated by combining each Computer's results v computers with its results v humans. I believe this makes the SS Rating List the most accurate available for Computers and Programs anywhere in the world. +/-. The maximum likely future rating movement, up or down, for that particular machine. The figure is determined by the number of games played and calculated on standard deviation principles. Games. The total number of Games on which the computer's or program's rating is based. Human/Games. The Rating obtained and total no. of Games in Tournament play v rated humans.

A guide to PC Gradings:
386-PC represents a program running on an 80386 at approx.
33MHz with 4MB RAM.
486-PC represents a program running on an 80486 at between 50-66MHz with 4-8MB RAM.
Pent-PC represents a program on a Pentium at approx. 100-133MHz, with 8-16MB RAM.

PPro-PC represents a program on a Pentium
Pro/233, or a Pentium MMX//233, 32-64MB RAM.
Users will get slightly more (or less!) if the speed of their PC is significantly different. A doubling or halving in MHz speed = approx. 50 Elo; a doubling or halving in MB RAM = approx. 5 Elo.

Approx. guide if PentiumPro2/233 = 0

Pentium3-K6-Cel/450	+40	Pent K6-Pro2/300	+20
Pent Pro2-MMX/233	0	Pentium/166	-40
Pentium/133	-60	Pentium/100	-80
486DX4/100	-140	486DX2/66	-160
486DX-SX/33	-220	386DX/33	-280

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224 MCHESS PRO4 PENT-PC	2395 19	597 50	2497 13

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ARTICLES, RESULTS, GAMES and SUBSCRIPTIONS should be sent direct to Eric, please!

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