SELECTIVE SEARCH 96 THE COMPUTER CHESS MAGAZINE

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<u>COMPUTER</u> <u>WORLD</u> <u>CHAMPIONSHIP!</u>

36 page Issue!

The PRESSURE is ON!

Top: Stefan
Meyer-Kahlen
watches his
SHREDDER analysing
a critical moment in
it's game against...
Centre: DEEP
JUNIOR, whose
co-programmer Amir
Ban does the same
Bottom: Earlier, in
the Opening, and
still all smiles!



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- **PUBLICATION DATES**: Early Feb. Apr. Jun. Aug. Oct. late Nov.
- ARTICLES, REVIEWS, GAMES sent in by Readers, Distributors, Programmers etc are welcome.

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SELECTIVE SEARCH is produced by **ERIC HALLSWORTH**.

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■All COMPUTER CHESS PRODUCTS are available from COUNTRYWIDE COMPUTERS, Victoria House, 1 High Street, Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RB. ② 01353 740323 for INFO or to ORDER.

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COMPUTER & PC Programs ... The Best Buys!

RATINGS for all these computers and programs are on pages 31-32. This is not a complete product listing - they are what I consider to be current BEST BUYS bearing in mind price, playing strength, features + quality.

Further info/photos can be seen in Countrywide's CATALOGUE - if you want one, ring or write to the

address/phone no. on the front page.

Note the software prices! - some retailer prices seem cheaper, but there's a post & packing charge at the end!... our insured delivery p&p is FREE. Adaptors are £9 extra. Subscribers Offer: You can deduct 10% off dedicated computer prices shown here if you buy from Countrywide just mention 'SS' when you order.

m PORTABLE COMPUTERS # [por]

Kasparov

BULLET £49 - plays - coaches - talks + travels! cosmos £99 - great value, 4½"x4½" plug-in board, strong Morsch '2100' program. Multiple levels + info display and coach system

Novag

AMBER £139 - excellent plug-in, strong like Cosmos with great features and info display

■ TABLE-TOP PRESS SENSORY = [ps]

Kasparov

BLADE £49 - includesTalking coach system BARRACUDA £79 - The Morsch '2000' prog. Compact board, display etc. This is great value! CENTURION £79 - Barracuda '2000' program in slightly larger board, and value-for-money buy COUGAR £99! - the Cosmos '2100' program + features in 16"x11" board; good info display.

Novad

AGATE PLUS £69 - good hobby computer

Mephisto

MILANO PRO £249 - Morsch at RISC speed, big book, strong, good features and display ATLANTA £379 - the fast hash-table version of

Milano Pro=even greater strength. 64 led board

WOOD AUTO SENSORY = [as]

Mephisto

EXCLUSIVE all wood board, felted pieces with MM6 - Morsch's 2100 program £449 with SENATOR - Milano Pro program £649

= PC PROGRAMS from CHESSBASE on CD = All Win & run INDEPENDENTLY + analyse within CB7/8. Great graphics, big databases+opening books, printing, max features.

FRITZ 6 £39 - by Franz Morsch. Extra chess knowledge for top Strength - a beautiful program! Plus superb new Interface, terrific Graphics, and also has excellent hobby levels and teaching features.

DEEP FRITZ £74 - updated Fritz6 - intended for dual & quad processors, but gives a little extra strength on top Pentium machines as well

TIGER14 £39 - by Christophe Theron. Features for play, analysis, printing etc. as Fritz6 - latest Interface. *Tiger14.0* is *very* strong and reliable in all aspects of the game, while *Gambit2.0* plays some amazing, attacking chess - possibly the new no.1! A great chess CD!

SHREDDER 532 £39 - Stefan Meyer-Kahlen's program in latest ChessBase Interface + Feature-packed format - knowledge-based and plays stylish chess. Good for quality analysis.

JUNIOR 7 £39 - top Features, latest Chess-Base Interface etc. Strong, good positional chess but aggressive with fast tactics!

DEEP JUNIOR 7 £74 - the dual & quad processor version of Junior 7 & new World Champ!

HIARCS 732 by Mark Uniacke. An outstanding program running faster+stronger than ever! £39

The YOUNG TALENTS CD £46 has 6 new programs, of which SOS and GOLIATH are clearly pretty strong

NIMZO 8 £39 - by Donninger. Great tactics

■ Other PC PROGRAMS on CD ■

REBEL 11 £46. New CD contains not only Century3.0 (DOS & Win) by Ed Schroder, but also Christophe Theron's new Tiger13.0 and his strong, aggressive **Gambit1.0** engine (both Win). Wonderful chess - Century3 is crammed with chess knowledge and about as human-like as you can get - and the CD is packed with analytical features, openings books & encyclopedia, plus big games database, EOC for opening study, and other goodies!

HIARCS7 - for PC and MAC! - £49

Also: MChessPR08 £69, CS Tal2 Windows £39. Please allow 7 days for delivery on these.

PC DATABASES on CD =

CHESSBASE 8.0 for Windows £99 !! The most popular and complete Games Database system, with the very best features, 1.4 million games, players encyclopedia, multimedia presentations, search trees, statistics, superb printing facilities and much more! The business!

PC CHESS TUTOR PACKAGES =

Chess MENTOR - number '1' for chess training COMPREHENSIVE: novice/hobby £59.95
ADVANCED: best for SS readers!? Strategy and Technique for study and pleasure £59.95 FULL DE LUXE: The COMPREHENSIVE COURSE plus all 11! available modules £225



EXPRES:



NEWS & RESULTS - keeping you right up-to-date in the COMPUTER CHESS world!

I can remember a time when the summer was a period of peace, quiet and rest in the computer chess (and chess) world. One's mind wandered off to the seaside, barbecues in the garden, siestas.

In Britain we'd aim to hit the motorways during August for the annual fortnight of the British Championships - always played in a seaside resort, so wives and children could play on the beach (unless it rained), whilst their chess-playing partners slugged it out over a chessboard in the sweltering heat (unless it rained!).

But other than 'the British' it was a time to catch up with database maintenance, go through games I'd not had chance to look at properly, get a bit of filing done (i.e. throw away some of the gathered rubbish in paper form that PC's are supposed to save you from storing anyway), get my tax sorted out... and even have a few days holiday!

No longer it seems!

Whilst we're waiting for the **Deep Fritz** and **Kramnik** 'big one', due to start in Bahrain in October, the summer has seen in particular **Chess Tiger14**'s major Tournament success in Argentina and the **World Micro-Computer Championships!** (accompanied by the usual controversy!).

Not to mention **Deep Fritz** v **Robert Hubner** (a bit of a damp squib to be honest. Plus excellent articles and news have reached me from Frank Holt, Rob van Son and others).

It means another 36 page Issue, but I must warn readers <u>not</u> to expect this every time. For me 36 pages boils down to more work and an increased printing bill - subsequently a lower net profit from a magazine that already brings in a disproportionately small income for the massive hours spent on it!

Before we get into the individual articles, here's a resume of other NEWS and RE-SULTS which I've gathered or have been sent to me during the past couple of months.

ChessFun Tournaments

ChessFun have some interesting Tournament results on their web site:

http://www.geocities.com/chessfun_1999

Three have been played in the current year, and here are the results from them:

Valentine's Tournament

G/30+3 on P3/945MHz

| Pos | Program | Score/100 |
|-----|--------------------------------|-----------|
|]= | Deep Fritz Chess Tiger 13.0 | 581/2 |
| 3 | Gambit Tiger 1.0 | 54 |
| 4 | Junior6a | 45 |
| 5 | Fritz6 | 44 |
| 6 | Shredder5 | 40 |

The Tournament was an all-play-all, each

pairing playing 20 games.

Deep Fritz looked likely to win after beating Gambit1.0 by 12-8, whilst Tiger13.0 lost 8-12. But Tiger13.0 caught up with a 15-5 crushing of Shredder, while DF only won 11-9. Obviously it was that loss to Tiger13.0 which also consigned Shredder to bottom place.

Summer Tournament

G/60+3 on P3/945MHZ

| Pos | Program | Score/70 |
|-----|-------------------------------|----------|
|]= | Deep Fritz Gambit Tiger2.0 | 42 |
| 3 | Chess Tiger14.0 | 40 |
| 4 | Hiarcs732 | 331/2 |
| 5 | Junior6a | 33 |
| 6 | Deep Junior6.0 | 321/2 |
| 7 | Fritz6 | 30 |
| 8 | Nimzo8 | 27 |

This time the all-play-all pairings met each other over 10 games, and again the top 3 are a long way ahead of the rest. Also Deep

Fritz once more seemed likely to win until Tiger2.0 got a big win, this time 8-2 over bottom marker, Nimzo.

Finally we have their Young Talents Tourny, pitting the various programs on the ChessBase Young Talents CD in a 40/2 double round all-play-all. Three other well known programs were included to produce a useful comparison: Crafty, Comet and Nimzo2000. This enables us to estimate ratings for the various entrants:

Young Talents Tournament

40/2 on Celeron/433

| Pos | Program | SS rating | Score/20 | Elo Perf |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|
| 1 | SOS | 2534 | 131/2 | 2562 |
| 2 | Crafty 17.11 | 2500 | 121/2 | 2522 |
| 3 | Comet B23 | | 12 | 2502 |
| 4= | lkarus v0.18 Goliath Light | 2514 | 11 11 | 2462 2462 |
| 6 | Phalanx XXII | | 10 | 2422 |
| 7 | Patzer 3.11a | | 9 | 2382 |
| 8= | wbNimzo2000b Gromit 3.1 | | 8½ 8½ | 2362 2362 |
| 10 | AnMon 5.07 | | 71/2 | 2322 |
| 11 | Yace | | 61/2 | 2282 |

It is nice to be able to put an Elo figure on a reasonably recent version of the **Crafty** program, though Crafty 18.08 was the latest version I got from the *ChessBase* site a while ago, and is no doubt even better still.

Also the **Gromit** result is interesting in view of its performance in the **WMCC**, which readers will see elsewhere - clearly it must have improved considerably since the launch of the *Young Talents* CD!

Alvaro Benlloch's results

Quite a few people still enjoy matching-up their collection of dedicated computers!

Obviously we've covered some of **Rob** van Son's involvements recently - and this issue - and **Alvaro Benlloch** is another Selective Search man who likes to do the same sort of thing.

I know (and understand why) some readers would like to see the magazine concentrate

solely on the big Elo raters of the PC world, but I also have a considerable number of readers who much preferred the days of the dedicated computer (when we had a chance of beating them - always good for our Ego (!) ratings), and still use them regularly!

So I hope we can all bear with each other - and me! - whilst I try to include something for eveyone's enjoyment within these pages.

Alvaro has been mainly testing his Mephisto Magellan against a range of the top dedicated machines. Clearly the Magellan (a Franz Morsch program) does very well at the really fast time controls:

G/15

| Magellan | Portorose 68020 (Lang) | 7-1 |
|----------|------------------------|-----|
| Magellan | Almeria 68020 (Lang) | 5-1 |

But a slight lengthening of the time clearly makes a big difference, Magellan collapses:

G/30

| Magellan | RISC2 (Schroder) | 3-7 |
|----------|------------------------|-----------|
| Magellan | Vancouver 68000 (Lang) | 21/2-71/2 |

Finally we find a further lengthening to true tournament time control, and the Magellan recovers! Strange indeed:

40/2

| Magellan | Fidelity Mach4 (Spracklen) | 4-4 |
|----------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Magellan | RISC2 (Schroder) | 6-6 |
| Magellan | Elite v9 68030 (Spracklen) | 41/2-11/2 |

Only the results from the last Table have gone into the *Selective Search* ratings.

Note the small peculiarity - having 'only' drawn 4-4 with the Elite 68020, you'd expect it to get easily beaten by the Elite 68030, which is about 3 times as fast. Instead the Magellan now wins! However Alvaro tells me that the Mach4 68020 saved some 'lost' endgames and, he felt, got a better result than it deserved.

Next up for the Magellan is the Mephisto London Pro and then, for the nostalgic amongst us, Alvaro will run a 'Dedicated circa 1800 Elo' tournament!

Harald Faber - update on TIGER scores

Harald is continuing a major test on the Tiger versions on the ChessBase Tiger14.0 CD, so here are his comparative scores after 3 complete cycles:

40/2 Tiger version Test results

| | CTig14.0 | GambT2 | GT2 aggr | Total/30 |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|
| Shredder4 | 31/2-61/2 | 3-7 | 31/2-61/2 | 10 |
| Shredder5 | 31/2-61/2 | 4-6 | 21/2-71/2 | 10 |
| Shredder532 | 4-6 | 71/2-21/21 | 4-6 | 151/2 |
| Hiarcs732 | 41/2-51/2 | 4-6 | 31/2-61/2 | 12 |
| Nimzo8 | 4-6 | 3-7 | 41/2-51/2 | 111/2 |
| ChessAcademy | 1-9 | 0-10 | 1/2-91/2 | 11/2 |
| Junior6a | 51/2-41/2 | 41/2-51/2 | 21/2-71/2 | 121/2 |
| Junior7 | 3-7 | 41/2-51/2 | 51/2-41/2 | 13 |
| Fritz6e | 41/2-51/2 | 51/2-41/2 | 41/2-51/2 | 141/2 |
| Deep Fritz | 5-5 | 5-5 | 31/2-61/2 | 131/2 |
| Total/100 | 611/2 | 59 | 651/2 | |

- There's a rider (an English expression meaning all is not 100% as it seems!): the Tiger versions played on an Athlon/600 whilst the opposition always used an Athlon/500. Not a major difference, and the results remain very interesting but cannot be used for rating purposes.
- The ChessAcademy engine comes with Wit Braslawski's database program of the same name... and is obviously a long way behind all the market leaders.
- Final totals are affected rather by the unexpected Shredder score against Gambit2.
- That said, Gambit <u>aggressive</u> appears here to perform stronger than the standard Gambit version a tip Claudio Bollini (who met Christophe Theron during the 'Tiger' tournament in Argentina) gave me, which Harald Faber obviously also picked up on!
- The 'standard' configuration of Tiger14 comes second... I use this more than other Tiger versions or settings, because I think it gives steadier analytical help.
- Of the programs playing against 'the Three Musketeers', Shredder532 obviously does best, helped by that single big win. The Fritz versions do well, and Junior7 appears only nominally better than Junior6 (maybe its more aggressive style works out better

on the very fastest of processors, or in dual/quad format).

Harald will next play the same match-ups using GambitTiger2 on aggr/sel=8 setting!? I'll update the Table in our next issue.

Frank HOLT's Tiger scores

| | Fritz6 | Hiarc732 | Junior6 | Total/36 |
|------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| GamTiger2 | 9-3 | 6-6 | 7-5 | 22 |
| ChTiger 14 | 41/2-71/2 | 8-4 | 61/2-51/2 | 19 |
| Total/24 | 101/2 | 10 | 101/2 | |

In the match between the two Tiger versions the score was:

■ GambitTiger2 - ChessTiger14 6-6 (!)

Late News from Claudio Bollini

Claudio has just sent me the following from an all-play-all, 20 games between each pairing, involving 4 top-rated new programs.

The time control was G/30+2 on P3/550MHz machines. Claudio used 10 Nunn positions to play the games, so it's an engine test and not a book test, which is what some matches can be!

| | | CT14 | J7 | DF | S532 | /60 |
|---|---------------|-------------|------|-------|------|-------|
| 1 | ChessTiger 14 | Х | 91/2 | 10 | 13 | 321/2 |
| 2 | Junior7 | 101/2 | X | 101/2 | 11 | 32 |
| 3 | DeepFritz | 10 | 91/2 | х | 10 | 291/2 |
| 4 | Shredder532 | 7 | 9 | 10 | Х | 26 |

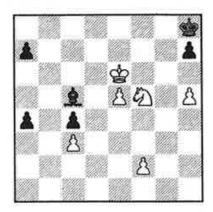
Let's Finish with some CHESS!

Bill Reid prepares a 'tricky for computers' position for us each month. Readers are invited to send in both their own and their computer's best efforts - some of the latter have not been too good so far (which is the idea!), so let's see how we've got in with the SS/95 position!

<u>Preamble</u>: In the diagram which follows, there's no way White (to move) can stop the Black a-pawn from queening, and the c5-bishop is covering the advance of White's own passed e5-pawn. So is resignation the best idea? In the event that White

determines to fight on, what move gives the best chance for creating some counter-chances?

Bill Reid- 3, SS95. White to move



Bill Reid: With all those pawns lining up to queen, it's hard for programs to analyse this position out. So they follow their algorithm (probably around Black350) and go 1. \$\ddots\$ d5.

To our eye this is no better than resigning anyway: 1...a3 2.堂xc5 (2.e6 a2 3.堂xc5 堂g8 transposes) 2...a2 3.e6 堂g8 4.包e7+ 堂f8 and Black queens next move to win easily.

Whereas 1.\$\Delta f7\$ is worth at least a shot! It makes no attempt to interfere with the queening of Black's a-pawn, but it does hold out the promise of causing problems for Black's king, which is looking a bit isolated in the corner!

In fact the White player who goes in for this line will, unlikely as it may seem, save

the half point!

1...a3 2.心h4 h6 Not 2...a2? as 3.心g6+ hxg6 4.hxg6 is m/8. 3.心g6+ 3.e6 a2 4.e7 毫xe7 5.心g6+ 查h7 6.心xe7 transposes to main line 3...哈h7 4.e6 a2 5.e7 毫xe7 5...a1營?? 6.e8營 and White mates! 6.心xe7 a1營 7.心g6 Threatening perpetual check with Nf8-g6-f8 etc. It's at this point the programs begin to realise the position is drawn. 7...營a3 The computers' move! Our readers probably recognised the draw, if not from the start, certainly after Ng6+, so they'd likely allow the quickest possible finish here with 7...營xc3 8.心f8+ 8.f4 8...a5 9.f5 and a draw!

<u>Roy Neil</u>: Rebel Decade failed on this. Fritz6 chose the right move but with a -4 eval. It immediately showed the position

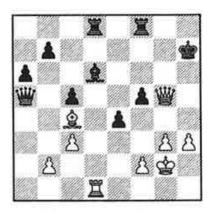
after 8.f4 as 0.00. **CSTal** chose 1.Kf7 soonest of the programs he tested, but it changed to f4 after 13ply. After 10 mins none of them had the correct analysis.

Eric: Hiarcs8 failed on 1.Kf7, but showed <B100 within 10 secs after 1...a3, which

was quite good.

Of the other programs I tested 3 did very well! **Shredder532** produced Kf7 after 21secs, though it still had B430 at 1m26. **GambitTiger2** found Kf7 at 1m13 and with a decent evaluation. Best of all was **Junior7** which got Kf7 <u>instantly</u> and showed = after only 37 secs, which was pretty remarkable.

Bill Reid- 4. White to move



After a few positions which gave the computer programs some (!) problems, it's time they had a chance to shine on the tactical ground which should be their strong suit — not a static in sight!

In the diagram White, a rook down, can take the easy way out with 1.營h5+ 空g7 2.營g5+, and the game is drawn. But is there something better?

This time the programs should have 5 minutes to think, and the humans ten! <u>Please</u> send your findings to Eric – if they reach him by the end of October, they can be included within the solution in the next Issue.

The main news in SS/97 will, of course, be of the BrainGames Deep Fritz7 - Vladimir Kramnik match, running in Bahrain from 12/Oct-1/Nov. Play takes place every other day during the 8 game Match! A forecast!? Kramnik by 3-0 or 3-1, the rest draws.

MATCH REPORT: FRITZ6-CHRIS BEAUMONT

MATCH organiser and our Selective Search reader Carl Bicknell has sent me his views of the Fritz6 - Chris Beaumont match.

All the games were covered in issues 94 + 95 and, without wishing to rub it in, I quietly remind readers that FRITZ6 won comprehensively by 9-1!

I commented in SS/95 on F6's grading from the match, and Carl makes the same point: "... it gives it a grade of 211 + 40 = 251 BCF (2608 Elo). Allowing for the breakdown of the Elo/BCF system where there is a >40 BCF (320 Elo) difference between 2 players, this seems to account for the Fritz6 'real' grade of 261, which it could only have achieved by winning every single game!"

The quality of F6's win was underlined as Chris recently won the Clevedon Open! "It's

made me more tactically aware".

Carl goes on to say: "On the P3/933, Fritz was hitting about 750 kN/s on average... the same as IBM's original **Deep Thought** was doing in 1988. However it is clear that Fritz is applying more knowledge to each position, so the 1988 Deep Thought was not actually as fast!"

Some GOOD points:

- Great at handling the clock; a <u>major</u> improvement over Fritz5, F6 uses its time sensibly without ever getting into time trouble.
- 2. Generally speaking a good challenging style of play.
- Tactically very strong compared with other programs in positions where the tactics are multibranched and not too long.
- 4. A great openings book learning feature. You only have to look at the Deep Fritz Deep Junior match to see this. Beaumont got an easy draw in game 1, but we never saw the Slave again! I'm sure other programs do something similar as well, but it really gave the impression that Fritz was learning from the games, and it worried Beaumont.
- 5. No weaknesses that we could see... one thing which really caused Chris to show some respect to the machine (he still praises it!) was the fact that it didn't play one stupid 'computer' move in the whole match.

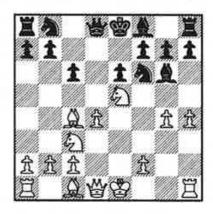
Finally an 'amusing' note for readers to look at! Chris earned praise for managing to get a

super 'Fort Knox' setup in the Centre Counter... but he now believes he has found a serious tactical flaw in it which has been missed by numerous GM's and also by Fritz!

BEAUMONT opening

1.e4 d5 2.exd5 營xd5 3.包c3 營d8 4.d4 包f6 5.兔c4 c6 6.包f3 兔f5 7.包e5 e6 8.g4 兔g6 9.h4

Let's stop here for a moment.



I went to the Opening Report feature in ChessBase, and there found only 2 practised theory moves. One is 9...2b4, which has a mere 25% record for Black! Uuugh.

[a] 10. Eh3 如bd7 11. we2 ended 1-0.

[b] 10.堂fl এxc3 11.bxc3 ended 0-1. [c] 10.f3 এxc2 11.豐xc2 豐xd4 ended 1-0.

[d] 10.h5 &e4 11.0-0 ended 1-0.

The other is the move Chris has played:

9...**2**bd7!?

Now what? I visited the Opening Report again!

10.2xd7 is the top theory move, also what Fritz plays. There are 6 games in the ChessBase database, and White scores just 58% with 10... \(\text{\text{\text{W}}}\)xd7 11.h5 following - so is it best? Black certainly has good chances.

The only other move (played once) is 10.曾e2, but Black won after 2b4 11. 2h3?! 当c7.

However Chris has now found something else for White! Carl and I have looked it over, and we think he's right... White wins! Can you or your computer find what I've just put into the **Hiarcs8** opening book!

CHESS ON THE 'NET!

It's been the best part of 2 years since the remarkable **Garry Kasparov** v **The World** chess game on the Internet - and surprising that there's been no major follow-up considering the success of that event.

Readers may remember the young American superstar **Irina Krush** who ran a massive analytical effort and posted her team's recommendations on an every-other-day basis. Her early sacrificial innovation in the opening caught everyon'e imagination. For much of the game the then World Champion was under enormous pressure, and only managed to win after some major confusion over move 51, when Krush's recommendation (which would have drawn) failed to appear on the web site, and the 'net was swamped with votes for a losing move!

In the absence, at least for the moment, of a Kramnik or Anand or Kasparov v The World re-match, the Internet chess family has opted for 'one day a move' challenges against some of the top software programs.

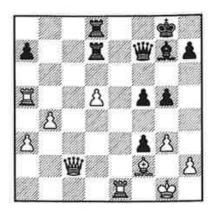
As a result of this **Tiger14** became the first program to beat 'The World', closely followed by **Century3**. After that came a drawn game involving **Gambit Tiger2**. And so we come to the turn of last year's World Computer Champion, **Shredder5**.

Deep SHREDDER - INTERNET

[B25. Closed Sicilian]

I'm showing the opening moves without comment, as it's the arrival of the late middle-game which is of greatest interest.

1.e4 c5 2.包c3 包c6 3.g3 g6 4.皇g2 皇g7 5.d3 d6 6.f4 e6 7.包f3 包ge7 8.0-0 0-0 9.皇e3 包d4 10.皇f2 包ec6 11.包xd4 包xd4 12.e5 dxe5 13.fxe5 皇xe5 14.包e4 f5 15.包xc5 營c7 16.b4 皇g7 17.c3 包b5 18.豆c1 包xc3 19.營d2 營e5 20.豆fe1 營f6 21.包xb7 皇xb7 22.皇xb7 豆ad8 23.皇g2 豆f7 24.d4 包b5 25.d5 冟fd7 26.豆c6 包d4 27.豆c5 e5 28.營c1 e4 29.營c4 包f3+ 30.皇xf3 exf3 31.a3 營f7 32.邑a5 g5 33.營c2

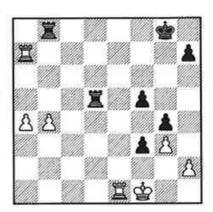


The position we've reached appears to offer both sides chances — the Shredder passed pawns certainly looked poised to cause some stress. But the Internet gang have their eyes on the White king, which is unpleasantly boxed—in

33...g4! 34.a4 曾h5 35.曾c4 曾h3! 36.曾f1 曾xf1+ 37.含xf1 &c3 38.邑b1 邑b8 39.邑xa7

Is 39. &xa7 any better? I'm not sure after 39... 萬xb4 40. 萬xb4 &xb4 41. 萬b5 萬xa7 42. 萬xb4 魯f7∓

39... axd5 40. de1 dxe1 41. axe1



41...国d2!

The crunch move. I'm not sure that White has a defence after this!

42.**国ae7**

If 42. 国ee7, trying to get either some sort of perpetual, or keep Black's king pinned on the 8th rank, then 42... 国xh2 43. 由g1! (best) 43... 国h3 44. 由f2 国d8 45. 国g7+ 由h8 46. 国ad7 国xd7 47. 国xd7, and now would come 47... f4! 48. gxf4 国h2+ 49. 由g3 国g2+ 50. 由h4 f2 wins

42... 虽xh2 43. 虽e8+ 虽xe8 44. 虽xe8+ 也行 Everybody's tablebases went to work overnight and, by the next morning, Shredder was showing Re5 expecting Kf6 with a big minus evaluation (>800). Everyone else saw pretty much the same from their own Tiger-Fritz-Junior etc. tablebases, so they pulled Shredder's plug! 0-1

The next game was played in the same vein, but here against a collection of the top PC programs: Fritz, Shredder, Junior, Tiger, Century and Hiarcs... the Computers' majority vote v the Internet majority vote!

The game is <u>very</u> interesting because of a total and sudden collapse in the computer position... and not one of them saw it coming, though thinking for 12 hours per move! Generally we call the programs 'Masters of Tactics', but it's clear that they are still blind to some forms of attack until it's too late!

INTERNET - Global COMPUTERS

1.e4 c5 2.ᡚf3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.ᡚxd4 a6 5.ᡚc3 ᡚc6 6.奠e2 c7 7.ᡚxc6

This was new to my database, though interestingly it's the sort of move Hiarcs6 often wanted to make, even when it was Bxc6 rather than the game's Nxc6. It evaluated the weakness of the subsequent isolated a-pawn as greater than the loss of bishop for knight. Another quirk it had was, given a choice of re-capturing with the b7 or d7 pawns, it liked to do it with the d7 pawn! This meant (to Hiarcs6) a pawn group on the a-b-c files, and another on the $e^{-f}-g^{-h}$ files, which it preferrred to having an isolated a-pawn, even though [i] capturing towards the centre is the general rule-of-thumb, and [ii] an isolated a-pawn is not as bad as a centrally isolated pawn... in fact arguments are still current on whether and when that is good or bad anyway! Mark Uniacke spent ages re-evaluating these pawn structures to stop it happening so often, but now the human contingent 'discover' it against the PC programs!

Usual are: a. 7.0-0 \$16 8.\$e3 or Kh1; b. 7.\$e3 \$16 or b5;

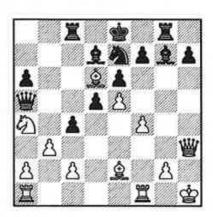
c. 7.f4 b5 (7... 包xd4 8. 幽xd4 b5) 8. 包xc6 幽xc6

7...bxc6 8.營d4 国b8 9.0-0 Qd6 10.營xg7 Qxh2+ 11.內h1 Qe5 12.營g5 d5 13.f4 Qf6 14.營g3 Qe7 15.營d3 国g8 16.e5 Qg7 17.b3

c5 18. ga3 營a5 19. Qa4 c4 20. 營h3 皇d7 21. 皇d6!

An awesome square for the bishop with Black's king stuck in the centre.

21...国c8



22.c3!

Tempting the computers to play Bxa4, to get an evaluation 'bonus' for White's doubled pawns and have a chance of a subsequent pawn grab. The idea is to get the bishop away from protecting e6+f5. The attack will finally hit f7, but the computers are unaware of this!

If the White team had played their devastating 23rd move here, the outcome is much less certain!: 22.f5 exf5 23.象xe7 (23.象h5 公g6) 23... 含xe7 24.至xf5 多xf5 25.譽xf5. Both lines seem close to equal

22...\@xa4

A unanimous vote from the PC programs, all of which also expected the 'automatic' recapture 23.bxa4. Now comes the bigger shock.

23.f5!!

Superb... though I heard that Gambit Tiger2 was one source for this move! 23... 4xf5

An overnight think by the programs persuaded them that matters would only get worse and there was no answer to the various threats, especially the further potential sac' on f5, so the game was resigned on their behalf. Programmers will want to study the game from around move 18, to help their engines recognise this type of deadly and hidden attack. 1-0

World [micro!?] Computer Champs - MAASTRICHT, Aug 2001

This VITAL EVENT seemed to sneak right up on me - perhaps because neither Mark Uniacke nor I could get time off to take Hiarcs8, I'd half forgotten when it was!

One or two other programs were also missing and, as you'd expect, there was the usual controversy just before the Event!

Initially the Tournament was limited to **single** processor PC's only, in an attempt to keep all the hardware at least reasonably similar. Otherwise you end up with something like Lennox Louis fighting Barry McGuigan!

But 'somebody' didn't like that (I'll leave you to guess who!) and put pressure on the ICCA and David Levy to allow dual and quad processor machines as well. The argument is that they're 'readily available', but still not that many folk have them, many programs are single processor versions only, and they definitely stretch the expression 'Micro' Computer!

However at the last minute David Levy relented and changed the rules, but insisted that there would be split titles: one for programs on multi-processors, and one for programs on singles. Furthermore no program could enter for both titles!

Other Tournament conditions

The event was to be over 9 rounds using a 60/2hours +G/30 finish time control, and an accelerated Swiss pairing kept the main contenders apart for round 1.

The Seedings

Here's the seedings list, topped by **Shredder** as the defending Champion, and not altered after the decision to allow multi units was made. I've tried to make a clear distinguishing between the **single** and **multi** processor entries.

| | Program | | Processor/s |
|----|-------------|-----------|------------------|
| 1 | Shredder | M-Kahlen | AMD 1400 |
| 2 | FERRET | Moreland | Dual Athlon 1200 |
| 3 | QUEST | Morsch | Dual P3 1000 |
| 4 | JUNIOR | Ban-Bush | Dual P3 1000 |
| 5 | Rebel | Schroder | Athlon 1400 |
| 6 | Chess Tiger | Theron | Athlon 1300 |
| 7 | Gandalf | Suurballe | Athlon 1300 |
| 8 | CRAFTY | Hyatt | Dual Athlon 1400 |
| 9 | Ruy-Lopez | Begu-Mor | Athlon 1300 |
| 10 | DIEP | Diepeveen | Dual 1200 |
| 11 | IsiChess | Isenberg | Athlon 1330 |
| 12 | Pharaon | Zibi | Athlon 1300 |
| 13 | Tao | Hamstra | P3 700 |
| 14 | PARSOS | Huber | Dual P3 1000 |
| 15 | Gromit | Skibbe | Athlon 1400 |
| 16 | Xinix | Werten | P3/866 |
| 17 | Goliath | Borgstadt | Athlon 1400 |
| 18 | Spider Girl | Giepmans | AMD 1200 |

- Quest is always Franz Morsch's name for a Fritz version he's 'working on' he has stated categorically that it is <u>not</u> the Deep Fritz version due to meet Kramnik, but is tuned for play against computers.
- Pharaon is the new name for ZChess.



In **ROUND 1** all but one of the results went in the favour of the top 9 seeds. The odd one out was **Shredder** which only drew with **Diep**.

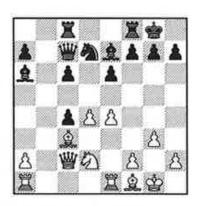
ROUND 2 saw 2 fairly remarkable games in a Tournament which was marked for:

Recoveries to win from apparently lost positions

The power of the pawn! Some programs seemed markedly better than others at getting and using energetic pawns!

Here's one!

Chess Tiger - DualQuest
1.d4 包f6 2.c4 e6 3.包f3 b6
4.g3 &a6 5.b3 &b4+ 6.&d2
&e7 7.&g2 c6 8.&c3 d5
9.包e5 包fd7 10.包xd7 包xd7
11.包d2 0-0 12.0-0 罩c8 13.e4
b5 14.罩e1 dxc4 15.bxc4
bxc4 16.營c2 營c7 17.&f1



Shredder v Junior in 1998 reached this position! Jun-ior tried Nb6 and won the game!

17...皇f6 18.国ac1 c5! 19.e5 皇g5 20.f4 皇e7 21.公xc4

The series of exchanges is good for Black, but Tiger had little choice

21...<u>\$</u>xc4 22.<u>\$</u>xc4 cxd4 23.\$h2

The pawn cannot be taken, as if 23.\(\frac{a}{2}xd4?\)\(\frac{a}{2}a3\) wins rook for bishop

23...**夕**b6 24.**皇**d3 豐xc2 25.**居**xc2 **居**xc2 26.**皇**xc2

So Black comes out a (weak) pawn ahead 26...**Ξd8 27.Ξd1 &c5 28.**&d3

26.... Ed8 27. Ed1 皇c5 28. 皇d3 f6

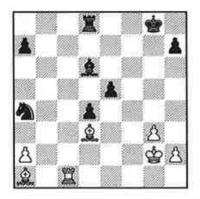
Seeking exchanges — but the usual rule is, when a pawn ahead exchange pieces. This is un—Fritz—like and only breaks up his own pawn structure more, giving White some targets 29.exf6 gxf6 30.\(\frac{1}{2} \) 24

31. al e5 32. ag Of course White could not exchange this time, as it would leave Quest with connected passed pawns

32...**2b6** 33.fxe5

Mv mistake!

33...fxe5 34.星e1 皇c7 35.星c1 皇d6

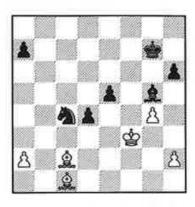


Surely Black must win or draw from here?!
36.2f5 \(\text{2b8} \) 37.\(\text{Ec6} \) \(\text{Eb6} \)

38.邑xb6 **公xb6 39.**亞f3 **亞g7** 40.g4 h6 41.皇b2

Re—activating the bishop at last, but surely White's only hope is still to try and draw

41...\$e7?! 42.\$c2 \$\times c4 43.\$c1 \$\times g5\$



This looks like a reason—able idea, but watch the bishop get trapped here by its own king

44.\d3 \d\b6

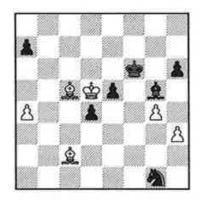
Not 44...\(\exists xc1\)? 45.\(\exists xc4\) and the opposite coloured bishops make the draw very likely

45.\(\hat{2}\)a3 \(\Delta\)a4 46.\(\hat{2}\)b4 \(\Delta\)b2 47.\(\hat{2}\)c2 \(\Delta\)c4 48.\(\hat{3}\)\(\Delta\)f6

See note to move 43 49. **2e4 2d2**+ 50. **2ed5**!?

50.\(\pmax\) xd2 \(\pmax\) xd2 would be opposite coloured bishops again, and very drawish, so credit to Tiger for producting the aggressive and visionary Kd5 when a pawn down!

50...එf3 51.a4! එg1 52.<u>\$</u>c5



Now we can see that the issue is the two pawns on the a-file!

52...a5?!

Perhaps 52... \Dxh3?! 53.\&xa7 by capturing the

pawn on a7 White appears to get an easier finish! 53... \(\Delta f2 \) (53... \(\Delta d2! \) might save it in this line as well as our next) 54.a5! and how is the pawn to be stopped? 54... \(\Delta xg4 \) 55.a6 \(\Delta e3 + \) 56.\(\Delta e4 \) \(\Delta xc2 \) 57.\(\Delta c5 \) and White wins;

52...a6! was the other way to defend the pawn for as long as possible, but 53.皇d3 公xh3 54.皇xa6 公f2 55.a5. This seems to be working out the same as in our note to 52...Nxh3, but 55...皇d2! 56.皇b6 皇c3 57.皇c4 皇xa5 58.皇xa5 公xg4 How do we classify this? Equal! Uncertain!!! 53.皇b6 公xh3

53... 2d2 might have saved the game, though 54.h4 would still leave me a little worried

54.ዿxa5 &f2 55.ዿd8+!! Aaaah!

55...**.**\$g7 56**.**\$xg5 hxg5 57.a5 d3 58**.**\$a4! e4

58...e4 59. \$\Delta d4\$ wins. 1-0

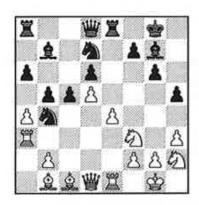
And here's the other! A tactical blockbuster from Ferret.

Dual Ferret - Gandalf

1.e4 e5 2.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$f3 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$c6 3.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$b5 a6 4.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$a4 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$f6 5.0-0 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$e7 6.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$e1 b5 7.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$b3 d6 8.c3 0-0 9.h3 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$b7 10.d4 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$e8 11.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$bd2 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$f8 12.a4 h6 13.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$c2 exd4 14.cxd4 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$b4 15.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$b1 g6 16.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$a3 \$\tilde{\Omega}\$g7 17.\$\tilde{\Omega}\$h2

17.e5 dxe5 18.dxe5 ♠h5 0-1 in 32. Anand-Kamsky 1995

17...c5 18.d5 包d7 19.包df3 19.包df1 bxa4 20.包g4 也h7 21.至xa4 營e7 ½-½ in 23. Peredy—Arnold 1995 19...h5N

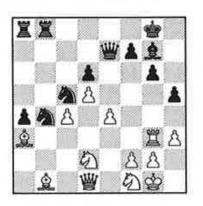


Although new, I think this move is fine — my impres—sion is that the opening does slightly favour Black as long as he can make full use of the queenside dangerous—looking pawn majority. 19... \Db6 20.axb5 axb5 1-0 in 43. Khalifman—Gavrilov 1994

20.包f1 bxa4 21.豐xa4 a5 22.包e3 皇a6 23.豐d1 c4 24.包d2 包e5 25.居f1 豐b6 26.內h2 c3 27.bxc3 皇xf1 28.豐xf1 包a6 29.屆b3?!

29. &c2 is probably better, but 29... 公c5 30. 公b3 公xb3 31. &xb3 罩ec8 leaves Black with an initiative

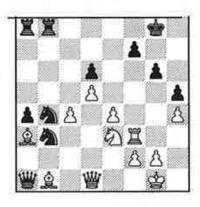
29... 世c7 30.c4 包b4 31. 世d1 包d7! 32. 包ef1 包c5 33. 置f3 a4 34. 全g1 置eb8 35. 置g3 世e7 36. 含a3



Although the dangerous pawn has been blocked, White's pieces lack co-ordination, and it seems mainly to be a question of what Gandalf can do to

bring in the win. The steady improvement in his position move—by—move has so far been excellent

36... **Q**e5 37. **Z**e3 **Q**f4 38. **Z**f3 **W**e5 39. h4 **Q**h6 40. **Q**e3 **Q**b3 41. **Q**df1 **Q**xe3 **W**a1



We need this diagram, as it is probably the key moment of the game. Certainly it was White's 44th move—the exchange sacrifice in a probably losing position—which attracted the atten—tion (and the Brilliancy Prize!), but programmer Bruce Moreland believes that the next move is the real key. Pretty well all the programs evaluate Black at +200 or more at this posi—tion

43.e5!?

As things turn out maybe 43... \(\Delta d4 \) would have been better, but you certainly can't blame Gandalf at all for the move it played 44.\(\Ex\frac{71?}{2} \) \(\Delta x\frac{17!?}{2} \)

Though the evaluation will have been dropping throughout this search, it wont have gone below around B300 I shouldn't think and, once more you can't blame Gandalf for going with this.

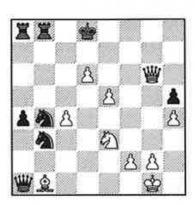
Here, though, are 2 possi-

ble alternatives:

44...dxe5?? 45. 鱼xg6 邑a7 (appears to be best, though it wont save the day!) 46. 巴xf5! 巴a1+ (46... 巴xf7 47. 鱼xf7+ also m/8) 47. 由h2 巴xf7 m/7;

44... 当c1! Forcing a queen exchange which blunts White's planned attack 45. 当xc1 (45. 当f6? is worse: 45... 当xd1+ 46. ①xd1 dxe5 47. 虽xg6+ 全f7 wins easily) 45... ②xc1 46. ②xg6 ②e2+ 47. 全h2 宣f8 48. 国b7 a3 looks more than enough to win

45.營f3+ 空g8 46.營f6 營a1 47.營e6+ 空f8 48.營xd6+ 空e8 49.營xg6+ 空d8 50.d6!



Of course we see that the queen and these c-d-e pawns are very strong, but Black has so much material, surely he can still win!? Only if he's given chance to use it!

50...\$c8??

This gives Ferret too much counterplay. Hiarcs8's 'saving' move would have been: 50... \Bb7 and now 51.e6 \Bg7 52.e7+ \Bxe7

53.dxe7+ ∰xe7 54. ∰b6+ Фe8 and here 55.c5 or Bg6+ may well lead to a draw;

Tiger would choose
50... 對xe5 and now 51.皇f5
国a7 52.曾g5+ 国e7
53.曾g8+ which looks even
more like a draw
51.曾f7

Mate threat: Qc7 51...營xb1+ 52.營h2 △a6 53.e6

Mate threat: Qd7. Ferret would be showing around W100 by now (Tiger, for example, shows W138) 53... △bc5 54.e7 ∰e4 55.d7+ △xd7

Hello! Unfortunately for Black a clever series of queen checks will win the pawn. If 60... 查xc4 61. 豐f7! 61.豐f5 查xc4 62.包e3+ 查c3 63.豐c2+ 查b4 64.豐c4+ 查a5 65.豐c3+ 查b5

If 65... 含a4 66. ②c2! 66. 曾b3+ 含c6 67. 曾a4+ 含b6 68. 曾xa3 呂h8 69. 曾d6+ 含b5 70. 曾e5+ ②c5 71. 曾b2+ 含c6 72. 曾f6+ 含b5 73. ②d5 呂hc8 74. 曾b2+ 含c6 75. ②e7+

Also in round 2:

DJunior - Ruy-Lopez 1-0 Shredder - Pharaon 1-0 Crafty - Rebel 1-0!

There were no especially interesting games in ROUND

3, despite the fact that the top programs were starting to meet each other:

Chess Tiger - DFerret 1-0 DCrafty - DJunior 0-1 Shredder - DQuest 0-1 Rebel - DDiep 1-0

Leaders after 3 rounds:

| 1= | ChessTiger, DJunior | 3 |
|----|--|------|
| | | 21/2 |
| 3= | DCrafty, DFerret, DQuest, Rebel, Gandalf, Goliath | 2 |

In **ROUND 4** there were more key match-ups, including Junior v Tiger which is shown in a moment. Other main results were:

DFerret - DCrafty draw DQuest - Gandalf 1-0 Goliath - Rebel 0-1 Spider Girl - Shredder 0-1

So DeepQuest and Rebel get up to 3/4, but the Tournament leader would be the winner of the next game!

Dual Junior - Chess Tiger

1.e4 e5 2.ሷf3 ሷc6 3.ሷb5 a6 4.ሷa4 ዺf6 5.0-0 b5 6.ሷb3 ይb7 7.c3 ዺxe4 8.d4 ዺa5 9.ሷc2 exd4 10.ሷxe4 ሷxe4 11.ቯe1 d5 12.ሷxd4 c5 13.ሷf5 g6

13... at the better reputation, but in fact this line is generally considered to be quite favourable to White in most variations 14. ac 2 e 2 e 7 15.f 3 d 4 16.cxd4

Probably the end of the programs' Books

16...cxd4

New. 16... \(\hat{\text{\tin}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi{\texi{\texi\texi{\texi{\texi{\text{\text{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi}\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\

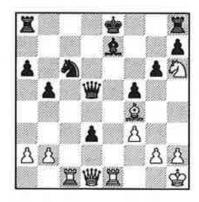


Deep Junior's co-programmer Shay Bushinsky sees the funny side when his program demands a CD-refresh before the game!

It looks pretty equal now 17...f5 18.心h6 兔xb1 19.घxb1 d3 20.兔g5 營d4+ 21.�h1

The eval starts to turn
White's way with this
21... 2c6 22. 基c1 ②e5 23. 集e3
曾d5

23... \(\mathbb{U}xb2\) 24.f4= 24.\(\mathbb{Q}f4\) \(\mathbb{Q}c6\)



25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc6!

A winning exchange sac' 25... 世xc6 26. 世xd3 互d8 27. 世e3 互d7 28. 鱼g5 世c7 29. 世e6 互f8 30. 包g8 世c4 31. 包f6+

So as we come to ROUND 5 DeepJunior has taken sole overall lead. However a draw against DQuest allowed others the chance to close the gap a little:

DQuest - DJunior draw Shredder - DFerret 1-0 Crafty - DDiep draw Gandalf - Goliath 0-1

Here's my choice of the best game from this round. It's between the 2 programs from the 'Rebel stable'!:

Rebel - Chess Tiger

1.e4 c5 2.包f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.包xd4 包f6 5.包c3 a6 6.f4 e5 7.包f3 包bd7 8.a4 皇e7 9.皇d3 0-0 10.0-0 包c5 11.堂h1 exf4 12.皇xf4 皇g4 13.皇e3 国c8 14.a5

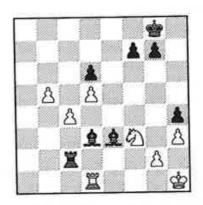


27.国ce1?!

Rebel could have main—tained a slight advantage with 27. 2xg6 營xg6±27...營f4! 28.2f1 h5 29.營d1 巴cc8 30.營e2 h4 31.全g1 2f5 32.營d2 2h7 33.營a2 2d8 34.營a4 2f5 35.全h1 2f6 36.營a2 2g6 37.全g1 2d8



Ed Schroeder and his Rebel-Tiger-Gandalf opening book programmer Jeroen Noomen 'enjoy' watching 2 of their programs meet!



58.4De1?

If Rebel was losing, this ensures its defeat. Here's my quite interesting alternative, which would lead to a tense finish I think: 58. 萬xd3 萬c1+59. 由h2 皇f2 60.g3 hxg3+61. 由g2 萬xc4 62. 萬b3 萬c2 63.h4章 58... 萬xc4 59. 萬xd3 皇b6 60. 萬d1 萬b4 61. 包f3 由h7 62. 萬c1 f6 63. 包d2 萬xb5 64. 包c4 皇c5 65. 萬d1 g5 66. 由h2 由g6 67. 由h1 由f5 68. 禹e1 萬b4 69. 包a5 禹e4 70. 禹d1 禹d4 71. 禹f1+ 由e4

72. 查h2 f5 73. 查h1 国xd5 74. 罩e1+ 鼻e3 75. 包b7 g4 76. hxg4 fxg4 77. 查h2 罩d2 78. 包a5 d5 79. 包b7 查d3 80. 罩b1 0-1

Leaders after 5 rounds:

| 1 | DJunior | 41/2 |
|----|-------------------------|------|
| 2 | ChessTiger | 4 |
| 3= | DQuest, Shredder | 31/2 |
| 5= | DCrafty, Rebel, Goliath | 3 |

DeepJunior was scheduled to meet Shredder in ROUND 6, and is my game of the round involving another amazing turnaround in a game which Shredder was winning all the way. Other key results were:

Chess Tiger - DCrafty draw Rebel - DQuest draw Goliath - Gromit draw DFerret - DDiep 1-0

Dual Junior - Shredder

1.e4 c5 2.包f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.包xd4 包f6 5.包c3 a6 6.皇e3 e6 7.皇e2 營c7 8.f4 b5 9.a3 皇b7 10.皇f3 包bd7 11.包de2 宮c8

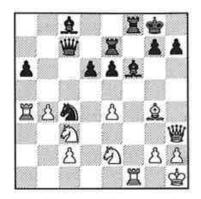
11... \(\Delta c \)5 12. \(\Delta g \)3 h5 is the main Book line
12.0-0 \(\Delta e \)7 13.\(\Delta h \)1

13. d4 was worth con—sidering here and at the next move, to at least delay Black's forthcoming, and annoying, Nd7−b6−c4 manouvre

13...0-0 14.b4 **②**b6! 15.營d3 国fd8 16.f5!? **②**c4 17.fxe6 fxe6 18.**②**d4 国d7 19.**②**xf6

This exchange doesn't look right, and is the start of White's long—term strug—gles. Most other programs increase the eval. of Black's advantage from around +50 to around +100 after this, but J7 still shows =

Hello! I thought we were pursuing k-side operations 22...bxa4 23.\donabre{L}h5
Oh. we are!
23...\donabre{L}f8 24.\donabre{L}g4 \donabre{L}c8
25.\donabre{L}xa4



25... **基ee8?!**

25...\De5! looks better - I can't find a really decent response that doesn't leave me feeling Black is well on its way towards a win!

26. 国aa1 g6 27. 世g3 世b6 J7 itself has this at B100 28. 皇h3 世xb4 29. 世d3 皇g7 30. 耳fb1 世c5

The queen needs to protect the c4/N!

31. 2a4 曾c7 32.c3 国f6

Shredder remains over—cautious in its good posi—tion. Why not 32... \(\mathbb{I}\)f2 Even J7 has B131 with this!

Black's position was obviously stronger with the rooks doubled on the f-file, so the last few moves have been below standard. Even here the retreat R4f6 would have been better

36.室f1?! 喜xf1+ 37.豆xf1 皇d7 38.豆a1 查h8 39.營f1 g5 40.營d1 包e5

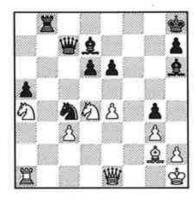
Black's position at move 24 was so good that it's still ahead despite my criticisms! Surely 40...g4! here left it well on top: 41. \(\mathbb{\mathbb{M}}\) xg4



Amir Ban and Shay Bushinsky worry as their Junior struggles against Shredder!

(41. 皇xg4? 包e3 wins)
41... 皇xd4 42.cxd4 皇xa4
43. 閏f4 (White can't recap—
ture with 43. 邑xa4 as there
is no saving answer to
43... 包e3!! threatening
豐c1; 43. 閏f3 皇b5 is much
the same as the game)
43... 皇b5 wins I believe
41.g3 g4

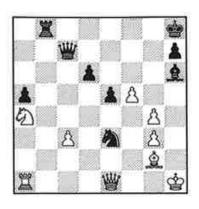
Too late... but even so Black is still ahead. E.g. B190 says Tiger14! 42.皇g2 a5 43.曾c2 罩b8 44.曾c1 公c4 45.曾e1 皇h6



Look at White's kingside pawns here! They will be the key to a White win! 46.h3 2)e3 47.hxg4 e5?

This gives Junior the chance to create a dynamic in his position which — if he gets the opportunity—could finally give him some

chances 47... \\delta c4 was better 48.\delta f5 \delta xf5 49.exf5



And look at those kingside pawns now! They are the source if DJ gets a shock win here when it's really been behind the whole game — and probably still is as long as Shredder plays ac—tively enough!

49... 2 c2?!

49... 国 g8 to do some polic—ing on the pawns was safer. J7 would have played 50. 全 and now 50... 全 2 51. 世 d1 全 xa1 52. 全 d5 全 2 53. 世 xc2 (53. 全 xg8 全 3 54. 世 f3 全 xg8 leaves Black even further ahead) 53... 国 xg4 and J7 has B265! 50. 世 d1 包 xa1 51. 世 xa1



Now Black has won the exchange the victory should still be his!

51...e4 52. 曾d1 e3

Computer assessments of this type of position will be interesting. Tiger for example has B374, but J7 just shows B176! Black's material advantage of R for N would account for +200, so Tiger thinks this makes the Black pawns even stronger, whilst J7 sees more potential in the White pawns!

53.\(\frac{1}{2}\)f3 \(\frac{1}{2}\)g7 \(54.\(\frac{1}{2}\)g2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)e8

55.♠h3

Signs that J7 sees the dynamic potential of his kingside pawns, and is willing to
gamble all on them — I say
gamble, because one could
well think the king should
be kept where it can keep an
eye on Black's e—pawn. The
next critical step will be
getting his a4—N into the
action

55... **營c4 56. ≜e2 營c6 57.g5 ≜e5** B482 **58. △b2!**

J7 on my P3/700 took 7m42 to find this 58...d5?!

58... \(\frac{1}{2}xc3\) 59.\(\frac{1}{2}c1\) \(\frac{1}{2}c5\) had more potential; But 58...\(\frac{1}{2}g8\) was mentioned earlier as a deterrent against the now growing threat from the kingside pawns. Here it was definitely advisable, I think 59.\(\frac{1}{2}d3\) \(\frac{1}{2}xc3\) 60.\(\frac{1}{2}f4\) d4 61.\(\frac{1}{2}h4\)



Crunch time!

61...a4

This to attack! but 61...h6 to defend was just better (or wiser!) I think

62.f6

Fascinating. Tiger has

B468 here, but J7 shows B126

62...罩b8

If 62...a3 63. 当b3 at least copes for White 63. 皇f3 当b5

Heading the wrong way? Again it's a question of at tack or defence! 63... ≝e8 64. ≜d5 and J7 has B40

64.g6

My J7 now has B37 expecting d3

There is no time for this – anyway it was better where it was! 64...d3 W15! 65.g7+ J7 W20

65.g7 +



This makes for a visually exciting finish, but White is home and dry. W663 acording to J7
71.營f3 營b8 72.營h5+ 全e6
73.公xc3 e2 74.營g4+ 全f7
75.全g5 h6+ 76.全xh6 e1營
77.營g6+ 全e6 78.f7+ 全d7
79.營xd3+ 全c7 80.營c4+
全b6

The finish would be 81. 图 b5+ 含a7 82. 图 xb8+ 含xb8 83. f8 图 + 1-0

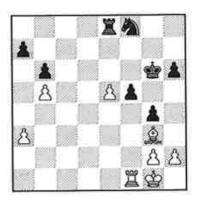
Leaders after 6 rounds:

| 1 | DJunior | 51/2 |
|----|---|------|
| | | 5 |
| 2 | ChessTiger | 41/2 |
| 3 | DQuest | 4 |
| 4= | DCrafty, Shredder, Rebel, Goliath, DFerret, Gromit | 31/2 |

As we come to ROUND 7 it is very clear that someone is going to have to beat Deep Junior, and quickly! The lot, as they say in the record of Jonah, fell on Gromit, which was well on it's way to winning the third title available: World Amateur Champion!

We're joining the game af-

ter 36 moves:



Gromit - Dual Junior

37.\c1

Aiming for the 7th 37... De6! 38.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c4 \(\mathbb{D}\)g5

39.ge1 f4 40.gb4

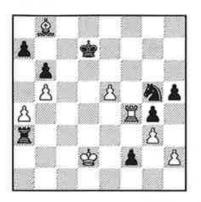
A plan for protecting the pawn on e5 which gets the support of other programs. However it will greatly restrict the bishop's future involvement, and simply Bc3 may have been better

Superb build—up by J7, and his pressure is begin—ning to look more and more dangerous for Gromit.
However the evaluations of both sides were close to even. J7 seems to have an

ability to find dynamic moves and apply pressure (incl. good use of pawns) but without a false over estimate of their potential 42.g3?!

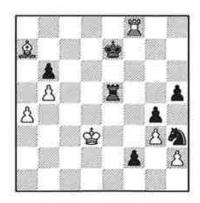
It was probably time to try a counter-attack with 42.a4

Black's knight is now much stronger than White's bishop. DJ showed B76 43. 查f2 包g5 44. 运f4 查e6 45. 查e3 运c8! 46. 查d4 包h7 47. a4 运c2 48. 查d3 运a2 DJ now had B167 49. 象b8 运a3+50. 查d2 包g5 51. 运f6+ 查d7 52. 运f4 f2!



It can't be taken because of the knight fork on e4 53.堂e2 国a2+54.堂f1 包h3 55.国f7+ 堂e8 56.e6

White looks to have a threat, but it's an illusion which quickly vanishes 56... 国 a 1 + 57. 中 e 2 国 e 1 + 58. 中 d 3 国 x e 6 59. 国 f 5 中 d 7 60. 全 x a 7 国 e 5 61. 国 f 7 + 中 e 6 62. 国 f 8 中 e 7!



And now the rook has nowhere to go! Leaving White with only two choices... the move it played, or resign! 63. Exf2 包xf2+64. 全c4 Ee4+65. 全b3 包d3 66. 皇xb6 全d6 67. 全c3 包c5 68. a5 包a4+69. 全d3 Eb4 70. 皇f2 Exb5 71. 皇e1 Ee5 72. 皇d2 包c5+0-1

The other key results were:

Chess Tiger - Goliath draw DQuest - DFerret 1-0 Shredder - Rebel draw Both Crafty and Gandalf beat low ranking opponents.

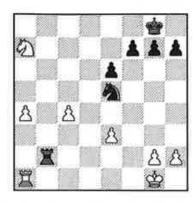
Leaders after 7 rounds

| 1 | DJunior | 61/2! |
|----|--------------------------|--------|
| | | 51/2-6 |
| 2= | DQuest, ChessTiger | 5 |
| 4 | DCrafty | 41/2 |
| 5= | Rebel, Shredder, Goliath | 4 |

The 'last hope' was Rebel in **ROUND 8**, but first let's look at another game:

Shredder - Chess Tiger

1.d4 d5 2.Øf3 Øf6 3.e3 &f5 4.&d3?!



The danger pawn – yes, the subject is pawns again! 25...h5

If 25... \(\Delta\)xc4?! 26.a5! and already the a-pawn may be difficult to stop

26.a5 h4 27.h3 2xc4?!

Well now we shall see!
28.a6 �b6

32... 国d2 seems better 33. 国xh4 国a2 34. ①c6 国a6 35. ②xe5+ 蛰g5 36. 国g4+ 蛰f6 37. ②d7+ 蛰e7 38. ②b8 国a1+ 38... 国xa7?? 39. ②c6+

39.堂h2 堂d6 40.罩d4+ 堂c7 41.罩d7+ 堂b6 42.罩xf7 罩xa7 43.包d7+ 堂c6 44.包e5+ 堂b6 45.包c4+! 堂a6 46.罩xa7+ 堂xa7 47.h4 堂b8

47... \(\Delta\)c7 getting the knight into action was the last (very slim) hope 48. \(\Delta\)d6 g6 49. \(\Delta\)f7 1-0

So now to the round's big one. Apparently Rebel was in book to move 31 - no doubt a specialist piece of preparation by Jeroen Noomen. Let's see if it helps Rebel's cause!

Dual Junior - Rebel

1.d4 වf6 2.වf3 e6 3.c4 b6 4.a3 ĝa6 5. ይc2 ĝb7 6.වc3 c5 7.e4 cxd4 8.වxd4 වc6 9.වxc6 ĝxc6 10.ĝf4 ĝc5 11.ĝe2 0-0

The theory move. Most

programs left to themselves (i.e. not forced to castle by an opening book!) tend to prefer Bd4, but the only game it was tried on my database, White won

12.**\d**1 a5 13.\ddg3!

Some prefer this to the other theory move which is 13.0-0

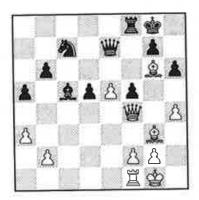
13...增c8 14.e5 **包**e8

My Junior7 book ends here 15.包e4 鱼xe4 16.營xe4 f5 17.營f4!

17.exf6 was seen in a GM game which ended drawn 17...h6 18.h4 曾c7 19.0-0 国d8 20.皇h5 d6!

Aiming to solve both backward pawn problems. The d and b-pawns are both kept backward by c4 in the main, but also by e5. Now e5 is bypassed, and c4 exchanged!

21.營d2 d5 22.cxd5 鼍xd5 23.營f4 營e7 24.鼍xd5 exd5 25.皇g6 包c7



26.h5

We reach the position in which, according to reports,



Junior crashes just before its vital game against Rebel, keeping Shay Bushinsky busy again!

Rebel was actually IN BOOK. It's a slight surprise to see Black exiting book in a prepared opening with little or no advantage at all, other than on the clock

32.gxf3

J7 had passed pawns —
that theme again! — which
were in part doubled
against Shredder in an ear—
lier round. Perhaps it knows
more or evaluates them dif—
ferently to other programs?!

32...曾g5+ 33.皇g3 皇c5 34.由h1 包f4 35.曾e4 b5



It looks close to even, you'd only favour White very slightly I think

36.e6 ≜e7

If 36...b4? 37.\(\textit{\textit{2}}\)f7! (blocks off the rooks protection for the f4-knight) 37...\(\textit{\textit{2}}\)xh5 38.\(\textit{2}\)h4!

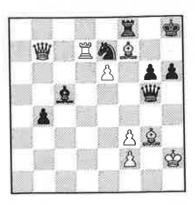
37.\$f7 2xh5 38.\$h2

Compared with my previous note, 38. Lh4 doesn't

38... 包f6 39. 世b7 世c5 40. 皇g3 b4 41. 呂a1 呂d8 42. 皇g6 世c3 43. 呂b1 包g8 44. 中g2 世f6 45. 皇f7 皇c5 46. 世b5 呂c8?!

46... 營g5 may have been more restricting and troublesome for White 47. **Ed1 ②e7** 48. **Ed7 營g5!**

47.Ed1 ①e7 48.Ed7 曾g5 49.曾b7 置f8 50.全h2 g6



51.營e4!

Very strong, this threatens Bh4!

51...**쌀h**5+

51... 🖺 f5 52. 🗒 xf5 🖸 xf5
53. 🗘 xg6 🖸 xg3 54.fxg3 and
now he can't stop the epawn without losing material! 54... 🖺 f6 seems the best
idea, but 55. 🚊 f7 🗒 xf3 56.e7

½ xe7 57. 🗒 xe7 and here
Black's b-pawn would be a
threat if only he could get
his rook behind it... and he
can't! 57... b3 58. 🖺 b7 b2
59. ½ a2 🗒 f2 + 60. 🔄 h3. It's
all typically intricate endgame stuff, but I think White
wins!

52. 查g2 豐f5 53. 豐c4

As you'll guess from my analysis above, I'd have exchanged queens

53...b3

If instead 53... \mathbb{A}a8 to keep the b3 'last chance' pawn, but then 54.\mathbb{A}c7! \mathbb{A}a5 55.\mathbb{A}xe7! \mathbb{A}xe7 56.\mathbb{M}c8+

型g7 57. 營g8+ 查f6 58. 皇h4+ wins some heavy artillery 54. 營xb3

54. 里 c7 might have been good in this variation, as in the note above 54... 由 f 7 55. 皇 h 4 智 f 4 56. 智 b 5 包 f 5 57. 皇 g 3 世 g 5 58. f 4 智 h 5 59. 智 b 7 世 e 2 60. 皇 e 8 + 皇 g 8 61. 皇 x g 6 皇 x f 2 62. 皇 x f 2 世 g 4 + 63. 皇 f 1 世 x g 6 64. 智 b 3 皇 h 8 65. e 7 邑 e 8 66. 皇 c 5 世 a 6 + 6 7. 皇 e 1 皇 g 7 6 8. 皇 b 4 世 g 6 6 9. 邑 d 8 皇 h 7 ? !

Against a human you'd surely want the program to seek a perpetual (or even a win by opponent's blunder). and tactics can bring that about if White doesn't take great care against a marauding queen and knight. quickly-done line that probably sees White to safety, but readers may like to check it properly for themselves: 70. 含d2 曾f2+ 71.由d1 包e3+72.由c1 營f1+73. 由b2 營e2+ 74. 色c3 營e1+ 75. 色d3 營f1+ 76. 查e4 營g2+ 77. Фe5. I think that's got White home for the full point. If my analysis is reasonable, then this would be a better chance against a computer and a human 70.曾c4 包g7 71.皇c5 曾f5 72. 由d2 由h8 73. 当a4 当g6 74.由c1 由h7 75.四d7 四f7 76. 世d3+ 查g8 77. 世e4 h5 78.**鼻f2! h4?!**

Rebel has put up a pretty good rearguard action, but this slightly strange move brings it to an end 79.2xh4 2h5

White would probably play Bf6, and Black only has a few delaying checks, so Ed Schroder resigned for his program 1-0

The overall Tournament is over, with DeepJunior a long way clear. But there's still the battle for the single processor title to be decided.

Leaders after 8 rounds

| 1 | DJunior | 71/2! |
|----|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | | 6-7 |
| 2 | DQuest | 51/2 |
| 3= | Chess Tiger, Shredder, DCrafty | 5 |
| 6= | Goliath, Gromit, Gandalf | 41/2 |

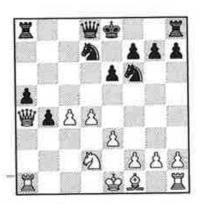
In the final **ROUND 9** Shredder had Black v Ruy-Lopez, and Tiger White v Parsos. You'd expect both to win!

But before that, let's take a look at DeepCrafty v Gromit.

Crafty has been doing well - 'we' tend to rate it around 100 Elo below the top, but maybe not! Gromit is doing much better than you'd expect compared with the quite moderate version on the *Young Talents* CD, and is chasing the Amateur title.

Gromit - Dual Crafty

1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.包f3 dxc4 4.e3 b5 5.a4 c6 6.axb5 cxb5 7.b3 **\$b4+ 8.\$d2 \$xd2+** 9.包bxd2 a5 10.bxc4 b4 11.包e5 包f6 12.營a4+ **\$d7** 13.包xd7 包bxd7



Probably the end of the opening books. White's

excellent and threatening central pawn structure may not be as dangerous as Blacks a+b pawns
14. \$\frac{1}{2}\$e2 0-0 15.0-0 \$\frac{1}{2}\$a8
16. \$\frac{1}{2}\$fb1 e5 17. \$\frac{1}{2}\$f3 \$\frac{1}{2}\$a8
18. \$\dxe5 \times 64 19. \$\frac{1}{2}\$d1 \$\frac{1}{2}\$a7?!
20. \$\frac{1}{2}\$d3 g6 23.e6 fxe6
24. \$\frac{1}{2}\$g4 \$\frac{1}{2}\$h8 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$f1



25... **国aa8?!**

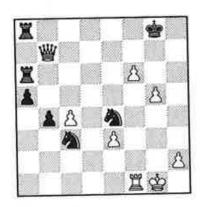
Crafty is fiddling with the rook far too much. Surely he's got to get 25...a4 in fairly soon... the 2 queen—side pawns are his winning chance

26.皇xg6! hxg6 27.豐xg6 宣f7?

27... 国 g8 28. 图 h6+图 h7 29. 图 xe6 图 xg4 30. 图 xg4 日 a6 should guarantee an exciting finsih with the bet ter chance still Black's 28. 图 h4+!

After this I reckon White has at least the draw 28...至h7 29.包g5 置xh4 30.包f7+ 豐xf7 31.豐xf7 置h7?

Mis-use of the rooks again! 31... 宣f8 32. 世xd7 公e2+33. 也h1 公g3+ is a perpetual check draw 32. 世xe6 公f8 33. 世c6 邑ha7 34.f4 公g8 35. 世c5 邑a6 36.f5 公d7 37. 世e7 公f6 38.g4! 邑e8 39. 世b7 邑ea8 40.g5 公fe4 41.f6



41... 图6a7 42. 图c6 图f7 42... ②xg5?! 43.h4 ②h7 44.f7+ wins very quickly 43.g6+ ②xg6 44.f7+ ②g7 45. 图e8 图xe8 46.fxe8 图 ②f6 47. 图e5 图a6 48.h4 ②ce4 49. 图f4 ②h6 50. 图xe4 ②xe4 51. 图f4+ ②h5 1-0

Okay - now the game that decided the single processor Title!:

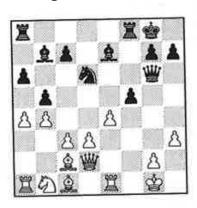
Chess Tiger - Dual ParSOS

1.e4 e5 2.ᡚf3 ᡚc6 3.Ձb5 a6 4.ይa4 ᡚf6 5.0-0 ይe7 6.፰e1 b5 7.ይb3 d6 8.c3 0-0 9.h3 ᡚa5 10.ይc2 ይb7

10...c5 and 10...c6 are in my Book 11.b4 **2c4** 12.a4 d5 13.exd5

e4 14.2g5 \subseteq xd5 15.2xe4 2d6 16.f3

16.d3 looks more natural 16...包fxe4 17.fxe4 豐g5 18.d3 豐g6 19.豐d2 f5!



Aggressive and strong... a bit 'Tiger-style' really!
20.2b3+

I'm not at all keen on this manouvre by the bishop and the subsequent exchanges. 20.axb5 fxe4 21. He2 looks a much more attractive approach, and the game would be nicely balanced and only slightly favouring Black 20... h8 21. Ld5 h4! 22. Lxb7 exe1

An interesting choice.
More obvious would be
22... ①xb7 23.axb5 營b6+
24.d4 ②xe1 25.營xe1 fxe4
26.營xe4 營xb5 which, with
R for B+P, also gives Black
good chances

23.營xe1 **②xb7 24.axb5** axb5 25. **Exa8 Exa8**

The outcome is materially the same as in our above note

26.包d2?!

A clear case of ungentle—manly conduct, smothering your own bishop like this! Na3 had to be better 26... #d6! 27.exf5

27.d4 might have been worth trying
27...豐xd3 28.豐e5 公d6 29.f6
空g8 30.空h2 豐f5 31.豐xf5
公xf5 32.公e4 星e8 33.公g3

The ensuing rook v bishop ending must surely favour Black. If 33. 公c5 gxf6 34. 全f4 至e2 35.全xc7 公e3 33...公xg3 34.全xg3 至e2 35.全f4

35.fxg7? 邕c2 35...gxf6 36.皇xc7 冨e3+ 37.空f2?

Hasn't the king gone the wrong way! Kf4 has to be right

37...互xc3 38.皇b6 空f7 39.皇c5 空e6

Black's king quickly emphasises the difference between the respective monarchs' abilities 40.皇f8 f5 41.堂e2 f4 42.堂f2 堂f5 43.皇g7 罩b3 44.皇f8 堂e4 45.皇d6 堂d5 It is interesting to see this lesser-known program showing sophisticated end-game knowledge, here allowing White to take on f4 if he wants

46.£f8

Or 46. 2xf4 Exb4 47. 2d2 (47. 2g3 Exf4! 48. 2xf4 2d4 and wins) 47... Eb2! 46... 2c4 47. 2d6 Exb4 0-1

An unexpected end to Tiger's tournament. Other results didn't really affect anything (other than programmers' pride!), leaving:

- Deep Junior World multiprocessor Champion
- Shredder World singleprocessor Champion
- Gromit World Amateur Champion

Final Table: 9 rounds

| 1 | D-JUNIOR | 8 |
|-----|--|------|
| | | 71/2 |
| | | 7 |
| | | 61/2 |
| 2= | D-QUEST, Shredder | 6 |
| 4 | Gromit | 51/2 |
| 5= | ChessTiger, Rebel, D-CRAFTY, Goliath, D-FERRET, Gandalf, D-PARSOS | 5 |
| | | 41/2 |
| 12= | D-DIEP, Tao | 4 |
| 14 | Isichess | 31/2 |
| 15= | Ruy-Lopez, Pharaon | 3 |
| 17 | SpiderGirl | 21/2 |
| | | 2 |
| | | 11/2 |
| | | 1 |
| 18 | XiniX | 1/2 |

Equal placings listed in Bucholz order.

TIGER RUNS WILD IN ARGENTINA!

We just squeezed the barebones of **Chess Tiger**'s remarkable result in at the end of SS/95. Here as promised are some of its best games.

The Tournament time control was the unusual 40/75 mins plus a finish of G/15 mins + 30secs per move. The **Tiger** was on a P3/866, so not all that over-special.

A 1st round draw against Slipak (2448) gave no warning of what was to come.

Here's rounds 2 and 3:

Tiger - Dorin, M (2410)

A32: Symmetrical English: 2 Nf3 Nf6 3 d4 cxd4 4 Nxd4 e6 1.d4 e6 2.g3 c5 3.\Df3 \Df6 4.c4 cxd4 5.\(\Delta\)xd4 a6 6.\(\Delta\)c3 豐c7 7.皇g5 皇b4 8.皇xf6 **2xc3+9.bxc3 gxf6 10.2g2** Or 10.e4 \(\overline{1} \) c6 \(\overline{1} \) 1. \(\overline{0} \) c2 \(d\overline{6} \) 12. ②e3 臭d7 13. 臭e2 which is very different to the fianchettoed bishop 10...d6 11.0-0 **包d7** 12. **增d2** This line only appears once in my database, between Gelfand and Tolnai, 1996, Black played 12...0-0 and lost quite quickly after 13.0h6 12...h5 Pawn grabbing with 12... \\ xc4 could soon run into trouble after 13. \\dots h6 豐xc3 14.閏fd1! 13.閏ab1 De5 14. Bb4 White has a strong initiative against the backward b-pawn, because



it's pinned by the g2/B 14... **Bb8** Not 14... **D**xc4?! 15. **Bf4!** 15. **Bfb1** h4 16. **Bf4** hxg3 17.fxg3 f5 18. **Bg5!**



Excellent – this threatens to trap the Black king's escape routes in both directions! 18... 曾e7 19. 曾g7 宮f8? Correct was 19... 曹f8 20. 曹xf8+ (20. 增g5!?) 20... 含xf8 21. 公c6 公xc6 22. 鱼xc6 里g8 and White's advantage is not quite enough yet to be sure of winning 20.2c6+! Interesting - on my laptop both CT14 and GT2 wanted to play 20. \(\Delta c 6!\)? after quite a long think. Maybe nearer 10 minutes on a P3/866 produced the Bc6 selection **20...\$\d8** 20...**\$\d\$**xc6? 21. ♠xc6 and White has more double-attacks and pins than Dorin could hope to cope with! 21.c5 \delta c7?? Could Black have survived with the expected 21...f6 22. ₩xe7+ Фxe7 23.cxd6+ **☆**xd6 24. **\$**xb7 閏xb7 25. 閏xb7 **皇**xb7 26. 閏xb7 **2**d7 $27. \Xi a7 \, \Omega c5 \, (27... \, \Omega b8 \text{ is an}$ alternative, but 28.\\ a8! looks strong, and the best reply 28... \(\mathbb{Z}\)c8 probably leaves White with decent winning chances) 28. 42b3 單c8 29. 如xc5 罩xc5 30.罩xa6+ 含e5 31.罩a3 f4. Well, that's as far as I go!...

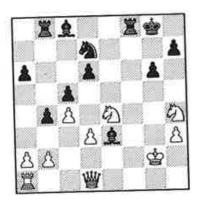
Black might save this?! The main issue to note is that Tiger obtained complications, and these are needed to beat IMs and GMs, as they can go wrong. In this case, as we've showed, Dorin could have simplified and tried out his and Tiger's respective endgame skills! 22.\(\mathbb{E}\)d1! Very strong and Tiger's eval +430



22...**2**g6 Trying to contest the d-file with 22... $\Xi d8$ would lead to 23.cxd6+ $\forall xd6\ 24. \ 5b5 + axb5$ 25. 罩xd6 罩xd6 26. 臭xb5 winning easily enough 23. 2xf5! Wonderful stuff from Tiger! 23...曾g5 23...exf5 24.cxd6+!24.cxd6+ 含xc6 25.包e7+! Another beautiful move easy enough now for all programs, of course, but the whole combination is a delight to play through 25....曾d7 26.包xg6 豐e3+ 27.由f1 由c6 28.包e5+ After 28... 對xe5 29. 對xe5 b5 30.d7 mate isn't too far away 1-0

Matsuura, E (2467) - Tiger

B28: Sicilian: 2 Nf3 a6 (O'Kelly Variation) 1.e4 c5 2.包f3 e6 3.c4 a6 4.包c3 營c7 5.g3 包c6 6.皇g2 b5 7.d3 b4 8.包e2 皇e7 9.0-0 图b8 10.皇f4N 10.d4 is the theory move here, and is classified as about equal 10...d6 11.h3 Phantom fears (so far!) make White overcautious 11...f5 12.exf5 e5 13.2e3 2xf5 14.g4 2c8 15. වg3 වුf6 16.g5 වුd7 17. 2h4 g6 18.f4 exf4 19. Exf4?! White could also have retaken with the bishop. Now the open files become dangerous - just the sort of position a computer would like, though Tiger's king is the more exposed! 19... 2xg5 20. axc6 图xc6 21. ge4+ 23. 全g2 0-0



The exchanges bring us to a new phase of the game which is difficult to evaluate, due to the peculiar material differences 24. 图e2 2d4 25. 包f3 Alternatively 25. 公xd6! 置f2+ 26. 曾xf2 皇xf2 27. 含xf2 would tidy-up the material imbalance and leave a probably drawn position! 25....皇b7 26. ②xd4 cxd4 27.星f1 包e5 28.星xf8+ 星xf8 29.由g1?! 29.由h2! was better, then ≌f3 30. ∆xd6 国e3 31. 曾f2 鱼c6 and Black's 30. 公xd6 罩e3 31. 營c2 皇c6 32.增b3? I believe that it requires special concentration to defend against these 3 pieces which move so differently - you're watching for forks, diagonal plus rank and file pins, and various checks,

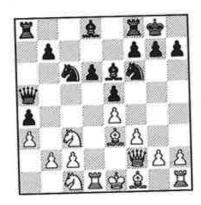
trying to keep both king and queen safe through it all!
Thus this mistake which allows Tiger to finish the game swiftly. 32.c5 was best, and then 32... Exh3 33. 图b3+ 查g7 34. 查f1 and still some drawing chances for White 32... Exd3! 33. 图xb4 Ed1+ 34. 查h2 图h1+ 35. 查g3 Eg1+ If 36. 查f2 包d3+ 37. 查xg1 包xb4 and Black goes a piece up and wins 0-1

Tiger, with 2½/3, was top already, and stayed there despite draws with Valerga (2468) and Limp (2465) in rounds 4-5.

It returned to winning ways in **round 6** against **Scarella** (2361), and then came this in **round 7**:

Rodriguez, A (2500) - Tiger

B54: Sicilian: 2...d6 3 d4 cxd4 4 Nxd4, Unusual Lines 1.e4 c5 2.夕f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.夕xd4 包f6 5.f3 包c6 6.夕c3 e5 7.夕b3 鱼e7 8.鱼e3 0-0 9.豐d2 a5 10.豆d1?! 10.兔b5 is the known theory move, and probably 10.a4 would be decent enough 10...a4! Immediately taking the chance to grab the initiative 11.乜c1 豐a5 12.a3 兔e6 13.豐f2 兔d8



The position is already get ting quite complicated! 14.2d3 White wants to try

and get castled. Two alternatives were: 14.\d2!? d5 15.exd5 @xd5 16. @xd5 2xd5=; or 14. \alphaxd6 \alphad4! 15. axd4 exd4 16. 增xd4 ac7 14...d5! 15.\(\mathbb{L}\)d2! dxe4 16. 0 xe4 0 xe4 17. 2 xe4 Gives Tiger the chance to make castling more difficult for White, which he quickly grabs! So 17.fxe4 was better 17...曾b5 18.包d3 f5 18... &b6 19. 曾g3 f5 also looks unpleasant for White 19.\(\textit{\textit{2}}\) xc6 bxc6 20.\(\textit{\textit{2}}\)b4 \(\textit{\textit{b}}\)6! Forces the queen away from the defence and tightens the guard on White's king 21.曾g3 e4 22.皇xf8 呂xf8 23.曾e5 曾c4!

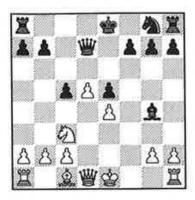


I doubt that White could cope with all of the looming threats now 24.包f4 皇f7
25.曾c3 There is certainly no time for 25.曾xf3? E.g.
25...exf3 26.曾d2 fxg2
27.包xg2 皇g6 25...曾b5
26.景d4 c5 27.景d2 皇a5
28.曾c3 景e8! Beautiful... it's all over 29.包e2 f4! 30.曾xf4 e3 If 31.c3 exd2+ 32.曾xd2 皇c4+ 0-1

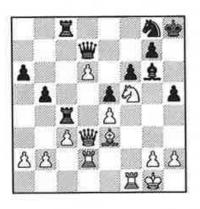
Straight on to round 8:

Tiger - Ricardi, P (2554)

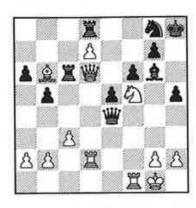
A44: Semi-Benoni 1.d4 c5 2.d5 e5 3.e4 d6 4. \@c3 \@e7 5.f4 \@f6 6.\@f3 \@g4 7.\@b5+ \@d7 8.fxe5N 8.f5 is more usual, but could block the position and Tiger doesn't want that! In fact in a few moments the line played will give him a passed dpawn which can easily become decisive later in the game 8...2xe5 9.2xd7+



11. 世d2 f6 12. 世f2 包e7 13. 世xc5 0-0 14. 鱼e3 罩fc8 15. 世b4 鱼h5 16. 世b3 哈h8 17.0-0 b6 18. 星ae1 星ab8 19. 包e2 鱼g6 20. 包g3 b5 21. 星d1 White is preparing d6 of course 21... 星c4 22. 世d3 星bc8 23. 星d2 a6 24.c3 h5 25.d6 包g8 26. 包f5



26... **曾c6?** It isn't ideal for a queen to be blocking the pawn, but it's better to have the queen doing it than nobody at all! Either 26... **28.6**; or 26... **27.47! 38. 28... 37.47! 30. 27.47! 30. 27.48 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 31. 30. 27.38 27.38 27.38 27.39 27.39 27.39**



30. 對xc6!! I wonder if Ricardi saw this, or if it came as a big shock. It's possible he thought he'd caught Tiger out – that the queen would retreat leaving him ahead! Or he may have expected keep Black in the game. However White has a clever resource, which Tiger would certainly find: 32.\df2 \df2 33. 4b7! 曾xb7 34. ad1 30... 響xc6 31. **皇**xd8 **皇**xf5 32. 基xf5 營c5+ 32... 營e4 delayed the end 33. **Qa5 Y**xf5 34.\\dagged d1 (34.d8\\dagged? loses an unnecessary pawn 34... **智**b1+35.**国**d1 **智**xa2) 34... 對c2 35.d8 對 對xb2 the pawn still goes, but 36. \dd2! virtually forcing a queen exchange which leaves White with an easy win 33. Iff2 35.d8閏+ 閏xd8 36.閏xd8+ **\$\delta h7 37.**\$\mathbb{a}8 **1-0**\$

Tiger was becoming unstoppable, and next beat Andres (2382) in a mere 25 moves in round 9.

Which brings us to its game in **round 10** against a player readers will have certainly heard of - **Oscar**

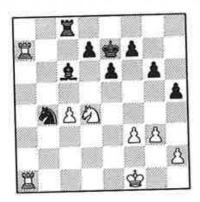
Panno, the World under-20 Champion in 1953 and once of the World's elite 'Top 10'.

Tiger - Panno, 0 (2471)

B43: Sicilian: Kan Variation 1.e4 c5 2.包f3 e6 3.包c3 a6 4.d4 cxd4 5.包xd4 b5 6.息d3 曾b6 7.包b3 皇b7 8.a4!? This is unusual and only appears once in my database (see ref. below). 8.皇e3 is best known 8...b4 9.a5 曾c7 10.包a4 包f6



11.**包b6N** 11.營e2 d5 and now 12. \(\Delta b6 \) was played in Nisipeanu-Krause 1997, 1-0 in 19 moves 11... 2xe4? The obvious move is the steady 11... 罩a7!? then 12. 幽e2 d5 13.exd5 \(\Delta xd5 \) 14. \(\Delta xd5 \) **\$xd5 15.\$e3 and White has** a lead in development, but it's not worth much as yet 12.0xa8 &xa8 The material imbalance surely favours Tiger 13.2e3 2f6 14.0-0 2d6 15.g3 h5! Threatening h4! 16. 2b6 凹c6 Of course the mate threat \models g2 is easily met, but White's kingside is looking a bit loose 17.f3 **2c7** Why didn't Panno con− tinue with the logical 17...h4 when Tiger would play 18.g4 and have weaknesses that might benefit Panno later on 18.曾d2 **总xb6+ 19.axb6 豐xb6+20.豐f2 豐xf2+** 21. 空xf2 空e7 22. 罩fe1 罩c8 23. 2 d4 g6 24. 2 a4! Good! Tiger continues to probe and unsettle Black's position, rather than taking the pawn at first opportunity 24... 2d5 25.2xa6 2xa6 2xa6 2b7 27.2a7 2b8 28.c4 bxc3 29.bxc3 2a8 29... 2xc3? would have been a mistake due to 30.2c1! 2c8 (30... 2d5? 31.2b1 and the pin wins outright) 31.2xb7 2c4 2b4 31.2c1 2c6 32.2f1?! 2c8



33.星b1 Not 33. 包xc6+?! Фхс6 34. Да8 Дха8 35. Дха8 when 35... De5 wins one of the pawns and is close to equalising 33... ad3?? An oversight, missing the pin on d7 and the knight fork combination. What were Black's chances of saving this without the blunder? 33...e5 is best, then 34. Exb4 exd4 35. \$\dot{2}e2 h4! It isn't clear that White has an easy win from here. His choices seem to be: 36. 由d3 鱼xf3 37. 由xd4 hxg3 38.hxg3 \$.c6; or 36.f4 hxg3 37. 單d3 罩b8! 34. 罩b8!! and Panno resigned immediately. After 34... \(\vec{\pi}\)xc6+ \$\d6 36. \Dxb8+- 1-0

The Tournament was already over, **Tiger** had $8\frac{1}{2}/10$ and was now 2 points clear!

Here's its last game against a player in 2= with $6\frac{1}{2}$:

Hoffman, A (2453) - Tiger

D36: Queen's Gambit Declined, Exchange Variation 1.c3 e5 2.d4 exd4 3.cxd4 2 f6 4.2c3 d5 5.2g5 c6 6.e3 **②bd7 7. û**d3 **û**e7 8. **避c2 ②**f8 9. 2 ge2 2 e6 10. 2 h4 g6 11.0-0 0-0 12.2xf6 This exchange of bishop for knight seems to give Black a small advantage. The other Book move is 12.\ab1 which I prefer. Onischuk-Rogers 1995 continued 12... 🛭 g7 13.b4 and the game was drawn quite quickly. 12.... xf6 13.b4 曾d6 14.且ab1 a5 15.bxa5 且xa5 16.a4 单d8 17.互fd1 单c7 18.包g3 星a7 19.鱼e2 營e7 20.包f1 包g7 21.国b2 Qe6 22.邑db1 莒fa8 23.g3?! I'm not sure what this was intended to achieve 23... 2c8 24. 2d3 f6 25. 2a2 2a5 The battle to win the a-pawn starts in earnest 26.2e2 **鱼b4 27.**曾b3 **鱼d6 28.**仑c3 由f8 29.曹c2 皇b4 30.包e2 **\$a3 31.夕c3 \$h3 32.**互ba1 **≜b4 33.**ᡚe2 **\$d7 34.**ᡚf4 c5 37.dxc5 &xc5 38.\(\bar{z}\)b2 d4 国a2 43.增h6+ 也g8 44.包d2? White falls apart after containing his long-time disadvantage to just the loss of the pawn. With 44. De3 he would still have had some chance of drawing 44...曾d6 45. Exe6 Total collapse! O.k. 45. 空h1 survived only for a while longer: 45... 2xf2 46. 2xg6 &xel 47. &xh7+ 由f7 48. ag6+ 由e7 49. ag7+ 也d8 50. 图xf6+ 也c7. Now White has nothing better than 51. 2e4, but 51... \$\mathbb{I}{8} 52. 2xd6 Exf6 53. 2e8+ ₾c6 54. Qxf6 @xb5 55. De4 and then 55... 2d5 wins

An amazing 9½/11 score earned Chess Tiger a 2759 Elo rating on a P3/866! What more do I need to say?!

NOVAG news!... NOVAG news!... NOVAG news!

It's what MANY of us have been waiting for! I don't have price details just yet, but Novag have confirmed that the Star Sapphire and the Star Diamond should both be ready sometime in Nov/Dec!

The Star Sapphire will - as we hoped - have an LCD screen with pen input! The processor will be a real RISC running at 16MHz, so will be both faster than the Sapphire2 and an improved program. The opening book will be

over 200,000 moves.

The Star
Diamond
will look much
like the
Diamond2,
but will
have the new
program, and re

program, and running on an even faster 20MHz RISC processor!



THE FIRST CSVN TOURNAMENT BY ROB VAN SON AND ERIC HALLSWORTH

As promised in our last Issue we now have the results and games in from this big and, if possible, ANNUAL TOURNAMENT run by a group of **dedicated chess computer** enthusiasts.

Pre-Tournament Rankings

| Rank | Computer | SS95 ratng |
|------|---------------------------|------------|
| 1 | Tasc R30-1995 | 2368 |
| 2= | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvs | 2262 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvl | 2262 |
| 4= | Meph MAGELLAN | 2229 |
| | Meph ATLANTA | 2229 |
| | Meph MONTREUX | 2229 |
| 7 | Meph LYON 68020 | 2176 |
| 8 | Meph SENATOR | 2113 |
| | Kasp COUGAR | 2018 |
| 10= | Meph POLGAR | 1991 |
| | Meph MM5 | 1991 |
| 12 | Nov SUP EXPERT C | 1989 |
| 13 | Meph MILANO | 1987 |
| 14 | Kasp BARRACUDA | 1932 |

So, there were two Berlin Pro machines - one belonged to our correspondent, Rob himself, and is marked rvs. He will have been disappointed in round 1 when it only managed a draw with the Cougar. Other scores went as you'd expect.

In round 2 it was the other Berlin Pro's turn to have a major disappointment, as it lost to the Montreux. The Cougar beat stablemate Barracuda to go to 1½/2, and the Atlanta 'beat itself' in that its stablemate program, the Magellan, was actually the Atlanta program in module form to go in the Mephisto wood boards!

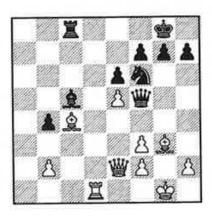
A major game was between the Lyon 68020 and Tasc R30, and the Tasc as Black won in 62 moves. I mention it here as the game opened 1.e4 e5 2.013 f5?! I must check my own R30 and see if that f5 is actually a Tournament Book move! If so, it's a bit rare! Okay - the R30 won, and repeated the line in a later, shorter game against the Magellan - we'll look at that later!

In round 3 the Montreux won again, this

time against the **Atlanta**. But before we see how the scores were shaping up after 3 rounds, have a look at this!:

Saitek Cougar - Mephisto Lyon 68020 D29: QGA, Classical Main line 7.Qe2

1.d4 d5 2.包f3 包f6 3.c4 dxc4 4.e3 e6 5.鱼xc4 c5 6.0-0 a6 7.曾e2 b5 8.鱼b3 鱼b7 9.豆d1 包bd7 10.a4 鱼e7 11.axb5 axb5 12.豆xa8 曾xa8 13.包a3 Out of Book now, the opening leaves them equal 13...鱼xf3 14.gxf3 b4 15.包b5 0-0 16.e4 cxd4 17.包xd4 包c5 18.鱼c2 曾b7 19.包b3 曾c7 20.包xc5 曾xc5 21.鱼e3 曾h5 22.鱼f4 莒a8 23.鱼b3 鱼c5 24.鱼c4 莒c8 25.e5 曾f5 26.鱼g3

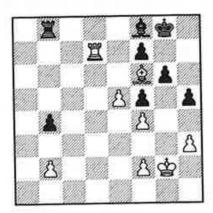


26... 白e8? 26... 白h5 followed by Nxg3 looks much better. The move played is very negative and puts the knight out of the game 27. 皇a6 邑b8 28.邑d7 營b1+29.台g2 營c1 30.皇d3 g6 31.皇e4 白g7 32.f4 皇b6



In play at Gebruikers

33.營d3 營c5 34.營d2 白f5 35.皇xf5 exf5 36.皇h4 呂c8 37.營d6 營xd6 38.呂xd6 皇c5 39.呂d7 皇f8 40.皇f6 h5 41.h3 呂b8



Now note how the Cougar gets its king into the action 42. 空g3 皇c5 43.f3 b3? A wasted move. 43....Kf8 was better 44. 空h4! 空f8! That's better, but the lost tempo at move 43 can never be recovered 45. 空g5 空e8 46. 三c7 邑b5? That probably does it, the rook is badly misplaced here. It was easy enough to move the bishop, in fact 46... 皇f8 slows the White king's advance so is definitely better 47. 空h6! 皇f8+ Too late again! 48. 空h7 邑b8 49. 邑a7?! 49. 空g8! and Black could resign 49... 邑c8 Black's mistake at 49 gave the Lyon a slight chance to save the game, but he need to find 49... 皇c5! 50. 邑c7 皇b6 51. 邑e7+ 空f8 50. 空g8 皇c5 51. ဩxf7 皇b4 52.e6 皇c5 53. 空g7 邑c6 54. 邑d7 邑c8 1-0

Score Progress, rounds 1-3

| | | Ratng | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|----|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| T | Meph MONTREUX | 2229 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 2= | Tasc R30-1995 | 2368 | 1 | 2 | 2.5 |
| | Kasp COUGAR | 2018 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 2.5 |
| 4= | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvs | 2262 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 2 |
| | Meph ATLANTA | 2229 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvl | 2262 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 7 | Meph SENATOR | 2113 | 0 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| 8= | Meph MAGELLAN | 2229 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Meph LYON 68020 | 2176 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Meph MILANO | 1987 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 |
| | Kasp BARRACUDA | 1932 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | Meph MM5 | 1991 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 |
| 13 | Meph POLGAR | 1991 | 0 | 0.5 | 0. |
| 14 | Nov SUP EXPERT C | 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

In round 4 the Cougar's run of good scores came to an end against the Montreux (now

on 4/4), and the 'rvl' Berlin Pro beat the Tasc R30 (so the 14MHz de Koning program went further ahead of the 30MHz R30!). Meanwhile Rob's Berlin Pro lost to the Atlanta - obviously an excellent result for the latter, but I daren't print the game or Rob might not send me any more articles!

The Tasc R30 sorted out its relationship with the Montreux in round 5, with a 64 move win. That gave others a chance of getting back into it, but the 'rvl' Berlin Pro and Atlanta drew, so neither made enough progress to quite catch up. The Cougar did well to draw with its bigger brother the Senator, which has the same program but with a bigger book and on faster hardware. The even faster version Magellan, after a poor start, was catching up after a good win over the disappointing Lyon 68020.

Score Progress, rounds 4-5

| | | Ratng | 4 | 5 |
|----|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|
| 1 | Meph MONTREUX | 2229 | 4 | 4 |
| 2= | Meph ATLANTA | 2229 | 3 | 3.5 |
| | Tasc R30-1995 | 2368 | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvl | 2262 | 3 | 3.5 |
| 5= | Meph MAGELLAN | 2229 | 2 | 3 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvs | 2262 | 2 | 3 |
| | Kasp COUGAR | 2018 | 2.5 | 3 |
| 8 | Meph SENATOR | 2113 | 2 | 2.5 |
| 9= | Meph LYON 68020 | 2176 | 2 | 2 |
| | Meph POLGAR | 1991 | 1 | 2 |
| | Meph MILANO | 1987 | 1 | 2 |
| 12 | Kasp BARRACUDA | 1932 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| 13 | Meph MM5 | 1991 | 1 | 1 |
| 14 | Nov SUP EXPERT C | 1989 | 0.5 | 0.5 |



Rob van Son with his Berlin Pro playing against the Tasc R30, which is operated by Coq de Gorter whilst its programmer Johan de Koning looks on intently!

The 'rvl' **BPro** beat the **Cougar** (as it should) in a quick 34 moves in **round 6**. De Koning's **Tasc R30** ended the **Atlanta**'s chances, winning with mate at move 42. And the **Magellan** - 'coming back into it' as we said in round 5, beat the **Montreux**, this in 43 moves.

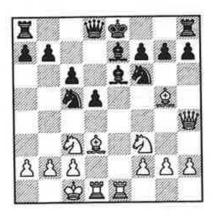
Rob's Berlin Pro got a good win over the

Senator - here it is:

Mephisto Senator - Meph Berlin 68020 (rvs)

C24: Bishop's Opening: 2...Nf6

1.e4 e5 2.2c4 \(\text{\Delta} f6 3.d4?!\) It's dangerous leaving a move like this set as playable in the opening book! It might be okay against a weaker opponent, but not against one that outrates you by around 150 Elo 3...exd4 4.\(\Delta f3 \) \(\Delta xe4 5.\) \(\Delta xd4 \) \(\Delta f6 6.\) \(\Delta f3 \) \(\Delta r 7.\) \(\Delta c3 \) \(c6 8.0-0-0 \) d5 9.\(\Delta f6 10.\) \(\Delta f4 \) \(\Delta f6 1.\) \(\Delta f6 1.\) \(\Delta f6 1...\) \(



12.2c4? Again 12. Dd4!? is usually played in this old line, and then play might continue 12... \(\Delta fd 7 \) 13.f4 \(\Delta xg 5 \) 14.fxg5 ②xd3+ 15. ☐xd3 12...0-0 13. ②d4 Too late, I'm afraid! 13...h6! 14.2xf6 This was worth trying as it contains a trap! 14. axe6 wouldn't have helped much: 14... 2xe6 15. 鱼xf6 鱼xf6 16. 世g3 鱼h4 17. 世f3 世g5+ and Black has his pawn and the beginnings of an attack 14...2xf6 Not 14...dxc4?? taking the bishop - it would lose the game: 15. 2xe7 曾a5 16. 2xf8 Exf8 17. 2xe6 2xe6 18. 国d7+- 15. 曾h5 总xd4 16. 国xd4 曾b6 17. 2xd5 2xd5 18. Eed1 If 18. 公xd5 cxd5 19. Exd5 公a4 forces 20. Eb5 当xf2 21. 当e2 would have won the point even more quickly: 19.国g1 包b3+ (or 19...包e6 20.国d2 国ad8) 20.axb3 營xd4 21.国xg2 置fe8 19. 0xd5 cxd5 20. 曾xd5 0f6 21. 曾f5 国ac8 22.h3 国fe8 23.g4 国c5 24.智f3 国c6

25. E4d2 曾b4 26.g5 hxg5 27. Ed4 曾b5 28. 曾d3 曾xd3 29. E4xd3 Ee2 After 30. 目 1d2 邑ce6-+ and a pleasing and quick win for Rob's machine 0-1

Leaders with 1 round to go

| | | Ratng | 6 |
|----|---------------------------|-------|-----|
|]= | Tasc R30-1995 | 2368 | 4.5 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvl | 2262 | 4.5 |
| 3= | Meph MAGELLAN | 2229 | 4 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvs | 2262 | 4 |
| | Meph MONTREUX | 2229 | 4 |
| 7 | Meph ATLANTA | 2229 | 3.5 |

So we have joint leaders with 3 'in waiting' in case either slips up!

The Montreux was a shade lucky - it was drawn with White to play the Milano, and duly won. The Berlin Pro's were distinctly unlucky - they were drawn to play each other! Of course this gave Rob a chance of a top 2 placing, as his was only a ½ point behind the 'rvl' machine. Much to his delight, 'rvs' overtook 'rvl' by winning in 102 moves!

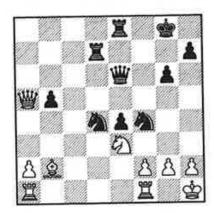
The other critical game was that between the **Magellan**, another in 3= position after 3 straight wins, against the joint leader **Tasc**

R30! Here's that game:

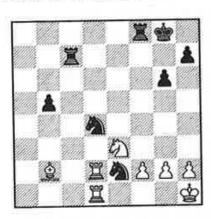
Mephisto Magellan - Tasc R30

C40: Latvian and Elephant Gambits

1.e4 e5 2.4 f3 f5?! What settings were the opening books on for this tournament?! 3.0xe5 曾f6 4.0c4 fxe4 5.0c3 曾f7 6.d4 **2b4** 7.**2e2 d6** A new idea as far as I know, and quite a good one. 7... 16 8.0-0 d5 was played by Quest against John Nunn in the Aegon Tournament in 1994, but Nunn won 8.0-0 &xc3 9.bxc3 2f6 10.2e3 The white knight finds a safe square in front of e4 10...0-0 11.2a3 He8 12.c4 2c6 13.c5 White gains space and only temporarily blocks the centre 13...d5 14.c4 **2e6** 15.cxd5 **2xd5** The position seems about equal now, but there's plenty of tension and both sides have chances 16.皇h5 g6 17.皇g4 呂ad8! 18.皇xe6 豐xe6 19.皇b2 公f4 20.皇h1 b6 21.cxb6 cxb6?! Surely 21...axb6 was better!? 22. a4 b5 23.曾a6 23.曾xb5 罩b8 24.曾c4 罩xb2 25.d5! looks okay for White, though no better than equal 23... 公xd4 24. 置xa7 置d7 25.習a5



25... Dfe2? Visually this looks dangerous for White, but doesn't contain much threat in reality. Knights protecting each other are often suspect because the responsibility immobilises each of them, and we can see that here. Certainly 25... \(\mathbb{E}b8 = \text{was better} \) 26. Ead1 Ef8 27. Ed2! And the knights are in trouble! 27...曾f7?? A poor move from the Tasc. 27... e7 is a little better: A) 28. 🛮 b6 can now be met by 28... 🖺 b7 (28...骂f6) 29.豐a6 29.Qd6 isn't available to White as it is in the game note to move 28 29... 国a7; B) 28. a3! 28... ad8 29. ad8 国fxd8 30. 2g4 国c7 31. 2f6+ 也g7 32. 2xe4 and White wins a key pawn, though Black's 32... \(\mathbb{Z}\)c2 will need some sorting out for White to keep full advantage. However better still with 27... \Bb8 the R30 could have freed both knights!: 28. 虽fd1 包c6 29. 習a6 虽xd2 30. 虽xd2 包f4 and now 31. 国c2 包e7 32. 幽a7 favours White, but not by so much. Perhaps this line was hard to find for the R30, but even so the poor move chosen is a surprise 28. 曾b6 曾xa2 28... Eb7 Rf6 is no longer possible at all, of course 29. 智d6! 29. 2g4 曾c4 30. 星fd1 e3 31. 公xe3 曾c7 32.曾xc7 罩xc7



Material is actually still equal (except it's B for N) but the Black

knights remain rooted, and White must win 33.f4 Dc3 The R30 has never like a lack of freedom, so decides to bring the knight captivity to an end. 33...Ecf7 was an alternative 34.2xc3 Exc3 35.Dd5 Db3 36.Dxc3 Dxd2 37.Exd2 b4 38.De2 The material gap is too great and the rest is now straightforward enough 38...Df7 39.h3 Ee8 40.Dh2 Ee4 41.g3 Df6 42.Dg2 Ee7 43.Ed6+ Ee6 44.Exe6+ Dxe6 45.Df3 Dd5 46.Dc1 h5 47.g4 Dd4 48.g5 Dd5 49.De3 Dd6 50.De4 De7 51.f5 gxf5+ 52.Dxf5 1-0. An amazing effort in the game and the Tournament by the Magellan, which won it's last 4 games to tie I=!

Score Progress, rounds 6-7

| | | Ratng | 6 | 7 |
|-----|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|
|]= | Meph MAGELLAN | 2229 | 4 | 5 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvs | 2262 | 4 | 5 |
| | Meph MONTREUX | 2229 | 4 | 5 |
| 4= | Meph ATLANTA | 2229 | 3.5 | 4.5 |
| | Tasc R30-1995 | 2368 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| | Meph BERLIN PRO 68020 rvl | 2262 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| 7 | Meph SENATOR | 2113 | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| 8= | Meph LYON 68020 | 2176 | 2.5 | 3 |
| | Kasp COUGAR | 2018 | 3 | 3 |
| | Meph MILANO | 1987 | 3 | 3 |
| 11= | Kasp BARRACUDA | 1932 | 1.5 | 2.5 |
| | Meph POLGAR | 1991 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| 13 | Meph MM5 | 1991 | 1.5 | 2 |
| 14 | Nov SUP EXPERT C | 1989 | 1 | 1 |





Jan Louwmans has been actively involved in Computer Chess since its beginnings. He was at Gebruikers and is here photographed operating for the Rebel team in the recent WMCC

FRANK Holt: THE BENONI AND PC PROGRAMS, + TIGER IMPRESSIONS

In the early 1990's our regular contributor **Frank Holt** was having quite a lot of success with a personal variation of the Modern Benoni. Frank was very interested to see how the latest crop of top PC PROGRAMS got on playing this, so recently ran a Tournament in which the games began after White's 14th. move and each program played both the White and Black sides of the position.

But before that we'll have a look at one of Frank's own games, that started in 1992 and made it to the Summer 1994 issue of the Correspondence Magazine

S.C.PRIDE - F.HOLT

A61: Benoni Opening, Nf3 without early e4 Correspondence Game 1992-4

Some notes from ELH and computer analysis, and others from Martin W. Wood as they accompanied the game in the Correspondence Chess magazine at the time

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 c5 3.d5 e6 4.包c3 exd5 5.cxd5 d6 6.包f3 g6 7.皇f4 皇g7 8.豐a4+ 皇d7 9.豐b3

9...\documents\d

11.皇e2 a6 (11...公a6 12.公d2 公c7 13.0-0 Sutherland—Rej 1980 1-0) 12.a4 瞥e7 (12...邑e8 13.公d2 ½-½ Rothacher— Herlemann 1993) 13.公d2 公bd7 14.0-0 Nestorovic—Nenadovic 1988 1-0

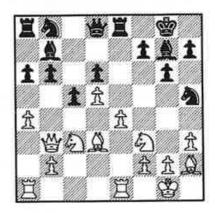
11...a6 12.a4 Ze8 13.0-0 b6 14.h3 &b7

Black is having trouble developing his queenside pieces, but though this move appears to offer the bishop very little scope, when it finally gets its release along the long diagonal, it will be free indeed!

14... 包h5 15. 皇h2 罩a7 doesn't look any better

However another possibility referred to by Martin Wood ("some will prefer this") was 14...≌a7 intending Rae7, but Frank says that, of the programs, only Hiarcs actually chose this, and none at all opted for his Bb7 move!

15.星fe1 包h5 16.单h2



16...增c7

This doesn't seem to do all that much to unravel his pieces, so some might prefer 16...\$h6 17.e5 \$\Darkop{1}f4\$ (or 17...dxe5 \, 18. \$\Darkop{2}xe5\pm\$) 18. \$\Darkop{2}c2 \$\Darkop{2}d7\$

17.国ad1?!

Not a particularly bad move, but miss-

ing a chance:

If 17.e5!? not 17...dxe5? 18.g4 c4 (if 18...句f6? 19.句xe5±) 19.夐xc4 鼍c8 20.句xe5±; but 17...敻xe5 is correct 18.句xe5 dxe5 19.童c4 and 19...එg7 holds, though Black's position is not enviable.

Best is 17.g4! ᡚf6 (17... ይxc3 18.bxc3 ᡚf6 19.ᡚd2 ᡚbd7 20.ᡚc4±) 18.e5 ᡚfd7 19.e6 looks very good for White!

17...එd7!

With this Black secures his position and has probably equalised

18.신d2 êe5 19.g3?!

Obviously designed to stop Nf4, but this weakens his king's security which can easily count against White later) and visibly damages the h2/bishop's role in the game! Martin Wood also pointed to this as a mistake, and pointed to the long diagonal which now allowed the b7-bishop to view both g2 and h1
19... \Dg7 20.f4 \Dg4d+21.\Dgh1 f5!

The attack starts in earnest, and Frank's b7-bishop suddenly looks twice as

strong! **22.e5?**

Though White is now on the defensive, the game is by no means over. However this doesn't help at all! There seems to be a choice of 2 or 3 better-looking moves:

22. 2g1 Shredder 532, a neat idea suggesting that the check on d4 moving the king to h1 might have actually freed and recovered his trapped bishop for him;

22. \$\Delta f3 Hiarcs\(\text{8}\), also challenges the same bishop!; 22. \$\Delta c4 Gambit2 overprotects the d5 pawn which heads the wedge into Black's position;

22.exf5 Martin Wood, but accompanied by concern that a pawn could get blocked on f4 and shut—in the h2/bishop

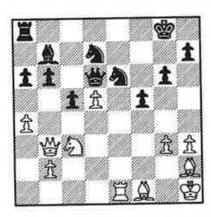
22...dxe5 23.包f3 曾d6

23...exf4 24. Exe8+ 如xe8 25. 鱼e2 閏d6 is also strong

24... ①xe5 turns out quite differently, though still in Black's favour: 25.g4 fxg4 (the temptation to play 25...f4?! and get a passed pawn is great, but 26. ②e4! ②xd5 27. 图xd5+ 图xd5 28. ②f6+ ②f7 29. ②xd5 ②xf3 30. 图xe8 图xe8 31. ③xf4 and now 31... ②e6 to stop White playing Nc7, and the game is almost equal), 26. ②xe5 ②xe5 27. 图xe5 图xe5 28.hxg4 图ae8 and despite the most annoying pin on the e5-rook, Black's material advantage may be enough to win

25. 2xe5 图xe5 26. 单f1

26... **堂xe1 27. 基xe1 包e6!**



Black has NOT put the knight en pris — if you were to think now of 28.Rxe6, it would be a big mistake! The queen can retake, as 29.dxe6 is illegal with the pawn

pinned against the king on h1

28.皇g2 **包d4!**

The d5 pawn can be viewed as lost after this move

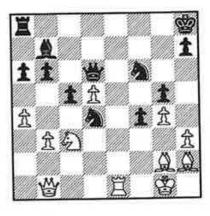
29.曾a2 含h8 30.曾b1

Shredder thought the manouvre 30. ac4 De5 and then 31. fl was better, but 31...g5 32.g4 f4 still favours Black

30... 2f6 31.g4 f4 32. 2g1?!

All of the programs I've tested want to play 32.g5!? here. Then 32... 包xd5 33.營e4 邑d8 Now we have some exchanges: 34.包xd5 兔xd5 35.營xd5 營xd5 36.兔xd5 邑xd5 37.兔xf4 Black is still a pawn up, but has he got enough to win? Gambit2 <100 says 'no'. Hiarcs8 and Shredder532 between 125-150 appear to say 'quite possibly'!

32...g5! 33.b3?!



The d5-pawn is now under-protected, but 33... ∆xd5? is no good... can you see

why?

34. ①xd5 ②xd5 35. ②xd5 營xd5 36. 至e7 threatening Qxh7 mate. It will cost Black to stop this, e.g. 36... ①f5 37. 營xf5 營xf5 38.gxf5 宣f8 39. 置e6 邑xf5 40. 邑xb6 and there's going to be a pawn up—and—running along the a—file for White any moment!

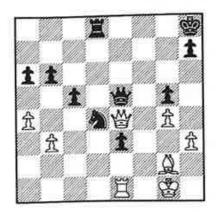
33...星d8 34.如f1 包xd5 35.包e4 豐e5

36.2g1?

The fault with this move is that it re leases the f4—pawn from the pin against its queen. Better was 36. ♣h1 when 36...Ne3+ becomes impossible due to 37.Rxe3! and if fxe3?? 38.Bxe5! and wins 36...♠e3+!

The patient bishop on b7 finally comes into its own!

37. 2xe3 fxe3 38. 空g1 2xe4 39. 豐xe4



As most readers probably know, in Correspondence Chess players often send a series of 'conditional' moves, to save time and postage. This is usually done when there's a series of fairly obvious replies or exchanges. E.g my move is QxQ and if you play NxQ my next is Bf4. If the opponent accepts, that's saved them a couple of first class stamps and a few days waiting to swap obvious moves!

White 'amused' Frank here by offering him a series of moves which would leave

the outcome in doubt:

39...曾xe4 40.魚xe4-+ 包xb3 41.莒xe3
Frank declined, and suggested instead:
39...包e2+! 40.弖xe2 弖d1+ 41.負f1 曾xe4
42.弖xe3 曾xe3+ 43.內g2 弖d2+ 44.內h1
曾f3+ 45.內g1 曾f2+ 46.內h1 曾xf1#, so 0-1

Frank was hoping that at least one of the programs would try his 14...Bb7, but none did. Hiarcs played 14.Ra7, however, so although it failed to work out (Hiarcs drew 2 and lost 3 as Black) we'll finish with one of its games.

In fact White scored no less than 75% in these games, with only Junior6 (against Fritz6), Nimzo732 (against SOS), Fritz6 (against Fritz5), and SOS (also against

Fritz5) winning games with Black.

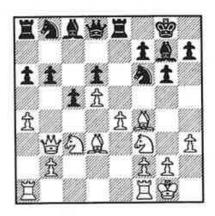
Benoni PC Table

| Pos | Program | Score/10 |
|-----|-----------|----------|
| 1 | Junior6 | 61/2 |
| 2 | Fritz6a | 51/2 |
| 3= | Hiarcs732 | 5 |
| | Nimzo732 | 5 |
| | sos | 5 |
| 6 | Fritz532 | 3 |

FRITZ6 - HIARCS732

Input Opening: 1.d4 包f6 2.c4 c5 3.d5 e6 4.包c3 exd5 5.cxd5 d6 6.包f3 g6 7.皇f4 皇g7 8.營a4+ 皇d7 9.營b3 皇c8 10.e4 0-0 11.皇d3 a6 12.a4 邑e8 13.0-0 b6 14.h3

Play now continued at 40/2 on P2/433



14... 呂a7!

So Hiarcs finds Frank's second best move — well done! However White is comfortably ahead by move 24, so one would have to say there may be one or two more '2nd best' moves played by Hiarcs between now and then!

15. \(\hat{2} \) h5 16. \(\Q\) d2 \(\hat{2} \) e5 17. \(\hat{2} \) xe5 dxe5 18 \(\frac{1}{2} \) f4 19 \(\hat{2} \) f1 \(\frac{1}{2} \) h7

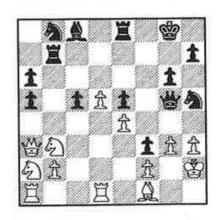
18.星fd1 **公f4 19.**臭f1 罩b7

19... **曾g5** 20. **含h2 ②**d7 is suggested by Shredder, but 21.g3 **②**h5 22. **②**c4 looks good for White to me

20.包e2! 包h5 21.置e3 f5?!

Active? Optimistic? Challenging? For example Shredder would again prefer developing the knight with 21... \(\Delta d7\)

22.a5! f4 23.營a3 bxa5 24.包c3 営b4 25.包a2 営b7 26.包b3 f3 27.g3 營g5 28.堂h2



28...包xg3! 29.fxg3 營e3 30.包d2

Best. 30.單d3?! 營f2+!? 31. 查h1 c4!
32.單d2 營e3 and now White has the

choice of 33. \(\Delta xa5 \) \(\Delta xd2, 33. \(\Delta xc4 \) \(\Delta xb3. \) I think both are equal but offering chances to both sides

30...曾f2+ 31. 由1 国f8 32. 包c4 &xh3

32... 当xg3 expected by F6 and would be played by H8 33. 国d2 皇xh3 34. 皇xh3 当xh3+35. 国h2 当g4 but actually has just transposed to the game

33.宮dŹ 曾xg3 34.兔xh3 曾xh3+ 35.宮h2 曾g4 36.心d2 f2 37.宮f1 a4

Hiarcs8 would play 37... \(\Delta\)d7, here, then 38. \(\Delta\)c3 \(\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \beg

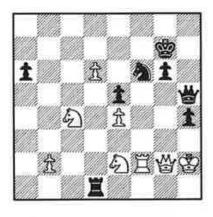
38.包c3 图bf7?

A great shame. Thanks to its excellent 28...Nxg3 Hiarcs had almost clawed its way back to equality.

The new H8 chooses 38... If3 and now

39. 閏fxf2 閏g3 W46;

Shredder's 38... 置b4 is another im—
provement: after 39. 置fxf2 置xf2 40. 置xf2
①d7 White's advantage is at a mimimum
39. 費xc5 a3 40. 費xa3 費g5 41. ②cb1 h5
42. 費h3 置f4 43. 費e3 費f6 44. 費g3 h4
45. 費h3 費b6 46. ②c4 費f6 47. ②c3 免g7
48. d6 費g5 49. 置g2 費h5 50. 費h2 ②d7
51. 置gxf2 置f3 52. ②d2 置d3 53. 置xf8 ②xf8
54. ②c4 ②d7 55. 置f2 置g3 56. ②e2 置d3
57. 費g2 置d1+58. 查h2 ②f6



59.\\\Xxf6!

The new tactical code in H8 would have expected (and play) this excellent sacrifice of the exchange from F6. H732 expected the mundane 59. □ f1 when 59...□ g4+60. □ h1 h3 W77 and Black has definite chances of saving this tense position

It looked as if 62.d7!? which H7 expected (but H8 quickly finds b4!), can be

62...h3 63.曾b2! 曾f3?

The game was lost, but this is a poor move which allows F6 to finish the game with the greatest of ease.

\$\textit{and wins;}\$

Shredder's 63... 營h4 is also better, though White's continuation is easy to find: 64.營xe5+ 查f7 65.營e7+ 營xe7 66.dxe7 鼍xd5 67.exd5 查xe7 68.d6+ 查e6 69.查xh3]

64.豐xe5+ 空h7 65.豐e7+ 空h6 66.豐h4+ 空g7 67.包f4

and Black, reading -1598, resigned! 1-0

Frank now has a new P3/800 (nice!), so next played an engine-v-engine tournament at G/1hour. Here's the result of that:

P3/800 Tournament at G/1hr

| Pos | Program | Score/14 |
|-----|--------------|----------|
| 1 | Junior6a | 11 |
| 2 | Fritz6a | 101/2 |
| 3= | Hiarcs732 | 8 |
| | Fritz532 | 8 |
| 5 | Nimzo732 | 51/2 |
| 6 | Hiarcs 6 | 5 |
| 7 | sos | 41/2 |
| 8 | Crafty 18.01 | 31/2 |

Strangely in this Tourny, White scored only 20%, Black 40%, and draws 40%!

Quite some time ago (1998), Frank wrote in one of his letters to me: 'We want a new type of program, instead of the same old programs with bits of updates. The programmers are sitting on their laurels and past achievements!'

Frank now writes: 'I am pleased to say that the TIGERS are definitely playing differently... and it's a pleasure to watch. They will be the subjects of my next set of results!'(see NEWS section for these! Eric)

DEED FRITZ V ROBERT HUEBNER

If this was intended as a pre-Kramnik match warm-up for Deep Fritz, then it is likely to have disappointed both the programmers and the organisers. Not that it seems to have quietened the latter down all that much!

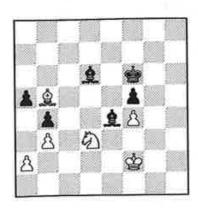
I'd like to let readers play over the games and decide for themsleves, so I've only made a few light notes. But my view is that, if Huebner (2612 Elo) can hold DF so comfortably using simple, solid, quiet chess, what hope does the computer program have against Kramnik?!

Deep Fritz - Huebner,R

Game 1 1.e4 e6 2.c4?! e5?! 3.\Df3 **2c6 4.2c3** In this rare line d4 is played almost exclusively here 4... 216 d6 has been played before, but not this that I know of. Huebner probably wanted to make sure he got DF out of book now, rather than risk facing too much preparation in this already unusual line 5.d4 2b4 6.d5 The only move Fritz will look at, but it's the first and not the last instance of it allowing a blocked pawn centre in the match 6... De7 7. 2 xe5 🙎xc3+ 8.bxc3 d6 9.ብና3 2xe4 10.2d3 2c5 11.2b1 **鱼f5 12.0-0 0-0 13.至e1 皇xb1** 14.星xb1 星e8 15.鼻a3 b6 16.全xc5 dxc5 17.罩b2 包g6 18. Exe8+ 曾xe8 19. Ee2 曾d7 20.0e5 0xe5 21.3xe5 3e8 22.f4 f6 23.星e2 全f8 24.g3 $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$

Huebner - Deep Fritz

Game 2 In game 2, after 45.gxf4 we reached the following position:

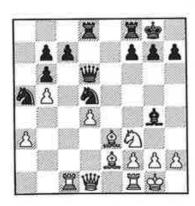


The game is about drawn anyway, but Black's next winning the f4-pawn but leaving opposite coloured bishops – guarantees it. I thought most programs now knew this ... it's not as if other moves all lose, e.g. Bc7 or Bb8 don't leave Black worse! 45...\(\hat{2}\)xd3 \(\frac{1}{2}\)-\frac{1}{2}

Now we come to the most interesting game they played:

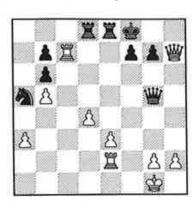
Deep Fritz - Huebner, R

Game 3 1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.exd5 exd5 4.Df3 Df6 5.c4 2b4+ 6.Dc3 0-0 7.\(\textit{g}\)e2 dxc4 8.\(\text{\tin}\ext{\text{ 9.0-0 包c6 10.ee3 曾d7 11.a3 2a5 12.Ec1 Had8 13. 2a4 &b6 14. 2xb6 axb6 15.b4 曾d6 16.b5 **包**a5 17.皇e2 **包d**5

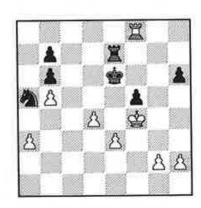


Black's knights are beginning to look quite sinister! 18.曾d3 呂fe8 19. 包g5 &xe2 20. 豐xh7+ 曾f8 | 34... 置f7?! I (think) I like the

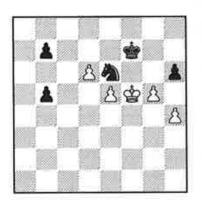
21.罩fe1 ②xe3! 22.罩xe2 營h6 23.fxe3 營xg5 24.至xc7



Black with knight for 2 pawns, has clear winning hopes 24... h6 With his material advantage Black tries to exchange all the major pieces - theoretically the right approach, but his doubled b-pawns probably require at least a rook presence to secure them, so he was torn between options I should think 25. 對xh6 gxh6 26.也f2 邑c8 26...f5 followed by Re7 so he can advance his king was another choice. It might still mean an exchange of one pair of rooks, but the planting of a pawn on f5 followed by the Kf8-f7-f6 might have worked 27. Eec2 置xc7 28.置xc7 置e7 29.置c8+ 国e8 29... 由g7!? 30.国c7 f5 31.由f3 罩e7 32.罩c8+由f7 33. \$\psi f4 \psi e6 \ 33...\ \pi e8 34. 星c7+ 虫e6 34. 星f8



look of 34... ② c4 35. ☐xf5 **查**d7 36.閏d5+ **查**c7 37.e4 当f7+ Vital move order, forcing the king to retreat. If Nxa3 is played first, the king could advance! 38. \psi g3 ②xa3 This looks tense! I think Black is winning, but I'd still be nervous about White's central pawns 35.d5+ 查e7 36.置xf7+! 查xf7 37. 如xf5 如c4 38.e4 如xa3 The other way would be 38... �d6+ 39. ₾e5 ᡚxb5 40.a4 ᡚc3 41.₾d4 ᡚxa4 I'm not sure which is better! 39.g4 @xb5 40.e5 @c7!? 40... \(\oldsymbol{D} \c3!? \(A \) 41.e6+ H8! 41... 由e7 42. 由e5 (There isn't time for 42. \$\preceq g6?? \$\Delta xd5 43. \alpha xh6 because 43...b5 now wins easily) 42... ab5 43.h4 a draw says H8!; B) 41.d6 41...b5 42.h4 (42.e6+ 由e8 43.e7 由d7 44.由e5 b4 and Black is looking good. In many of the variations White would like to advance his king, but the c3-knight can often jump in at d5 or e4 and give check to stop such progress and sometimes win the central pawns. The knight is much more effective on c3 than it is in the game) 42...b4 43.g5 b3 appears to win for Black! 41.d6 **②e6** 42.h4 b5 43.g5



43... \(\Delta\gamma\)g7+ Somewhat
amusing in an annoying sort
of way for Huebner! Here
the knight drives White's king
towards a square it could not
go to if the knight were on
the preferred c3. From e4 the

king will quickly cut-off a queenside pawn advance 44.中4 hxg5 45.hxg5 b4 46.中d3! 中g6 DF has got back to 0! 47.中c4 中xg5 48.中xb4 中f5 49.中c5 中xe5 50.中b6 中xd6 ½-½

Huebner, R - Deep Fritz

Game 4 1.e4 e5 2.Øf3 Øc6 3.\docume{9}b5 a6 4. \$a4 包f6 5.0-0 \$e7 6. 星e1 b5 7.\(\delta\)b3 d6 8.c3 0-0 9.h3 **②a5 10.**奠c2 c5 11.d4 cxd4?! Doubtless a book move, but it's not the most popular one, and releasing tension in the pawn structure and giving Huebner a chance to block the centre (which he takes) is unwise if Fritz wants to win games against GMs. 11...曾c7 or 盒b7 were better, as was \(\mathbb{B} b \) 12.cxd4 \(\mathbb{L} b \) 7 13.d5! Of course 13...ᡚc4 14.b3 **2**b6 15.a4 bxa4 16.bxa4 營c7 17.包a3 包bd7 18. 公d2 图ab8 19. 公dc4 公c5 20.国b1 **Qa8** 21.国xb8 and the game has petered out into a tame draw ½-½

Deep Fritz - Huebner,R

Game 5
1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.ᡚf3 ᡚf6
4.ᡚc3 dxc4 5.a4 Ձf5 6.ᡚe5
ᡚbd7 7.ᡚxc4 ᡚb6 8.ᡚe5 e6
9.f3 ᡚfd7 10.a5 ᡚxe5
11.axb6 ᡚd7 12.e4 횙g6
13.bxa7 ∰b6



14.f4 This is more like it – a bit risky, but DF needs to be positive if it's to win it's last



game with White. 14.皇e2 国xa7 15. 国xa7 閏xa7 16. 臭e3 is theory, and headed for a draw 14... **≜b4 15. \@d3 0-0** 16.2e2 2f6 17.f5?! Appears to be rushing it and allows Huebner to easily quieten the position. I prefer 17.0-0 17...exf5 18.exf5 2h5 19. **Land State 19. Land State 19.** 21. 图xa7 图xa7 Black now has the better pawn structure, but it's already completely drawn in reality 22.皇g5 国e8 23.g4 皇xc3 24.bxc3 2 f6 25.2xf6 gxf6 26.曾g3 h6 27.昱e1 昱xe1+ 28.曾xel 曾a2 29.h3 ½-½

Huebner, R - Deep Fritz

Game 6
1.e4 c6 2.d4 d5 3.\(\Delta\)d2 dxe4
4.\(\Delta\)xe4 \(\Delta\)d7 5.\(\Delta\)f3 \(\Delta\)gf6
6.\(\Delta\)xf6+\(\Delta\)xf6 7.\(\Delta\)e5 \(\Delta\)d7

There's not much to say, agreeing a draw here.

There's nearly 100 games in my database with a wide variety of choices for White:
\(\Delta\)d3, \(\Delta\)f4, \(\Delta\)f3, \(\Delta\)xd7 and \(\Delta\)c4 which hasn't been played so much but has been quite successful \(\frac{1}{2}\)-\(\frac{1}{2}\)

A 3-3 result against Huebner does not, in my view, bode well for the Kramnik match. Even though **DFritz** will be on 8 x 1000MHz processors, it's once more <u>not the speed</u> but the long-term strategy and 'computer blindness' issues which are likely to determine any results against the highest calibre players.

RATING LISTS AND NOTES

A brief guide to the purpose of each of the HEADINGS should prove helpful for everybody.

BCF. These are British Chess Federation ratings. They can be calculated from Elo figures by (Elo - 600) /8, or from USCF figures by (USCF - 720) /8. Elo. This is the Rating figure which is in popular use Worldwide. The BCF and Elo figures shown in SE-LECTIVE SEARCH are calculated by combining each Computer's results v computers with its results v humans. I believe this makes the SS Rating List the most accurate available for Computers and Programs anywhere in the world. +/-. The maximum likely future rating movement, up or down, for that particular machine. The figure is determined by the number of games played and calculated on standard deviation principles. Games. The total number of Games on which the computer's or program's rating is based. Human/Games. The Rating obtained and total no. of Games in Tournament play v rated humans.

A guide to PC Gradings:

386-PC represents a program running on an 80386 at approx.
33MHz with 4MB RAM.
486-PC represents a program running on an 80486 at between 50-66MHz with 4-8MB RAM.
Pent-PC represents a program on a Pentium at approx. 100-133MHz, with 8-16MB RAM.

PPro-PC represents a program on a Pentium Pro, MMX or K6 at 300MHz, with 32-64MB RAM.

Users will get slightly more (or less!) if their PC speed is significantly different. A <u>doubling</u> in MHz speed = approx. 40 Elo; a <u>doubling</u> in MB RAM = approx. 3-4 Elo.

Comp-v-Comp guide, if PentiumPro2/300 = 0

| Quad Pent3/500 | 100 | Dual Pent3/500 | 60 |
|------------------------|------|----------------------|------|
| Pen1ium3-K7/750 | | Pentium3-K7/500 | 30 |
| Pent K6-Pro2-Celrn/300 | | Pent Pro2-MMX-K6/233 | -20 |
| Pent/150 | | Pent/100 | -100 |
| 486DX4/100 | | PentDX2/66 | -160 |
| 486DX-SX/33 | -240 | 386DX/33 | -300 |

| DATTHE LIST (a) Eria Halleworth | PC PROGS | SelSearch96 | Oct 2001 | |
|--|--------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----|
| RATING LIST (c) Eric Hallshorth. BCF Computer 257 GAMBIT IIGER2.0 PPRO-PC 256 DEEP FRITZ PPRO-PC 256 CHESS TIGER14 PPRO-PC 253 GAMBIT IIGER1.0 PPRO-PC 252 SHREDDER5/532 PPRO-PC 252 SHREDDER5/532 PPRO-PC 252 JUNIOR7 PPRO-PC 253 IUNIOR7 PPRO-PC 249 JUNIOR6A PPRO-PC 247 HIARCS732 PPRO-PC 246 HIARCS7.1 PPRO-PC 245 SHREDDER4 PPRO-PC 245 SHREDDER4 PPRO-PC 244 GANDALF432 PPRO-PC 244 GANDALF432 PPRO-PC 243 CHESSHASTER 6/7000 PPRO-PC 243 REBEL CENTURY3.0 PPRO-PC 243 REBEL CENTURY3.0 PPRO-PC 241 SOS PPRO-PC 242 JUNIOR5 PPRO-PC 243 REBEL CENTURY1.2 PPRO-PC 240 NIMZO99A PPRO-PC 240 NIMZO99A PPRO-PC 240 NIMZO99A PPRO-PC 239 REBEL PPRO-PC 239 REBEL PPRO-PC 239 REBEL PPRO-PC 237 MCHESS PRO6 PPRO-PC 237 MCHESS PRO7 PPRO-PC 237 MCHESS PRO8 PPRO-PC 237 MCHESS PRO8 PPRO-PC 238 REBEL8 PPRO-PC 237 MCHESS PRO8 PPRO-PC 236 SHREDDER3 PPRO-PC 237 MCHESS PRO8 PPRO-PC 238 SHREDDER3 PPRO-PC 239 REBEL9 PPRO-PC 230 KALLISTO2 PPRO-PC 231 JUNIOR4.6 PPRO-PC 232 FRITZ5.16 PENT-PC 233 REBEL8 PENT-PC 234 REBEL8 PENT-PC 235 HIARCS6 PENT-PC 236 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 237 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 238 REBEL8 PENT-PC 249 REBEL9 PENT-PC 250 REBEL9 PENT-PC 251 FRITZ5.16 PENT-PC 252 REBEL6 PENT-PC 253 REBEL8 PENT-PC 254 REBEL9 PENT-PC 255 REBEL9 PENT-PC 256 REBEL9 PENT-PC 257 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 258 REBEL9 PENT-PC 259 REBEL9 PENT-PC 260 REBEL9 PENT-PC 277 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 278 REBEL9 PENT-PC 279 REBEL9 PENT-PC 270 REBEL9 PENT-PC 271 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 272 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 273 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 274 CHESS PENT-PC 275 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 276 REBEL9 PENT-PC 277 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 278 REBEL9 PENT-PC 279 REBEL9 PENT-PC 279 REBEL9 PENT-PC 270 CHESS PENT-PC 271 CHESS PENT-PC 272 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 273 CHESS PENT-PC 274 CHESS PENT-PC 275 CHESS PENT-PC 276 REBEL9 PENT-PC 277 CHESS PENT-PC 277 CHESS GENIUSS PENT-PC 278 REBEL9 PENT-PC 279 R | Elo | +/- Games Po | vo Human/Ga | mes |
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